FACTS ABOUT HEALTH

to Is Easy to Keep Well if We Know How-Some of the Conditions Neces sary to Perfect Health.

The importance of maintaining good health is easily understood, and it is really a simple matter if we take a correct view of the conditions required. In perfect health the stomach promptly digests food, and thus prepares nourishment. The blood is employed to carry this nourishment to the organs, nerves, muscles and tissues which need it. The first great essential for good health, therefore, is pure, rich blood. Now it is certainly a fact that no medicine has such a record of cures as Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is literally true that there are hundreds of people alive and well today who would have been in their graves had they not taken Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is depended upon as a family medicine and general regulator of the system by tens of thousands of people. This is because Hood's Sarsaparilla makes the blood pure. This is the secret of its great success. Keep your system in good health by keeping your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla, which absolutely cures when other medicines fail to do any good whatever.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mining Stocks.

closing quotations on the	e Toronto Minis	ng an
Industrial Exchange:	Asked.	Bid
Decca	25	
Foley	19	15
Hiawatha Superior G. and C. Co	28	27
Superior G. and C. Co	7	6
Sawbill	40	120
Minnehaha	22	18
Cariboo Hydraulic	112	
Tin Horn Smuggler	15	18
Winchester.	15	10;
Winchester. M. R. G. M. C.	6	
Golden Cache	10	5
Olive	90	89 40
Dundee	40	10
Dardanelles	8	6
Fern Gold M. & M. Co	75	::
Noble Five	18	15
Van Anda	17	15
Deer Park	21	19
Evening Star	7	6
Good Hope		
Grand Prize	414	-
Homestake	10	
Iron Colt		9
Iron Mask	70	67
Juliet.	13	-
Jumbo	45	
Montreal Gold Fields	22	:
Monte Cristo	10	14
Northern Belle		4
Novelty Rossland Red Mountain.	17	ies.
R. E. Lee	3%	
Silver Bell Con	8	6
St. Elmo Virginia	50	day.
Victory-Triumph	7%	
War Eagle Con		291
St. Paul	7	6
White Bear Waneta Trail Creek	514	0
B. C. Gold Fields	6	4
Can. G. F. S	7	1.1.

Can. G. F. S. 7

SALES—Sup. G. and C. Co., 500 at 6½; Silver Bell Co., 1,500 at 6; Smuggler, 1,000 at 19½; Deer Park, 1,000, 1,000, 1,000 at 20; Victory Triumph, 500 at 6½; White Bear, 500 at 6½; Van Anda, 1,000 at 4,5,000, 1,000 at 4½; Minnehaha, 1,000, 1,000, 500, 500, 500, 500, 1,600 at 19½, 1,000 at 19½; Novelty, 1,000 at 4½; Athabasca, 500 at 41, 250 at 41½; Monte Cristo, 5,000 at 12½, 5,000, 10,000 at 12½; 1,000 at 15; Deer Park, 1,000 at 19½, 1,000 at 19½; Noble Five, 1,000 at 17.

Liverpool Salt

Makes the best flavored meats. It's about the same price as others and is 20 per cent stronger. Single sacks or in large lots. Call.

A. M. HAMILTON & SON. 373 Talbot Street, opp. the Market.

Local Market

TOUCH THE POP.	A CHARLES TO THE TOTAL OF
London, Wednesday, N	ov. 30.
Wheat, white fall, per bu69	e to 69c
Wheat, red fall, per bu69	c to 69c
Oats, per bu28	c to 29c
Peas, per bu	c to 60c
Corn, per bu44	c to 45c
Barley, per bu43c	to 51%c

WEEKLY REVIEW. Receipts of all kinds of produce were tuated a little and have closed about steady in most lines. Changes in price occurred in wheat

and oats, which were lower. Barley had a wider range, more feed samples offering. Eggs sold at a narrower range of

