E. T. MUTUAL REALTY CO.

The Eastern Townships Mutual Realty Company, with headquarters at Sherbrooke, P. Q., is another scheme locally launched with the avowed object of beating the high cost of living by cutting down your rent.

This company is incorporated under the laws of Quebec with a peculiar charter. Its purpose is to advance money for real estate upon a co-operative plan. No interest is paid or received on loans advanced. The scheme is as follows.

The members pay $2 per month into the central fund with 30 cents administration charges added. The members are entered upon a numbered roll according to the date of their entry into the company. As soon as a thousand dollars is in the treasury, it is advanced to the member who is next on the roll. Thereafter he pays $6 per month into the treasury with an administration charge of 90 cents per month until the loan is repaid. The money advanced is secured by mortgage upon the property purchased.

In this matter an attempt is being made to beat the interest game. Co-operative pooling of small sums will be used for the mutual benefit of the members. At present there are 1066 shares taken and the number is rapidly increasing.

This scheme has appeared good in the eyes of those who pay interest. A landlord in a Quebec town was among the first on the roll. He got a thousand dollars, improved his property with it, and raised his rent $12 per month. Of this $12, $6.90 goes to pay off the loan. He at once saw the benefit of the scheme, and entered himself for four future loans of $1,000 each.

The Catholic church at Richford, Vermont, is paying $2,500 per year interest on a debt of $50,000. The scheme was explained to the priest, and he entered his church for fifty future loans of $1,000 each. He expects in a year or two to be getting $50,000 advanced to his church and pay no interest on it.

The capitalist system is so arranged that the wage worker is in its clutch and cannot escape. If means are devised which are alleged to be in his favor, the capitalist class will take advantage of those schemes for its own benefit.

The only way of escape lies in the overthrow of the system.

THE SPIRIT OF REVOLT

In Denver, Colo., the Industrial Workers of the World are engaged in a free speech fight. The I.W.W. does not stand for political action. It is fighting with the weapons of direct action. However much we may disagree with some of their tactics, they are certainly of rebellious spirit.

In Canada many wage workers look up with respect to our capitalist courts. These courts are simply part of the machinery used by the capitalist class to protect robbery. To show how the I.W.W. members treat the courts of Colorado, the following, clipped from the Industrial Worker of Spokabe, is illuminating.

• • •

The boys in Denver have been returning to jail as soon as released, thus keeping up the fight until reinforcements arrive. Those who have fought so far are of many nationalities, and so show clearly the solidifying power of the One Big Union.

The actions of the arrested men is also indicative of their spirit. The Red Flag is constantly being sung in the patrol wagon, within the walls of the jail and on the way to court.

At first it was impossible to secure jury trials, but the police courts are now refusing the cases. A few illustrations will show the reason:

On the first morniog of the fight eight men were taken to Judge Stapleton's court. The crowd in the court room cheered the I.W.W.

James White was first called to the stand.

"How long have you been in town?" asked the judge.

"None of your business," was the reply.

Cheering in court room lasted ten minutes, and the judge was forced to temporarily suspend proceedings.

Next was fellow worker Rice.

"Are you guilty or not guilty?" asked Stapleton.

"Guilty or not, I can't expect justice in this rotten court," came back the answer.

Rice was ordered out of court, but the rest of the prisoners got up to go with him, so the judge countermanded the order and addressed the prisoners: "Gentlemen, if you will treat me as a gentleman, I will treat you as such." To which the prisoners replied, "To h—l with your gentlemanly like court. We know what it is."

White was fined $100 and Rice $120 with costs, the other cases being postponed until the following day. Ridicule of the court followed as before.

Dave Inger was brought up a few days later, with three other prisoners. The court room was ordered cleared before the trial. Inger rose and asked the crowd to stay, but without effect. Inger's wife alone remained. A bull tried to move her. Inger rose again and asked her to remain. The judge then ordered the bull to allow Mrs. Inger to remain. When order was maintained the judge was surrounded by a guard of policemen (probably in fear of little Mrs. Inger) and the question was asked: "Are you guilty or not guilty?"

