### Hon. Edward Blake's Noble Stand.

From the Montreal Post.

The speech of the leader of the Opposition will, I venture to predict, be regarded throughout all future complications of a similar kind as giving the exact, true, legal, constitutional and liberal view of rebellion against bad government under constitutional rule. Mr. Blake, as was natural with an Irishman, took the side of the oppressed, unfortunate halfbreeds, and by the clearest evidence and from the best authorities shewed how cruelly wrong was the execution of their leader. His argument that the corner stone of the present British constitution was the sacred right of resistance, and the Act of Settlement of the Crown of England the embodiment to that right, is unanswerable. Mr. Blake spoke till near one o'clock this morning, and was listened to throughout with the most rapt attention, the galleries remaining crowded till he ceased. Mr Blake's concluding declaration that he was unable honestly to differ from the view that it was deeply to be regretted that this execution should have been allowed to take place, and therefore in favor of that view he must record his vote, was received with loud and long applause. Every Irishman in Canada, no matter what his political leanings may be must feel proud of Mr. Blake. On this momentous occasion when some timid hearts feared that for the ulterior party purposes he would be found siding with those who had no regret for the tragedy of Regina and the long-continued wrongs which led to it, he has confirmed, himself in the affections of all who hold dear the privileges of freemen. Again he has shown his indifference and contempt for Orangeism, and the bloodhounds of the "Order" who have constituted themselves a power behind the throne to dictate life and death to ministers. The Irishmen of Canada should see to it when the time comes that he and those who acted with him in this matter shall not suffer from Orange vindictiveness. The Irishmen in the Opposition have made no uncertain sound. These are Edward Blake and George E. Casey. They might well wear the shamrock with honest pride on St. Patrick's Day. With such men to represent the Irish race and Irish sentiment in the Parliament of Canada, we need have no fear for our future. In this, the most memorable utterance of his life, Mr. Blake did not appear as a Liberal merely, nor as a party man, nor as leader of Her Majesty's loyal Opposition; he spoke as a public man and a patriot, feeling his responsibility and knowing the consequences of his action. He has defined his attitude, and in doing so, has left on record a speech, which not only justifies that attitude, but renders any other false and unworthy of one in his position. He also made it clear that had not bound his followers to take his view. They were free to act as they saw fit. In doing this he showed a delicate regard for those prejudices which have no part in his own composition.

A SURE REMEDY.—For coughs, asthma, and all recent colds, Dr. Harvey's Southern Red Pine. Don't let a cough grow troublesome when it can be relieved and cured by this remedy at the small cost of 25c. Sold only at Wilson's prescription drug store. 1m

### Beginning at the Bottom.

Madam, allow me to prescribe for you. I have had a long experience in the management of delicate women, and believe I can give you some important advice. For the present I prescribe only for your feet:—First, procure a quantity of woollen stockings, net such as you buy at the store under the name of lamb's wool, that you can read a newspaper through, but the kind that your aunt Jerusha in the country knits for you, that will keep your feet dry and warm in spite of wind and weather; second, if you want to be thorough change them every morning, hanging the fresh ones by the fire every night; third, procure thick calf-skin boots, double uppers and triple soles, and wear them from the 1st of October till the 1st of May; make frequent applications of some good oil blacking; avoid rubbers altogether, except a pair of large rubber boots, which may be worn through snow drifts or a flood of water; fifth, hold the bottoms of your feet in cold water a quarter of an inch deep just before going to bed two or three minutes, and then rub them hard with rough towels and your naked hands; sixth, now, madam go out freely in all weathers, and believe me, not only will your feet enjoy a good circulation, but as the consequence of the good circulation in the lower extremities your head will be relieved of all its fullness and your heart of all its palpitations. Your complexion will be greatly improved and your health made better in every respect.—[Medical World.

### Much in a Little.

Hamilton Dowd, writing from Burns, Ont., says he was afflicted with chilblains which were very sore and painful and which nothing relieved until he tried Hagyard's Yellow Oil; less than one bottle cured him. 2

THE London *Free Press* publishes the names of ten western Grit members in black letters because they voted against the Government on the Landry motion. The black-lettered names are: ARMSTRONG, South Middlesex; M. C. CAMERON, West Huron; D. M. CAMERON, West Middlesex; CASEY, West Elgin; HARLEY, South Oxford; LISTER, West Lambton; MILLS, Bothwell; SOMERVILLE, West Bruce, TROW, South Perth; WELLS, East Bruce. Every man named is sure of re-election by an increased majority at the next appeal at the polls. And we ask the *Free Press* and every Tory who reads this item to make a note of the fact.