Live and dressed hogs were both about 10c to 20c higher. Hay-receipts improved; prices were

steady.						-
	following	list	shor			
		1100	SHOI			
values	today:					
TT71		GRAI	4	V211	10.0	12.
wheat.	white, fall,	per 100	los 1	15	@	1 15
Wheat.	red, fall, per spring, per	100 lbs	3 1	15	6	1 15
Wheat,	spring, per	100 los.	0	00	0	0 00
Oats, pe	r 100 lbs			82	0	83
Peas, be	r 100 lbs			90	0	1 00
Corn. De	r 100 lbs			75		80
Barley.	per 100 lbs.			90	@	1 07
Rye no	100 lbs			85	0	85
Reans y	or hu		••••	12.5	a	SHE FOR
Deans, 1	per buPR	OVIGI	ONO		då	
Ganas .	and In			9	-	
				-	0	12
	extracted			7	6	10
Cheese,	per lb. who	iesaic		8		10
Eggs, SI	ngle dozen.			19	0	20
liggs, fr	ngle dozen esh, basket	, dozen		17	0	18
Eggs, p	er dozen, ba	sket. p	kd.	11	0	14
Bogs, fr	esh, store lo	ots, doz		00	(0)	00
Butter.	esh, store le per lb, retai	1	10915	17		20
Butter.	pound rolls	backe	tu	15	0	16
Butter	pound rolls lb, large rol	s or ere	oka	13	0	15
Butter	per lb, tubs	or firk	ine	10	(0)	14
Lard n	pel lo, cuos	O LIK	ms.	9		10
Ohlokar	er lb	THE STATE OF	****	35	@	
Ducker	is, per pair.		****		@	60
Ducks,	per pair	*******		50 .	0	75
Turkey	e, per lb		,	7	Ø.	9
Geces, 1	per Ib			5	9	6
_99 2.	YEGRTAL	LES A	ND F	RU		
Pumpk	ns, per doz			50	(1)	1 00
Potatoe	s, per bag.			55		70
Apples,	per basket			25	0	50
Apples	per basket			5	æ	20
Apples.	per barrel.		197 . 24	75	æ	1 50
Boots.	per dozen b	unches.		20		90
Onions.	per bu			60	(0)	90
	per dos bun			30	(4)	50
Squach	s nor doz	J.100		30	(a	1 50
Tumin	s, per doz.		1.4.1	25	-	
Contract	, per bag			1214	6	30
Parrots.	per bu s, per doz. b					25
Parsnip	s, per doz. I	unches	OCE	49	0	10
		VE ST				
Young]	pigs, per pa	II	2	00		3 50
Cons, e	т 16		30	W		40 00
Beel. pe	r 1b			2%	0	4
Hoos li	whit per 100	the	4	00	@	4 10
Hogs h	eavy, per 10	0 lbs	3	50	(3 90
Sows. p	er 100	6	3	25	0	3 25
Ducks	eavy, per 10 er 100 per pair		HELETA	50		66
Chicker	A DOT DAIR		1000	30		49
Hene n	or pair	为年 傳	10.50	40	0	50
Trans' b	er pair. HAY	ANTE	FIED	-	4	30
D	HAI	AND	SEILED	00	2	
nsy, pe	r ton per load MEAT			50	2	7 00
straw,	per load		2	50 (9	2,50
	MEAT	, HID	E8, E	C.		1 10
Beet, at	arters, per	ID	100 . 201 . 2	1/2	0	5
Maston	duarters, p	er lb.	100	3		2 6
Vasl. or	Intone ner	lh.	200	MY	(4)	6

S. William ... De

St. Thomas Narket.

St. Thomas, Nov. 28.—Wheat, per bu, 70c; cats, 25c to 26c; peas, 40c to 45c; barley, 38c to 40c; corn, 80c to 35c; beans, 60c to 80c.

American Markets CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—Opening—Wheat, May, 65½c to 65½c; Dec., 65½c to 65½c. Corn, May, 3½c; Dec., 37%c. Oatz, May, 25%c to 25%c to 25%c. Pork, Jan., \$9 95; Dec., \$7 75. Lard, Jan., \$4 97½; Dec., \$4 85. Ribs, May, \$4 73½. Pork, Jan., \$9 05; Dec., \$7 75. Lard, Jan., \$4 97½; Dec., \$4 85. Ribs, May, \$4 73½.

