

**RATES OF ADVERTISING**  
—  
**Tri-Weekly Star.**

SPACE.	LENGTH OF TIME.	RATES.
A Column.	One Year.	\$100
Half do.	"	50
Quarter do.	"	25
4 inches.	"	12
A Card.	"	6

Of the above spaces, half the amount set opposite for six months, one fourth the amount for three months. Special arrangements for terms shorter than three months.

**TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
Single insertion not more than one inch, 50 cents; subsequent insertions (each) for same space 25 cents.  
Advertisements will be charged for the time of insertion if not ordered to be suspended in writing.  
Advertising rates (outside the transient advertisements) payable every three months.  
Solid advertisements, ten cents a line.  
Orders for the discontinuation of advertising contracts, after the time agreed upon, must be given in writing; else all continued "ads" will be charged at the regular rates.

**WEEKLY STAR.**  
The advertising rates in the WEEKLY STAR are the same as those of the Tri-Weekly. Special arrangements, may be made with the Editor or Publisher, at the office Sterling's Building, (up stairs,) Corner Queen and Regent Streets.  
Subscribers who do not receive their papers promptly and regularly will please send in word to the office.

**THE TRI-WEEKLY STAR.**  
IS PUBLISHED  
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings from the Office, corner of Queen and Regent Streets.  
Terms: \$2.50 per annum, payable in advance.  
Address "STAR," Fredericton.

This paper may be found on file at Geo. P. Bowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in New York.

Mr. J. H. BATES, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 41 Park Row (Times Building) New York, is authorized to contract for advertisements in the WEEKLY STAR at our best rates.

**The Evening Star.**

J. E. COLLINS, Editor.  
FREDERICTON, APRIL 27, 1880.

**THE FORTUNE BAY QUESTION.**

It is known to most of our readers since the Award of the Halifax Commissioners, which proved such a triumph over American diplomacy, our cousins across the border have been grasping at every opportunity to be "square" with us. Fortune seemed to send the opportunity which the Americans sought. This opportunity was the so-called Fortune Bay "outrage," which may not in detail be uninteresting to our readers.

It was Sunday, and all British subjects around the Island of Newfoundland had rested from their labours because it was the Lord's Day. But around such parts of the coast as herring is taken, the smooth water and the fine day afforded every enticement to "look for fish." In a certain part of Fortune Bay, on the South-west of the Island, a number of American schooners were moored, and also a number of English craft. Through the forenoon it appears herring had been "breaching," which means playing upon the surface, and the prospects for hauling were so good that the American Sabbath breakers got into their skiffs, pulled to the casting ground and threw out their seines. Then they landed and proceeded to pull their drafts ashore, but not before the Fortune Bay Fishermen had turned out, cut their seines adrift, and compelled them to desist.

The only "outrage" about the transaction was that the Fishermen unfortunately the law into their own hands instead of appraising one of Her Majesty's ships, whose business it is to protect the fisheries.

The American fishermen in taking fish with seines as above described violated two laws: First, the local laws of the Island; second, the statute under the Treaty. The former forbids any fisherman to take fish in the manner resorted to by the American fishermen, and in the Treaty itself American fishermen are subject to the local laws. The latter contains a reservation, which reservation is that the American fisherman shall not take fish within a certain limit from the coast, three miles, we believe.

This then is the "outrage," on the strength of which Secretary Evans wrote a long despatch to the Marquis of Salisbury, claiming \$103,000 damages, alleged to have been sustained by the American fishermen. We may say while this negotiation was pending, the American press were contending that the British fisheries were *non-importe*, yet the small transaction in an obscure cove of Fortune Bay was worth \$103,000! This is however only a sample of Yankee logic.

As was to have been expected Lord Salisbury scouts the idea of the claim, and argues the case from the terms of the Treaty, and the obligations of the local laws. He has informed Secretary Everett that the claim is disallowed, because it does not stand on law, equity or right. The New York press, notably the *Herald* is as a matter of course quite wrathful, and calls for an immediate abrogation of the treaty. Here are some of the *Herald's* words:

We will not pretend to deplore the decision of Lord Salisbury in this matter. So long as the fisheries treaty was

observed by Great Britain and the Dominion we were bound, we believe, to let it run on its fixed term of three or four years longer, but as both the Canadian and the British government have now denied us our rights under it we may justly put an end to it, and the other side, who have so constantly claimed that it was mainly to our advantage, cannot now complain that we give up these advantages.

It is really too bad "Great Britain and the Dominion" will not give America her rights: Why doesn't the *Herald* go for War!

