H. M. S. Empress of India, Long Ago Stricken from Effective List, to Join Niobe on

Another warship is to be added the navy on the Atlantic coast accord ing to a report received here. The bat-tleship Empress of India is to be sent to join the Niobe at Halifax. The Empress of India, built in 1891, was one of the seven vessels of the Royal Sovereign class which were to have been condemned, but arrangements are reported to have been entered into where-by H. M. S. Empress of India is to be sent to become a harbor defence ship at-Halifax. She will not reach there for some time as alterations are to be made before the battleship is sent across the

Halifax is exceedingly well defended in comparison with Esquimalt. The garrison there numbers 3,000 rank and file while Esquimalt defences are manned by 120 rank and file. Yet Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated on the floor of the house that the danger zone was in the Pacific The coast defences at Halifax have modern guns, while those at Esquimalt are for the most part of a type long since discarded at every other fortification in the British empire, and not only are the guns obsolete but they are now in such a condition that they are of little value as a means of defence.

The neglect of Esquimalt since the fences is well known. The two 9.2 guns which have been lying by the side of the road at the Ordnance yards where they have been since the imperia troops yent away six years ago are standing advertisement of this neglect

The addition to be made to the navy at Halifax is another vessel, which, like the Rainbow, the vessel which forms the Pacific squadron of the Canadian navy, and the Niobe, had been stricker off the effective list of the British navy. The Empress of India, before being struck off the navy lists, carried a complement of 712 men. She is a battleship which cost \$4,500,000. She is a vessel of 14,100 tons displacement, 380 feet long, 75 feet beam, and with maximum draught of 30 feet. The armament consists of four 13.5 inch, ten 6 inch, sixteen 6 pounders, twelve 3 pounders, two maxims and three torpedo tubes. Jane in his "fighting ships" says These ships cannot now steam very fast, but they can keep station at 13 knots as long as their coal lasts."

PRNCE RUPERT ENCOUNTERED FOG

Thick Weather Prevailed During Trip From North Demaged Her Propellers.

Johnson, of the G. T. P., returned on Sunday from Stewart and Prince Rupert several hours late and after disembarking her passengers proceeded to Esquimalt where repairs were effected to her propellers, which were damaged as a result of striking submerged logs at Prince Rupert. The trip to Seattle was cancelled and the passengers from the liner at Vancouver on her northbound voyage, on which she started yesterday morning. The passengers from the north included: C. E Scott, W. W. Moore, Miss Wright, J. A. Torne, G. Beattie, These journalists formed what is known Mrs. and Miss Lester, D. R. Young, J. D. McDonald, A. Allen, J. S. McDonald. A. K. Styenson, Miss Peterson, J. Olson, P. C. Coates, Miss B. Majory, Miss L. Majory, Miss E. Flynn, S. G. Hayes, Miss Alton Frank Warde and W. E.

Dense fors were encountered in northern waters and Capt. Johnson spent 45 hours on the bridge at a stretch. From the time she left Prince Rupert until passing Seymour narrows fogs were encountered.

Among the passengers bound for stewart and Prince Rupert on the G.T.P. line yesterday morning were: F. M. Marks, H. Wilson, Mrs. G. R. Humphries, Miss Humphries, Miss Lester and J. T. The Prince Rupert brought news of

a near-tragedy at the G. T. P. port on Labor day. A float on which there were 14 people including 2 infants was capsized and all were thrown into the water. The party had just landed from a trip to Metlakatla. All were saved. The Prince Rupert News said: the pitiful scream of 'Oh, my baby, my baby!' a woman was kept by main strength from throwing herself back into the water. Another, Mrs. McLeod. rose below the float and would have drowned but for the heroism of Alex. Mackay, who dived for her, groping under the heavy logs of the raft. Her husband saved the baby swimming with it in his arms. The other little one was rescued in an unconscious condition, and it took Dr. McNeil two hours of constant work to restore it to a safe state last night. Both mothers and both the other ladies suffered severely from shock and were in hysterics when res-

CASUALTIES TO MANY SAILING SHIPS

Bark Drummuir Reaches Sydney in Disress-Overdue Magdalene Vinnen at Iquique Damaged.