CHICAGO. Nov. 39.—The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat—Nov., 65½c; May; 65½c; Dec., 65½c to 66c. Corn—Nov., 33½c; Dec., 33½c; May, 34½c. Oats—Dec., 26½c; May, 26½c. Mess pork—Dec., \$7 75; Jan., \$9 07½; May, \$9 27½. Lard—Dec., \$4 85; Jan., \$4 97½; May, \$9 12½. Short ribs—Dec., \$4 45, Jan., \$4 57½; May, \$5 12½. Short ribs—Dec., \$4 45, Jan., \$4 57½; May, \$4 72½. Cash quotations: Flour easy. No. 3 spring wheat, f. o. b., 63c to 65c; No. 2 red. 67c to 70c. No. 2 corn, 33½c; No. 2 yellow corn, 32½c. No. 2 oats, f. o. b., 27½c to 25½c; No. 2 white, f. o. b., 30½c; No. 3 white, f. o. b., 28½c to 29½c. No. 2 rye, 62c. No. 2 barley, f. o. b., 40c to 50c. No. 1 flaxmed, 94c to 97½c. Prime timothy seed, \$2 20. Mess pork, \$7 80 to \$7 85. Lard, \$4 87½ to \$5 02¾c. Short ribs, \$4 50 to \$4 70. Shoulders, 4½c to 4½c. Short clear sides, \$4 80 to \$4 90. Sugar, cutloaf, \$5 89; granulated, \$5 39. Eggs, firm: fresh, 21c to 22½c. RECEIPTS—Flour, 43,000 bushels; wheat, 119,000 bushels; corn, 145,000 bushels; oats, 310,000 bushels; corn, 145,000 bushels; oats, 71,000 bushels; corn, 1,045,000 bushels; oats, 221,000 bushels. Parley, 11,000 bushels. Parley, 11,000 bushels. Parley, 11,000 bushels.

AVAILABLE SUPPLY.

New York, Nov. 29.—Special cable and telegraphic dispatches to Bradstreet's indicate the following changes in the available supply of grain last Saturday, as compared with the previ-ous Saturday: Wheat, United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, in-crease 3,000,000 bushels. Liverpool Corn Trade News reports, afloat for and in Europe, increase 808,000 bushels; total supply, increase 3,808,000 bushels. Corn -United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease 1,452,000 bushels. Oats-United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increase 801,000 bushels.

Dairy Markets. CHICAGO, Nov. 29.—Butter quiet; creameries, 14c to 21½c; dairies, 12½c to 19c. Cheese steady, at 8½c to

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.-Butter steady; western creamery, 15c to 24c; do factory, 111/2c to 15e; Elgins, 231/2c to 24c; imitation creamery, 13c to 171/c state dairy, 16c to 20c; do creamery, 15c to 23c. Cheese steady, large white, 93/4c; small white, 10c; large colored, 9%c; small colored, 10c; light skim, 7c to 7½c; part skims, 5½c to 6½c; full skims, 3c to 3½c.

Geo. McBean & Son.

We are open for offers of GRAIN, FLOUR and MILL FEED. If offering please state quan

The Oil Market. PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 30.—Oil opened \$1 15. PITTSBURG, Nov. 29.—Oil closed at \$1 15.

P. O. BOX 807 - MONTREAL

PETROLIA, Nov. 30.-Oil opened and closed English Markets.

Ruling prices for the past four market days— The following table shows the quotations per cental at Liverpool for the three previous market days. In the case of wheat highest prices are given. Nov. | Nov. | Nov. | Nov.

WHEAT-	25. 26.		26.	28.		29.		
Red Winter	0	0	6	0	6	0	6	456
No. 1 Nor. Spring	6	3	6	21/2	6	21/2	6	214
No. 1 Cal	6	10%	6			101/2	6	1014
Dec	6	034	6	05/8	0	.0	6	1
March	1 5	10%	ō	10%	5	103%	5	103/8
CORN-					170		1	
New	3	1134	3	111/2	3	11%	4	0
Dec	1 3	934	3	7 7/2	3	73%	3	10
March	3	73%	3	73/8	3	7%	3	8
May	0	0	3	256	0	0	0	0
Flour	119	3	119	3	19	3	19	3
Peas	0	0	5	91/2	5	914	5	914
Pork	10	0	0	0	50	0	50	0
Lard		0	27	3	27	0	27	0
Tallow			20	3	20	6	20	3
Bacon, light		6	27	6	27	6	28	0
Cheese, white		6	44	6	44	6	44	6
Cheese, colored	145	6	45	6	45	6	45	6

Liverpool, Nov. 30—12:39 p.m,
Wheat—Firm; spot No. 1 Cal., 6s 10d to 6s
10d; No. 1 red northern spring, firm, 6s 2½d;
spot No. 2 red western winter, firm, 6s 4½d;
Corn—Quiet; American mixed, old, 3s 11½d;
do, old, nominal; Oct., 3s 7½d; Nov., nominal;
Dec., easy, 3s 10d; March, easy, 3s 8d.
Peas—Canadian, 5s 9½d.

