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ESKS, made of elm, x 6 inches wide, r value $11.50

ESK, in golden oak, inches wide, with value $13.50

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The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

VOL L., NO. 121 — VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1908 — FIFTIETH YEAR

FIFTEEN LOST FROM STEAMER

Burning of St. Cuthbert Causes Many Deaths and Much Suffering

SURVIVORS ARE SCORCHED

Rescued With Great Difficulty by Men of Steamer Cymric

South Wellfleet, Mass., Feb. 4.—A wireless despatch to the Associated Press from Capt. Finch, of the White Star line steamer Cymric, tonight, told a thrilling story of the burning of the Phoenix line steamer St. Cuthbert, with the loss of fifteen souls, and the rescue of the survivors by a lifeboat from the Cymric. According to Capt. Finch's despatch, eleven men were drowned by the capsizing of a boat in which they had put off from the burning steamer, three others in another boat were drowned, and a stowaway lost his life by falling through an open hatchway into the midst of the flames.

The list of names of the drowned men, so far as known, includes the following: Third Officer White, Apprentice Brophy; Seamen Carsen, Audry, Vermuelu, DeFreitas, Steig, Muler, Mauton, Vroobrook, VanPryubrock, Kronfeldt.

The wireless despatch says that the St. Cuthbert, bound from Antwerp for New York, with a general cargo, including fuel oil, napthalin and matches, caught fire about 3 a. m. Sunday in latitude 42.17 north, longitude 62,17 west. Second Officer Tuohy, who was on watch, noticed smoke coming from a ventilator, and immediately summoned Capt. Lewis. Hardly had the captain reached the deck when a series of explosions occurred in the forward part of the vessel, and number one and two hatches blew into the air. A call was sounded for all hands, but some of the crew, who were forward at the time, were unable to reach the after part of the vessel.

A few of the sailors who had been caught in the row of the steamer saved themselves only by hanging on to the anchor flukes, [illegible] of the vessel until the [illegible] sufficiently to allow them to make their way aft. All of the men suffered from burns. A stowaway who was forward endeavored to escape by making his way along the jumper stay, which ran from the foremast to a funnel. While he was climbing the foremast began to totter ,as its foot was burned away, and he was hurled to the bottom of the hold, out of which the flames were then shooting.

Finding the steamer was doomed, two boats were launched about 4.30 a.m. Sunday, one in charge of Second Officer Tuohy, containing eight men, while the other boat carried eleven members of the crew. Almost immediately after leaving the steamer, the second boat was swamped and all on board drowned. Officer Tuohy's boat drifted away from the steamer. The oars had been either washed away from the boat or broken. Three of the crew of the boat went mad while they were tossing helplessly about on the waves. When daybreak came the St. Cuthbert was seen still afloat and afire miles away.

Stepping the mast and rigging a small sail, the men of Officer Tuohy's boat succeeded in returning to the steamer but in rounding her stern a wave threw the lifeboat against the steamer, sinking it. Lines were thrown from the steamer to the men struggling in the water, and six were rescued. The other three were drowned.

Throughout the Sunday the men on the St. Cuthbert fought to prevent the flames from reaching the after part of the steamer, and by strenuous efforts the fire was confined to the fore part of the vessel.

Shortly after 9 o'clock Monday morning the Cymric was in sight. The captain of the Cymric signalled to the distressed crew that he would stand by, and would send a lifeboat as soon as the sea moderated. Shortly after 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the weather having moderated, a lifeboat was launched from the Cymric. Sixteen men, including the captain of the St. Cuthbert, and sailors, all of whom were suffering from burns, were rescued.

Later the chief officer made two more trips to the doomed vessel and rescued twenty-five men on the two trips, all of the remaining persons aboard. Three lights were left burning on the St. Cuthbert as a warning of danger to navigators. Her sea cocks were also opened, and it was believed that she would founder within eight hours.

The Cymric, with the rescued men on board, is now anchored off Boston light.

MAY BE PROSECUTED

Mr. Hawthornthwaite's Harsh Language Against Lieutenant-Governor Gets Attention

Vancouver, Feb. 5.—The chief of the provincial police today made the first move in the direction of arresting J. H. Hawthornthwaite, member of the provincial legislature, because he called Governor Dunsmuir several bad names in an address delivered in Vancouver last Sunday night.

