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Business Suitsings

Special for Wednesday and Thursday

We have been very fortunate in receiving from our British Buying Office a case of very special quality Scotch Tweed Business Suitsings in about a dozen of the neatest and quietest patterns—bought at a very special price. We have listed them in with the Estate Sale. Woolens as an extra offering for these two days. Regular \$35.00 values at the attractive price of

# 29.75

As values are going to-day in the woolen markets of the world these suitsings at this price is one of the season's best buys—our name is your guarantee for the highest class tailoring.

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Tailors and Haberdashers  
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### CANADIAN WOUNDED

Canadian Associated Press Cable.  
London, Oct. 30.—The following Canadian wounded are reported:  
At Etaples—Lt. Col. T. E. Perrett, removed from dangerous list, head; Lt. J. M. Taylor, Alberta, in foot, slight.  
At Boulogne—Lt. R. H. Elliott, Saskatchewan, leg severe.  
At Cambrai—Capt. E. O. Martin, lung and shoulder, severe.  
In London—Lt. G. W. Hurley, New Brunswick, leg and foot.  
Discharged from London—Captain H. H. Abbott, Columbia, arm and hand.

## WAR SUMMARY

### THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

THE Canadians, according to latest reports last night from the Belgian front, were victoriously advancing up the slopes of Pasmehende Ridge and upon the Village of Pasmehende. Their right wing, after a brief check, forced its way up the slopes before it and captured Crest Farm, at the summit. This farm is a cluster of buildings converted into a rubbish heap and with concealed batteries of machine guns. Their left wing, moving steadily forward, engaged the Germans in the direction of Pasmehende Village and captured Metchele. This village is the last stronghold of the Germans before Pasmehende.

The official bulletin from British general headquarters reports the Canadians to be right in the outskirts of Pasmehende. On the British left, naval and London territorial divisions, the impeded by bad marching conditions underfoot, captured fortified farms and other strong places. The British troops had limited objectives allotted to them as their goals and they attained them all in their advance. The enemy asserted that the Canadians had captured Pasmehende, but that the Germans drove them out in a counter-attack. This is probably another Langemarck fiction. The enemy is probably adopting this manner of preparing the German people for the loss of Pasmehende. The professing to rejoice over the German success in Italy, the informed press on military affairs in the German press plainly betray their anxiety over the steady British advance. These persons know, as well as anybody, the significance of losing the last ridges of western Belgium. Whenever the British hold all of these, their long-distance guns can fire at and hit everything moving in the flat lands clear up to the Dutch frontier.

The British airplane service is keeping up its new policy of long distance reprisal raids in the form of attacks against German factories and blast furnaces in the valley of the Saar virtually every day. Twelve British flying machines carried out the latest attack, making Firmsens, 20 miles beyond Saarbrücken, their target. Their bombs burst on German factories and gas works with excellent results, starting many fires. The effect may be imagined when it is realized that a single bomb will demolish a large-sized building. The new British policy apparently is the systematic bombardment of district after district in order to make it untenable by German industry. German socialists who have

## ENEMY CANNOT PAY INTEREST ON DEBT

New German Taxes Fall Short by Quarter Billion Dollars.

### BRITAIN STILL SOUND

Bonar Law Moves Credits for Another Two Billion Dollars.

London, Oct. 30.—Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, in moving a vote of credit for the purpose of continuing the £400,000,000, said this amount would supply the necessary funds up to the first week in January next.

"From the beginning of the financial year to September 29," he said, "the daily average expenditure had been £3,646,000, and the budget estimate. The increase was made up under the following heads: Army and navy, £2,530,000; miscellaneous services, £208,000; advances to the allies and dominions, £341,000, or a total of £3,049,000."

The credit today brings the total loans for the year to £2,000,000,000, and the total since the beginning of the war to £5,692,000,000.

Big Average Outlay.  
In the period of the 22 to Sept. 22, the chancellor said, the daily average expenditure of Great Britain for war purposes was £5,414,000. He did not, however, wish the house to take too favorable a view of the figures given, but wished to point out that so far as could be judged the position in the second half of the year from the viewpoint of dead weight expenditure would not be quite as favorable as the first half. That was mainly due to the fact that the government had fixed the loaf at ninepence and had decided to increase very largely the pay of the soldiers and the sailors. These items would add between £40,000,000 and £50,000,000 to the dead weight expenditure in the second half of the year.

The chancellor said that the increase in dead weight expenditure as compared with the budget estimate, namely, £48,500,000, was due to the fact that the increased expenditure by the war office, which has accounted for £39,000,000, leaving £9,500,000 divided equally between munitions and the navy.