"Guilty of what?" asked Inger.

"Of speaking on the street," said the court.

"If there is anybody guilty, it is you and your Praetorian guard."

The court then asked Inger if that was all he had to say, and received the reply:

"What I have to say, Judge Stapleton, is that the time is near when you and your kind will appear before a proletarian court to answer for all your dirty work. I would rather be tried before a bunch of cannibals than in this petty, kangaroo court."

"Is that all you have to say?" asked Stapleton.

"That is all to anyone as stupid as yourself," was the answer.

"Eighty dollars for contempt of court," said the judge.

"A million would more nearly express it," was the rejoiner.

As a result of the disrespect to the kangaroo court, Judge Stapleton refused to have any more I.W.W. cases appear before him, and all the rest were sent to the county court, where they are to receive jury trials.

The police force have not been paid for more than two months, and, in spite of an unenviable reputation, the Denver police go about their work only half-heartedly while their pay is withheld.

In order to start this fight on the I.W.W. that tool of the interests, Mayor Arnold, discharged Police Commissioner Creel, who belives in free speech so long as no acts of violence were advocated. With Creel discharged, the battle began, and the employment sharks and army recruiting officers both are backing the attempt to throttle the I.W.W.

A contractor in Ontario did a good little business among the farmers building barns and other buildings, and was making a comfortable living. He had a little squad of men, and they always had plenty of work to do. This man had the capitalist instinct, and swore by the system and all that it represented. "Why," he said, in an argument with a Socialist, "the competitive system is what makes the world. Take away competition, and you take away all incentive to perform any useful labor. We will all soon be like the Southern negro—content to lie under a tree and sleep the whole day." The Socialist dropped the argument, realizing the contractor was one of the "hard-heads," and would get his sooner or later. It came all right. A man appeared in the district with a small portable machine which sawed the barn timbers to the proper length, cut out mortises and shaped tennents and did the boring with the help of only a couple of men, where a dozen used to be employed, and did the job in less time. The old contractor fumed and fussed, but soon had to accept the inevitable and ask the new man for a job running the machine at a common wage. He and his old Socialist friend are now firmer friends than ever, and he is beginning to see the evils of the competitive system.

THE QUEST OF THE SOUL

The unsatisfied quest of the soul is the secret and the sorrow of history; it is also its joy and romance. Man wants breathing room that he has never had. Occasional windows have been raised, with vistas of far and fair countries, and breaths of brave mornings. Doors have opened into green gardens, full of the soul's song and laughter. A man, now and then, or a group of men, has gone out into the great open spaces, far beyond the familiar heath, beyond the soul's ancestral hearthstones; has stood upon the high hills, among the sweet winds, stripped of fetters and fears. But these are momentary phases of the race's spiritual progress. The pioneers have been done to death, or have perished desolately. The peoples who hailed the vaster faith, the fraught adventure, have been driven back into the hard walls and narrow chambers. The windows were shut down, the doors closed and barred. Afraid of the far quest, of the wind and the sun and the rain, of the high hills and the soul's fresh pastures, of the utter truth, of the possible face of God, the people have returned to the folds of their masters; to the taper-lit temples, to the incense-laden air, to the soul's polluting indolence and servitude. Then are the temples as burrows wherein the souls of men are hunted rabbits. And thus the real discoverers of truth, the real redeemers and revealers, have ever come as revolutionists, denouncing the temples, and declaring that God dwelleth in the fellowships of men, in sunrise and field-flowers and little children.—George D. Herron in the April Metropolitan.

Let every sub hustler get busy figuring out how he can help double the sub list for his province.

If you've any Sub Cards about the house, start them Cottonwards.

This Wife and Mother

Wishes to tell you FREE How She Stopped Her Husband's Drinking

By all Means Write to Her and Learn how She did it.