The police are now engaged in obtaining statements of what was said by persons in attendance at that meeting.

Rather anyone, especially a member of the legislature and a public man, can utter with impunity such words against the representative of the Crown in British Columbia, is a question which may now be settled out in the courts. Under the criminal code such statements appear to be regarded as unlawful, for the Crown is looked upon as "the King." Mr. Hawthornthwaite is charged in effect, it will be that he defamed the King in the person of his representative, James Dunsmuir.

Isabella McLaren, mother of D. McLaren, is dead at Winnipeg at the age of 88.

UNITED STATES TARIFF

Delegation From Manufacturers Ask President to Recommend a Commission

Washington, Feb. 5.—About thirty representatives of the National Association of Manufacturers conferred with President Roosevelt today, in pursuance of their desire to have him send to congress a special message recommending legislation providing for a tariff commission.

After the conference James Van Cleve of St. Louis, chairman of the organization, announced that a pledge of entire secrecy regarding the conference had been taken. It is said at the White House that no special message on the subject of a tariff commission would be sent to congress by the president.

The delegation seemed satisfied with their interview, and some of them went so far as to say that it would be unsafe to predict that there would be no special message.

Swallowed Dentist's Drill.

Windsor, Feb. 5.—While in a dentist chair yesterday Andrew Bowlby, one of Windsor's best-known cititzens, swallowed a small drill used for boring into a diseased tooth. The drill is now supposed to be in his stomach. Doctors may use X-rays to locate it.

Liquor Men's Possible Move.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—An effort to unseat Mayor Oliver and several councillors and aldermen may be the step taken by the liquor interests to invalidate the license reduction by-law passed by the city council a few days ago.

EASTERN COLD WAVE WORST OF SEASON

Low Temperature in Quebec—Sufferings of New York Poor

Montreal, Feb. 5.—The cold wave throughout Quebec continued today, with the lowest figures of the season Richmond was the coldest spot, the thermometer registering 46 below zero. At Sherbrooke it was 45 below, at Megantic 42 below, and at Ste Agathe 41 below.

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—This is the coldest day of the season, being thirty-one degrees below

New York, [illegible]—With the mercury registering [illegible] one degree above zero this morning, New York experienced a taste of real winter weather. It was three degrees colder than any previous day this season and within one degree of the coldest weather record in New York for the past five years. Since 1903 the temperature has never gone below zero, but during that time has twice touched that point, once in 1905 and once in 1907. The city lodging houses and the covered pier of the charities bureau were over-crowded with homeless men last night. The body of an unidentified man who had crept into the coal bunkers of a steamer lying at a dock in Brooklyn and frozen to death during the night, was found today.

New York harbor was filled with a great field of broken drift ice which impeded the passage of all except the powerful tugs and ferries, and the Hudson river a few miles above the city was frozen over so solidly as to form a natural bridge across it. For the first time this winter a vapor off the bay was formed along the shores of Staten island.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—A sleet storm during last night, which turned to rain early today seriously affected telegraphic communication between Chicago and many outside cities, especially in the West. St. Louis, Omaha and Kansas City were entirely cut off from the East during the early hours, by a sleet storm which surrounded St. Louis and extended into Iowa.

PORT HANEY ORGANIZES

Steps Taken to Make District's Attractions Known to Outside World

Port Haney, Feb. 5.—A meeting of fruitgrowers, farmers and millmen was held at the residence of J. W. Carleton on Wednesday last, when the Port Haney Progressive association was formed. The idea of the association is threefold, the objects being the welfare of the individual and the community at large, the encouragement of private enterprise, together with the advancement of public improvements, the medium of social intercourse among its members, and all interested in Port Haney.

The meeting was well attended and a lot of enthusiasm was shown, it being the unanimous opinion of the gentlemen present that the time was ripe for such a move. Haney and district covers a very large area, and contains some of the very finest fruit lands in British Columbia. It has also some very valuable tracts of timber, as mills now running and in course of erection prove.

The formation of the land is ideal for farming purposes, the whole country being bench land, having a clay bottom, ensuring good crops, plenty of good water, and an ease of being worked that can compare favorably with the best land in the Delta. The Port Haney apples are well known.

he association will endeavor to give all information possible, and will answer cheerfully any question asked by parties intending to invest in any way in Port Haney.