### Worth Remembering.

in a long letter from John H. Hall, of Baddick, Cape Breton, N. S., he says: "I believe were it not for Burdock Blood Bitters I should be in my grave." It cured me of kidney and liver complaint and general debility, which had nearly proved fatal. 2

MESSRS Chamberlain and Trevelyan have resigned from the Gladstone Cabinet. Mr. Gladstone has promised to bring down his home rule for Ireland scheme on the 8th of April.

### Mr. McKenzie's North-West Policy.

Extract from Mr. Laurier's Great Speech.

Speaking of Royal's apology for the Government, he said: "But the honorable gentleman went further. He not only charged the white settlers, the Farmer's Union and the *Globe* newspaper as being responsible for the rebellion, but he also held responsible the Mackenzie Administration. He said that the administration of that Government from the time they took office to the time they left, had been a perfect blank. Well, Mr. Speaker, it is a charge which cannot be made against the present Administration. Their administration was not all one blank. Blood, blood, blood, prisons, scaffolds, widows, orphans, destitution, ruin—these are what fill the blanks in the administration of this Government of the affairs of the North-west. But, Mr. Speaker, there might be something to say, as the hon. gentleman will apprehend, upon the Administration of the hon. member for East York (Mr. Mackenzie) of the affairs of the Northwest Territories, but the present would not be a reasonable time, and the occasion may arise hereafter. But let me tell this to the hon. gentleman: If the administration of Mr. Mackenzie was blameable for its treatment of the affairs of the Northwest, if they were remiss in their duties, how much more blameable must be the present Administration, which has not yet done that which should have been done by their predecessors? (Cheers.)

### "Whoop it up."

Probably one of the most difficult complaints to doctor is whooping cough. When treated by ordinary means the poor victim is left to whoop it up as best he can. Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam gives relief in this as well as in all throat, bronchial, and lung troubles. 2

### Literary Notices.

Canadian Methodist Magazine for April, 1886.—Price $2 a year; $1 for six months; 20 cents per number. For sale at all book stores.

Contents:—Mr. J. T. Moore's charming articles on "Wonder and Beyond," maintain their fascination of vivid description and exquisite illustrations. A striking series of engravings accompanies a paper by the editor on "Landmarks in History." They will attract much attention. Mr. John Macdonald contributes a chapter of "Leaves from the Portfolio of a Merchant," giving graphic sketches of the strange variety of characters with whom he comes in contact. Much humor in the narration. The Rev. H. F. Bland writes an able and descriminative review of the life and work of the celebrated William Wilberforce. An article of much interest, in connection with the developement of our Northwest Territory, is Mr. J. Macdonald Oxley's paper on Hudson Bay—"The Mediterranean of Canada." A valuable chapter on the Gospel of St. John, by Cannon Farrar, is of special interest as the Sunday schools of Christendom are just entering on the study of that book. Dr. Laing concludes his trenchant criticism of certain theories on the Millenium. The story of Jan Vedder's Wife grows in tragic interest. The editor discusses Labor and Capital, Mission Adjustments, etc., A number of Easter poems, and an exquisite engraving of Correggio's "Christ Crowned with Thorns" are also given. WM. BRIGGS, publisher, Toronto.

HARPER'S MONTHLY.—Three new serials enrich the April *Harper's*. The authors are Charles Dudley Warner, R. D. Blackmore, and Dinah Maria Craik. Mr. Warner's series of papers, entitled "Their Pilgrimage," is a story of American society at our principal summer resorts. Mrs. Craik's novel, "King Arthur: not a Love Story," is a tale of mother's love, and is to be published in three long parts, each occupying over twenty-five pages of the Magazine. R. D. Blackmore's novel deals with rural English life during the exciting times of Lord Nelson, the great admiral.

