

E. S. CARTER DEALS WITH UNPRINCIPLED ATTACKS UPON HIMSELF

Refers to Slanderous Statements Made By Geo. B. Jones' Newspaper

Mr. Jones, He Explains, is Trying to Divert Attention of Public From His Own Deeds—The Black Record of the Fleming-Murray-Baxter Government—The Opposition's Progressive Platform

Sussex, Feb. 19.—Speaking at Waterford tonight E. S. Carter, one of the Opposition candidates for this county, paid some attention to the slanderous attacks upon him by the Standard newspaper and the president of the Standard Publishing Company, George B. Jones, who is one of the government candidates.

Mr. Carter said that the Standard had not been decent enough to print the prompt denial of James E. Waddell to the charge made by Mr. Jones on nomination day that he had paid E. S. Carter a commission on a sale of lumber for the repairs to the Rotherham wharf. Mr. Waddell had addressed his letter of denial to the two morning newspapers, the Telegraph and the Standard, and while the Standard editor acknowledged receiving the document he was unfair enough to throw a suspicion of doubt upon it by saying that it was a letter "purporting to have been written by Mr. Waddell from Reed's Point." As a matter of fact it was a very brief and emphatic statement signed by James E. Waddell, and his signature was witnessed by Robert G. Earle.

Mr. Jones, said Mr. Carter, is trying to divert the attention of the public from his own misdeeds. He knows that he has been condemned in the minds of all fair-minded people for his open transactions with the government—transactions which were absolutely illegal because no member of the legislature is supposed to sell, or let, or lease, or otherwise dispose of public lands or other property of the province. Mr. Jones knows the law and yet he deliberately violates it. First he sold in his own name, then in the name of his market clerk, and since then in the name of one of his brothers.

Mr. Carter referred further to some charges that had been made against some members of the legislature which had been proven and those members had retired with their premier from public life as a consequence. Then, continued Mr. Carter, "there might have been other charges, far more serious than those which Mr. Chandler refused to investigate, had there been any opportunity of their being taken up." But when Mr. Chandler would not investigate the charges in connection with the contributions by the liquor dealers, then he felt that it would be useless to ask for an inquiry into certain other matters which were gravely affecting the position and political reputation of other members. The time will come, he said, when the things which are being investigated and when the methods of the people who have misrepresented the electors will be fully disclosed. When that happens there will be fewer of the same men in public life than there are today.

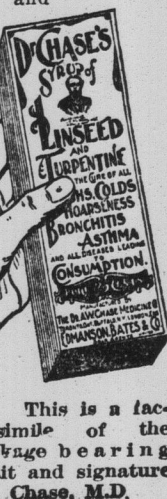
Unprincipled Attacks. The abuse of the Standard newspaper was in reality an assistance to any man who was asking for public support. The vile and unprincipled attacks upon individuals really gained them the sympathy of the people. After all, to those who knew the parties who were in charge of the Standard newspaper, attacks by them upon political or personal reputations might well be considered complimentary rather than otherwise. Nobody in St. John at least who had personal knowledge of these matters paid any attention to the Standard's abuse.

Mr. Carter also referred in a humorous way to the ridiculous charge that he had in any way profited in any manner by the construction of steam boat approaches on the Kennebecasis river. Every man along the river were interested years ago in a new steamboat called the "Fremier" and through his (Mr. Carter's) efforts the department of public works authorized the construction of six "landing approaches," the cost of which was not to exceed sixty dollars each. Mr. Carter said he had built for less than the estimate and they were towed and placed in their position, and remained there until the structural superintendent of wharves, Mr. Wilkins, under a new government, tore them up to provide plankings for wharf repairs. Only a few days ago driving across from Moss Glen he saw the only one remaining of these approaches on the river at a long island. It was a nonsensical and petty accusation to bring against a man after ten years—that he had received ten per cent. upon the expenditure—for all the trouble he had taken and all the work he had done in overseeing and looking after the construction.

The Money That Was Paid Back. Mr. Carter then went on and dealt with the record of the government in a most effective way. He showed the connection between Premier Murray and ex-Premier Fleming and the alliance between Hon. B. Frank Smith and the deceased premier, and then referring to the new minister, Hon. A. R. Shipps, comment about Fleming paying back the money he told the story of how the Hon. Mr. Baxter had paid back \$800 upon a certain occasion, also how B. Frank Smith said he had paid \$2,400 on account of the same thing.

