

judges, in the year 1837, and decided on the 10th March, 1838 seven days having been occupied in the delivery of their Lordships' opinions." The Court first by a majority of eight to five, decided that the matter was within their jurisdiction; and then that the patron being validly presented, the Presbytery was bound to take the presentee on trial, consequently that in refusing, they had acted illegally, &c. &c.

Dissatisfied, "the defendants appealed to the House of Lords, by whom, on the 2d and 3rd of May, the judgment of the Court below was unanimously affirmed, with expressions of surprise that any difference of opinion could have occurred in the Inferior Court."

The Assembly would not, and did not retrace its steps, as it should have done, in conformity with the law of the land, but while the moderate party were inclined to submit, their views were overruled by large and turbulent majorities.

It is curious to notice the progress of these difficulties; it is impossible to say what will be the final result, but one would hazard but little in predicting that the ministers will find it hard in a collision with the State, to keep up the pillars of the Kirk, and we may expect soon to hear the mighty noise of its fall. That this law-produced creature, has acted untowardly, capriciously, and blindly, no unprejudiced observer can deny; and without a single pang of regret we contemplate its heaving throes, on seeing severed those strong bands of civil power, by which it has so long been kept in being. One thing is certain, that among the present agitators, there is too much fanaticism, and too little prudence or humility, to expect a remedy in the evils which threaten ruin to the Kirk, from a repentant recognition of the wisdom and justice of the State, and on the other hand, a perseverance in the present contest with the State, must inevitably lead to the prostration of the Kirk.—We may therefore soon be called upon to contemplate a mighty change in its fortunes and destinies. We may soon witness the scattered ruins of its downfall.—Its sceptre will pass away—its sources be dried up—its name become the property of history—and its remains among other broken monuments of human pride, serve no better purpose than to warn mankind of the truth, that "Pride goeth before destruction, and a haughty spirit before a fall."—*Cath. Adv.*

From *Wülmers Express*.

#### FOREIGN MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

We learn, from unquestionable authority, that the Oxford investigation has terminated in a complete vindication of Dr. Pusey, who produced out of St. Cyprian the *ipsissima verba* of the passage which Dr. Fausset had accused of heresy.—*Times*.

At Tiners will, immediately after the close of the parliamentary session, go to Spain, for the purpose of visiting Stragosa, and other places of note, in the struggle against Napoleon.

A letter from Perth, in the *Caledonian Mercury*, mentions that a serious affray had taken place between the military and the trade of Perth. Several of the soldiers are in

prison, and some of their opponents are stated to have been killed.

On Wednesday, according to the *Constitutionnel*, a large number of manufacturers and industrials of Paris met in order to confer upon the means of turning to account the Chinese market. The result was the formation of a *Societe Chino-Parisienne*.

It is stated in London, that the government intends to propose a vote of £50,000 to the Church of Scotland, to be distributed by the General Assembly.

The *Shipping Gazette*, in an article respecting free trade, makes the extraordinary assertion, that sawdust produced from mahogany has been used in the adulteration of coffee in this country to the extent of 300 tons.

**THE FACTORIES' EDUCATION BILL.**—The Wesleyan body have issued another circular, dated Saturday last, calling on all their congregations to petition against the Factories' Bill in its present (amended) shape.

Mr. Cobden intends to visit Chelmsford, when Sir John Tyrrell is to meet him, to argue the question of the Corn-laws before the assembled farmers.—*Essex Herald*.

#### IRISH ITEMS.

**THREAT OF O'CONNELL.**—It appears that the Liberator was so well pleased with the success that followed the absurd threatening of the Ministry, that he has taken to menacing himself. Having been ejected from the magistracy by the Chancellor, Sir Edward Sugden, he writes a letter to the son of that official and tells him for this attempt to gag public sentiment he shall impeach him in the Irish Parliament. This is a most striking and prophetic threat and opens to the Irish mind a prospect for the future as probable as it will be glorious.

At the Dublin Corn Exchange, on Monday, as a set off against the supersedeas issued by the Chancellor, ten barristers, headed by Sir Coleman O'Loughlin, son of the late Master of the Rolls, subscribed to the funds of the Repeal Association, and were by acclamation admitted as members. This bar-motion caused a great sensation.

All the Irish forts, castles, and battlements, have been inspected by a government engineer, and ordered to be repaired and placed in a state of perfect utility. Indeed, the preparations of government are such as would indicate that a civil war was not far distant.

**Signals of Distress.**—We (*Freeman*) have seen a letter from a gentleman moving in the first political circles, in which he confirms the accounts which the public journals in the Conservative interest had given us reason to suspect:—*London May 23*. Peel declares he will resign if not unconditionally supported by a large majority. The greatest dissension prevails in the cabinet. His own party has no confidence in him. All seems doubt, uncertainty, and divided council—in fact, complete bewilderment.