### Horsemen, Attention

When your horse is galled, scratched or cut, or has an ugly sore, bathe twice daily, and apply McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. It is undoubtedly the finest healing and cleansing application for it. Be sure you get McGregor & Parke's. Sold for 25c. per box, at George. Rhyna's. Drug Store. 1m

### Bluevale.

(Crowded out last week.)

Miss Nancy Shirk, of Trowbridge, was in the village the other day.

Mr. Leech, of Manitoba, has been in town the past week visiting friends. His reports of the country are favorable.

Mrs. John Farrow is around again, and is steadily gaining. Mr. Etcher is also on the mind mend.

Mr. Lightle has sold his farm and intends going to some new country where he can have the privilege of living where no trees grow and blizzards thrive.

Mr. Jas Timmins, our enterprising storekeeper, has purchased the stock of Mrs. Connover, who is retiring from business, and also rented her new store for the present.

Some of our boys, who attend nightly sprees had to pay rather dearly for an evening at Gorrie, at a concert and ball last week. But they have learned a lesson.

Some have been wondering that no "balls" have yet been held in the Forrester's hall. It is to the credit of this lodge that it can be said that there have not been any, nor is there going to be.

The school boys, have got up a base ball club, and play every day. They say it is healthy if it is not pleasant. On Tuesday last Jas Robinson was struck on the head with the ball, and was painfully, though not seriously injured.

Mr. Slemmon, who for the past year and a half has occupied the position of principal of the public school here, sent in his resignation on account of protracted illness, and is bound for the sunny south. Mr. Thompson has accepted the position for the remainder of the term.

### A Wide Range

A wide range of painful affections may be met with Hagyard's Yellow Oil. James M. Lawson, of Woodville, Ont., speaks of it in high terms for rheumatism, lame back, sprains, and many painful complaints too numerous to mention. It is used internally or externally. 2

## GIRL SHORTHANDERS.

### A Chatty Article About Women Stenographers and Typewriters.

"We women are fast getting the better of you men," said a bright, chatty girl to a San Francisco *Chronicle* reporter. "We are superseding you everywhere as stenographers, telegraph and telephone operators, copyists, and typewriters. There is quite an army of girls employed in the insurance, law and telegraph offices and the wholesale houses of the city. Their number is constantly increasing, too. We work cheaper than the men; that's the reason why we are working ourselves into the men's places. We can afford to do it, too. You see almost all the girls live at home. They don't play billiards, smoke cigars, nor drink cocktails—things that most of the men do. Then, you know, when a girl goes out to the theatre or anywhere else she usually has an escort who foots the bill. She is not expected to go in a saloon and treat to the drinks or two-bit cigars when she meets old friends. She just gives a hug and a kiss, which is conventional and don't cost a cent. All she is expected to do is to dress nicely and look sweet, though I'm bound to say some of them don't do either. Besides, you see, most of the stenographers and typewriters have short hours at their work, which gives them a good deal of leisure at home, and this time they utilize in mending their dresses, trimming their bonnets, and doing all sorts of things to make themselves presentable without being extravagant. I myself trim all my hats and make my own underclothes, though they are so cheap now that there's but little saving in buying the raw material instead of the ready made garments. No salaried young man, nor any other kind that I knew of, does anything of this sort. It's such a big saving, too. Just for these reasons a girl makes really as much on a salary of $50 a month as a man does on $75, and the chances are largely that she will save more. This is about equalized, though, in one way, for employers as a rule will only give a girl $50 for what they would give a man $75 for doing—the nasty mean things! But, anyhow, they give the girls the work and save the difference.