Advices from Melbourne contain de tails of the mishap to the British bark Drummuir, which was recently reported at Sydney, in distress. During the voyage of the Drummuir from Algoa Bay to Sydney her foremast carried away in a heavy storm and in falling brought with it the main royal mast and gear attached. The deck was pierced by ...e falling wreckage, which had to be cut away for the vessel's safety. When off

former British bark Dunstaffnage.
From Conception comes word that the German ship Marie has arrived at Talcahuano after having encountaired heavy weather. She lost a number of sails and sustained about \$500 damage to her decks. The cargo was undamaged, out a part of it was jettisoned during a

cently went ashore at Canso, will become a total loss, according to advices eaching Lloyds from Halifax. The

vessel's masts are gone and she is said to be breaking up.
From Caleta Buena is reported a collision between the British bark Lauriston and the Italian bark Cressington. The Cressington's bowsprit and stays

LOG RAFT WRECKED

were carried away.

Six Million Feet of Timber Goes Pieces at Columbia River Bar.

ASTORIA, Ore. Sept. 11.—Pounded by neavy seas, the 6,000,000-foot raft of the Hammond Lumber company which grounded on Peacock spit last Saturday, went to pieces yesterday. The efforts Dauntless, Hercules, Oneonta and Wal-lula, to pull the big raft off the bar

The logs are now scattered across the par and far into both the ocean and Columbia river, a menace to shipping. The raft was valued at \$60,000. Crews of men are at work saving as many of the logs as they can.

CHOLERA RIOTS

Italian Government Adopts Military Measures to Support Disorders

CHIASSO, Switzerland, Sept. 11-Massafra, the Italian city, where, according to information, mobs burned the chelera hospital and carried the cholera-stricken patients through the streets, was declared today under martial law. Twenty additional persons have been arrested for attempting the release of cholera suspects who were under obser-

Excesses arising from the government's preventive measures to combat the plague are reported from several other Italian towns. In some places doctors, suspected by the inhabitants of distributing poisons, have been attacked.

BRITSH PRESSUEN

Touring Journalists are Entertained to Banquet by Board of Trade-Leave for Nanaimo

Twelve representative working newspapermen, connected with well-known newspapers and periodicals throughout the United Kingdom, were entertained in Victoria on Sunday last by members of the board of trade and representatives of local newspapers on their arrival here after having spent a month in crossing the continent from Halifax. as the British Association to Canada and they were brought out and sent through the Dominion by the government for the purpose of seeing the country at first hand that they might be better able to describe it and its possibilities accurately on their return

Owing to an inflexible itinerary the party was unable to remain in Victoria over a week day. They arrived on Sunday afternoon and were met and taken to the hotel. After having been given an opportunity to remove the stains of travel they were taken by automobiles around Oak Bay, the Gordon Head district and other well-known and immediate districts of importance. In the evening the Victoria board of trade, on behalf of the government, entertained the visitors at a banquet at the Empress

President H. Goulding Wilson presided and besides many prominent members of the board of trade there were representatices of the Colonist, the Times and the Week, and representing the provincial government, Hon. Dr. Young and Hon. Price Ellison.

The British journalists expressed a nanimous opinion much in favor of Canada. They had spent a month in coming west and now, on their return, they would spend a month more. had one thing to say, they found Canada much better than they had expected and, at that, they had expected a good deal. They all regretted the shortness of their stay in Victoria.

The party, which left for Nanaimo

yesterday morning, piloted by Mr. George Mowat, of the Nanaimo Herald, who was delegated by the board of trade of that city to meet the visitors, comprised the following: W. M. Alexander, of the Aberdeen Free Press; Robert H. H. Baird, J. P., of the Belfast Evening Telegraph; Jas. F. Chaper, representing the Westminster Gazette; J. P. Croal, of the Scotsman, Edinburgh; W. J. Hinton, of the Western Mail, Cardiff; Charles L. Lucas, Tit-Bits; Thomas Moles, of the Irish Post; Henry Cooper Pattin, of the Eastern Daily Press, and other East Anglican papers; John Roberts, representing the North Wales Times and other Welsh papers; Edgar Rowan, of the London Daily' Chronicle; Wilfred Rutherford, of the Financial News, London, and C. W. Starmer, J. P. of the Sheffield Independent. It is Messrs. Baird and Croal who are traveling as free lances, and not taking the conducted tour under Mr. Smith's guidance.

