

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
St. John and St. Alexis Streets, MONTREAL.
AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
Pinet, Castillon & Co.'s Cognac Brandy,
A. Goutman & Co.'s double bottled Hollands Gin,
Duvillo & Co.'s old Irish Whiskey,
R. Thorne & Co.'s fine Scotch Whiskey,
T. G. Sandeman's celebrated Port Wines,
Mackenzie & Co.'s (Cadiz) Sherry Wines,
Jules Mumm & Co.'s Champagne Wines,
P. A. Mumm's Sparkling Hook and Moselle Wines,
Guinness' Dublin Stout, bottled by Maehen & Co.,
McEwan's Sparkling Edinburgh Ales, &c. 1-ly

J. D. ANDERSON,
MERCHANT TAILOR
AND
GENTLEMEN'S HABERDASHER,
ALBION CLOTH HALL,
No. 124 Great St. James Street,
MONTREAL. 12-ly

JAMES BAYLES,
IMPORTER OF CARPETS AND
OIL CLOTHS, MONTREAL,
No. 74 Great St. James Street,
No. 31 King Street East, Toronto. 9-ly

1888. AUTUMN CIRCULAR. 1868.

T. JAMES CLAXTON & CO.,
CAVERHILL'S BUILDINGS,
ST. PETER STREET,
MONTREAL.

DRY GOODS
Our Stock will be complete and open for inspection
by
TUESDAY, the 25th AUGUST,
Every department fully represented.
We request careful inspection and comparison.
1-ly **T. JAMES CLAXTON & CO.**

2,000 cases FINEST FRUIT SYRUP.
1,000 " GINGER WINE—"McKay's"
Also, in Kegs, Qr-Casks and Hhds,
AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
WEST BROTHERS,
1-ly 144 McGill Street, MONTREAL.

JEFFERY BROTHERS & CO.,
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
44 ST. SACRAMENT STREET,
MONTREAL. 1-ly

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS,

430 ST. PAUL STREET,

MONTREAL, 5-ly

WM. McLAREN & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS and SHOES
STORE:
18 ST. MAURICE STREET,
(In the rear of Joseph Mackay & Bro.)
MONTREAL. 33-ly

NELSON, WOOD & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
European and American FANCY GOODS,
Paper Hangings, Clocks, Looking Glasses, and Plates,
Stationery, Combs, Brushes, Mats, Toys, &c., &c.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Brooms, Matches, Painted Pails, Tubs, Wash-
Boards, and Dealers in
WOODEN-WARE of every description.
29 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 36-3m

THE TRADE REVIEW

AND

Intercolonial Journal of Commerce.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1868.

The Business Office of the "Trade Review" is
removed from No. 4 Merchants' Exchange to
No. 58 St. Francois Xavier Street, Room No.
5, Up Stairs.

Telegrams from St. John, N. B., report the suspen-
sion of the Commercial Bank of New Brunswick.
The cause of the stoppage is stated to be heavy losses
attending some exchange operations connected with
recent failures. Note holders are supposed to be fully
secured, the stock holders being liable to three times
the amount of their shares. A despatch received
yesterday morning, states that a better feeling prevails
in St. John, and it is thought the Bank will be able
to continue business. Its notes are current at from 80
to 95 cents.

The Hon. Joseph Howe, in a letter to the *Halifax
Chronicle*, the bitterest opponent of the Union, ac-
knowledges that he has had no faith in the repeal move-
ment, and has taken no part in it since the Nova
Scotia ministry refused to tender their resignations to
the Lieut.-Governor, and to inform him that they
would not work for or under him so long as he held
his commission from Lord Monck, and not from the
Queen. Mr. Howe further states that he is in corre-
spondence with Sir John A. McDonald, and intends
to continue it on his own responsibility as a gentle-
man and a member of the Legislature until satisfied
that it ought to close. He, however, assures his
friends that there is no office, no distinction, in the
Dominion or anywhere else that will tempt him to
forget their confidence and esteem, but he will not
deceive them by vain hopes, or conceal the truth from
fear of their displeasure.