Cause of Increase.  
"The chief cause of the big increase is to be found in the rise of the price of commodities. The extent of the increase we are keeping abroad—the number of men we have abroad has increased since the budget estimate has been made. The increase in the price of commodities, which has accounted for a considerable amount by reason of increased personnel, but not including airplanes, which cost under the whole of it is due to the number of Indian troops in Mesopotamia and finally, the forward movement made by our troops in Flanders. This has had a vast increase in expenditure for more railways and bridges, etc. The gap between what was our railway line of construction and the advance that has been made by motor transport, the increased pay for this amounting during the half year to £5,000,000, and the total of the money debt stood at £5,000,000,000. But from this sum we are entitled to deduct the amount advanced to our allies and the dominions. This has amounted to £2,100,000,000, and in the case of the dominions £160,000,000. We are also entitled to deduct the amount of the Government of India to the empire for the war. The gift amounted to £100,000,000, but of that amount something in the nature of £50,000,000 has been treated as revenue. The Indian Government, however, has taken the responsibility for the balance. The total amount to be deducted therefore is £2,120,000,000.

"The national debt at the outbreak of the war was £245,000,000, but the debt due to the war is actually £4,875,000,000."

Contrasting the British and German financial positions Mr. Bonar Law said that the German government had passed the reichstag, which did not include advances to Germany's allies nor the expenditure for separation allowances, which were included in Great Britain's votes of credit.

"Our war expenditure therefore," he said, "amounts to 700,000 less than Germany's. Germany's increased war taxation has fallen short by £55,000,000 of the interest on her debt. While we are not likely to lose the war, definitely, it will not be want of money that will prevent us from winning the war, because we can bear the strain longer than our enemies."

## HAMILTON NEWS

### HAMILTON CLEARS ITSELF OF PROBLEM

Dispute With McKittrick Syndicate Has Been Finally Settled.

Hamilton, Oct. 30.—After four years of dickering and shelving the city council at its meeting tonight inserted the Hamilton McKittrick problem and rolled it out of the range of discussion. The settlement agreed upon by the board of control, city council and officers of the company resolved the unanimous approval of the council. There was one dissenting voice, Ald. T. B. McQuesten, chairman of the committee of the whole, read the agreement clause by clause, and the necessary bylaw authorizing it was put thru.

In the agreement it was stipulated that the company must pay its notes of \$10,000,000, the interest of which was voted by the council. The company had been delivering to the city electric street cars.

After sentencing James Murphy and Lester Vivian to two years each in Kingston Penitentiary for their charges, Judge Gault in the court today today sentenced to 18 months in the penitentiary the sentence would be suspended.

With more than one hundred delegates present the Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church held their twenty-sixth annual convention in the Charlton Avenue Methodist Church today. Mrs. J. W. Young was elected president, and Mrs. J. W. Young was elected president, and Mrs. J. W. Young was elected president.

## ALYES' MUNITIONS BURN AT BALTIMORE

Several Millions of Dollars Lost in Supposed Incendiary Fire.

### THREE PIERS AFLAME

Firemen Strive Desperately to Prevent Spread of Conflagration.

Baltimore, Md., Wednesday Morning, Oct. 31.—One of the greatest fires in Baltimore since the conflagration of February, 1904, that destroyed the business section of the city, is raging early this morning on the big piers of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at its extensive terminal at Locust Point on the south side of the harbor. Piers 8 and 9, stored with vast quantities of munitions and supplies for the American forces in France and their allies, are in flames. Within ten minutes after the flames were discovered the entire structure was ablaze. Fifteen of the crew of a British steamer lying at the pier leaped overboard, and it is feared that some of them were drowned. A dozen or more men employed on the pier are missing. On one of the piers, where cases of shells which exploded at intervals, it is reported that the fire was incendiary origin.

Fire Near Elevators.  
The Baltimore and Ohio grain elevators are but a short distance from the burned piers, which are the main terminal in this country of the Furness-Withy grain line of steamers. Pier 8 was the former North German Lloyd Line pier at which all their ships loaded at this port. The two piers, which are destroyed, cost about one million dollars each.

United States secret service men are at the scene investigating rumors that suspicious-looking men were seen hurrying from the vicinity a few minutes after the fire was discovered by a policeman. A strong northwest wind swept the flames towards Locust Point and small houses to the south of the terminal and occupied by the families of workmen on the piers.

In the Baltimore and Ohio elevators are large quantities of grain ready for shipment to the allies.

The firemen have so far succeeded in preventing the flames from spreading to the elevators.