Flattering to the Original

But imitations Only Disappoint. There are many imitations of this great treatment for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis and whooping cough. They usually have some sale on the merits of the original, but it should be remembered that they are like it in name only.



THOUGHT THE FLORENCE WAS GERMAN RAIDER

How the steam yacht Florence, for some time off St. John in the coast patrol and recently sold to French owners, was taken by a German raider, and made British merchantmen flee from her because they thought she was a French raider, was told in graphic language, the other day by her commander, Captain John Triffin, when he called at the New York Herald office on his return to New York.

All unwittingly the Florence, on her way from New York to Martinique, where she was turned over to her new owners,

FOR FROSTBITE

there is nothing so soothing and healing as Zam-Buk. This great herbal balm allays inflammation, draws out soreness, and reduces swelling. Those who have once used Zam-Buk for the treatment of winter ailments say they would

USE

no other remedy, as experience proves that nothing can equal Zam-Buk for chapped hands, cold sores, cold cracks and chilblains. It is also invaluable for all skin injuries and diseases. In drug stores, 50c. box, 3 for \$1.25. Send 1c. stamp for postage on free trial box.



as soon as he becomes 21 years of age and not have him wait some time for a year or two for the right to exercise his franchise.

To give fair representation to the people, making constituencies smaller and thus enable men to take part in politics who will not now consider the canvassing of large counties.

To give the farmers of the province practical assistance—to help them to produce to assist them to get labor while the war is on, to give them transportation over good roads and bridges and where bridges are not possible as in the lower reaches of the St. John and Kennebecasis rivers, to make their ferry transportation free.

To give the working man a compensation act that will be as simple and effective as there is on any statute book and make it impossible for compensation to be wasted upon the expense of securing the same.

To keep our revenues intact and enlarge them wherever it is possible without burdening the people, to administer them faithfully, prudently and with such economy as will make a better budget within the income.

To give the auditor-general increased powers of investigation and to place before the people every year a statement of provincial receipts and expenditures shall be ready as the statements of banks to their shareholders.

To play fair with the small and big lumber operators and give every man a chance to live.

To enforce the prohibitory liquor law on the first of May when the act comes in force, and to improve it if necessary.

To give every young man a vote

DO NOT BE DECEIVED ABOUT PROHIBITION

A WOMAN INTERESTED IN PROHIBITION WRITES TO THE TELEGRAPH FROM SUSSEX SAYING THAT CANVASSERS THREE FOR THE GOVERNMENT ARE MAKING THE ASSERTION WHICH IS FALSE—THAT IF THE PROHIBITION PARTY IS SUCCESSFUL THE PROHIBITORY LAW WILL BE DELAYED EIGHTEEN MONTHS. NO ONE SHOULD BE DECEIVED BY THIS UNTRUE STATEMENT.

THE OPPOSITION LEADER, MR. FOSTER, HAS PLEDGED HIMSELF ON MANY PLATFORMS TO ENFORCE THE LAW, WITHOUT FEAR OR FAVOR, IF HE IS IN CHARGE OF THE GOVERNMENT. OPPOSITION CANDIDATES EVERYWHERE ARE SIGNING THE PLEDGE DISTRIBUTED BY THE NEW BRUNSWICK TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE.

THE PROHIBITORY LAW IS ALREADY ON THE STATUTE BOOKS AND WILL COME INTO FORCE ON MAY 1, IF THE OPPOSITION PARTY IS SUCCESSFUL AT THE POLLS. THE PROHIBITORY LAW, AS IT STANDS, WILL BE CARRIED INTO EFFECT WITHOUT DELAY.

THE GOVERNMENT IS DELIBERATELY MAKING USE OF A DISHONEST AND DISGRACEFUL CANVASS ON THIS SUBJECT. LET NOBODY BE DECEIVED.

IMPORTANT INVENTION IN WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY

New York, Feb. 19.—Professor Michael Pupin, of Columbia University, an electrical expert and consul-general of Serbia in the United States, announced at the close of a dinner given in his honor by Columbia alumni tonight that he had invented and placed at the disposal of the war department a method of eliminating static interference with the transmission of messages by wireless telegraphy.