"Some houses, however, pay their girls real good salaries. Several of the insurance companies pay good salaries, and Wells, Fargo & Co. and the railroad companies are quite liberal. But the girls that get high salaries have to be very good shorthand writers and expert operators on the typewriter, and are obliged to work real hard. I know one girl employed in a wholesale liquor house who gets a $100 a month, but she has to work just as hard as she can from 9 till 5 o'clock. She is quick and intelligent, and does her work just as well as any man could. I get $75 a month, but I work an hour less every day. I have to work like a good fellow, though, while I'm at it. But we and a few others are exceptional cases. Most of the female stenographers and type writers get from $46 to $60 a month. You see, many of them are incompetent to do rapid work, and the houses that employ them are just as well suited, for, while they need the services of a stenographer, a poor one will answer the purpose just as well as a good one. But whenever there is lots of work to be done quickly the pay is always good. Women are meaner than men about some things in the matter of getting work. Many of them will go and underbid one another just to get places. I have known girls to go to a house where a girl was employed at $60 and offer to do work for $50. Don't you think that awful mean? Most of the stenographers are typewriters, too, and nearly all the houses that employ stenographers make it a point to have the transcribing done with a typewriter. The girls who operate on typewriters, but cannot write shorthand, are not very well paid. I believe they usually get from $25 to $40 a month. The city is full of women typewriters and stenographers, and the number is constantly increasing. The competition is so sharp between them for work, that salaries, except in the cases of old and tried employes, are being steadily cut down. If it were not for the women the stenographers might form a protective union. But a woman does not care the snap of her finger for the rights of labor or for anything else when she wants a place. Now don't you go and tell who told you this, for if you do all the stenographers will be pulling my hair out. The telegraph and telephone girls get the poorest pay of anybody in the city. Some of them only get $20 a month, poor things! Employers treat their female employes very nicely except in the matter of wages, and the male employes take their cue from those above them. It would not do, you know, for employers to take women of doubtful character into the confidence of their business affairs, for you are aware that stenographers get to know a great deal about the business of their houses. The more modest and ladylike a girl is, the better chance she has to keep her place. Employers will not tolerate too much familiarity between their male and female employers, and any scandal about a girl is almost sure to cause her discharge. Now, I guess I've told you about enough to set all the girls talking for a week. Good-by."

### Near Starvation's Door

Mrs. Nelson, W. Whitehead, of Nixon, was a chronic sufferer from dyspepsia and liver complaint, and was scarcely able to take the most simple nourishment. Even a swallow of water caused great distress. Two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters cured her, when all else failed. She heartily recommends this remedy to all sufferers. 2

Says Dryden:

She knows her man, and when you rant and swear
Can draw you to her with a single hair.

But it must be beautiful hair to have such power; and beautiful hair can be ensured by the use of CINGALESE HAIR RENEWER. Sold at 50 cts. by J. Wilson 2m

Seeing is believing. Read the testimonials in the pamphlet on Dr. Van Buren's Kidney Cure, then buy a bottle and relieve yourself of all those distressing pains. Your Druggest can tell you all about it. Sold by J Wilson Goderich 2m

## ROOT CULTURE.

### How to Grow, Store and Feed Roots.

Mr. S. Hogarth, at the last meeting of the Farmers' Institute in Exeter, read the following practical paper on "Roots":—

I have been requested to contribute a paper on the growing, storing, and feeding of roots. The kinds chiefly used for feeding purposes are mangolds, carrots and turnips. To secure a good crop of roots it is necessary in the first place, that the land be thoroughly drained naturally or artificially, and should be deep plowed in the previous fall, putting on a good supply of barnyard manure; on the other hand if manure is not to be had in the fall, it may be spread in the drills, in the spring, when a less quantity for the one crop will answer than by applying broadcast. In growing roots, I have used no other fertilizers, except leached ashes, which is very good in clay soil. Mangolds and carrots should be sown as early in the spring as the land is dry enough to work properly. Make the drills as straight as possible, so that the cultivator may work evenly and closely to the young plants, thereby saving much labor and cost of production. For turnips I have found about the 20th of June to be the best time for seeding. Seed thickly and follow with the roller. Better err by sowing too much seed than too little. Plenty of good seed and manure is the best protection from the fly, as the thin places and weakly plants suffer most. Seed should be tested before sowing. I sow from 2 to 4 pounds per acre, according to quality of seed. Do not allow the plants to get too large before thinning, or they will be slender and weakly and may never be able to recover. I might state here, I would rather spout the weeds in the soil by cultivating and harrowing than by plowing, as it makes the soil finer, the seed will then germinate more quickly, and the land will be in better condition for drilling. After seeding, the land should be stirred often to keep it free from weeds, the crop will also grow the better for it. In thinning, I would not thin out to single plants at first, but block out with hoe, leaving several plants together at distances of about eight inches, later they can be thinned to single plants. For harvesting, there are different methods; for instance, topping with the hoe, turning tops outward, and two drills of bulbs in together; another topping as before and hauling off the field, and then harrowing the turnips out of the ground with team; another pulling by hand and topping with knife. Storing, if done in the field, the pits should not be too high and should be as upright as possible, say about three feet; if too high they will be more liable to freeze. The first covering should be straw, then a few inches of earth, then more straw. If placed so as to keep the wet out one-half the quantity of earth than would otherwise be required if unprotected from the wet, will be sufficient. If taken to the root cellar at the time of lifting it will save much handling. Root cellars are sometimes built under the barn floor, in which is a trap door to dump them through, others lengthwise on one side of the building, and sometimes across the end of the building, with a number of windows. When at the end very little handling will be required in storing them. There should be a moveable slide or conductor with open spaces underneath for the dirt to fall through, reaching from the wagon to inside of cellar windows. With doors opening into feed passages from the cellar and the stock facing the passages from both sides is, I think, the most convenient for feeding roots, as a truck can be run from the cellar through them with roots or hay, and let down from the barn above. I consider it indispensible in raising and fattening stock to have a supply of roots to be fed in moderate quantities, say about a bushel a day to a grown animal. They serve as appetizers and give a relish for coarser food, which could not otherwise be used to the same extent. With regard to the comparative value of mangolds, carrots and turnips, I have personally made no experiments, but prefer the mangolds to the others, because they are more reliable, easier cultivated, can be saved while the weather is fine, and all kinds of stock can eat them without the labor of cutting or crushing.

