

YEAR ended 30th June, 1885.

## REPRESENTATIVES.

Indian Department (1)—Col. Gilkison, *Chairman*.New England Co. (3)—Revs. R. Ashton, *Hon. Sec.*, D. J. Caswell, — (*Vacant*).

Six Nations' Council (3)—Chiefs M. Martin, John Hill, Josiah Hill.

No. of School Section.	Name of Teacher and Date of taking charge of School.	Teacher's Qualification.	Annual Salary.	Number on Register.	Average Attendance.	Percentage of Attendance.
			\$			
2	Miss F. Maracle, April, 1881...	*Mohawk Institute Certificate.	275	65	25·95	39·9
3	Miss S. Davis, Jan., 1884, for S. S. No. 9.	do ...	275	† (63) 44	(25·3) 22·33	(40·1) 50·7
5	Miss E. Goosie, Feb., 1884....	do ...	250	(50) 41	(24·1) 15·63	(48·2) 38·1
6	(Vacant.) .....	do ...	250	(32) 28	(12·3) 9·00	(39·7) 32·1
7	Miss E. Johnson, Aug., 1884..	do ...	250	(17) 53	(7·0) 16·18	(41·1) 30·5
8	Miss M. Davis, April, 1883....	do ...	250	(59) 30	(17·9) 11·15	(30·3) 37·1
9	Mr. C. Russell, Jan., 1884, for S. S. No. 5.	do ...	250	(31) 41	(12·0) 16·67	(38·7) 40·6
10	Mrs. A. Foster, Oct., 1884....	do ...	250	(48) 64	(18·6) 23·28	(38·7) 38·3
				(47)	(23·0)	(48·8)
1885	.....	.....	.....	366	140·19	28·2
(1884)	.....	.....	.....	(347)	(140·2)	(40·7)

\* Holders of this certificate must be Indians, not less than 17 years of age. They must have passed the examination for entrance into a High School, and have completed six months' special training as a teacher in the Mohawk Institution and Indian Normal School.

† The numbers written (63) are the corresponding figures for the year ending June, 1884.

## WIKWEMIKONG INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL,

WIKWEMIKONG, 21st August, 1885.

The Right Honorable

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa.

SIR,—In compliance with the request, as expressed in your letter of April last, I have the honor to offer the following report on the management, working and results of the industrial Indian schools at Wikwemikong.

The number of the pupils in the boarding houses has averaged 70, nearly equally divided between the two branches of the Institution. Their health has been generally good and their conduct satisfactory.

The principal trades heretofore introduced are the carpenter, blacksmith, waggon maker and shoemaker trades. The three first are under the management of a competent tradesman, formed by regular apprenticeship in one of the cities in Canada. The same young man who had learned the trade under the first master we had, has yet the charge of the shoemaker shop. He has three apprentices, whose work shows attention and progress.