#### Great Demonstration in Cork.

The repeal affair in Cork was very brilliant. It is said that upwards of 500,000 persons congregated on this occasion. A cork paper says—

"The procession alone occupied exactly three hours and five minutes passing the Liberator's carriage, from the higher to the lower road, when tremendous cheers were given for the Liberator. When the procession passed, the Liberator's carriage immediately followed: the roads throughout were lined with horsemen, cars, and carriages; the field and heights were occupied by countless thousands, whose enthusiastic shouts rent the air, Liberator echoing them by cries of 'Repeal!' 'Old Ireland!'"

We copy the following address from the *Castlebar Telegraph* of the 22d. ult.:—

#### ADDRESS

TO THE REV. OLIVER KELLY, R. G. G. &c.

VERY DEAR AND REV. SIR,

WE, the Inhabitants of Castlebar, and its Vicinity, and other friends whose names are hereunto appended, having heard, with much regret, of your intention to take your departure from amongst us, beg to present to you this our affectionate and cordial Address, and to assure you of our most sincere esteem and regard.

We fully appreciate the feelings of filial piety and natural affection which impel you to take a long and fatiguing journey to the other side of the Atlantic, yet cannot but regret that this Town and Parish, the scene of your pious, exemplary, and efficient labors for the last four years, are about to be deprived of a continuance of them. To those who had the honor of your intimate acquaintance—who witnessed your zeal in the cause of Religion—your Christian Charity—your many social and moral virtues—your literary attainments, and your gentle and unassuming manners, a separation from you, unexpected as it is, must and will be poignantly painful.

Your hereditary title to the homage of our devoted respect and regard, independent of other considerations, would in itself sufficiently excite our regret at your departure. There is some solace, however—some mitigation of our sorrow—in the reflection, that, at no distant period, you may resume your missionary labors in your native diocese.

We request your acceptance of the accompanying compliment, as a trifling testimonial of the sincerity of our wishes towards you, and have to express our concern that the short notice we have had of your intention, prevents us from rendering it somewhat more commensurate with your merits and our respect and regard.

Unfeignedly wishing you health, happiness, and prosperity in this life, and a crown of everlasting glory in the next, we most affectionately bid you farewell.

John MacHaie	Patrick Harte
Ed. Blake M.P. Ballinacorney	James O'Malley
H. Blake, J. P., L. Col.	Lyons Carney
Frederick Cavendish	John A. Cavendish
Pitz'd. Higgins, J. P.	John Sheridan
John Brown, Lieut. Col.	John Dudgeon
Edward Dean J. P.	Thomas Walsh
Joseph Burke, J. P.	Henry Atkinson, M. D.
Dominic J. Burke, J. P.	James Foy
Henry O'Malley, J. P.	Thomas O'Dowda
M. MacDonell, J. P.	Martin Sheridan
Theobald Burke J. P.	John Thomas Egan
J. Burke, sub-sher. Mayo	William Hynes
Wm. Malley, H. C.	William Walsh
Mart. Blake Ballinacorney	Timothy Bratton
H. Brett, Co. Surveyor	Patrick M'Hugh
B. Burke, R. C. Dean,	Hugh M'Hugh
and P. P.	Patrick J. Rogers
Thos. Kiely, Professor,	Patrick M'Elin
St. Jarlath's, Tuam.	Thomas S. Foy
Richard Gibbons, P. P.	Thomas Brennan
Patk. Harley, R. C. C.	John Flynn
Jas. McManus, R. C. C.	J. Gibbons, Westport
Peter Cannon, P. P.	Henry Lynch
Paul M'Greal, P. P.	Martin Walsh
Thos. Costello, R. C. C.	Hugh Feeny
John Jennings, P. P.	William Lavelly
Ed. O'Malley, R. C. C.	Thomas Comber
Barth'w Adams, R. C. C.	John Hogan, L. R. P.
Thos. MacAffrey, P. P.	Thomas Cooley
Martin Browne, P. P.	Patrick M'Hugh
James Hughes, P. P.	Thomas Coffey
James Higgins, P. P.	John Cosgrave
Patrick Duffy, P. P.	Patrick Ruane
Patrick O'Grady, R. P.	Patrick Flynn
Thos. Hardiman, R. C. C.	Reomas Geraghty
Thos. O'Dowd, R. C. C.	Thomas Quinn
Peter Reynolds, R. C. C.	Patrick Forde
John Malley	William Jennings
Henry Murphy	Thaddeus Kerigan
Matthew Gibbons	Edward M'Hugh
Stephen Gibbons	Edward Forde
M. L. O'Donel, Solr	Phillip Forde
Patk. Ronayne, M. D.	Hugh Quinn
Charles O'Malley	Arthur Kelly
James Conry	Patrick Lee
John H. Doyle, Editor	Matthew Danich
Mayo Telegraph	John Dee
Redmond Carney	John Faulkner
W. Smith Malley, M.D.	Anthony Faughney
Richard A. Cavendish	William Russell
Stephen Bourke	Thomas Harn
Richard Keane	William Devine
Mark O'Malley Bourke	John Fergus

