

## The Advertiser

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## THE WESTERN ADVERTISER.

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LONDON - CANADA.JOHN CAMERON,  
Pres't and Managing Director.

London, Saturday, October 5.

SCHOOL SLATES, PENS, PENCILS,  
NOTEBOOKS, DISEASE AND  
EXTRAVAGANCE.

The New York City Health Board, which is probably the most advanced organization of the kind on the continent, has sent to the Board of Education in that city a series of rules for observance in the public schools. Under them, the use of slates, slates, pencils and sponges shall be discontinued in all public schools. According to requirement, pupils shall be supplied with pencils and penholders, each pupil to retain those received in a box provided for the purpose, such box to be marked with the pupil's name. Pencils and penholders shall not be transferred from one pupil to another without suitable disinfection. All school property left in the school building by a sick child with any contagious disease, and all such property found in an apartment occupied by a family in which a case of smallpox, typhus fever, diphtheria, scarlet fever, or measles has occurred, shall be taken by the health department for disinfection or destruction. Books which are taken home by pupils shall be covered regularly each month with brown manilla paper. Places for drinking water on the ground floors of the school building shall be discontinued, and a covered pitcher provided for each class room, in which fresh water shall be placed before each session. A numbered cup to be kept in the class room, shall be issued to each pupil. No interchange of cups shall be allowed. Provision is proposed for the exclusion of children in whose homes there may be cases of contagious disease, and for a report by teachers to the Board of Health of all cases of sickness among pupils. Finally the recommendations provide for more closet room for hanging clothes, and prohibit principals and teachers from sending one pupil to the house of another for any reason.

It is claimed that a great deal of the disease incident to childhood is infectious, and is communicated by one child to another through the agencies which these regulations are intended to abolish. Regulations of this description are, of course, the more necessary the greater the population massed together. But there can be no doubt that in every city, unless precaution is taken, disease will be spread from family to family by school intercourse. In this city every effort is made to prevent the spread of contagious disease, and parents, medical men and teachers have placed on their responsibilities which, as now rightly appreciated, do much to prevent the extension of disease. Every pupil owns and controls his pencils and penholders. The common drinking cup is yet the rule, however, and slates, slate pencils and sponges are tolerated in the case of all pupils whose parents prefer them to pen, ink and paper.

There is a sanitary advantage in replacing the slate with paper and pen or pencil, but complaints are made to us that the change is distasteful to many parents because of the tendency to demand too many exercise and note books. The incalculable of absolute economy in resources is more necessary in the public school than in the place of business, for if a pupil is taught that he must make the most of everything in his school supplies, his habits will be set in the right direction before he is called upon to battle with the world for his daily bread. There would be less parental grumbling about compliance with the blackboard edict of the teachers if the parents' side of the question—that of expense—were scrupulously recognized. Parents complain that even young children have to be loaded up with several exercise books, at least two note books, two kinds of pencils, and in some cases ink bottles, in addition to ordinary school books, and though there is no intention that the work of the pupils shall go to the printer, in some schools they are prohibited from writing on both sides of the paper. When a hard-working father, who finds it difficult to earn enough money to make ends meet, is importuned for school supplies on this, to him at least, extravagant scale, need we wonder that he refuses to recognize incidental sanitary advantages, and denounces the whole system? Without regard to this economic side of the school supply question, as well as the sanitary advantages, it will be difficult for the school managers to enlist the hearty sympathy of many parents.

Samuel Gompers, the American delegate to the British Trades Union Congress in Wales, comes home and tells his countrymen that taking all things into account, the English laborer's condition is better than that of the American workman. What! In free trade England!

## POINTS.

A dispatch from Tyndall, South Dakota, says:

"Owing to the extreme heat the public schools were closed one day this week, and two days later were again closed on account of the excessive cold."

There is variety enough to suit the most fastidious.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, who has for years been British ambassador at Paris, is now on his first visit to Canada. He says it has been too hot in Newport, R. I., where the embassy has been holidaying, and he is simply on a pleasure tour. Sir Julian rightly expresses regret that he has not visited this fine country long before now.

The Canadian nail combine are said to be meditating an increase in price. The cotton and sugar rings have already been heard from.

In proportion to population, Scotland has more free libraries than any other country in Europe. Scotland was the first to set the world an example by establishing a public school in every parish. It is not surprising that she leads in supplying the complement to a good public school education.