**THE ENGLISH ELECTIONS.**

FOR some weeks past the press on this side of the Atlantic has been gorging itself on sensational rumours about the Beaconsfield succession picked up by irresponsible correspondents in England. We would not object to the papers publishing these stories, because the newspaper man has to put up with what he gets very often, the option being with him to "take it or leave it;" but there is no excuse at all for Editors falling into line with these correspondents, and less excuse for them if they are British subjects, and the correspondence impugns the integrity and the impartiality of the Queen. We could not but regret that a paper in St. John who has much to do in moulding public opinion, should with no better ground work than sensational New York telegrams hint that a "bad day" was to come on the House of Brunswick. We who do not prate much about our loyalty, read the same telegrams as the rest, but believing what we did of the character of our sovereign, we utterly discredited the stories. On the 6th of April we wrote—

Some say Earl Granville will form a Government, but others name somebody else. Few say it will be Gladstone, though no one doubts that it would be the delight of that old man's lie to once more stand at the head of our great nation. It has been said the Queen would not consent to Gladstone forming a Government; that she dislikes the man; and this story some try to prove because at the marriage of the Duke of Connaught, Gladstone was ignored. The story is unworthy the greatest Democrat in England, and to speculate on it for a moment is to doubt the sterling qualities of the sovereign.

How true for Moore that  
"The friends who in our sunshine lived  
When winter comes have flown!"

Loyalty now-a-days is born of the lip, not of the heart: it belongs not to winter, but is a mere fine weather sentiment. So long as the Sovereign moves along in the groove, that we think the constitutional path, we admire and praise, and send up loyal paeans; but when the Sovereign's action clashes with our narrow notions of state right and wrong we denounce the wisdom of the Sovereign and make rebellious predictions! Is that it? Is the Queen good, noble, and all her admirers paint her only when she suits our fancy? Shame!

We have read paragraphs in the St. John paper to which we now refer, that, reading which, we fancied we saw the editor with bared head, and reverently on his knees. No sovereign name was half so pure or so bright as Victoria's: She was not only noble as a Queen but good as a woman. But this was when talk was cheap, when it did not jar on the editors' personal feelings to pen the lines.

Now, we regret it, a change has come: there has fallen a frost, a killing frost, over that spring of gushing loyalty. The Queen is no longer "Victoria the Good," but the base woman who to suit an unworthy whim, lays violent hands on constitutional precedent, sets herself against the nation who had loved her, and merits at no distant time some dread punishment at the hands of the people. Now we have never shown more than ordinary loyalty for Queen Victoria, but it would take stronger proof than the whole press of New York, to make us doubt her integrity or her justice. But the paper to which we refer, swallowed all the calumnies floating about, rebuked the Queen whom it a week before lauded to the skies, and on the strength of such evidence, as for the most trivial purposes, we have often known it to throw overboard, it hinted at the undermining of the throne, and muttered evil things about dark days for the House of Brunswick. "How art thou fallen from heaven, O Lucifer! son of the morning!"

**OUR CLAIMS BEFORE "OTTAWA."**

The claim of this Province for \$150,000 against the Dominion Government on account of Eastern Extension will come up in a few days before a board of arbitrators in Ottawa, and will be settled by appraisement. To represent the interests of New Brunswick, the Attorney General will leave here on Thursday or Friday next, and it is possible that some other legal member of the Government may accompany him. As to the question of the disposal of the sums of the Fishery Award, that matter having been settled by Parliament, even the Attorney General of New Brunswick would

appear ridiculous in trying to resurrect it. Meanwhile we are glad to know our Provincial Government are ready to be on the wing, to any scene of action where Provincial duty calls it. Last year our delegation got \$10,000 on Immigration by storming the capital, and also induced the Dominion Government to take the Tracadie Lazaretto off our hands. It is not unreasonable, therefore, for us to look to a satisfactory solution of the Eastern Extension claim.

**SIR LEONARD TILLEY.**

But in pointing out to our readers how much the Province is indebted to the persistent and well directed effort of our Local Government in the matter of these claims, we cannot ignore the part Sir Leonard Tilley has played. Our Local Government might make Ottawa being with solicitations outside the gate; but if New Brunswick had not a friend inside, their action would be powerless. In Sir Leonard our delegation found a sympathizing ally who eagerly joined hands with our own claimants, and need we doubt, put their case strongly before the Council of the country. In this connexion it gives some food for surprise that the St. John *Sun* should not have a word of thanks to Sir Leonard for his assistance. We can understand a party hack like the *Sun*, gagged by such an unscrupulous man as Mr. Killam, and prevented from doing justice to our Local Government—which is just as well without the support of such a paper—but why the *Sun* should ignore its friends; ignore Sir Leonard who infused into it the breath of life, for the sake of doing injustice to Mr. Killam's enemies, we are at a loss to comprehend.