Grants to Fairs.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—The Dominion Shorthorn Breeders' Association yesterday voted $200 to New Westminster, $800 to Calgary, $400 to Regina and $750 to Manitoba provincial and fall stock fairs.

Brockville, Ont., Feb. 5.—Lorillere, the ten-year-old son of Charles Hay, a local florist, is seriously ill with lockjaw, and little hope is held out for his recovery. The child was vaccinated during the smallpox epidemic, and the wound, becoming infected, lockjaw resulted.

INQUIRY INTO QUEBEC BRIDGE

Mr. Monk Proposes Committee and Sir Wilfrid Gives Assent

INVESTIGATION IS NEEDED

Medical Members of Commons Talk About the Public Health

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—The Quebec Bridge company was dissected today in the house by Mr. Monk, who moved a resolution calling for an investigation committee. Sir Wilfrid created some surprise by granting the request and the committee, composed of seven members, will probe conditions under which the government guaranteed the bonds of the company and the measures adopted to prepare suitable plans of construction. The premier contented himself with briefly accepting the resolution, thus making the second committee he had agreed to appoint within the last three days.

The balance of today's sitting was taken up by the medical men in the house, who demonstrated that the representation is not wholly confined to the lawyers. Dr. Black moved for more perfect organization to suppress preventable diseases and gave statistics concerning the health or ill-health of the nation. He argued for the appointment of a board of health, and was heartily supported by Drs. Chisholm, Worthington, Belland and McIntyre. The latter made the sensational statement that Christian Science was largely responsible for the dissemination of contagious disease. The debate was adjourned without any ministerial statement.

Mr. Monk, in bringing up the question of the Quebec bridge, moved the following resolution: "That a select committee of seven members of this house be named for the purpose of investigating the conditions and guarantee under which the government paid moneys to the Quebec Bridge company, and endorsed or guaranteed the bonds of the said company and what measures or suitable plans of construction and the proper execution of the same, and what security the government at present possesses for the sums already received by them and guarantees given to the company.

That the said committee be empowered to send for persons, papers and records, and to employ a shorthand writer to take down such evidence as the committee may deem necessary, and that the evidence be printed from day to day for the use of said committee.

Mr. Monk said in support of his motion that a committee was necessary, as the work must go on in spite of the setback caused by the collapse of the structure, and before it was completed would mean an outlay of $12,000,000. Touching on the methods of the bridge company, up to 1897, Mr. Monk said the company had been composed of leading Quebec citizens, independent of party. These gentlemen withdrew and the company was left in the hands of a few political partisans. When in 1903 the Dominion government guaranteed the bonds of the company that organization, despite all the assistance it had received in the shape of bonuses and subsidies, was completely bankrupt and hopelessly insolvent. Why had the government handed over to a company in such a condition an undertaking of the magnitude of the Quebec bridge? That was an improvident and unbusinesslike policy. The bridge company had borrowed from the Bank of Montreal at various times over $5,500,000, on the strength of the government guaranteeing the bonds. For this they paid 5 per cent.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said it was a proper subject for investigation, and agreed to the appointment of a committee.

Members of the Cambridge borough police force were entertained by Lord Alverstone, Lord Chief Justice of England, at the Castle hotel.

STEAMSHIP BURNED FIFTEEN MEN LOST

St. Cuthbert Destroyed Off the Nova Scotia Coast—Boats Capsize

Halifax, Feb. 3.—The steamer St. Cuthbert is burning off the western Nova Scotia coast. Fifteen of the crew took to the boats, but they capsized and the occupants perished. Thirty-eight were left on the burning vessel, and were rescued by the White Star liner Cymric.

Granby Activity.

Phoenix, Feb. 5.—With its full battery of eight furnaces now finally all in operation at fullest capacity, eating up over three thousand tons of ore from the company's Phoenix mines, the Granby company is today employing, it is understood, about as many men as at any previous time in its history, somewhere between eight hundred and fifty and one thousand men being on the payrolls of the company. Of this number over five hundred are employed at the company's mines in this camp. Four trains are run out of here every day, two by the C. P. R. and two by the Great Northern, the C. P. R. taking out about thirty-two cars daily and the Great Northern about thirty-eight cars each twenty-four hours. The standing order for ore now is three thousand two hundred tons per day. Almost every day a carload of blister copper is sent out from the smelter at Grand Forks, its destination being the refinery in New Jersey.