For over 20 years James Anderson of 431 Kingsley Avenue, Hillburn, N. Y., U.S.A., was a very hard drinker. His case seemed a hopeless one, but ten years ago his wife in their own little home, gave him a simple remedy which much to her delight stopped his drinking entirely.

To make sure that the remedy was responsible for this happy result she also tried it on her brother and several of her neighbors. It was successful in every case. None of them has touched a drop of intoxicating liquor since.

She now wishes everyone who has drunkenness in their homes to try this simple remedy for she feels sure that it will do as much for others as it has for her. It can be given secretly if desired, and without cost she will gladly and willingly tell you what it is. All you have to do is write her a letter asking her how she cured her husband of drinking and she will reply by return mail in a sealed envelope. As she has nothing to sell do not send her money. Simply send a letter with all confidence to Mrs. Margaret Anderson at the address given above, taking care to write your name and full address plainly. *(We earnestly advise every one of our readers who wishes to cure a dear one of drunkenness to write to this lady today. Her offer is a sincere one.)*

State Ownership Not Socialism

State ownership is not Socialism.

State ownership can go very well with capitalism.

In Japan the state has given extensive subsidies to the mercantile marine, resulting in part ownership by the state.

The State manufactures iron, wool, cigarettes. It monopolizes salt and camphor. It is being urged to manufacture porcelain, to undertake the culture of silk worms.

In Japan the workers are oppressed beyond measure. The capitalists control the government and all the benefits of state ownership flow to them.

In India the government owns land and rents it directly to the cultivators. The state absorbs the rent that otherwise would go to the landlords. Yet under the state ownership of land the Indians starve, are evicted, and have a foreign army keeping them in their misery. The capitalists control the government, and state ownership benefits them alone.

In Nova Scotia the state owns the coal mines. The capitalists control the state, hence the benefits of this state ownership flow to them. The government leases the coal areas to private operators for a rental. Coal miners are employed and robbed of their surplus labor power. The state takes part of this robbery in the shape of rental and with this part the repressive powers of the state are maintained to keep the wage workers from revolting against their exploitation. The part of the robbery that goes to the provincial government benefits the capitalists alone.

In Prussia the state owns and operates coal mines, railways and many other industries. Much profit accrues to the state through the exploitation of the slave workers. This profit is used to pay Prussia's share of the huge army and navy, to pay interest on the public debt, and in other ways not beneficial to the working class. The capitalist class control the government, and state ownership benefits the capitalist class alone.

In Canada the Intercolonial Railway is owned and operated by the government. Rates on this road are very cheap. Coal is carried for a very low price. In this way the capitalist class get the benefit of cheap coal for their industries and cheap heating for their slaves so wages may be low. Were the Intercolonial privately owned the owners would charge higher rates, and take millions a year in dividends. These dividends are eliminated, not to the benefit of the producing class, but to the benefit of remaining sections of the capitalist class.

It will be only when the revolutionary working class seize the political power that state ownership will redound to the benefit of the working class, but then state ownership will be of purely secondary interest, as the powers of the state will be used to put the collective working class into possession of the means of production and distribution, whether those means be owned by the state or by private groups of exploiting capitalists.

Huge Dominion Revenue

The newspapers of Canada are gloating over the huge revenue that is flowing in upon the Dominion government. The ordinary revenue of the Dominion government for 1911-1912 was $132,745,384. In 1912-1913 the revenue was $165,258,137. The principal sources of revenue were the following:

	1911-12.	1912-13.
Customs	$85,807,137	$112,533,528
Excise	19,038,563	21,276,863
Post Office	9,854,405	11,421,152
Public Works, including Railways and Canals	11,524,765	13,562,650

The capitalist class are rejoicing at this big revenue, and they are devising ways and means of getting rid of it to their own benefit.

Agriculture is coming to the front as a capitalist industry (vide Comrade Smith's article in this issue) so the government, which is nothing but the executive committee of the capitalist class, has decided to spend ten millions of dollars upon agriculture through the establishment of experimental farms and the like.