**DISGRACEFUL.**

We hope none of our readers who sometimes perhaps, find fault with us, will at least accuse us of ever having said our present City Council was creditable to the city. We suppose outside of certain rings composed of men like Kearney, who is now in the House of Correction in San Francisco our Council is without parallel. Here are a few of the acts for which the Council has deserved to be tarred and feathered by an injured community:

- (1) For the past four months city cheques have been floating around the city, unnegotiable save at a great discount.
- (2) A certain usurer in the City Council, in whose interest perhaps this worthless currency has been floating around, has been "shaving" these cheques.
- (3) Several wretched, starving creatures, who were at the first not half paid, had to take these cheques and submit to a large discount before they could get anything for them.
- (4) There was no difficulty in procuring a loan to meet immediate demands.
- (5) The roads, where, under the City control, are impassable, and the public service generally is suffering.
- (6) There are three or four men at the Board, who would be a credit to the city, but that the Communists have the upper hand of them in numbers.

We have truly a disgraceful state of affairs.

THE CONTRACT has not yet been signed by Mr. Lawlor, and it would seem as if a few days more must elapse ere it will.

GLADSTONE has been called upon to form a Government.

**THOMPSON'S MILLS**  
—  
**NASHEWAAKSIS.**

THE Undersigned having for more than ten years painted for McFarlane, Douglas, has now put up a shop at the above place, and is prepared to Repair and Paint Carriages of every description at the shortest notice, good work, moderate charges.  
WALTER WILLIS,  
April 22, 1880.  
Carriage Painter

**LEASEHOLD**  
—  
**FOR SALE.**

THAT valuable Leasehold Property situate on corner of Phoenix Square and Campbell street, recently owned and occupied by Mr. J. G. Gill, will be sold by Public Auction, on the premises, on **THURSDAY NEXT**, the 29th inst., at 12 o'clock, noon; together with plans for remodeling and improving the Buildings. The purchase money, together with a large portion of the sum required for the improvements which will be advanced, if desired to the purchaser, to be paid in equal half-yearly instalments extending over a period of ten years, with interest at seven per cent. per annum. The security to be a mortgage and policy of insurance on the property and approved bond.  
The lease containing the usual covenant for renewal or improvements to be paid for, has ten years to run from the 1st of May. The ground rent is \$50.00 a year.  
The plans can be seen in the window of Mr. Chestnut's store, and additional information can be obtained at the subscriber's office and at the sale.  
Dated Fredericton, April 25th, 1880.  
GEO. A. FERLEY, Auctioneer. 2 ins

**TO RENT**  
—  
**3 ORGANS** to Rent at  
LEMON'S VARIETY STORE.  
F'ron, April 6, 1880.—1f

**Canadian Pacific Railway.**

**TENDERS FOR TANKS AND PUMPING MACHINERY.**

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to noon on SATURDAY, the 15th MAY next, for furnishing and erecting in place at the several watering stations along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway under construction, Frost-proof Tanks with Pumps and Pumping Power of either wind or steam, as may be found most suitable to the locality.  
Drawings can be seen and specifications and other particulars, obtained at the office of the Engineer in Chief, Ottawa, on and after the 15th April.  
By order,  
F. BRAUN,  
Secretary  
Dept. of Railways and Canals,  
Ottawa, 1st April, 1880.  
Fredericton, 7th April, 1880, law 15th

**WELLAND CANAL.**

**NOTICE TO MACHINIST-CONTRACTORS**

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned (Secretary of Railways and Canals) and endorsed "Tender for Lock Gates, Welland Canal," will be received at this office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western Mails on THURSDAY, the 5th day of JUNE next, for the construction of Gates, and the necessary machinery connected with them, for the new locks on the Welland Canal.  
Plans, Specifications and General Conditions can be seen at this office on and after THURSDAY, the 20th day of MAY next, where forms of tender can also be obtained.  
Parties tendering are expected to provide the special tools necessary for, and to have a practical knowledge of works of this class, and are requested to bear in mind that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures, the nature of the occupation and residence of each member of the same; and, further, an accepted bank cheque for a sum equal to the bulk sum of the contract—of which the sum of \$2500 for each lock, must accompany each tender, which sum shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.  
The cheque thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.  
For the due fulfilment of the contract the party or parties whose tender is proposed to accept subject to a deposit of five per cent. of the bulk sum of the contract—of which the sum of \$2500 for each lock, must accompany each tender, which sum shall be considered a part—to be deposited to the credit of the Receiver General within eight days after the date of the notice in the offer submitted.  
Ninety per cent. only of the progress estimates will be paid until the completion of the work.  
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.  
By Order,  
F. BRAUN,  
Secretary.  
Dept. of Rys. and Canals,  
Ottawa, March 29, 1880.  
Fredericton, 6th April, 1880.—law 1 June.