Peas—Canadian, 5s 9½d. Beef—Dull; Extra India mess, 68s 9d; prime mess, 42s 9d. Pork-Prime mess, fine western, 50s. Pork—Prime mess, fine western, 50s.
Bacon—Cumberland cut, 28 to 30 lbs, firm;
27s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 40 to 45 lbs,
28s; short clear backs, 16 to 18 lbs, 29s; long clear middles, light, 35 to 38 lbs, 29s; short ribs, 20 to 24 lbs, strong, 32s; clear bellies,
14 to 16 lbs, steady, 34s.
Shoulders—Square, 12 to 14 lbs, firm, 27s 6d.
Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, dull, 37s.
Lard—Prime western, 27s.

Lard Prime western, 27s.
Butter-Finest United States, 88s; good, 66s.
Cheese American, finest white 45s; do, col-

Cheese—American, mess whise 108; do, ored, 468.

Tallow—Prime city, 208 3d.

Turpentine spirits—298.

Rosin—Common, 48 3d.

Petroleum—Refined, 5%d.

Linseed oil—178 6d.

Cottonseed oil—Liverpool refined. 148 2d.

Advance... Information

Have you tried cur advisory and information service? Hundreds of others have, and with most profitable results. Our terms are \$10 per week, or \$30 per month, in advance. Remit at once for a trial week or month. We have specially important and valuable information at this time, and those who act quickly will receive full benefit of it. Highest references on application.

The Prudential Information & Investment Co.

Prudential Building, Buffalo, N. Y Live Stock Markets TORONTO, Nov. 29 .- There was pretty heavy run in the western cattle market this morning, and prices were a little easier than dast Friday. There were 83 loads genvered, comprising 1,150 sheep and 4,550 hogs; the balance in cattle. In the export line the trading was rather slow, although the cables reported a firm market in the old country. The best shippers are quoted as high as 41/4c per lb export buils from \$3 25 to \$3 75 per cwt. Good butchers' cattle found a ready sale, and meat for the holidays commanded a good price. Choice animals sold at 4%c per lb, and good stock at 3%c per lb. The market for stockers was quiet, at prices ranging from \$3 25 to \$8 50 per cwt. The market for small meats was firm; offerings were fair and prices unchanged. Sheep are quoted at from \$2 50 to \$3 40 per cwt, and lambs at from \$3 75 to \$4 25 per cwt. Calves are quoted at from \$3 to \$6 per head. There was the usual run of hogs with prices unchanged, the best selections selling at 4%c per lb; milch cows, \$20 to \$40; export cattle, per cwt, \$3 75 to \$4 25; export bulls, per cwt, \$3 25 to \$3 75; butchers' cattle, choice, per cwt, \$4 to \$4 15; butchers' medium cattle, per cwt, 13, butchers medium cattle, per cwt, \$3 50 to \$3 75; stockers, per cwt, \$2 75 to \$3 50. Sheep, per cwt, \$2 50 to \$3 40; lambs, pen cwt, \$3 75 to \$4 25. Calves, per head, \$3 to \$6. Hogs—Best selections, \$4 57½; light, per cwt, \$4 to \$4 25; thick fat, per cwt, \$4 to \$4 25; sows, per cwt, \$3 to \$3 25.

CHICAGO, Nov. 29.-The general demand for cattle today was only mod-The inquiry was chiefly for good to choice fat corn-fed cattle, prices for do; but on the contrary, it improves which were steady, while half-fat digestion and strengthens the stomach. droves moved off slowly at weak to Its effectightly lower prices; native beef steers nounced