YARMOUTH DIVORCE

Countess Gets Freedom From Matrimonial Tie From Court at London

London, Feb. 5.—Sir Birrell Barnes, president of the divorce court, today granted the Countess of Yarmouth, who was Miss Alice Thaw, of Pittsburg, a decree nullifying her marriage to the Earl of Yarmouth

The case was heard in private. At the time fixed for the commencement of the proceedings everyone not actually engaged on the case was excluded from the courtroom.

The case was practically undefended, and the hearing lasted for only half an hour.

The judge pronounced his decree annulling the marriage without comment. In the ordinary course of events it will be made absolute in six months. No mention was made of the marriage settlement.

Last Case of Plague

San Francisco, Feb. 5—With the discharge yesterday of the last patient under treatment within the isolation hospital, San Francisco was officially declared to be free of bubonic plague. Drastic precautionary measures are being adopted for the purpose of preventing a recurrence of the contagion in the spring.

Killed in California

San Jose, Cal., Feb. 5.—The mutilated body of Dr. F. H. Moss, of Palo Alto, Cal., was today found on a railroad track near Morgan Hill. Dr. Moss' father, the late Thomas Moss, was chief justice of Ontario. His uncle, Sir Charles Moss, is now occupying that position.

WOULD STOP WORK ON MONDAY PAPERS

Winnipeg Police Take in Newspaper Offices on Sunday Round

Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—The Attorney-General was today supplied with a list of 32 names by the chief of police in connection with the activity of last Sunday under the Lord's Day act. These are the cases in which fiats are requested permitting prosecution for alleged violations. A large number of names reported by the police were stricken off by the chief as trivial, or not in his judgment constituting an offence under the act. Whether this action of the police will come within the definition of the Attorney-General, that no discrimination shall be made in the matter of prosecutions, will be determined later. The Attorney-General is examining the list this afternoon, and his decision is expected to be rendered by tonight or tomorrow.

The names of the newspaper men, some of whom were engaged in editing reports of local matters delivered during the day for the Monday morning paper, when their offices were invaded by the police, it is said, have been left off the list of those slated for prosecutions.

The police commission will hold a session tomorrow morning, at which this will be discussed. There is a very considerable feeling throughout the city that these cases will be in the nature of a complete test of the law as applied in Winnipeg under this act.

Old Man Frozen.

Quebec, Feb. 5.—Baptiste Drolet, an old man, was picked up on St. Valerie street last night with both legs and face frozen.

C. P. R. Using Marconi Wireless.

Montreal, Feb. 5.—It was announced today that every vessel in the service of the C. P. R. on the Atlantic will be equipped with Marconi apparatus.

Devoured by Wolves

Prince Albert, Sask., Feb. 5.—An Indian who arrived in the city yesterday reports that Jack Unger, a resident of this place, had been divoured by wolves near Candle Lake, north of here. Unger, who was a lather, went north last November to spend the winter trapping.

Toronto Street Railway.

Toronto, Ont., Feb. 5.—The annual statement of the Toronto street railway, submitted to the shareholders today, shows an increase in operating expenses of one per cent over 1906, due to the increase of salaries. The operating expenses were $1,893,239, and the earnings $3,511,197, leaving $1,617,961, of which the city of Toronto received $721,802 and the shareholders $473,378.

Shot Himself

Port Arthur, Ont., Feb. 5.—John C. France, a farmer in Oliver Township, shot himself yesterday and was dead when found by his brother. The two brothers came from England several years ago and located on a farm in Oliver, where they have ever since resided, keeping "bachelor hall." The deceased was about 35 years of age.

Dangerous Naptha.

Antwerp, Feb. 5.—The naptha reservoir here of the American Petroleum Company exploded today with a great report. The flames were confined to the immediate neighborhood. There were no casualties. The Dutch tank steamer La Campine is on fire here as the result of an explosion on board. La Campine arrived at Antwerp February 1 from Philadelphia.

French and Moors.