The Kingston News asserts that the Ottawa high tax leader will never ask Mr. Chapleau to enter his Cabinet as a favor! It looks like a case of sour grapes. Mr. Chapleau has asserted that he will not join the present Government at Ottawa.

Long Island has a bicyclist with a cork leg. That is nothing; this city has a wheelman without hands.

China's great drawback is her restrictive trade policy. She foolishly believes that it is unprofitable to do business with the outside world. China has been the headquarters of the protectionist politician from time immemorial.

The Winnipeg Free Press joins the advocates of the proposal that a commission should be appointed to get at all the facts before further legislation with regard to the Manitoba schools is undertaken. It says it shares the confidence "that if a competent and impartial commission were to say that a grievance existed and ought to be removed, the sense of the right which is strong in the people of Manitoba, would insure in the end that justice be done." We believe that a grievance does exist, but that the Dominion authorities took the entirely wrong way to get the Province to make the change necessary to secure ample justice. The club argument is never a proper one—at all events while all other arguments are untied.

The Boston Traveler laments the fact, that while the United States has triumphed over Britain in athletics and sports, the latter outstrips the Republic in literary achievements.

Of the 6,500,000 people in New York State over 4,000,000 reside in the cities. Here is a great body of consumers whom Ontario is, geographically, in a splendid position to supply with products of the farm. Even the tariff cannot keep them out altogether.

The St. Thomas Journal has some not very eulogistic remarks on Mr. Ingram, M.P., as a representative of labor. Mr. Ingram's genius, however, has been applied more to the civil service department. His one great achievement was his brother's appointment to a fat berth in the St. Thomas postoffice.

Emperor William of Germany is no respecter of persons. His brother Henry had the audacity to differ with him over the management of the Baltic Sea Canal, and Henry has been requested to leave the Fatherland for a year or two. Henry is an exceedingly rash young man, and should have known that the Emperor heeds the advice of only one man, and that is Kaiser William.

It turns out that Jay Gould only left \$2,934,580, but his family hope to be able to keep the wolf from the door by its agency.

WHAT THE TRAMP DOES THEN. When winds do blow, predicting snow, And all is sore and brown; The festive tramp breaks summer camp And rambles back to town.

Frank Leslie's publishing house, New York, has just sent out the first number of a new illustrated magazine for young people, with the title, "Frank Leslie's Pleasant Hours for Boys and Girls." Mrs. Rebecca Harting Davis and Oliver Optic are among the contributors to this number. It is likely to prove a great favorite.

The Century, with its October number, closes its 50th volume and 26th year in a manner eminently characteristic of this dignified and able magazine. The table of contents of the number is full and varied, containing what one expects to find in the Century. Get it, and you will think so, too.

## ASSERTIONS AND DENIALS.

The concluding development in the Mills-Mackay controversy, which has been in progress in our columns for some weeks, and is now closed, may here be stated. Dr. Mackay denied that he either directly or indirectly solicited the support of Mr. Wilson, Conservative candidate in Oxford, for the purpose of getting a position from the Dominion Government on the Royal Whisky Commission. Mr. Wilson was interviewed by the Woodstock Sentinel-Review. He affirmed that while the preacher did not approach him directly, he did so indirectly. J. W. Garvin, now of Peterboro, Mr. Wilson said, approached him, and urged him to use his influence to have Dr. Mackay appointed. "In answer to a query from me," added Mr. Wilson, "Mr. Garvin explained why Dr. Mackay did not call on me personally, and stated that he had called at the reverend gentleman's request and was authorized to speak for him." Mr. Wilson further said that Mr. Garvin informed him that Dr. Mackay had the support of Hugh John Macdonald, son of Sir John, and other eminent Conservatives, and that Dr. Mackay and a friend had a day or two ago called on him and asked him to sign a denial in accord with Dr. Mackay's letter, which he declined to do for the reasons stated. Dr. Mackay was also interviewed, and he denied the truthfulness of Mr. Wilson's statement. He further produced a letter from Mr. Garvin, backing up his denial of Mr. Wilson's charges. Here this remarkable series of assertions and denials ends. The public must judge between the parties as to their effect on the question originally "before the House," which was whether or not Dr. Mackay was right in asserting that Hon. David Mills had spoken and acted in a hypocritical manner when Mr. Flinn's motion was before Parliament.

The unique symposium by representative women on life's social problem now appearing in the Arena (Boston), is attracting well-deserved attention. In the October number of this review, Julia A. Kellogg writes on "Land and Money"; Charlotte Perkins Stetson on "The Solution of the Labor Question," and Alice Thatcher Post on "The Great Neighbor."