The capitalist class cannot make their profits unless their commodities are distributed and sold. The circulation of commodities is an important part of the capitalist system. Hence the means of distribution are being perfected. Ten millions of dollars are being set aside by the Dominion government to help build good roads. Moreover fifteen more millions will probably be granted to the Canadian Northern crowd as a free gift.

The cost of living has been soaring. Wheat is the principal foodstuff of the wage slaves. The rising cost of living is hitting the capitalists by causing wages to rise. To combat this for the capitalists and to assist in the circulation of commodities, the government will use part of the revenue in establishing terminal elevators, to be operated without profit for the benefit of the whole capitalist class.

A powerful group of capitalists are interested in the building of war ships, the furnishing of armaments, and so on. To pacify this group and to show the whole master class that "our" government is willing to go the limit in wanton waste of the products of slave labor, the government is proposing to spend thirty-five million dollars upon warships.

The wage worker or the working farmer upon a small farm who thinks the government of Canada is "our" government is right and wrong at the same time. The government is "our" government in that it governs us. It is "our" government in the same sense that the slave owner was "our massy" from the viewpoint of the slave.

The dominion government is not "our" government in the sense that we participate in any of the benefits arising from its government or from the revenues it receives. Parliament, being under the control of the capitalist class, uses its powers and its revenues for the benefit of that class alone.

Because Lord Strathcona receives eight or ten million dollars a year income is no cause of rejoicing for the working class. When the net earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company jump six or eight million dollars a year, the workers on that road do not throw up their hats and cheer and talk about "our" big net income.

Why, then, should any producer feel glad or proud when the income of the Dominion government jumps thirty million dollars in one year? To get any of that income the producers will have to work in their usual slave manner. If the C. N. R. crowd get their fifteen million dollars, the slaves will only be able to get part of it by working in the construction camps, sleeping in lousy bunks, eating poor food, paying for doctors whom they never see, and all for $2 or $3 per day, the most of which will go back to their bosses at once in payment for the punk board and punker bunks.

If the government builds the roads, the slaves will be down in the muck building roads, and when they get through building they will have nothing of their own while their masters will have better roads to whizz along on in their automobiles.

These conditions will continue until a united slave class seize the reins of political power and use that political power to expropriate the master class.

World Wide Notes

In Germany a pamphlet entitled "War upon the jingoes! Down with the army bill!" is being circulated by the million.

The massacres of Mohammedans by Christians in the Balkan area has been rivalling the massacres carried out by the Mohammedans against the Christians in the past.

According to a newspaper item, the counting of the votes of the province of Beunos Aires, Argentina, has virtually been finished. One Socialist Senator, two Socialist Deputies and one Radical Deputy have been elected.

Recently a suffragette talked with King George over the phone. The King has a private call known to very few persons. Only those who know this signal can get in touch with him. Some suffragette sympathizer high up made the call known to the militant section.

At a recent municipal election in Copenhagen, Denmark, the Socialists polled 55,164 votes and obtained 27 seats; the Liberals, 43,725 votes (22 seats); the Radicals, 10,000 (5 seats). In the provinces, too, our party was very successful, several towns having a Socialist majority on the Council.

At Stuttgart, Germany, the "Patriotic" Young Germans' League secured a big hall for a public demonstration. The proletarian youth organized a counter demonstration. The proletarians filled two halls holding 3,000 each, and two overflow meetings were held. The proletarian demonstration completely overshadowed the patriotic one.

The Prussian state elections will shortly be held, and the Socialists are fighting hard for an increased vote. The electoral law dates from 1849. The population is divided into three classes according to their possessions, and each class elects an equal number of members to the Prussian landtag. In 1908 the Socialists polled 600,000 votes and elected six deputies. The Free Conservatives polled 64,000 votes and elected 60 deputies.