were saleable at \$4 to \$4 25 for common, \$4 50 to \$4 75 for fair to medium, and \$5 65 for good strictly prime shipping and export lots. Canning cows were about 10c lower, a few going as low as \$1 50, but choice butchering cows and heifers were steady; calves were steady, and stockers and feeders were in moderate demand, with sales largely at \$3 30 to \$4 25. The market for hogs was active and steady, at Monhogs was active and steady, at Mon-day's decline; sales ranged at \$3 10 to \$3 % for the commonest to the best hogs; shippers' purchases were light; pigs sold mostly at \$3 to \$3 25, and the hogs sold largely at \$3 35. The sup-ply of sheep and lambs was excessive, and medium grades were much too numerous; lambs moved off slowly at \$3 15 to \$5 50 for inferior to prime flocks, good to choice selling largely at \$5 to \$5 35; yearlings sold for \$4 25 to \$4 75, and sheep sold at \$2 50 to \$4 25, for inferior to choice, not much being done below \$3 50; nice feeding sheep were held at \$3 75. Receipts—Cattle, 4,000; hogs, 40,000; sheep, 16,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.-Beeves-Receipts, 910; four cars medium to good Brand of Hose for boys and girls? steers sold at \$4 75 to \$5 15; four cars rough stuff unsold. Feeling easier. Cable steady. Exports, 350 cattle and 5,600 quarters of beef. Calves-Receipts, 297; veals slow; barely steady; grassers dull and nominally lower; 100 grassers unsold; veals, common to prime, \$5 to \$8 50; no westerns. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 3,644; trade slow; sheep steady; lambs, 15c to 25c lower; some sales 25c lower; sheep, \$3 to \$4 60, selected; export do., \$4 85; lambs, \$5 25 to \$5 80; no very choice here. Hogs-Receipts, 3,487; market higher at \$3 85 to \$4 for good to choice hogs.

EAST BUFFALO, Nov. 29.-Cattle-In the absence of sale cattle the market was nominally steady at yesterday's closing prices. Calves were steady on the basis of \$7 50. Sheep and lambs-The offerings were 15 loads, five of which were held over, and five of Canadas; the demand was quiet, and prices 10c to 20c lower; there were lambs sold at \$5 45 today that were quotable at \$5 65 Monday; choice to extra at \$5 25 to \$5 50; good to choice, \$5 to \$5 25; common to fair, \$4 90 to \$5 10; sheep, choice to extra, \$4 20 to \$4 25; good to choice, \$4 to \$4 20; common to fair, \$2 50 to \$3 50. Hogs—The offerings were light-four loads-and the basis was \$3 55 pigs, \$3 65 to \$3 70; roughs, \$3 15 to \$3 25; stage, \$2 75 to \$3; heavy hogs were quotable at \$3 55

OLD COUNTRY PRICES. Liverpool, Nov. 28 .- Prices of cattle continue firm; American steers are quoted firm at 111/2c to 121/4c per 1b, estimated dressed weight; refrigerator beef is also higher at 10%c per lb.

FOR BUSY READERS

The Bay of Quinte at Belleville, O . , is closed by ice. Fourteen thousand letters have just reached Vancouver from Dawson City. Hillyard Alway, son of Dr. Alway, of Bartonville, committed suicide by shoot-

ing himself through the head. The stonework on the piers tand abutments of the new inter-provincial bridge at Ottawa is nearing completion. Hamilton aldermen have voted down a proposition to take a vote of the people to reduce the number of aldermen. The Cheney block at Manchester, Conn., was destroyed by fire on Tues-

Mr. J. E. Hopkirk, late of the Kingston postoffice, has been superannuated and will received \$700 per annum and back pay amounting to over \$500. F. G. Wallbridge, of Midland, is ga-

day; loss estimated at between \$50,000

zetted associate coroner for Simcoe; H. Millen, of the village of Wheatley, associate coroner for Kent and Essex. Lawrence Badgley, of Harwich township, was employed in the woods when he was struck by a falling tree, which crushed both legs so badly that one had to be amputated.

Rev. Dr. Sutherland conducted the services at the Markham Methodist Church last Sunday. The church was in need of \$1,200, and the whole amount was raised at the two services.

The funeral took place at Chatham on Monday of Wm. McGlaghlan, who died in Decota, Mich., at the advanced age of 83 years. Deceased was one of best known residents of Kent county, having lived there for over 50 years.

Fire supposed to have been caused by the nibbling of mice in a pantry broke out Tuesday evening in the dwelling owned and occupied by R. Ventres, at Bobcaygeon. Buildings adjoining the main part of the dwelling were completely destroyed with part of their contents.

The first writ in connection with the recent bridge disaster at Cornwall. wehre a dozen workmen were killed. was issued on Tuesday at Toronto, by Thomas Mulvey, on behalf of Patrick and Mary Murphy, father and mother of Patrick Murphy, who perished in the accident. They ask \$5,000 damages from the contractors and sub-contrac-tors. Murphy lived in Canada, and signed his contract here, but the accident happened on the American side of the river.