**WELLAND CANAL.**

**NOTICE TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.**

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned (Secretary of Railways and Canals) and endorsed "Tender for Bridges, Welland Canal," will be received at this office until the arrival of the Western Mails on THURSDAY, the 15th day of JUNE next, for the construction of swing and stationary bridges at various places on the line of the Welland Canal. Those for which tenders are to be a combination of iron and wood, and those for railway purposes are to be of iron.  
Plans, specifications and general conditions can be seen at this office on and after MONDAY, the 1st day of MAY next, where forms of tender can also be obtained.  
Parties tendering are expected to have a practical knowledge of works of this class, and are requested to bear in mind that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures, the nature of the occupation and residence of each member of the same; and, further, an accepted bank cheque for a sum equal to the bulk sum of the contract—of which the sum of \$2500 for each bridge, for which an offer is made, must accompany each tender, which sum shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.  
The cheque thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.  
For the due fulfilment of the contract the party or parties whose tender is proposed to accept subject to a deposit of five per cent. of the bulk sum of the contract—of which the sum of \$2500 for each bridge, must accompany each tender, which sum shall be considered a part—to be deposited to the credit of the Receiver General within eight days after the date of the notice in the offer submitted.  
Ninety per cent. only of the progress estimates will be paid until the completion of the work.  
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.  
By Order,  
F. BRAUN,  
Secretary.  
DEPT. OF RAILWAYS AND CANALS,  
Ottawa, 29th March, 1880.  
Fredericton, April 7, 1880.—law 1 June 15

**WELLAND CANAL.**

**TO LET.**

THE SHOP at present occupied by Mr. SAMUEL OWEN in the subscribers building, Queen Street. Possession given 1st of May. Apply to Mrs. E. W. MILLEH.  
F'ron Jan. 27, 1880.—1f

**SPRING**  
—  
**HATS!**

New York Styles  
—  
JUST OPENED.

Thos. Lucy,  
—  
SHARKEY'S BLOCK,

Next above the Barker House,  
Queen St. Fredericton.  
F'ron, April 15, 1879.

**CHEAP SALE**  
—  
**GUIOU'S**  
—  
**Variety Store!**

During the next THIRTY DAYS  
GOODS WILL BE SOLD  
—  
AT COST

FOR CASH to make room for Fall Stock. British and American Silver taken at the face for goods.  
WILMOT GUIOU  
Fredericton, Oct. 14th, 1879.—1f

**CIGARS & TOBACCO**  
—  
**THE BEST IN THE CITY.**

At GEO. H. DAVIS,  
—  
LAND FOR SALE  
—  
**YORK & SUNBURY.**

FOR Sale on reasonable terms several FARMS and LOTS of LAND in and near Fredericton. Also, a Valuable Farm near Fredericton Junction, Sunbury County, comprising a large quantity of Interoak. Apply to  
RAINFORD & BLACK,  
Carleton St., Fredericton  
Fredericton, Sept. 18, 1879.—

**BOARDING HOUSE.**

GEO. LEE, - - Proprietor.  
WESTMORLAND STREET.  
Permanent and Transient Boarders accommodated on reasonable Terms.  
Fredericton, Sept. 27, 1870.

**TO LET.**

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY.  
THE subscriber will let for a year or term of years, a nicely finished and situated Store 22x55 feet, at Gibson, formerly occupied as a grocery stand by W. R. Logan. The lessee will have a fine first proof cellar of the same size as the store. Enquire of  
P. A. LOGAN.  
Gibson, Feb. 12—1f

**TO LET.**

THE SHOP formerly occupied by Mr. Thomas Morris, in the building known as the "Albion Hotel." For further particulars enquire of  
T. M. SPAHN,  
Queen Street, Fredericton.  
Jan 15—8 ins.

**KARVER'S CATARRH REMEDY**

WITHOUT exception the best treatment in use for all diseases of the Throat and Head. Best testimonials given if required. Price \$2.00 a package. Sold only by  
LEMON & SONS,  
General Agents for Canada.  
Feb. 3, 1880.