The capitalist papers of Canada have been giving much space to the war spirit of France, but have said nothing of the protests against the increased military burdens. On March 16th a great protest meeting was held in Pre-Saint-Gervais Park, France, under the direction of the Federated Labor Unions of that city. Two hundred and fifty thousand people crowded the park. Eleven speakers' stands were kept occupied, the speakers being changed every fifteen minutes. The temper of Paris is echoed throughout the provinces, and even the masters predict that if the three-year military law is passed in the face of the protests it will lead to serious disturbances.

In spite of all the newspaper talk about the suffragettes injuring their cause, woman suffrage is nearer to being realized in Britain than ever before. When women commit arson, destroy property, and get liberated almost immediately from jail, this circumstance shows that the British rulers dare not imprison the women for their full sentence. The temper of the British voters are turning towards votes for women.

Lord Northcliffe, speaking of an interview he had with J. P. Morgan, declared that the financier feared the Socialists. "He had, I thought," says Northcliffe, "an exaggerated fear of the Socialists, but those shrewd gray glittering eyes had seen more than mine, and he may have been right."

At the recent conference of the French Socialist party held at Brest the secretary of the party, Dubreuihl, reported that during the year the number of dues-paying members had increased from 63,657 to 68,963—a gain of 5,246, the largest gain since the electoral year of 1906 when the increase amounted to 9,930 members. The Department of the Nord remains the strongest, having 12,325 members, an increase of 795. The municipal elections fell within the year covered by the report. Some losses were more than compensated for by victories in very important cities (for instances, the reconquest of Toulouse, Brest and Roubaix). The party now has a majority of 294 communities—formerly it was only 197. The Socialists have a minority representation in 400 municipal councils, and the number of Socialist Municipal Councillors in France exceeds 3,000. There are 297 Socialist Mayors.

The Russian government recently proclaimed an amnesty for political prisoners, but the amnesty is a joker. Not only those prisoners convicted of membership of the Polish Socialist party are excluded from the amnesty, but also those convicted of membership of other revolutionary organizations (paragraphs 101, 102, and 126 of the Penal Code). Thus the Social-Democratic members of the Second Duma will receive no reduction of their sentences, and the same applies, with very few exceptions, to the Armenian organization "Daschnazutium." As to the exiled writers, the best Russian lawyers have difficulty in making out from the complicated ukase whether behind the amnesty is not a trap into which they will fall directly they cross the Russian frontier. The Berliner Tagblatt states that Maxim Gorki declines to profit by the benefit of the amnesty, preferring to remain in Italy.

If one worker rises and breaks a few of his chains, he is not free. The weight of the chains on the other slaves will draw him back. When the workers rise together in a body every chain will snap, and they will stand as one united whole, impregnable, indestructible.

Pass along your copy after reading.

Socialism stands for world-wide patriotism.

White slavery is simply a chip off the old block of capitalism.

Why not live in the world's empire hailing the people of all nations as brothers?

A woman should have a right to vote to better her working and living conditions.

The women who are living in the slums should have a vote to do away with a system that makes slums and mansions.

How much of the Canadian workers' wealth did "Divine Right" Baer take unto himself during the past winter in coal profits?

The women who are practically forced into prostitution to get bread to eat are entitled to a vote to change the system that robs them of their virtue.

The workers of the world are cementing together the workers of all nations, and will then bring about universal peace. "United we stand, divided we fall."

A Port Arthur, Ont., comrade suggests that the text, "Now Barabbas was a robber" would have been a fitting one for the funeral sermon of J. P. Morgan.

The Ontario Workmen's Compensation bill is again being postponed, and a committee of investigation will go round getting evidence as to what compensation the workers should have. Sir James is a man that the capitalist class like as a premier.

The reason for not giving women in England the ballot is very clear to Socialists, as the majority of the women in the old land are of the working class, and if they were allowed to vote it would give the labor party double its present strength and it is already too strong to please the plutocrats.

Jesus Christ died on the cross because he went about stirring up the lower classes. It was an easy thing for the plutocracy in Christ's day to crucify one man, but it is an impossibility for the plutocracy of today to put an end to the millions of Socialists scattered all around the globe.