Professor Pupin said his invention would make it possible to transmit wireless communications during all hours of the day and night, irrespective of atmospheric and other conditions which now interfere with and sometimes cripple wireless service, even over great distances.

THOUGHT THE FLORENCE WAS GERMAN RAIDER

How the steam yacht Florence, for some time off St. John in the coast patrol and recently sold to French owners, was taken by a German raider, and made British merchantmen flee from her because they thought she was a French raider, was told in graphic language, the other day by her commander, Captain John Triffin, when he called at the New York Herald office on his return to New York.

All unwittingly the Florence, on her way from New York to Martinique, where she was turned over to her new owners,

was responsible for much perturbation of the mind of many vessels, according to Captain Triffin, and caused hearts in French and British West Indian ports to skip several beats when her rakish form was sighted. The captain's story lays at rest the ghost of the mysterious raider that was reported cruising in the West Indies.

Don't Suffer From Piles

Send For Free Trial Treatment. No matter how long or how bad—go to your druggist today and get a 50 cent box of Pyramid Pile Treatment.

The Pyramid Pile Treatment is a simple and effective remedy for piles. It is a cream that is applied to the affected area and it works by drawing out the inflammation and reducing the swelling. It is a simple and effective remedy for piles.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON. PYRAMID PILE TREATMENT. 50c. Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper. Name _____ Street _____ State _____

Foster and Bently Get Fine Reception in Fairville

Enthusiastic Large Audience Hears Excellent, Telling Speeches in Election Campaign

A splendid audience greeted the Opposition candidates and other speakers on behalf of government reform at Fairville last night. Temperance Hall was packed, which was significant as an indication of the feeling in that district, especially when compared with the attendance at the government rally a few nights previous when, by actual count, thirty-five were present. The telling points scored by H. J. Logan, ex-M. P. of Amherst; W. E. Foster, Opposition leader; A. F. Bently and J. P. Mosher, former government candidate, made a deep impression on all who heard them last evening.

Mr. Logan said the eyes of all Canada were on New Brunswick just now and that it was for the electors to clean house and clear the fair name of the province. Mr. Foster dealt at some length with the sad condition of the provincial finances, warning his hearers of the tremendously increased bonded debt and the inevitable necessity of watching for new sources of revenue or resorting to direct taxation. Mr. Bently tore to shreds the boasts of the government candidates and the government press concerning the increased stampage collections, and he showed clearly that the statement of the government means absolutely nothing to the electors. There was nothing in it to indicate the amount of lumber cut on the crown lands, and he explained how and why the crown lands were being depleted by the lumbermen, and their private holdings conserved.

From the applause with which the criticism of the government was greeted it was evident that Attorney-General Baxter is not popular in that section of the county. Mr. Foster told of the influence Mr. Baxter had in municipal elections, and promised that he would never mingle with municipal affairs, but would protect the rights of municipalities to handle their own matters. He expressed pleasure that the people were beginning to realize that Mr. Baxter was no potentate, and that he had no right to think that he was the "whole show" everywhere. J. P. Mosher presided at the meeting.

A. F. Bently. The first speaker was A. F. Bently, Opposition candidate. He referred to the black record of the present administration and the many scandals which were responsible for, as a result of which the name of the province is now held up to the scorn of the people. He spoke of the reform planks of the Opposition platform and contrasted them with the policy of the government, urging the electors to cast their ballots Saturday for a change. He referred to the disaster of the fire in the county upon which the attorney-general boasted more than twice the amount being spent upon the same in 1908.

Mr. Bently laid particular emphasis on the fact that the stampage collections were less than in 1908, and that the government's life then over 1908. He referred to the fact that the government had increased the amount of lumber shipped from the province, but not the amount cut. He spoke of the reduction of the size of the cut log, which was steadily decreasing the resources of the crown lands. From 1908 to 1912, for example, lumbermen thought that their lease of the province in such a way and with such energy as will materially help the people.

To enforce the prohibitory liquor law on the first of May when the act comes in force, and to improve it if necessary. To give every young man a vote. In concluding Mr. Bently appealed to the electors to give their conscientious verdict at the poll and to vote for no unworthy motive. The eyes of Canada, he said, are upon this province. He said it was essential, and many kind words were spoken by the speaker. He said that the government would be defeated, for defeat was the only means of putting the party on its feet again.