For Rough conditions of the Skin Shampooing the head, Pimples, Eruption and Skin Diseases, use Prof. Low's Sulphur Soap. 1m

### Lucknow.

Mr. Treleaven has purchased the house and lot opposite the school from J. Grundy for $550.

G. Robinson, Ashfield, purchased a splendid heavy draught brood mare from imported stock in the township of Tuckersmith.

Rev. J. E. Bowers, of the New Jerusalem church, gave a lecture in the temperance hall last week. At the close of the lecture he distributed quite a number of tracts explaining the doctrines of the Swedenbergians.

Rev. G. R. Turk, the popular pastor of the Methodist church here, has been offered a pastorate and salary of $2,500 from a wealthy congregation in Georgia, U.S. The rev. gentleman will likely fill his time of itinerancy in Lucknow.

The roller mill owned by Mr. Treleaven has commenced work, and no doubt will turn out excellent material. The proprietor has spared no expense in fitting up the mill in first-class style. The mill has a capacity of 100 bbls. per day. No doubt this will be a great boon to farmers in this vicinity, and should receive their patronage.

Obstructions of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, are promptly removed by National Pills. 1m

Sweet oil mixed with melted beeswax and applied with a soft flannel cloth to wooden furniture will give the wood a high polish. It is particularly effective on mahogany and is what was used in Southern families before the war, when polished mahogany tables and chairs were the pride of every housekeeper. The mixture should be well rubbed into the wood, and then polished with a dry piece of chamois.

## Household Hints.

Black birch is now the fashionable wood for furniture. Ordinary white birch used to be the fashionable wood to furnish an incentive to the young idea.

To mark tools, first cover the article to be marked with a thin coating of tallow or beeswax, then, with a sharp instrument, write the name in the tallow. Clear with a feather; fill the place written, the letters, with nitric acid; let it remain from one to ten minutes, then dip in water and rub off, and the marks will be etched into the steel or iron.

COLD WATER FEEDS.—Cold water suppers are coming into general use, and should in every way be encouraged. The Masonic supper in Mitchell, and the warden's banquet in Stratford, at both of which there were no kinds of liquors, not even the accustomed "plum pudding" and "brandy sauce," were a success in every respect, and far more enjoyable than if the "cup that cheers" had been on the tables.

A GOOD CEMENT.—A good cement for mending almost anything may be made by mixing together litharge and glycerine to the consistency of thick cream or fresh putty. This cement is useful for mending stone jars or any coarse earthenware, stopping leaks in seams of tin pans or wash-boilers, cracks or holes in iron kettles, etc. Holes an inch in diameter in kettles can be filled and the same used for years in boiling water and food. It may also be used to fasten on lamp tops, to tighten loose nuts, to secure loose bolts whose nuts are lost, to tighten loose joints of wood or iron, loose boxes in wagon-hubs, and in a great many other ways. In all cases the articles mended should not be used until the cement is hardened, which will require from one day to a week, according to the quantity used.