Some women marry a man because he is getting a good income, and thus they can buy good clothes. But they forget the wise saying, "What is home without love?—hell. Under Socialism women would all get a comfortable living and would be independent of man, and would marry for love alone. Marrying merely to get a living is the great cause of divorces, separation, murders, etc.

The steel trust is thrusting its ugly beak into Canada, and looking for sites to erect slave pens. Newspapers are gurgling about the wealth these people will bring into the country and the work these people will create. Yes, they will create the work all right. But will they do any of it? Nix. They will run their plants twelve hours a day seven days a week, and pay the workers the lowest possible wages; then they will meet every once in a while and divide up the stolen wealth. They have to. That is the way of the steel trust and every other trust under the capitalist system.

Sam Hughes is determined to establish an armory in Fernie, B.C. According to the Winnipeg Free Press, he tried to jam the drill hall through in spite of the protests of Col. Wadmore, the district officer commanding, and the information given him by Capt. G. G. Moffatt that the Kootenay Rifles had been disbanded. At present the drill hall scheme has been temporarily postponed because the appropriation for it was $22,000, and the contractors, wanting a nice wad of profit, demanded $38,000. The reason for the drill hall being placed in Fernie is because Fernie is a mining centre, and the miners have been reading Socialist literature with avidity.

The Socialist deputy Liebknecht, speaking in the German Reichstag, exposed the source of the Franco-German war scare. The Deutsche Munitionfabrik and the Krupps had bribed French newspapers to publish exaggerated accounts of the armaments being ordered by France so as to induce the German military authorities to give larger orders. They maintained agents to fan the flame of international hostility. The Secretary of War, Von Hoeringen, admitted the charges, but said they were not as bad as represented. International war scares have come to be a matter of dollars and cents and are engineered for the sake of unearned revenues. "Patriotism" is now in leading strings to the munition makers.

Perhaps you are interested in Cotton's and would like to take a share of stock. You can get one, and a very handsome certificate, for $10.00. If you do not wish to pay cash down, send $2.50 and pay the balance in three equal monthly payments. Let's hear from you.

ANOTHER LOSS

Again Cotton's Weekly reports another loss of circulation.

I expected that this week the sub list would show an increase. There were so few offs. Yet the comrades sent in less subs than the offs. They managed to clims below the five hundred mark.

Quebec with forty off manages to send in four subs.

New Brunswick, where the slave drivers are picking the bones of the working class, managed to send in two.

British Columbia managed to turn in less than a third of the offs.

Manitoba, with the agitation battery turned that way, managed to send in less than the offs.

Ontario, the original home of the S. D. P., for which Cotton's is the organ, manages to gather up a small list which, if not increased, means that the sub list of that province will go under the 7,500 mark.

A couple of weeks ago Comrade Webb published a statement showing how well Cotton's was doing. You were hustling then. As soon as you saw that statement, the majority of you got off the firing line.

Now, comrades, Cotton's is by no means out of the woods. We cannot lay back and rest a moment. You have got to be hustling continually.

When I started a twenty-five cent paper, I knew it would mean hustle. But I wanted to see Socialism spread, and I knew you wanted to see Socialism spread.

To run a twenty-five cent paper is a problem that the other publishers of Canada cannot solve. They do not see how we do it. They do not know the ardor and enthusiasm of our readers. They do not know the sacrificing spirit of slaves who long to be free.

That spirit which founded Cotton's, that spirit which has kept it alive in the past in spite of the dark clouds which surrounded it, still lives in its readers. I call upon that spirit in you, comrades, to furnish the paper with subscribers.

You have rolled in the subs before. You can do it again. If I could only touch just the outer circle of your heart, of your love for Socialism, I know you would be so active that you would overwhelm me with subs. Cannot I touch your heart, not for my sake, but for the sake of the movement we all love so well?

CIRCULATION STATEMENT.
Week of April 24, 1913.