WAYLAID AND BEATEN

Two Indians Arrested on the Charge of Beating a White Man.

John Cary, a farm hand employed by James Whiting, about a mile from Muncey postoffice, was most brutally assaulted by two Indians while on his way home on the evening of Nov. 23. Cary was at the postoffice between 6:30 and 7 o'clock, for Mr. Whiting's mail, when Elijah Beaver and Walter Seth entered and attempted to pick a quarrel with him. Their efforts were in vain, however, for Cary refused to have anything to do with them, and started for Whiting's at the first opportunity. When he had gone a short distance down the road he was overtaken by two men, who knocked him down and kicked him on the face and head until he became unconscious. Three hours elapsed before Cary recovered sufficiently to complete his journey and inform Mr. Whiting of what had occurred. His face is terribly swollen and his head is cut and bruie-

The two men were arrested yesterday by county constables, and remanded by Squire Lacey until Dec. 6. Cary has identified the two prisonerts as the persons who aesaulted him.

Not That Kind;

Scott's Emulsion does not debilitate the stomach as other cough medicines Its effects are immediate and pro-



Look. like it, anyway. Some mothers prefer work, and worry, and expense any time, to satisfaction and economy. Of course they mean well, but they don't know. Mothers, look about you-examine-compare. Have you ever tested the wearing qualities of our "Can't-Wear-'Em-Out"

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Time and money savers.

XXX-A very fine English Cashmere, 1 and 1 rib, six-fold knees and ankles, handsome stocking for boys or girls, price from 18c up. A1—For boys, of bright English Worsted, wide rib, very heavy, great wearer, price from 25c up.

SPECIAL.—Winter weight fine plain Cash-mere Hose, spliced heel and sole, a beauti-ful bright stocking for girls, price from 20c

FOR LADIES

We have a leader at 37%c—a stocking well worth more. Give our Hoslery Department a trial.

Special Drives in Ladies' and Children's Underwear.



President McKinley Said To Be Favorable to a Treaty.

The Fish and Lumber Duties Are the Sticklers.

Dog-in-the-Manger Policy of New England Fishermen-Newfoundland Working With Canada.

Washington, Nov. 30-[Globe special]. -Not a little difficulty is being experienced by the president and his friends in securing the adhesion of prominent Republican senators to a reasonable reciprocity schedule, but the belief is confidently expressed by those behind the scenes that success will finally crown the president's efforts. It is by no means an easy task to induce legislators who eighteen months ago erected a high tariff wall against Canadian products to take part in a movement to pull it down again, but President McKinley can acomplish it if any man in the United States can. In the struggle between the chief magistrate and the anti-reciprocity Republicans. now in progress, the president can appeal to his record as a consistent protectionists and assure the doubting ones that he is no less eager than are they to conserve the interests of the people of the United States. He can also use the "expansion" lever to great advant-With vast industrial possibiliage. ties opening up abroad and in the new ly acquired territory, Canadian compe tition in a few farm and forest products will be less likely to affect the American producer than ever before The most convincing argument of all, however, and the one that is most frequently used, is that the necessities of

world-politics require close co-operation and a cordial understanding between the British Empire and the American Republic. FREE LUMBER NECESSARY. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues are no less desirous than President Mc-Kinley of removing all causes of friction, but they have to consider the interests of Canada first, nor are they disposed to sacrifice them even for the sake of brotherly feeling. They consider the Dingley tariff an unfriendly measure. They believe that in view of the fact that Canada buys two dollars' worth of American goods for every dollar's worth of Canadian products bought by the United States, they are

warranted in demanding a change in the American tariff. They have placed free lumber in the foremost place in their reciprocity programme, and while they have made no formal statement to that effect, it is doubtful whether they would sign a reciprocity treaty that did not include free lumber. THE FISHERY SELFISHNESS. Mr. Sylveser Cunningham, the representative of the fish interests, is again here, and was before the American commissioners yesterday. They said some uncomplimentary things about

the dog-in-the-manger attitude of the fishermen, but it is doubtful if they will try to give free fish, or even a partial free list of fish, in the face of the opposition of the Gloucester men, who have no end of friends in the senate. TREATY OMITTING RECIPROCITY.