Paris, Feb. 5.—The foreign office is without confirmation of the statement published yesterday by a London news agency that there had been a battle between the French and the Moors near Settat, Morocco, in which ten thousand Moors were killed or wounded and the French losses amounted to 160 men, including four officers. It is believed that this report refers to the recent engagement near Kasbah ber Rechid, in which eight Frenchmen were killed and 50 wounded. Kasbah ber Rechid is near Settat. Further reports of this fight show that not less than 500 Moors were killed by the French.

TALK ON TARIFF AT WASHINGTON

Senator Beveridge Pleads For Non-Partizan Revising Commission

POLICY OF REPUBLICANS

Majority Leader Payne Says They Will Call for Tariff Revision

Washington, Feb. 5.—Senator Beveridge of Indiana today delivered an appeal to the senate to adopt his bill providing for a non-partizan tariff commission, a plan which he declared conformed to modern and business methods on this subject. He spoke for an hour and a half, receiving the careful attention of the senators and a large audience in the gallery. There were present many delegates to commercial bodies now in session in this city. Following Senator Beveridge's address, several Democratic senators spoke briefly on the general subject of the tariff, and the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

Tariff revision and the President's recent special message to congress again were the main topics of discussion in the House of Representatives today, as has been the case nearly every day for a week. The appropriation bill ostensibly was before the house, but in no quarter was any word spoken in regard to it. The house apparently had made up its mind to discuss the issues of the day at this time, and no effort was made to check the flow of general debate, which will be continued tomorrow.

A long speech by Mr. Payne of New York, the majority leader, was considered important because of his assurances that a tariff revision plan would be incorporated in the Republican national platform of this year. He devoted some attention to Mr. Bryan, whom he credited with going about the country accusing President Roosevelt of grand or petit larceny in purloining his ideas.

Several of the Democratic measures introduced at this session were criticised by Mr. Payne, including one to place linotypes, wood pulp and white paper on the free list.

When the time came for tariff revision, said Mr. Payne, he would be willing to give all the paper interests a fair hearing, and if necessary for the protection of labor to keep this duty there, do it. "If, however," he continued, "it was not necessary I would just as cheerfully vote to put white paper and wood pulp in the free list. But I do not propose to do it without intelligent action and accurate information."

Speaking generally, Mr. Payne charged that the Democratic party is a party of negation. As far the Republicans, he said they would be at the polls next November with a platform that meant something. They would declare on the tariff question with no uncertain sound.

"I do not mind saying today," he said, "that it seems to me that I will call for a revision of the tariff."

Republican applause, which continued for some time, greeted this utterance. "The strongest reason impelling the Republicans," he said, "will be the fact that we need a maximum and minimum tariff for the purpose of negotiating paper trade agreements. If we have a maximum and minimum tariff, and the Republican party passes it, the minimum will be a tariff protection of every American industry and every American laborer in the United States."

Conductor Arrested.

Montreal, Feb. 5.—William Foster Bottomley, conductor on the Grand Trunk railway, was arrested today on the charge of criminal negligence in connection with the death of Fireman Symonds, as the result of a collision between two freight trains at St. Martin's Junction a few days ago.

DENIZENS OF EAST WADING IN SNOW

Heavy Fall in Montreal District—Flood Troubles Belleville

Montreal, Feb. 5.—Since 7 o'clock last Sunday evening the thermometer has been below the zero mark, but at 11 o'clock tonight a snow storm set in and the mercury began rising rapidly, and while at midnight it was still six below, the probabilities are that before daylight it will be far above the zero mark, and that the big snow storm of last winter, when 18 inches of snow fell, may be duplicated. The coldest of the spell was reached at 6 this morning, when the mercury dropped to 20 below at McGill university, but the thermometers down town record 24 below. The mark was the lowest recorded at that point in the past twenty-five years, while the duration of zero weather has never been exceeded. Railway trains have been arriving hours late, even on short runs. Country points report as low as 40 below.

Belleville, Ont., Feb. 5.—Flood here is causing much distress. Fires on the west side of Front street have been put out, and families in the lower part of the city have had to move with the temperature 15 below. The water is 18 inches higher than ever before at this time of the year.

Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—The heaviest snowfall of the season occurred in Manitoba last night. The snow did not drift, and caused no serious delay to street cars or railway trains. The weather is moderately cold, about zero.