Steamer Built for Bristol-West Indies Route Purchased for the Canadian-Australia Line of Steamships

The British steamer Port Kingston, a fine new passenger steamer built in 1904 at Glasgow, by Stephens & Sons, has een purchased by the Union Steamship company for service on the Canadian Australian line pending the completion of the 10,000 ton liner ordered for this service by the Union company. It is understood the Port Kingston will replace the Zealandia, which is owned by the New Zealand Shipping company, which company was a partner in the former contract for the Canadian Australlan line. The Port Kingston has accommodations for 160 first class and 60 second class passengers, and can reach a speed of 17 to 18 knots an hour. The steamer Makura of this line left Honelulu yesterday and is due here next Tuesday. She sailed from Sydney on August 28th and from Aukland on Sept. 1st, and called at Suva on Sept. 5th.

The Port Kingston was built by Sir Alfred Jones to run between Kingston and Bristol and was designed for the fruit trade. She is a fine modern ves sel of 7,585 tons register and is 460 feet in length. The vessel has refrigerator space amounting to 100,000 cubic feet. When the subsidy given the Elder Dempster line for the Bristol-West India service was withdrawn the Port Kingston was taken off the route.

WAS A LIBERAL

Veteran Canadian Gives His Reasons Why He Must Vote This Election Against the Laurier Government

To have been a staunch supporter of the Liberal party for no less a period than fifty years and to sever that con-nection now because of the reciprocity pact is the position of Mr. Robert Mc Laughlin, the veteran head of the Mc-Laughlin Carriage Company, Ltd., probably the largest concern of the kind in Canada. A special dispatch from Oshawa, Ont., to the Toronto News, dated September 5, says;

"A generation ago Robert McLaughlin pened up a humble little carriage shop; twelve men toiled in this little shop and he himself made the thirteenth. Today the McLaughlin Carriage company and its subsidiary, the McLaughlin Motor Car Company, employ 700 skilled workmen. There are branches at St. John, N. B. Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton, Laughlin business is national in its

"Robert McLaughlin may rightly be called a Liberal of the old school. days that are past he was numbered among the best Liberal campaign speakers in Ontario county. "If anybody had told me a few years ago that anything under the sun would ever cause Robert McLaughlin to part company with the Liberal party, I would have laughed him to scorn," said a prominent Oshawa citizen to the News this morning.

Mr. McLaughlin's statement follows: Pirst Time in Fifty Years.

"For the first time in fifty years, like many of my old and respected Liberal friends, I take issue with the government on reciprocity with the United States. This question is far above party politics-it is of supreme national importance.

If Sir Wilfrid wanted a clear expression of opinion from the Canadian peo ple, why did he not make use of the referendum, as he did on the temperance question, and thereby keep so grave a question out of the bitter strife of party politics?

I oppose this pact, because, after the most careful deliberation, I believe it will be the beginning of the end of the 'amazing prosperity" which the Globe rightly claimed we enjoyed before this pact, conceived at Washington, plunged Canada into strife and confusion.

Staggering Blow to Industry. I verily believe that if this pact becomes law it will ultimately be a staggering blow to our industries, our men, and all our towns and cities whose very existence depends on the presperity of our manufacturers, and the employment

of a full force of their workmen. It will prove to our workmen a mos dangerous experiment. Has the Liberal press published the fact that now there is a crisis of hard times developing in the United States and that there are tens of thousands of factory workmen out of employment who no doubt will look for work elsewhere? In a report of the United States Railway Bureau of nomics it is stated that "they have 82,000 fewer men on their pay-roll than

they had a year ago." Objects to Unfair Tactics.

"I strongly object to the tactics of the Liberal press in the unfair way that they have attacked manufacturers, bankers, merchants, fruit growers, stock raisers, and others of high character and intelligence, who happen to differ with the party in power on this question. Is this not a sad tumble from true Liberalism? I also believe, and believe conscientiously, that if the said pact become a law, it will on the whole become as injurious to the farmers as it will be to our industries. I put no dependence in stump promises, that the tariff will be kept up for industries. We must simply take Sir Wilfrid at his word, for he has again and again announced that "Free Trade," as they have it in England, is the Liberal party's are small,

Do our workmen and farmers in Cal ada want free trade as they have it: England, and the free trade semi-sta vation wases that are there inflicted in on millions of men, women and shill dren? Do our workmen want thei wives and daughters to be chain-maker as thousands are in "Free Trade England," working for the beggarly was of \$2.50 and \$3.50 per week, in hut over their fires, and, in order to kee oody and soul together, putting thei girls at the tender age of twelve years to learn their trade? This is not fiction it is a deplorable fact, and should be a warning to voters as to what politiians will advocate to hold power,"

Are we as a nation prepared to let go a positive certainty for a problematical gain? No individual can afford to speculate until he can afford to Canada cannot afford to take this chance, and for the first time in my life I will cast a Conservative ballot on September 21st."