H. J. Logan. H. J. Logan was received warmly. He opened his remarks by recalling to mind that certain members of the Murray government had gone to Nova Scotia during the last provincial election and he came to return that call. This province, he said, had held the attention of the Canadian from Sydney to Victoria and all were eagerly awaiting the verdict.

February 24, and tonight that New Brunswick would follow the course taken by Manitoba and British Columbia. He compared the situation in New Brunswick with that which existed in the two western provinces, and he urged the electors to cast their votes for the Opposition. He said that the government had been defeated, for defeat was the only means of putting the party on its feet again.

The Opposition Leader. The Opposition leader, Mr. Foster, was received warmly. He opened his remarks by recalling to mind that certain members of the Murray government had gone to Nova Scotia during the last provincial election and he came to return that call. This province, he said, had held the attention of the Canadian from Sydney to Victoria and all were eagerly awaiting the verdict.

February 24, and tonight that New Brunswick would follow the course taken by Manitoba and British Columbia. He compared the situation in New Brunswick with that which existed in the two western provinces, and he urged the electors to cast their votes for the Opposition. He said that the government had been defeated, for defeat was the only means of putting the party on its feet again.

The Opposition Leader. The Opposition leader, Mr. Foster, was received warmly. He opened his remarks by recalling to mind that certain members of the Murray government had gone to Nova Scotia during the last provincial election and he came to return that call. This province, he said, had held the attention of the Canadian from Sydney to Victoria and all were eagerly awaiting the verdict.

February 24, and tonight that New Brunswick would follow the course taken by Manitoba and British Columbia. He compared the situation in New Brunswick with that which existed in the two western provinces, and he urged the electors to cast their votes for the Opposition. He said that the government had been defeated, for defeat was the only means of putting the party on its feet again.

OPPOSITION CENTRES

Ward meetings in the interests of the Opposition party will be held every evening throughout the election campaign. All persons interested in the fight for better government in the province are invited to attend. The ward meetings will be held at the following places:

PRINCE, WELLINGTON, KINGS AND QUEENS, at Opposition Headquarters, 26 Charlotte street.

STANLEY AND SYDNEY, 168 Charlotte street.

STANLEY AND LANDOWNE, 457 Main street. (Hamm Bros' store).

LORNE, C. M. B. A. hall, Main street.

DUFFERIN, 679 Main street.

ST. JOHN, 99 City road.

GUYS AND BROOKS, Oldfellows' Hall, West St. John.

Recruiting Is Slowing Down

Only Ninety Last Week as Compared With One Hundred and Eighty-six on Previous Week—Military News

Six recruits were secured in the city yesterday: A. Blanchard, Carleton, 163rd battalion; Harry Weston, English; James Sweeney, England, 1st Ambulance; Louis R. Geldert, Petticoat; Cecil R. Geldert, Elgin; Arthur Bedford, St. John, 62nd regiment.

Last Week. Ninety recruits were signed on in St. John last week, as compared with 186 for the previous week.

The Official List. The official list for the week ending Saturday, Feb. 11, as issued last night by Lieut.-Colonel J. L. McAvity, is as follows:

St. John County—	4
25th Battalion—	4
26th Battalion—	1
27th Battalion—	1
28th Battalion—	1
29th Battalion—	1
30th Battalion—	1
31st Battalion—	1
32nd Battalion—	1
33rd Battalion—	1
34th Battalion—	1
35th Battalion—	1
36th Battalion—	1
37th Battalion—	1
38th Battalion—	1
39th Battalion—	1
40th Battalion—	1
41st Battalion—	1
42nd Battalion—	1
43rd Battalion—	1
44th Battalion—	1
45th Battalion—	1
46th Battalion—	1
47th Battalion—	1
48th Battalion—	1
49th Battalion—	1
50th Battalion—	1
51st Battalion—	1
52nd Battalion—	1
53rd Battalion—	1
54th Battalion—	1
55th Battalion—	1
56th Battalion—	1
57th Battalion—	1
58th Battalion—	1
59th Battalion—	1
60th Battalion—	1
61st Battalion—	1
62nd Battalion—	1
63rd Battalion—	1
64th Battalion—	1
65th Battalion—	1
66th Battalion—	1
67th Battalion—	1
68th Battalion—	1
69th Battalion—	1
70th Battalion—	1
71st Battalion—	1
72nd Battalion—	1
73rd Battalion—	1
74th Battalion—	1
75th Battalion—	1
76th Battalion—	1
77th Battalion—	1
78th Battalion—	1
79th Battalion—	1
80th Battalion—	1
81st Battalion—	1
82nd Battalion—	1
83rd Battalion—	1
84th Battalion—	1
85th Battalion—	1
86th Battalion—	1
87th Battalion—	1
88th Battalion—	1
89th Battalion—	1
90th Battalion—	1
91st Battalion—	1
92nd Battalion—	1
93rd Battalion—	1
94th Battalion—	1
95th Battalion—	1
96th Battalion—	1
97th Battalion—	1
98th Battalion—	1
99th Battalion—	1
100th Battalion—	1