Should the reciprocity negotiations fail because of a refusal to give Canada free lumber or a sufficient equivalent, opinion is somewhat undecided as to whether the entire negotiations should be terminated or a treaty prepared embodying the points settled, or almost settled, such as the sealing question, the Alaska boundary, alien labor, and the like. The probability is that the Canadian commissioners will hardly be prepared, even though reciprocity fails them, to refuse settlement of the questions that can be disposed of.

NEWFOUNDLAND WITH CANADA In view of certain statements sent out from St. Johns. Newfoundland, to the effect that Newfoundland would make an independent trade and fisheries treaty with the United States, Sir James Wilson states that all such reports are unwarranted, and that he is co-operating with the Canadian commissioners to the fullest extent in the negotiations now in progress.

A. SCREATON & Co.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LOT OF

Dark Colored Madras

FOR CURTAINS,

The regular price of these goods is 50c, but we are offering them at the ridiculously low price of

THIS IS A GENUINE BARGAIN.

Our English Cretonnes & Denims

Are just the thing for cozy corners and coverings. Your choice of any of the goods in our east window for... 25C

A. Screaton & Co

British and Canadian Commissioners Dined at Washington.

Some of the Most Eminent Men of the United States Present-The

Washington, Nov. 30 .- High Commissioner Kasson gave a magnificent banquet at the Metropolitan Club last evening in honor of his fellow-commissioners. The guests included the chief of the army, the hero of the navy, the most eminent jurist and the highest church dignitary of the United States. It is very seldom that so many great men of national reputation are gathered at one round-table. Cardinal Gibbons came specially from Baltimore to be present, and was seated next to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, whose other neighbor was Admiral Schiey. Following is a complete list of the guests, as placed: The British ambassador; the Bishop of Washington; Major-General Miles, commanding the United States army; Senator Faulkner; Hon. John W. Foster, commissioner plenipotentiary; Rear Admiral Upshur, United States W. J. Boardman; Hon. Nelson Ding-ley, M.C.; Sir Richard Cartwright, ator McMillan; Right Hon. Lord Herschell; the chief justice of the United | States; his Eminence Cardinal Gibbone; Sir Wilfrid Laurier, premier of Canada; Rear Admiral Schley, United States navy; Sir Louis Davies, Measrs. Morris K. Jessup, Thomas Nelson Page, Hon. T. Jefferson Coolidge, Sir James Winter, Senator Fairbanks, Mr. Justice White, of the supreme court, the ambassador of Russia, Mr. McVeagh, Mr.

Kasson. Toasts to the president, the Queen, and the Emperor of Russia were drunk | treatment, and was expedited by, if standing. The response to the t the Queen was made by the British ambassador, and that to the Emperor of Russia by the Russian ambaseador; Other toasts were responded to, as follows: "The Dominion of Canada," Sir Wilfrid Laurier, premier "Interna-tional Justice; the Best Guarantee of International Peace," by Lord Her-chell; "The Army, the Instrument of Justice," by General Miles: "The Navy, the Instrument of Civilization." by Rear Admiral Schley.

THE RAILWAYS

Banquet to Manager Hays at

Portland, Me.

The New Rules Hard to Learn-Pros pects of Another Rate War. Mr. Hays, general manager of the G.

T. R., was given a banquet by the board of trade at Portland, Me. Application will be made to parlia ment to authorize the amalgamation of the Erie and Huron and the Lake Erie

and Detroit River Railways. A C. P. R. official at Montreal denies the statement that the company is not amply equipped and prepared to handle

the western grain business. The Burlington Free Press says: Dr. Seward Webb has jungereturned from Canada, where it is generally believed he has about completed negotiations for the lease of the Grand Trunk Railroad system between Messina and Howick, and running arrangements with the Canada Atlantic to Alburgh

Springs. The G. T. R. and Wabash employes are studying the companies' new rules. A number of them have successfully passed their examination, but there are others who will have to go before the examiner again. The men claim many of the new rules are not necessary, and that the old code of signals was better than the new. Representations will be made to the government not to grant any change in the regulations. number of questions which the trainmen have to answer is: Conductors, 225; engineers, 225; firemen, 119, and brakemen, 119.