Harrisville *Review*: Small farms make near neighbors; they make good roads; they make good schools and churches; there is more money made in proportion to the labor; less labor is wanted; more is raised to the acre, besides, it is tilled better; there is no watching of hired help, the mind is not kept in worry, stew, and fret all the time.

Let the laying hens run at will in the barnyard. They find grass seeds, partially digested grain, etc., and so require less feeding. If you expect eggs this cold weather, don't forget to give them a hot mash in the morning. Keep a big iron pot hidden under the kitchen table, and into it throw parings of all kinds, all sorts of table refuse, and fill up with small potatoes. Cook until very soft and keep it on the back of the range all night, in order to have it warm in the morning. Before feeding, mash all well, and stir in bran, meal or middlings.

The secret of good puff paste, or even plain, is to have the butter *waxy*. Wash it in ice water and flatten it into wafers; put it into a cold window. It should be almost brittle. If you keep to this rule about the butter, and always work it in with a knife, flouring your hands when you have to touch the paste, you will have light pastry. A tablespoon of salt and one of sugar go to a quart of flour for light paste. Add the water judiciously, as too much water makes pastry hard.

There is quite an art in pressing the seams of a dress made at home to give it a good finish. The bodice and sleeves seams ought not to be ironed on a flat surface, but over a roller covered with flannel; this gives them the true tailor's set. An ordinary rolling-pin, such as is used for pastry, will do. The white felt or flannel covering it must be caught tightly together and overcast, but the edges must not overlap, as they would cause a ridge. All the seams of a bodice are ironed over this, and the difference over those ironed on a flat surface must be seen to be believed.

Freeman's Worm Powders destroy and remove worms without injury to adult or infant. 1m

### Ill-Mannered Guests.

In the matter of hours for meals, for rising and retiring, conform without hesitation or comment to those of the hospitable household. It is underbred and selfish to keep breakfast waiting, because you have overslept yourself, or dinner or tea, while you have prolonged a drive or walk unreasonably. If a meal is well cooked, it is injured by standing beyond the proper time of serving, and if our hosts' time is worth anything you are dishonest when you waste it.

It is quite as selfish in want of tactful regard for others' feelings, if less glaringly inconvenient, to present yourself below stairs long before the stated breakfast hour. You may not like to sit in your bed-chamber; the parlors may be in perfect order for your occupancy or the library tempt you to snatch a quiet hour for reading, but she is an exceptionally even-tempered hostess who does not flush uneasily at finding that you came down by the time the servants opened the house, and have made yourself at home in the living room ever since. The inference is that your sleeping room was uncomfortable, or that she is indolently unmindful of your breakfastless state.

I have an anguished recollection of a long visit paid to my family by an accomplished gentleman whose every intention was purely humane, yet who descended to the parlor each morning at an hour so barbarously early that he had to light the gas to see the pianokeys on which he strummed until breakfast was ready. There is a saving consolation in the knowledge that, if he is distinguishing himself in the heavenly mansions as a player upon instruments, there is no mother with a teething baby and a headache in the room overhead.

### Fluid Lighting.

All sufferers from that terrible torment, Neuralgia, can be made happy in one moment by a single application of Fluid Lighting briskly rubbed on painful parts, and without using any disgusting medicine day after day with little or no result. Fluid Lightning also cures as effectually Toothache, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Headache, and is only 25cents per bottle at Geo. Rhynas' Drug Store. 1m

### A Free Gift.

Around each bottle of Dr. Chase's Liver cure is a Medical Guide and Recipe Book containing useful information, over 200 receipes, and pronounced by Doctors and Druggists as worth ten times the cost of the medicine. Medicine and Book $1. Sold by J. Wilson, sole agent.

Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup—An agreeable, safe and effectual remedy to remove all kinds of worms. 1m

The Exeter Reflector says:—Over 500 hundred people assembled at the roller rink on Tuesday evening last to witness the five mile race between Messrs Geo. Eacrett and John Vail, both of this village, for $10 a side. The lead was held by Eacrett for about 2 miles, but at last Vail passed and gradually gained. When the race was called Vail, was half a lap ahead. The keenest interest was displayed.