The October Atlantic Monthly (Boston) is rich in good fiction. Mrs. Ward's powerful serial, "A Singular Life," is concluded. Further chapters of Charles Egbert Craddock's "Mystery of Witch-Face Mountain" also appear. Among the features is a paper by Susan Coolidge, on "The Countess Potocka," and the poems are by John B. Tabb and Michael Field.

Notable features of Outing (New York) for October are: "A Bit of Blue Ribbon," by Sara Beaumont Kennedy; "In Rugged Labrador," by R. G. Taber; "Hero," by Therese G. Randall; "Guns and Shooting," by Ed. W. Sanders; "The Great Dismal Swamp," by Alex. Hunter; "Football," by Walter Camp; and "Moose Hunting in New Brunswick," by the late Edmund P. Rogers. The editorial and record departments are very interesting.

## DISCIPLES OF CHRIST.

Western Ontario District Convention in St. Thomas.

The district meeting of the Disciples of Christ of Western Ontario, began in the Church of Christ, St. Thomas, on Thursday, Mrs. McClurg, of Lobo, read a paper on "Relief Influence of Missions." Mrs. Fowler, of London, read a paper on "A Pressing Need, and how to meet it." Mrs. Johnson, of London, sang a solo. Reports were given from the eleven Sunday schools in the district. R. N. Price, St. Thomas, led in a discussion of "The Ideal Sunday School." After a half hour spent in a social way in the evening, Mr. Hugh McCully, of Harwick, read a very excellent paper on "The Sunday School Teacher." Mr. Geo. Munroe, of Hamilton, editor of "The Disciple of Christ," gave an address on "New fields, and how to occupy them." A very interesting feature of the evening was the question drawn on Sunday school work. A large number joined in the discussion of the queries. Frequent mention was made of the Bible school opened recently in St. Thomas. Every encouragement was offered the new enterprise and great results were expected from it.

A DEADLY DOSE. Dresden, Ont., Oct. 5.—Joseph Deacon, steeped some stramonium leaves, commonly known as thorn apple, and on the suggestion of a friend, took an injection. The effects were terrible, causing death about twelve hours later.

The bids for constructing a canal from Lake Huron to Black River varied from \$90,000 to nearly \$500,000.

## THE TURNING POINT

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Dr. Chase's Ointment Cures  
Fergus, April 6, 1894  
To Robert Phillips, Druggist, Fergus.  
This is to certify that I have suffered from piles for a long time and tried several articles recommended for this complaint, but none of them benefited me till I tried Chase's Ointment, which has completely cured me.  
Mrs. JOHN GERRIE.  
R. Phillips, Jr., Druggist, Witness.

"My six-year-old daughter, Bella, was afflicted with eczema for 24 months, the principal seat of eruption being behind her ears. I tried almost every remedy I saw advertised, bought innumerable medicines and soaps, and took the child to medical specialists in skin diseases, but without result. Finally, a week ago, I purchased a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and the first application showed the curative effect of the remedy. We have used only one-sixth of the box, but the change is very marked; the eruption has all disappeared, and I can confidently say my child is cured." (Signed) MAXWELL JOHNSON, 112 Anne St., Toronto.

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It is easy to find the word wanted.  
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The definitions are clear, explicit, and full, and each is contained in a separate paragraph.  
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NOTICE-If you want good and proper work done to your watches and clocks, without pretense, take them to T. C. Thornhill's, 402 Talbot Street, who has had over forty years' experience. All work guaranteed satisfactory, because he understands cylinders, duplex, chronometers, striking repeaters, levers, Swiss, English or American.

## SATURDAY

## FAIR

From 7 to 10 o'clock p.m.

## CHAPMAN'S

Saturday is always a busy day at the popular store. Popular, yes! Never had more of it. Every day a crowded house—crowded with customers—crowded with goods—crowded with bargains. Come tonight from 7 to 10 o'clock, if you must trade on Saturday. Many need not trade on Saturday—to such we say come Monday, come Tuesday, come Wednesday, come Thursday, come Friday, and leave Saturday for the less fortunate ones. The largest house in London invites you to its counters, where you will see its values in Drygoods, Clothing, Millinery and Mantles.