The standard New York-Chicago lines have invited a costly passenger rate war by practically announcing to their western connections that differentials would be abolished on transcontinental traffic to competitive points east of Chicago. The general passenger agents of the New York Central. Lake Shore and Michigan Central roads, embracing what is known as the Vanderbilt system, have taken the law into their own hands, and has issued an order that the \$2 excess fare heretofore charged on the roads named would be abolished on traffic given them from trans-Missouri and Parific coast points. Of course, this means a flat rate of \$18 from Chicago to New York on the standard lines, including the Pennsylvania. The so-called "weak" lines have protested against this action, and say they will reduce their through rate to \$16, so as to exact their differential privileges.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil -a pulmonic of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses must substantial claim to public confidence.

HAROLD FREDERIC

Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott Discusses His Death.

A Legal Point Involved-Should the Law Step In?

[From New York Outlook.]

The death of Harold Frederic and the subsequent action of the coroner's jury raise a very interesting and legal and ethical question. What are the rights and duties of the community in dealing with the subject of health and disease?

Mr. Frederic was seriously ill with heart disease and rheumatic fever. All medical science agrees that in such & case active exercise should be avoided, and smoking and stimulants prohibited. Mr. Frederic was for a time under medical advice. His physicians prescribed absolute rest, certain specific limitations as regard diet, and no use of tobacco. The case was necessarily protracted, and recovery so slow as to be almost inappreciable, at least by himself. He, or one of his friends for him, discharged the physicians, and called in a Christian Scientist in their stead. She attended him to a limited extent, and, in accordance with the theory of Christian Science, treated him by her thoughts when absent as well as when Mr. John Charlton, M.P.; Mr. present-in our judgment, quite as well She did not prescribe any medicines, ley, M.C.; Sir Richard Cartwright, and it is contended on her behalf that minister of trade and commerce; Senshe cannot be proceeded against on the ground that she practiced medicine irregularly, because, in fact, not practice medicine; her theories for-bade her practicing medicine. She told him, however, that he might eat and drink what he liked, smoke as much as he liked, and take what exercise he He did, in fact, smoke to a considerable extent and take long drives, from which he returned ex-The expert medical testimony was to the effect that his death might have been prevented by proper not absolutely due to, the course which he was allowed to and did pursue. There was also some evidence to show that his mind was not sane at all times, that he himself had no special attachment to or faith Christian Science, and that for the discharge of the regular physicians and the employment of the Christian Scientist who treated him and the garded as responsible. The coroner's jury brought in a verdict of guilty of manslaughter against the Christian Scietist who treated him and the friend who called her in. They have both been held for trial. There is no doubt that the commun-

ity has a right to protect itself against contagious disease. It has a perfect right to compel the use of the best known scientific measures to prevent the spread of diphtheria, smallpox, or yellow fever. No claim by an ideallet that a malarial swamp exists only in the imagination of the public, and that the fever which it breeds is only a "mortal thought," can avail to prevent the community from draining the swamp, or insisting that the fever shall be medically treated. There is, in our judgment, no doubt, either, that the community has a right to interfere for the protection of children from neglect by their parents; and no claim by a parent that he is depending on a charm or on prayer, or on mental treatment, can avail to prevent the community from taking the child out of the control of the parent and requiring it to be cent to a hospital where it shall re ceive such medical treatment as modern science indicates to be best fitted for the preservation of life and restoration to health. For the same reason and on the same principle, the law should interfere to protect an insane man from neglect of means to preserve and promote health; and on this ground the proceedings in the case of Harold

Frederic appear to be based. But can the law go further? If a sane man chooses to exchew all physicians, to refuse all means of cure, to deny himself all remedies, and to depend wholly upon means unrecognized by modern science to effect a cure, may the law interfere? If he should determine to live without eating, or in a winter climate without fuel-and it is difficult to see why hunger and cold are not "mortal thoughts" as truly as disease—must the law leave him to starve or freeze to death? If not, is there any more reason why it chould allow him to die of disease which science could remedy if he would take the remedies? In short, what are the rights and the duties of the community in protecting an individual from inflicting what the community believes to be needless and perhaps fatal injuries upon himself?

The public will look with great interest to the further development of the proceedings in the case of Harold Fred. eric, to see what light the court throws on this interesting and difficult ques-

tion.

LIFE SAVED .- Mr. James Bryson Cameron writes: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs and was given up by physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, stating that his to wife had used it for a throat trouble with the best results. Acting on this advice, I procured the medicine. and less than half a bottle cured me; I certainly believe it saved my life. was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any remedy to do me good.

John Mills has received the Christmas Globe. Only 35 cents. Buy one.