The following is a statement of the Revenue and
Expenditure of the Dominion of Canada for the
month, and four months ending 31st of October,
1868:—

Revenue—Customs.....	\$985,575
Excise.....	238,805
Post Office.....	45,349
Bill Stamp Duty.....	12,339
Public Works, including Railways..	140,657
Miscellaneous.....	123,123

Revenue for October.....	\$1,545,857
" " July.....	1,375,720
" " August.....	1,377,933
" " September.....	1,846,861

Total for four months.....\$6,145,871

Expenditure for July.....	\$1,501,622
" " August.....	961,293
" " September.....	2,234,409
" " October.....	1,560,063

Total for three months.....\$6,620,387

MORLAND, WATSON & CO.,
IRON & HARDWARE MERCHANTS
MONTREAL.
PROPRIETORS OF THE
Montreal Saw Works,
Montreal Axe Works,
Montreal Horse Nail Works,
Montreal Tack Works.
MANAGING DIRECTORS:
MONTREAL ROLLING MILLS COMPANY,
Comprising
Montreal Rolling Mills,
Montreal Nail Works,
Montreal Lead Works.
AGENTS OF THE
COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE CO'Y.
(of London, England)
CAPITAL - - - £2,500,000 Str.
1-ly

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE CO'Y
19 & 20 CORNHILL, LONDON, ENGLAND.

CAPITAL £2,500,000 Stg.—INVESTED over \$2,000,000

FIRE DEPARTMENT.—Insurance granted on all
descriptions of property at reasonable rates.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.—The success of this branch
has been unprecedented—90 PER CENT. of pre-
miums now in hand. First year's premiums were
over \$100,000. Economy of management guaranteed.
Perfect security. Moderate rates.

Office 385 & 387 St. Paul Street, Montreal

MORLAND, WATSON & CO.,
General Agents for Canada,

FRED. COLL, Secretary.
Inspector of Agencies—T. C. LIVINGSTON, P.L.S.
3-ly

TRADE WITH THE UNITED STATES.

SOME interesting statistics of the trade of the To-
ronto district with the United States have recently
been published. The comparison is made between
the returns for twelve months ending the 30th Sep-
tember, 1868, and the twelve months ending at the
same time in 1867. From these returns, we learn that
there has been a considerable falling off in the
quantities of produce sent across the lines this year,
but the high prices have raised the value to nearly
the same as in 1867—while the total shows an in-
crease of trade this season over last. The shipments
of barley have fallen 1,033,303 bushels short of last
year, although at the remarkable prices obtained—
over \$1.50 in some cases—the sum of \$1,154,300 was
obtained therefor, which is only \$223,425 less than
the larger quantity brought in 1867. The sales of wheat
have fallen off over 40 per cent. this year, the decrease
in value being \$669,603. Wool and lumber also, are
both set down as being deficient, but yet the total re-
turns indicate that we have sold our neighbours more
in 1868 than the previous twelve months. Taking
Toronto, Port Hope and Coburg together, their total
exports to the United States up to the 30th ult.,
amounted to no less than \$4,303,524. The returns of
Toronto foot up by themselves as follows:—

Exports for year ending 30th Sept., 1868...	\$2,188,219
1867...	1,923,538
Balance in favour of 1868...	\$ 264,681

These returns are significant, and go to show, what
has often been proven before, that the Americans
continue to be as good customers of Canada as before
the Reciprocity Treaty was abolished. We might in
all fairness say, better—for they have paid our farmers
this year nearly as much for barley, wheat, wool,
lumber, &c., as they did in 1867 for a much larger
quantity of these articles. When the returns of our
total trade with the Republic for 1868 come to be
footed up, we think it will be found that they exceed
those of last year. We may be mistaken in this, but
if the Toronto returns are correct, they ought to
serve as an index to those of the whole country. We
do not doubt that, under a fair and more enlightened
system of commercial intercourse, the volume of trade
between the two countries would have been larger;
but the Americans furnish us with a market for all
our surplus products at good prices, and have little
cause to complain.