FLOATED IN LONDON

Debentures of Montreal Street Railway Are Over-Subscribed at Price of 96

Montreal, Feb. 5.—The Montreal Star has received the following from its special correspondent today:

"London, Feb. 5.—The manager of the Bank of Montreal here states that the issue of £460,000 fo 4½ per cent debentures of the Montreal street railway at 96 is over subscribed. The list opened Tuesday morning and closed the same afternoon. The success of the issue is attributed to the high character of the security and the attractiveness of the price."

China's Emperor.

Pekin, Feb. 5.—The Emperor and the Dowager Empress of China today held their annual reception to the members of the diplomatic corps in Pekin. It is reported here that the Dowager Empress recently has been encouraging the Emperor to become interested and participate in the affairs of state.

An American Baron.

London, Feb. 5.—Albert Kirby Fairfax, who has been described as the only American bearing an English title, has taken steps to determine his right to the title of Lord Fairfax of Cameron. The declaration asked for is a formality necessary for the legal use of the title. The genuineness of the title has never been questioned in England. Lord Fairfax was born in the United States, where he is also at present in business. He is 37 years old.

WOES OF POVERTY IN A GREAT CITY

Severe Weather Brings Distressing Scenes in Crowded New York

New York, Feb. 5.—After having dropped to a new record mark for the season, the temperature late today lifted just enough to shade loose the second "real thing" snow that New Yorkers have seen this winter.

The advent of the snow was timed to catch the homeward bound thousands who had gone to offices and shops rubberless and without umbrellas, on as nearly a perfect winter morning as could be imagined.

Nearly all day the weather held crisp and clear and coaxed out the Fifth avenue throngs filled the parks and invited tens of thousands to stay.

While the happy crowds made merry on the park lakes, the charitable societies were doling out mercy on the "other side" of New York life. Penetrating a dingy nook in the garret floor of a tenement, agents of the Children's Society found a mother and two children huddled about a fireless stove, mutely waiting death from starvation and cold. Lena Brown, Julia, aged 5, and Minnie, aged 4 years, crouched on the floor, their hands clutching the stove in which the fire had long since died. A stove and a broken down rocker constituted the furniture, and there was no food in the place.

Two women were found dead in the kitchen of a house at 351 West 71st street, of which they were caretakers. They were Mrs. Margaret Meek Bertie, 70 years old, and Mrs. Margaret Kelly, 40 years old. For many years they had been friends. There was a little coal in a bin in the cellar, and 17 cents were found in a cupboard. The police say they think the women sat by a stove in front of which they were trying to keep warm, fell asleep before the fire went out, and froze to death. Pawn tickets showing that Mrs. Bertie had pawned eighteen articles of dress and jewelry were found. While the police were in the house preparing to remove the bodies to the morgue there called a collector for a stone-cutting concern which had built for Mrs. Bertie a small monument over the grave of her son, Capt. John W. Bertie, who served in the Spanish-American war. Mrs. Bertie's correspondence showed that she had relatives in Scotland who have become well known in medicine and business.

An unnamed philanthropical woman sent 500 sandwiches to a public school in Manhattan today. The principal, Mrs. Tower, formed a "bread line" in the basement playroom, meted out the sandwiches and then exercised the feminine prerogative of tears. "I used to ask some of the boys why they did not go home at luncheon time," said Mrs. Tower, "but I soon learned what was the trouble. Many of them did not answer. Others said: 'What's the use?'"

The police reported several deaths from exposure. Many destitute ones were warmed and fed, but thousands more, those who know said, shivered in proud silence.

When the snowfall began, far more than could be accommodated sought shelter at the refuge houses. Fainting women, men with badges in their arm pled pitiably for food, first for their young and then for themselves. Long before 11 o'clock, the hour for food distribution, the Bowery bread line numbered many more than did the loaves to be dealt out.

In the early evening there was little wind, and the snow piled up an even layer than promised before midnight to reach the four inches depth that means the snow-removing contractors must take hold. Hundreds of men anxious for employment gathered early at the agencies and silently prayed that the flakes would pile higher. The weather man was inclined to look for rain in the morning and the difference between rain and snow in the next few hours will be a difference of many dollars to New York's poor.

No Investigation

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—Apparently there is to be no investigation into the death of Jas. Callaghan of Montreal in the jail here, who, it was alleged, was choked to death. The case aroused great interest, and it was thought the provincial authorities would move, but the sheriff appears to have been advised otherwise.

