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blackish. On the primaries the basal line is geminate, black, broken, T. a. line geminate, black, the inner portion narrower and less marked, somewhat irregular, as a whole a little oblique outwardly. T. p. line geminate on the costa and on the outcurve; beyond that the outer line is lost and the inner is well defined and sharply crenulate, as a whole only a little outcurved over the cell, and very evenly oblique below it. S. t. line of the ground colour, a little irregular, marked by a series of triangular blackish spots, and the terminal space, which is darker except at apex. There is a series of distinct terminal lunules, beyond which there is a yellow line at the base of the fringes. An indefined dusky median shade crosses between the ordinary spots and darkens the cell at that point. The claviform is concolorous, loop-like, incompletely outlined by black scales. Orbicular concolorous, outlined by a narrow black ring. Reniform moderate in size, kidney-shaped, a little paler than the ground, with a smoky central line or shade, incompletely outlined by black scales. Beneath, primaries dull smoky-yellowish with a blackish extra median diffuse transverse shading; secondaries as above, but more diffusely marked and paler.

Expands.—r.45 inches = 36 mm. *Habitat.*—Regina, Assiniboia, August 5; T. N. Willing.

One male in fine condition received from Mr. F. H. Wolley Dod, (No. 11). This is a most remarkable species for the genus and was taken for an *Oncocnemis* at first sight; but the generic characters are unmistakable. The body is robust, the thoracic vestiture dense, consisting of flattened hair, collar and patagia well defined.

Euxoa ura, n. sp.—Head, thorax and primaries creamy-gray with a reddish tinge; the first two immaculate. Primaries with all the markings well defined, smoky, not contrasting, surface powdery. Basal line geminate, well marked as a rule, rarely obscure or even wanting. T. a. line geminate, broad, powdery, the inner portion more even, more slender and less marked; the outer forming obvious though not wide outcurves in the interspaces, as a whole a little outwardly oblique. T. p. line geminate, the outer portion even, narrow, tending to obsolescence, the inner lumulate or even crenulate, the teeth often extending to the outer portion ; as a whole only a little outcurved from costa over cell and then nearly parallel with outer margin. A more or less obvious, diffuse shade crosses the median space between the ordinary spots, darkening the cell and then runs close to the t. p. line, tending to reach it in some examples. S. t.

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