the cities of the plain were destroyed, as one that mocked, just because he who led his family into Sodom and kept them there, asked them to get out of it with all speed. His words that morning were so unlike his practice every other morning, that his family could not regard his pleading as anything but a solemn farce; and how can the world and our own any proposetal and solemn farce.

keep the defensive armour whole and the offensive armour keen. Such need did the early preachers of the gospel feel to keep aloof even from "serving tables," i.e., overseeing the distribution of provisions to the poor, that they pleaded exemption even from that work, that they might "give themselves continually to prayer and the ministry of the Word." There lies the secret of their power. These early soldiers of the cross did net dull their weapons in inglorious work, but kept them ever bright,—CIVING THEMSELVES CONTINbright, — GIVING THEMSELVES CONTIN and that men must count all things but tally to PRAYER AND THE MINISTRY OF loss that they may win the shore, the THE WORD. It is getting money at the expense of lowering the Church's testimony before the world. Lot seemed to Lot. "Dead flies cause the continent his family that awful morning on which of the apothecary to send forth a stink-the cities of the plain were destroyed, ing savour: so doth a little folly him

the world, and our own unconverted nearness of the Master's coming, then children, believe that heaven and hell, would the question that sent the proabout which we speak so earnestly on Sabbath, are realities, when we banish them as completely from our Soirces as if there were no such things? What true field and our true weapons—Praywe hear about "things above" on Sab-

Siving Quenchers.

BURDEN-BEARING. BY THE REV. W. H. H. MCRRAY.

"For every man shall bear his own burden." -Gal. vi. 5.

this chapter, you will find these words. I could bear a person's burden if he was "Bear ye one another's burdens, and so compelled to bear it himself, I could not fulfil the law of Christ," while our text | understand. But that experience which asserts that every man shall bear his years and trials bring to us all has interown burden. These two passages, stand- | preted these two passages correctly to ing in such juxtaposition and apparently, me, and harmonized what formerly was

contradictory, were once inexplicable to me. I found in one a command to bear another man's burden, and then, immediately following it, the assertion that If you look at the second verse of every man should bear his own. How