### Cholera Preventative.

In order to withstand Cholera and such like epidemics a perfect purity of blood, and the proper action of the stomach are required. To insure that end, in the cheapest, most available and complete manner, use McGregor's Speedy Cure for Dyspepsia and impure Blood. There is no purer, safer or more reliable remedy in existence for Indigestion Dyspepsia, Costiveness, etc. Ask your neighbor or any person who has used it. Trial bottle given free. Sold by George Rhynas' Drug Store. 1m

Disgusted guest: "Waiter, I'm sure this napkin has been used before." Waiter: "Be four, sur! Sure, you're only the third as has had it."

National Pills act promptly upon the Liver, regulate the bowels and as a purgative are mild and thorough. 1m


C. L. McINTOSH

Next door to Rhynas' Drug Store, keeps constantly adding to his well-selected stock, choice

Fresh Groceries,

which will be found to compare favorably, both as regards quality and price, with any other stock in this vicinity.

TEAS AND SUGARS

A SPECIALTY.

In returning thanks to my customers for their patronage, I would also invite any others who will, to call and inspect my stock.

C. L. McINTOSH.

South-West side of the Square.

Goderich, Feb. 18th, 1886.

1886.

SEEDS.

*The Largest Stock in Town.*

CLOVERS.—Red, Large Late, Alsike, White, Lucerne.
GRASSES.—Timothy Seed, Orchard Grass, Kentucky Blue, Red Top, Lawn Grass, Hungarian and Millet, Tares.
BEANS.—White, Golden Wax, Butter Beans.
OATS.—White Australian, Black Tartarian, Standard.
WHEAT.—Buckwheat, Odessa, Fife.
CORN.—Canada Yellow, Early Minnesota, Stowell's Evergreen, Horse Tooth.
PEAS.—Field Peas, White Marrowfat, and Black Eyed, etc., Daniel O'Rourke's, McLean's Little Gem, etc.
FLAX SEED.—Flax Seed, Linseed Meal, Ground, Oil Cake.
MANGOLDS.—Mammoth Long Red, and all other kinds.
TURNIPS.—Swede, and all other popular varieties.
CARROTS.—White Belgian, Red Field Intermediate, and all kinds of garden carrots.

Sunflower Seeds, and all kinds of Field and Garden Seeds, carefully selected from the best houses.

A consignment of Fresh Ground Oatmeal just arrived.

SAMUEL SLOANE,

Hamilton Street, Goderich.

Goderich, Feb. 25th, 1885. 2036-4m

SEEDS.

HENRY SPENCE,

(McNair's Old Stand.)

Now on hand and arriving, Best Varieties of Clover and Timothy, Turnips, Carrots, and an excellent assortment of Field and Garden Seeds.

Roller Oatmeal and Roller Wheat Meal.

Flour, Chopped Stuff and Feed. Leave your order with

HENRY SPENCE,

McNair's Old Stand,
Hamilton Street, Goderich.

Goderich, March 4th, 1886. 2037-1m

Clover & Timothy

AND ALL SORTS OF

SEEDS!

—FOR—

FIELD AND GARDEN

AT

G. H. OLD'S,

The Grocer, on the Square.

A full stock of

Family Groceries

Always on hand.

Telephone Communication.

Goderich, March 11th, 1886.

Farmers' Attention

The undersigned has a Choice Selection of Pure, Clean

SEEDS

of the following varieties:—White Duchess, Lucerne, Alsike, Trefoil, Pea Vine and Red Clover, Timothy, Lawn and all varieties of Grasses suitable for permanent pasture, Oats, Wheat, Peas, Barley, Rye, Beans, Buchwheat, Corn, Tares and Flax; also Field and Garden Seeds of last years growth—true to name.

A full assortment of Flour and Feed.

The Celebrated Union Churn—the best in the market.

A consignment of Choice, Fresh Teas; consisting of Black, Green and Japans—wholesale and retail.

A large amount of Money to Loan.

R. PRICE.

Masonic Block, East street, Goderich.

March 11th, 1886. 2038-3m