CHANGE SECURES QUIET AT LISBON

Popular Clamor Dies Down Before Restoration of Old Conditions

YOUNG KING'S CHARACTER

Revolutionaries in Oporto Engage in Brief Demonstration

Lisbon, Feb. 5.—The announced intention of the new cabinet to put an end to repression and restore the "old liberal monarchy," which has existed in Portugal for sixty years, has had a soothing and quieting effect on the country. Tranquility is reported from everywhere in the interior, and today Lisbon, basking in the brilliant sunshine, seems perfectly peaceful.

Troops are less conspicuous on the streets of the city today, and if the funerals take place on Saturday without incident the present phase of the crisis through which the country is passing may be regarded as at an end. The willingness of Senhor Machadon, the republican leader, and the republicans generally, to acquiesce in the present situation, if their friends are released, seems to ensure a return to less strenuous modes of political warfare. Generally speaking, another appeal in the near future is considered practically impossible.

Franco's Eclipse

Intense interest is shown in Franco's whereabouts. Speculations centre about him, but he remains in secrecy, seemingly crushed in spirit. He declines to see correspondents or to offer a defence for his policy and explain his downfall or his decision to retire from the political arena. This is regretted by the young king. To a lifelong friend of his father he said: "I intend to retain Franco. He was my father's friend, and shall be mine." It is a well known fact that the dowager queen has always been hostile to the premier, and latterly Queen Amelie shared the view that the dictatorship had been carried too far. She is said to have remonstrated with him that it might end in a tragedy, and argued in behalf of a milder course in memory of what her own family had suffered in France.

On the day of the assassinations, amidst the confusion of that memorable scene in the arsenal quadrangle, where the carriage took refuge, when beside herself with grief she turned upon Franco and cried "This is what your work has done."

This utterance, with the influence represented, is believed to furnish the true key to the secret of Franco's downfall.

King Manuel

The young sovereign's personality is described by those who knew him as very winning. As a lad he displayed fine manly traits. He has considerable artistic talents, especially for music, and, like his father, is exceedingly fond of outdoor sports, such as tennis, riding and shooting. He was reared with great care by the devoted queen, who took the warmest interest in the education of the princes, both of whom spoke English, French, Spanish and Italian perfectly. The king's English tutor sings the praises of the king and his dead brother. "They were ideal young men," he said, and then told an anecdote illustrative of the king's gentle nature. As the prince he had always spoken to the queen as "her majesty." One day, however, he used the term, "mother." Then he turned to the tutor and said "I think I like the word 'mother' best. I read last night that the queen was lost in the wife, the wife in the mother."

Quiet at Lisbon.

The foreign newspaper correspondents from London, Paris and Berlin are also coming into Lisbon. They seem disappointed at finding that the country is not in the throes of a revolution. The outgoing telegraph lines already are swamped, and there are many delays incident to the flood of messages. Increased precautions have been taken by the authorities to prevent the spread of false or alarming reports. Both commercial and press telegrams are examined to see that they conform to the regulations forbidding the transmission of anything inimical to the public security or irreverent to the royal family.

Funeral Arrangements.

The funerals of the late king and crown prince on Saturday will be attended with ceremonies of impressive dignity and with a display of the full mourning pageantry which attends the obsequies of Portuguese monarchs. The ceremonies will begin at ten o'clock in the morning. From the chapel of the Necessidades palace, where the bodies have reposed since Sunday, the bodies will be conveyed to the church of San Vincente do Fora, two miles distant. The procession will be long and imposing. After the bodies have lain in state for three days in the church of San Vincente the coffins will be carried through the cloister to the royal pantheon, where rest the remains of the princes of the illustrious House of Braganza.

Outbreak at Oporto.

Madrid, Feb. 5.—A special despatch received here from Lisbon states that revolutionaries in Oporto made a sudden and determined attack upon the city hall. They took the municipal guard by surprise, and succeeded in forcing an entrance. Their triumph, however, was short-lived, as reinforcements of police soon arrived and drove out the revolutionaries and tore down their banner, which was floating from the flagstaff. Many were wounded on both sides.

The Ontario government expended $350,175 on colonization roads last year.