

states of Soudan. A con-
a with Tripoli, in slaves.
th of Lake Tehad, is do-
state its bravest soldiers
its largest town.

chad, is often at war with
ver themselves, and even
our, and fight with long
agan race, called Ei Fel-
ana occupies a fine fertile
which Mora is the chief.

What are its rivers? Nr.
What lakes are in Soudan?
Mts.? Kg., Mn.—What
too? Soccatoo? Kano?

NDS.

ngle islands and groups
European states; most
ariety of valuable com-

the Atlantic ocean, about
fine climate and good soil:
various kinds. The chief
and Angra, in Terceira;

fertile island; it is a resort
for its excellent wines, the
ity. Funchal is the capital.
ir wines, fruits, and Canary
untains, of which the most
Crus, in the island of Terce-
town.

and unhealthful climate, and
ants died of famine in 1831.
t. Fogo, one of the islands,
s, and some cotton, are the
o Praya.

ed, and was famous for its

of the African continent? 2.
4. Canary islands. 5. Cape
na. 7. What does the Ethi-

turtle; it has now a small garrison. St. Helena is a high rocky island,
and has but one harbour and town (Jamestown); it is noted for having
been the residence of Napoleon Bonaparte for six years; he died there
in May, 1821. In 1840, his remains were conveyed to France.

7. The ETHIOPIAN ARCHIPELAGO, situated on the eastern
side of Africa, comprises Madagascar, the Mascarenha, Sey-
chelle, Almirante, Comoro, and some other smaller islands.

8. MADAGASCAR is the largest of the African islands. It has a health-
ful climate, a fertile soil, and is said to be rich in minerals. The in-
habitants consist of Arabs, Malays, and Negroes. Some of these cul-
tivate the ground, and are not destitute of arts; others are pirates, and
commit depredations on the neighbouring islands.

9. IMERINA, or the kingdom of the Ovaha, the most important state
in this island, was founded by Radama. This prince patronized the
missionaries, and endeavoured to civilize his subjects by introducing
among them European arts and sciences. He was poisoned by his wife
in 1828. Since his death, the kingdom has been the scene of anarchy
and confusion. Tananariveu is the capital. Bombetok Bay, and the
other bays and ports, are sometimes visited by American vessels.

10. Eastward from Madagascar are the MASCARENHA ISLANDS. These
are Bourbon, and MAURITIUS or the Isle of France; both are well set-
tled, fertile islands: coffee and sugar are the chief products. Mauritius
is the scene of the inimitable tale of Paul and Virginia. Bourbon con-
tains a volcano constantly burning, which serves at night as a light-
house to mariners. Port Louis, in Mauritius, and St. Denis, in Bour-
bon, are the chief towns.

11. The SEYCHELLE and ALMIRANTE ISLANDS are a dependency of
Mauritius: they produce cotton and cocoa-nuts. Mahe, on Mahe
island, is the capital of the first-named group. The Comoro Isles are
mountainous but fertile. The inhabitants have been nearly all extir-
pated by the ravages of the Madagascar pirates.

12. MONFIA, ZANZIBAR, and PEMBA, are fertile, well-settled islands,
and belong to Muscat. Zanzibar, on the island of the same name,
contains 50,000 inhabitants; it is the largest town in the dominions
of the Sultan of Muscat. Socotra is subject to the Sultan of Keshin
in Arabia, and is chiefly noted for the superior quality of its aloes.

Map No. 25. — Tell the population of the following islands, and the
nations to which they belong: Azores, Madeira, Canary, Cape Verde,
Ascension, St. Helena, Mauritius, Bourbon, Almirante, and Seychelle.
Population of Madagascar? How long is it? Its northern cape? Ao—
Southern? S. My.—How far from Madagascar to Australia? What
islands west of Madagascar? Co.—What islands belong to Muscat?
Pa., Zr., Ma.—What island belongs to Keshin?

opian Archipelago comprise? 8. What is said of Madagascar? 9.
Imerina? 10. Describe the Mascarenha Islands. 11. The Seychelle,
&c. Comoro. 12. Monfia, &c. Socotra.