	Off.	On.	Total.
Ontario	149	195	9,362
Saskatchewan	63	36	5,145
British Columbia	104	30	4,348
Alberta	66	100	3,398
Nova Scotia	29	7	1,651
Manitoba	35	31	1,416
Province Quebec	41	4	1,303
Foreign	12	16	499
New Brunswick	17	2	464
Yukon Territory	19	1	317
Newfoundland	1	0	264
Prince Edward Island	1	0	50
	547	413	28,189

Loss for week—134.
Total issue last week—81,000.

It is a miserable system that gives one man the power to take away the jobs of a thousand workers and force them and their families into starvation and despair. That system is the one which a majority of Canadians at present think is all to the good.

In the prize ring fake fighters are severely punished, and debarred from entering further contests. Borden and Laurier are pulling off fake fights before the Canadian public, and get away with it, too. But there are no Queensberry rules governing our political scrappers.

SOCIALIST DIRECTORY

DOMINION Executive Committee, Social Democratic Party of Canada, meets every first and third Monday at 65 King St. East. H. Martin, secretary, 61 Weber Street East, Berlin, Ont.—255.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., Local No. 4, S.D.P. of C. Meets first and third Sundays, 1 p.m., at Com. Goodmurphy's, South Westminster. P.O. Box 158. E. A. Brown, Sec'y., 401 Royal Ave.—236.

NANAIMO Local No. 11, S.D.P. of C. English. Business meeting held on Sunday afternoons, 3 o'clock, above Beattie & Hopkins, Printers, Wharf St. Propaganda meetings all time in open air. R. Temple, Rec. Sec., Box 656, Nanaimo, B. C.—256.

BRITISH Columbia Executive S.D.P. of C., meets in Nanaimo, (Wharf Street) above Beattie & Hopkins. Regular meeting first Sunday in month at 12.30 noon. Routine business third Sunday in month at 3 o'clock. A. Jordan, Prov. Sec. Box 410, Nanaimo, B.C.—250.

LOCAL VANCOUVER No. 12, meets for business and propaganda every Tuesday 8 p.m., Dominion Hall, Pender St. Public meetings, Dominion Theatre, Granville St., Sunday evenings. Secretary, O. L. Charlton, City Market, Main St.—235.

BERLIN Local, No. 4, S. D. P. of C., meets every second and fourth Wednesday, 65 King St. East. Chas. Nicholson, Sec., 115 Benton St., Berlin, Ont.—243.

PORT ARTHUR Local S.D.P. meets in Labor Temple, Bay Street, 2nd & 4th Thursdays 8 p.m. for business, and 1st and 3rd Thursdays to discuss matters of interest to every worker. Workers unite and run Port Arthur for the benefit of the workers. Herbert Barker, Sec.—239.

SOUTH PORCUPINE Local No. 82, S. D. P. of C., holds business and propaganda meetings every Sunday at 3 p.m. in Miners' Union Hall, South Porcupine. F. Dogue, Sec. Box 521.—242.

TORONTO Local No. 1, S.D.P. Business meeting first and third Tuesday in month, Labor Temple, 167 Church St., 8 p.m. Second floor. Attend the lectures at the Cosmopolitan Theatre, 280 Yonge St., corner Edward, Sundays at 7.30 p.m. P. C. Young, Sec. 724 Pape Ave.—257.

ECZEMA

CAN BE CURED

I Will Prove It to You Free

J. C. Hutzell, R. P.

You who are suffering the tortures of Eczema, Itch, Salt Rheum or other skin diseases—you whose days are miserable, whose nights are made sleepless by the terrible itching, burning pains, let me send you a trial of a soothing, healing treatment which has cured hundreds, which I believe will cure you. I will send it free, postage paid, without any obligation on your part. Just fill the coupon below and mail it to me, or write me, giving your name, age and address. I will send the treatment free of cost to you.

CUT AND MAIL TO DAY

J. C. HUTZELL, 315 West Main St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

Please send without cost or obligation to me your Free Proof Treatment.

Name.....Age.....

Post Office.....

Province.....Street and No.....