ST. JOHN FAVORED BY LIBERAL GOVERNMENT

Citizens of New Brunswick Port Ex pect That Canadian Navy Will Be Built There.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Sept. 12.-The citizens of St. John are confident that their port will be selected for the location of the construction of the Canadian navy. Mr. Edward Bath, who is the consulting engineer of Norton Griffiths Co. of London, the lowest tenderers for the great dry dock which is to be erected at St. John, is authority for the statement that the tender of Cammell, Laird & Co. for the construction of the naval vessels is much lower than that of other tenderers. He states further that they favor St. John as the location of these great works, at a point close to the site of the dry dock. It is further stated that capitalists interested in these great works are of opinion that the natural gas found in New Brunswick may be utilized in connection with steel works at St. John, which would be a great point in its favor. If the hopes of the citizens are fulfilled and these great works materialize, new town will soon grow up on the shore of St. John harbor, east, and many subsidiary industries would naturally

follow the larger ones. The tenders for new harbor works a West St. John, which will close on September 20th, include the construction of two additional steamship berths, seven hundred and the other eight hundred and eighty feet long. The first of these would be ready for the steamship trade of the winter of 1912, and the other for that of 1913, while the construction at the same time of same twelve hundred feet of hea wall would enable the C. P. R. to fill in the shore flats and lay such a system of railway yards as would be of very great advantage in connection with the handling of winter port trade. It is proposed also to extend the breakwater to Partridge Island, closing up a channel now used by small vessels entering the harbor, and protect the whole channel and harbor from the wind and tides.

CHANGE IN TARIFF WOULD BE DETRIMENT

How Fruit Growers Regard Reciprocit —Some Becommendations Are Submitted.

Mr. C. E. Laurence, of Kamloops, who is touring the interior districts of Brit ish Columbia in the interest of the Do minion Commission of Conservationbeing engaged by the Liberal government in that behalf-was put in very uncomfortable position during the meeting which he held at the Nakusp opera house recently. Mr. Laurence, in his address, said that it had been the habit of the Provincial government to appoint lecturers from various parts of the Dominion and the States, held meetings explaining what farmers should do and should not do. The Dominion government had decided to reverse this order of things and had appointed a commission who asked the farmers for their individual opinions how farming should be conducted, with any suggestions, which would be gathered and published for the benefit of others.

The lecturer's remarks were interest ing and thoroughly enjoyed, but when the audience was asked whether there was anything at present or anticipated in the near future with regard to the growing industry concerning which they desired to put their opinions on record, the chairman and others desired that an answer should be recorded that any change in the tariff would certainly be a detriment. Another speaker drew the lecturer's attention to similar question, being asked at another important centre, which the lec turer had refused to incorporate in his records although the question was the most important one at this juncture. Mr. Laurence said he could not pos sibly insert the answer as it verged on political issue. Personaly, he was in full accord and sympathy with the udience in this matter, but remained steadfast in refusing to inform the commission of the audience's suggesion in his report.

Being informed that it would be in order, a resolution was passed urging on the Dominion government the necessity of opening up the lands between Arrowhead and Revelstoke for settle ment in small holdings. Another urged hat the federal government take action to protect the river bank from washing away at points south of Nakusp, as considerable lands are yearly lost. A third resolution was that the government should devise some means of providing irrigation on lands requiring it and where the communities

Provincial Rugby Fifteen Being Selected to Play Californian Universities This Fall -Strong Team Assured

A strong rugby fifteen will go from British Columbia to meet the California and Stanford University teams this fall. The Victoria and Vancouver clubs are working hand in hand in the endeavor to assemble an aggregation which, while being truly representative, will be the best balanced and the fastest that can be obtained within the confines of the province. That they will succeed in securing a creditable team there is no doubt, 40 names of players willing to make the journey already being regorded, with several of those who are desired and who are away, still to be heard from.