Westmorland—

25th Battalion—

26th Battalion—

27th Battalion—

28th Battalion—

29th Battalion—

30th Battalion—

31st Battalion—

32nd Battalion—

33rd Battalion—

34th Battalion—

35th Battalion—

36th Battalion—

37th Battalion—

38th Battalion—

Lantic Sugar

"The All-Purpose Sugar"

2 and 5-lb cartons 10 and 20-lb bags

Send us a red ball trade-mark for a FREE COOK BOOK

ATLANTIC SUGAR REFINERIES, LTD.

Power Building Montreal

him consider that there is a mortgage on it for \$250. We are facing direct taxation, Mr. Fleming said it in 1907, and with the greatly increased debt, it is much more to be feared."

Mr. Foster contended with an earnest appeal for support and promised to zealously guard the interests of the county. He said his party should be elected. He was enthusiastically applauded as he finished.

Obstinate Coughs and Colds

YIELD TO DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

All obstinate coughs and colds yield quickly to "Dr. Wood's" containing as it does all the lung healing virtues of the Norway pine tree combined with the soothing, healing and expectorant properties of other excellent herbs and barks.

Mrs. H. F. McCormick, Rodney, N. S., writes: "I had a severe cold, which had been coughing for a month. I could not sleep at night, nor could I speak above a whisper."

After I had taken a bottle of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup I felt better so I took two or three more and was entirely cured. I have three children, and I always give it to them when they have a cold or cough. Any drug-gist can supply you with 25c. bottles of Pinex (40 cents worth). Four into a 16-oz. bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. Thus prepared, you have 16 ounces of really remarkable cough remedy—one that can be depended upon to give quick and lasting relief at all times.

You can feel this take hold of a cough in a way that means business. It loosens and raises the phlegm, stops throat ticks and soothes and heals the irritated membrane that lines the throat and bronchial tubes with such promptness, ease and certainty that it is really astonishing.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, combined with guaiacum, not even for a space of time, severe cough, throat and chest colds. It is the most powerful and effective remedy made it famous the world over.

There are many worthless imitations of this noted mixture. To avoid disappointment, ask for "25c. bottles of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Toronto, Ont.

Quick Way to End Coughs, Colds and Croup

An Excellent, Inexpensive Home-Made Remedy that is Prompt and Sure.

If you have a severe cough or chest cold accompanied with soreness, throat tickle, hoarseness, or difficult breathing, or if your child wakes up during the night with croup and you want quick help, just try this pleasant tasting home-made cough remedy. Any drug-gist can supply you with 25c. bottles of Pinex (40 cents worth). Four into a 16-oz. bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. Thus prepared, you have 16 ounces of really remarkable cough remedy—one that can be depended upon to give quick and lasting relief at all times.

You can feel this take hold of a cough in a way that means business. It loosens and raises the phlegm, stops throat ticks and soothes and heals the irritated membrane that lines the throat and bronchial tubes with such promptness, ease and certainty that it is really astonishing.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, combined with guaiacum, not even for a space of time, severe cough, throat and chest colds. It is the most powerful and effective remedy made it famous the world over.

There are many worthless imitations of this noted mixture. To avoid disappointment, ask for "25c. bottles of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Toronto, Ont.

New Medical Officer

Captain Johnson of Halifax has joined the military medical staff in this city. He is not attached to the 16th Field Ambulance, but is doing special work at the military hospital in St. James street.

Discharging Minors. The discharging of the minors who were recently returned to Canada after having been with various units in Eng-