## LIST-7 to 10-LIST

GLOVES—Ladies' All-Wool Suede Cashmere Gloves, worth 20c,	Tonight 13c	CANTON—Unbleached Canton Flannel, worth 7c,	Tonight 5c
HOSE—Ladies' Ribbed Cashmere Hose, worth 50c,	Tonight 35c	PRINTS—Wide English Prints, worth 10c,	Tonight 5c
HOSE—Boys' All-Wool Ribbed Hose, worth 25c,	Tonight 20c	SHEETING—Plain Sheet, 2 yards wide, worth 20c,	Tonight 15c
HOSE—Ladies' All-Wool Hose, plain, worth 15c,	Tonight 12 1/2c	CLOTHS—Fine Damask Table Cloths, red borders, worth \$1 50,	Tonight \$1
HOSE—Ladies' All-Wool Cashmere Hose, worth 25c,	Tonight 17c	TABLING—Turkey Red Tabling, 58 inches wide, worth 40c,	Tonight 29c
GLOVES—Ladies' Tan Musquetaire Kid Gloves, worth \$1,	Tonight 68c	SHEETING—White Flannel Sheet, two yards wide, worth 60c,	Tonight 45c
SILKS—Best Wash Silks, worth 4c,	Tonight 2c Skein	FLANNEL—Cream Shaker Flannel, worth 7c,	Tonight 5c
CORSETS—Featherbone Corsets, worth \$1,	Tonight 75c	TOWELS—Large Damask Linen Towels, worth 20c,	Tonight 12 1/2c
CORSETS—Large size Corsets, worth \$1,	Tonight 50c	CRETONNE—Reversible Cretonne, worth 20c,	Tonight 14c
NIGHT GOWNS—White Flannelette Night Gowns, worth \$1,	Tonight 75c	BLANKETS—White Wool Blankets, 8 pounds, large size, worth \$3 75,	Tonight \$4
VESTS—Ribbed Wool Vests, worth 43c,	Tonight 40c	QUILTS—Large White Quilts with fringe, worth \$1 25,	Tonight \$1 10
CHEMISETTES—Pink, blue and white Chemiselettes, worth 35c,	Tonight 25c	QUILTS—Heavy Colored Quilts, 2 1/2 yards, worth \$1 25,	Tonight 98c
CAPS—Men's and Boys' Caps, worth 25c,	Tonight 10c	ULSTERS—Men's Frieze Ulsters, worth \$9,	Tonight \$6 50
BRACES—Men's Silk Elastic Suspenders, worth 25c,	Tonight 2 for 25c	OVERCOATS—Men's Fall Melton Overcoats, worth \$10,	Tonight \$7 50
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS—Men's Fine All-Wool Shirts and Drawers, worth 75c,	Tonight 50c	PANTS—Men's Good All-Wool Pants, worth \$2,	Tonight \$1 50
SHIRTS—Men's Extra heavy Black Sateen Shirts, worth \$1,	Tonight 75c	PANTS—Men's Fine All-Wool Pants, worth \$2 75,	Tonight \$2
SOCKS—Men's Seamless Socks, worth 10c,	Tonight 5c	SUITS—Boys' Tweed Suits, worth \$4 50,	Tonight \$3 75
HATS—Men's Black Stiff Hats, worth \$1 25,	Tonight 50c	SUITS—Boys' School Suits, worth \$2 50,	Tonight \$1 75
TIES—Your choice of our stock of Ties, worth 40c and 50c,	Tonight 25c	COATS—50 Ladies' and Misses' Tweed and plain Coats, worth \$7 50,	Tonight \$1 99
SHIRTS—Men's Unlaundered Shirts, best, worth 75c,	Tonight 50c	ULSTERS—25 Children's Winter Ulsters, worth \$5,	Tonight \$2 50
SUITS—Men's Blue and Black Heavy Serge Suits, worth \$6,	Tonight \$4 50	COATS—50 Ladies' Heavy Winter Coats, fur trimmed, worth \$10 to \$15,	Tonight \$5
SUITS—Men's Fine All-Wool Tweed Suits, worth \$10,	Tonight \$8	SHAWLS—Fancy Honeycomb Shawls, worth \$1 25,	Tonight 75c
OVERCOATS—Men's Fall Overcoats, silk lined, worth \$12,	Tonight \$8 50		
FLANNEL—Heavy Gray Flannel, plain or cowl, worth 15c,	Tonight 12 1/2c		

In addition to the above, we offer you many lines not enumerated. Three very special lines of Dress Goods—one table at 25c yard, worth 40c; one table at 35c yard, worth 50c; 200 ends and remnants Dress Goods, worth 50c and 60c yard, your choice tonight 25c yard.

## TERMS CASH.

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126 and 128 Dundas Street.