At a meeting of the Victoria and Vancouver committees, Messrs, Mackay and Evans, representing the latter, and Messrs. Scott and Spalding being present in Victoria's behalf, the project was discussed to the fullest extent. It was decided that, beyond question, a 15 should make the four of the south and the invitation extended by Mr. Milton Farmer, graduate manager of the California University, was ordered accepted without further hesitation. The orly question was the selection of the team. A comparison of notes showed that there were 40 men from the islan I and mainland willing to go, so that it is only a matter of selecting the hest. This, however, was left in abevance as there are a number whose services are most desired who have not yet signified their willingness or otherwise to be included in the touring party.

SHOOTING SEASON OPENS ON FRIDAY

Sportsmen Preparing to Leave for Outlying Districts This Week-Good Bags Expected.

The feathers will fly on Friday, Saturday and Sunday. These are the first three days of this year's shooting sea-son and there is every indication that a larger number of sportsmen will don their outing togs, shoulder their weapons and whistle up their doges, than ever before in Victoria's history. The prospects are that the outgoins trains of Friday will be taxed to their utmost with votaries of field sport in search

of the grouse.
Whether those who are planning for an excursion into the wilds will do well is a moot question. That there are some who will secure splendid bags there is no doubt. Year after year there are a number who will hie themselves to the woods at every week-end. This faithful coterie "know the ropes." They know where to go to get the best results and moreover, they know how to handle a shotgun. These sports will secure good results if they are not interfered with to too great an extent by the amateurs who flock into the outlying districts at the beginning of every open season, pulverize perhaps one or two birds too young to get more than two feet away, and then tire of the

arduous task. Generally the news is that grouse are as plentiful as they have been in recent years, so that the serious sportsman, those who really enjoy shooting and are proficient, should have first-class fun.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY

Harry Hull, Convicted in Police Court, Must Serve Two Years in the Penitentiary.

On being convicted of attempted nighway robbery, Harry Hall, who claims he came from England and more recently from Montreal, was sentenced to serve a two-year term in the penitentiary, by Magistrate Jay, in the police court yesterday morning. According to special constable Atkinson, he was walking along Langley street on Saturday night when he noticed the accused and a supposed accomplice, jump upon the informant. Peter Thornton, and at the same time push him into an alleyway. Witness hurried to the scene, but before he had reached the place the accomplice of the accused had made his escape. He said that the accused was on top of Thornton and was rifling his pockets. The officer pulled the accused away from the defendant, and was assisting in making the arrest by Constable Hastings, who had been attracted to the place, when he saw the accomplice of the accused hurriedly run-

The informant in the box said that he was on his way home and as he was walking along Langley stret, he was suddenly attacked from behind by two men, one of whom he recognized in the accused. He had distinctly felt a hand in his pocket while he was being held down.

Hall, the accused, said that he had met Thornton in a saloon that night and that he had asked him to come to his rooms and help him consume a bottletle of whiskey which he had just purchased. He claimed that Thornton was very drunk and he also had a few drinks to the good, but was not so badly intoxiacted as Thornton. Because of the defendant's condition Hall claimed that he had hold of his arm and was asssting him along. As they passed the alley, he (Hall) was jostled by a passerby, and both he and Thornton fell into the alleyway. This story was denied by Thornton, who said that he had never seen the man before.

Hall was only a few days ago released from Vancouver jail, where he had been sentenced for causing a dis turbance, and the police believe he has

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\$1.25 Mitchell's Imperial quarts \$1.25 Mitchell's Imperial pints 65c Kellog's ½ pints 40c PORTS Croft's 4-Diamond, per bottle \$1.50 Warre's Convido, per bottle \$1.50 Cockburn's Red Label, per bottle \$1.25 Cockburn's Black Label, per bottle \$1.00 California Port, per bottle 50c BEERS

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COLONIST WANT ADS BRING RESULIS

CHI An internation lmost half a ce tory of which ha virtually unknow is to play an im ing tour of the are now en route capture the Cl which is to be th reach Hazelton farther north tha penetrated under gers for "First-t already successfu Snoqualmie Pass-

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