Peter Gaven,	John Burnett,
Patrick Gaven,	Laurence Gilden,
Joseph Carroll,	Henry Faul,
John Casey,	Henry Ferns,
John Walsh,	Thos. MacDermott, jun.
John Fallon,	Stephen Donnelly,
Patrick Harn,	Joseph Walsh,
Ambrose Murray,	Patrick M'Hale,
Patrick Kelly,	Joseph MacDermott,
Anthony Connor,	James Flannery,
Thomas O'Hara,	William Connor,
Michael Geraghty,	Martin Cleary,
John Carabine,	Patrick M'Loughlin,
John M'Hale,	Michael M'Hale,
Edward Murray,	John Bourke,
John Filbin,	Michael Sweeney,
John Huston,	Martin M'Tigue
Michael Donnelly,	Michael Cantou
Thomas MacDermott,	Edward Phillips
Patrick Hughes,	George Brannagan
Edward Ferns,	Thomas Heveran
Patrick Paul,	Hugh Horkan
Joseph Ormsby,	John Noon
James Kilroy,	William M'Loughlin
Mathew Flannery,	John Higgins
Thomas Blannery,	Michael Keary
Patrick Conner,	John Donnelly
John Morran,	James Ormsby
Patrick Keary,	John Bradley
James Donohoe,	John Walsh
Thomas Moraghan,	Thomas Collins
John Cunningham,	Neal Gallagher
John Fitzmaurice,	

#### ANSWER.

**MR. LORD AND GENTLEMEN.**—Unconscious of any qualities of mine which could recommend me to that generous consideration manifested in your affectionate address and handsome accompanying gift, I feel great difficulty indeed to express my overwhelming sentiments of gratitude in the language which my heart dictates.

Gifts, quoth an old Italian proverb, are always sweet, but far sweeter when they come unexpectedly—these are my adopted sentiments; and if surprise serve to give a zest to benevolence conferred, what feelings of thankfulness must swell the bosom of one so worthless as myself on the receipt of a compliment as vast as it was unexpected—as unmerited as it is valuable.

From the illustrious name that heads your list (who, from the eminence of his exalted position never refused to regard the humblest of his subjects with condescending and paternal kindness), to that which closes the respected and benevolent catalogue, I read the names of men the proudest would be proud to be noticed by; and whatever my future destiny may be, shall ever be preserved to remind me of having been once so honored.

If considerations, both natural and urgent, did not require it, and a thorough consciousness that the place I occupied will be worthily and zealously filled up, I should never have entertained the idea of a separation from so many inestimable friends as it was my happiness and privilege to have moved among in Castlebar: and, although the determination is on my part voluntary, believe me it is not unaccompanied with the most poignant and lasting regret.

You will pardon my egotism when I express my pride at your allusion to the hereditary title I have to your consideration, and that there existed a relative whose memory is still cherished in the minds of those who witnessed his zeal and labours in the cause of religion.—Should it please Providence that I would avail myself of the privilege which the kindness of his successor has accorded to me, may it be my gratification to find you all in the enjoyment of health, prosperity, and happiness.

I have the honor to be, my Lord and Gentlemen, your grateful and obedient servant,  
**OLIVER KELLY.**

#### PAYMENTS RECEIVED.

*Wellington Square*—Mr O'Neil, 7s6d.  
*Oshawa*—B. Farrell, 7s6d.  
*Toronto*—Hon. Robert Baldwin, Hon. John Elmsley, and Col. Baldwin, each 15s. and Major Swinburn, 7s6d.  
*Otterville*—Mr McElhone, 7s6d June 1.  
*Montreal*—Mr McDonnell for Rev Mr Jermain, Miss Berthelot, and Mr J. Kelly, each 15s; Dr Berthelot, 10s. and Mr Ward, 7s6d.  
*Niagara*—Rev E. Gordon, 7s-6d, and for Col. McDougall, 7s6d.  
Rev J Cassidy, 7s 6d  
*St. Catharines*—Rev. Wm. Patk. McDonagh, 7s 6d; for books, 5s; and for Messrs Quinn and Sharpe, 7s6d