**First Class**  
—  
**CUTTER**

LATELY ARRIVED  
FROM BOSTON.  
(A Thorough Artisan.)  
AT ESTABLISHMENT OF  
T. G. O'CONNOR.  
Fredericton, June 24. 1f

**Davis,**  
—  
**Staples,**  
—  
**& Co.**

DEALERS IN  
DRUGS, MEDICINES, TOILET  
ARTICLES, PERFUMERY,  
BRUSH COMBS, &c.

**CHOICE HAVANA CIGARS**  
—  
**TOBACCO.**

**MEERCHAUM & BRIAR PIPES**  
—  
FISHER'S CORNER, - - OPP. CITY HALL,  
Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

Physicians Prescriptions carefully compounded from pure drugs, and at all hours.  
F'ron, April 20, 1879.

**TO LET.**

THE SHOP at present occupied by Mr. SAMUEL OWEN in the subscribers building, Queen Street. Possession given 1st of May. Apply to Mrs. E. W. MILLEH.  
F'ron Jan. 27, 1880.—1f

**NEW**  
—  
**SPRING**  
—  
**HATS!**

New York Styles  
—  
JUST OPENED.

Thos. Lucy,  
—  
SHARKEY'S BLOCK,

Next above the Barker House,  
Queen St. Fredericton.  
F'ron, April 15, 1879.

**CHEAP SALE**  
—  
**GUIOU'S**  
—  
**Variety Store!**

During the next THIRTY DAYS  
GOODS WILL BE SOLD  
—  
AT COST

FOR CASH to make room for Fall Stock. British and American Silver taken at the face for goods.  
WILMOT GUIOU  
Fredericton, Oct. 14th, 1879.—1f

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LAND FOR SALE  
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FOR Sale on reasonable terms several FARMS and LOTS of LAND in and near Fredericton. Also, a Valuable Farm near Fredericton Junction, Sunbury County, comprising a large quantity of Interoak. Apply to  
RAINFORD & BLACK,  
Carleton St., Fredericton  
Fredericton, Sept. 18, 1879.—

**LADIES,**  
—  
**BUY THE BACK-SUPPORTING CORSET,**

Constructed so as  
to give support to the  
Back.  
—  
THOSE WHO HAVE  
WORN THEM RE-  
COMMEND THEM  
VERY HIGHLY.



For sale by  
**F. B. EDGECOMBE.**  
Fredericton, April 10, 1880.

**CLOSING BUSINESS!**

**CASH SALE**  
—  
**Silks, Velvets, Dress Goods, &c.**

The subscriber intends closing his Business in this City on the  
**First Day of May next.**  
Goods will be sold at prices that will insure a  
**COMPLETE CLEARANCE**  
of the whole stock by that date. Gentlemen who may require  
**CUSTOM CLOTHING**  
Made in the best manner have an opportunity  
**TO PROCURE THE SAME AT LOW PRICES**  
All who are owing the subscriber are requested to call and pay and all who hold accounts against me will please present the same for payment.

**P. McPEAKE.**

P. S.—Shop Furniture including Plate Glass Mirrors, Reflecting Mirrors and a very large Fire Proof safe will be sold at a Bargain.  
Fredericton, February 17, 1879.

**JANUARY 15, 1880.**

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS  
**A. A. MILLER & CO.,**  
Will Offer their whole Stock of  
**DRY GOODS AT BANKRUPT PRICES,**  
—FOR CASH ONLY.—  
Great Bargains may be Expected.  
Fredericton, January 15, 1880.

**New Christmas Goods.**

We have just received our new Holiday Goods. Everything Clean and Fresh. Personally selected within the last few days, and have now just opened:  
26 CASES  
Choice Books and Fancy Goods, TOTS OF ALL KINDS, In Wood, Tin and Rubber. All so some nice  
**The 'Boss' Place**  
—TO BUY—  
**CHRISTMA GOODS**  
—IS AT—  
McMurray & Fenety's

Nickel-Plated Ware, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Work Boxes, Writing Desks,  
And a Fine Assortment of WAX DOLL, which we have marked at prices never offered before in this city. Call and see them.  
Miscellaneous Books, Poems, Church and Catholic Prayer Books Wesley's Hymns, &c. Our stock of Stationery is now complete.  
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CARDS IN ENDLESS VARIETY.  
126 Pieces New Music just received.

**M'MURRAY & FENETY.**

P. S.—Our stock of School Books will be sold, in future as in the past, at the lowest prices.  
Fredericton, December 9, 1879.