Shortly after midnight pier 10, the former immigration pier of the German Steamship Co., was burning, but that time the fire chief believed they could confine the flames to the three piers.

Baltimore and Ohio railroad officials could not give any estimate of the loss, but it will reach several millions.

## ITALIAN SOCIALISTS UNITE AGAINST ENEMY

### All Parties Ready to Support of Country in Present Grave Crisis.

Washington, Oct. 30.—Official despatches from Rome received here tonight say the socialist parliamentary group has decided formally that all party lines must be forgotten in the present emergency and full support be given to the government to carry on the war to a successful conclusion.

The group also announced that if the Teutonic allies had hoped to disrupt the union of the country they have greatly mistaken the psychology of the Italian people; that their effort against Italy will on the contrary have the effect of uniting the country for the supreme test.

The same ideas are expressed in Catholic circles.

## TO HELP WITH WIN-WAR SHOUTS MONTREAL MAN

### Anti-Conscriptionist Continues Agitation Against Military Service Act.

Montreal, Oct. 30.—"We should say 'to hell with win-war' until we have saved our country," declared Ferdinand Villeneuve, one of the anti-conscriptionist speakers at a meeting of the St. James L'Assommoir Club tonight. Villeneuve added: "By saving the country we may win the war." He urged his fellow-French-Canadians to appear before the courts of exemption, as otherwise they might lose their votes in the federal elections, and if Laurier were returned to power the conscription law would likely be repealed. Bernier and Gaston Pilon were selected as delegates to a meeting in Quebec Saturday night for the organization of a labor party.

## RETURNS TRUE BILL AGAINST ALDERMEN

### Grand Jury in Chatham Sends Three Men For Trial on Charge of Conspiracy.

Chatham, Ont., Oct. 30.—When the grand jury resumed this morning, the three Chatham aldermen, who will face charges of conspiracy, were called. The men, S. Coatesworth, F. Britton and F. H. Baxter, are charged with having conspired to secure the election of the Chatham Gas Company officials, in re-opposition to a deal which was pending between the company and the city for the purchase of the electric power lines of the gas company. The case will be tried at the conclusion of the hearing of the murder charges against Frank and Henry McDonald, still in progress.

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The Cellars of this building are 12 feet high, thus enabling greater space to be used during the winter season.

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## FIFTY PER CENT. RAISE ASKED BY SWITCHMEN

### Union Wants Increase to Apply All Over United States.

Chicago, Oct. 30.—Demands for a 50 per cent. wage increase will be submitted to the railroads of the United States by the members of the Switchmen's Union of North America as a result of action taken by a special committee at a two-days' meeting which ended here today. The Adamson Law, enacted in 1916, to avert a threatened strike, reduced the daily pay of the men to 75 cents, but did not increase their wages.

The demand for a wage increase will be followed by a referendum vote on a nation-wide strike of switchmen, if it is not granted in 30 days. It was announced by E. E. Heberling of Buffalo, president of the union. The 30-days' notice which the contracts of the union with the railroads require must be given before any change in wage at his home in Toronto, and then brought it here.

## BIG PRICE FOR A DRINK

### Brantford Man Pays Hundred Dollars and Costs for Illegally Consuming Liquor.

Brantford, Oct. 30.—In police court this morning, Peter Kelly was fined \$100 and costs for having illegally consumed liquor which he had purchased from a person not a licensee. This is the first case of its kind to be dealt with by Magistrate Livingston in the local police court. Kelly claimed to have purchased the liquor from a "boot-legger" in Toronto, and then brought it here.

## SO FAR, ONLY FIFTEEN MEN OF BRANTFORD WILLING TO SERVE

Brantford, Oct. 30.—Thirty-two men reported at the postoffice yesterday, and 25 went up for medical examination of the armories. Of the 22 who reported at the postoffice only two reported for service. To date 427 men have reported, and only 15 men have been examined yesterday were classified as follows: A, 12; B, 1; C, 2; D, 1, and E, 3.

## THREE WELL-KNOWN PIONEERS OF OXFORD COUNTY ARE DEAD

Woodstock, Ont., Oct. 30.—Three well-known pioneers of the county are dead. Morgan Moyer, who left a week ago to visit his son in Kansas, died there following a heart attack.

Jonathan Dennis, a member of one of the oldest families in Oxford, has passed away at his home in Burgessville, aged 73 years.

John McPherson, who spent nearly his entire life in this county, died at the residence of his son yesterday.

## GERMAN DYE SOLD

A barrel of German red dye hidden away in a stockroom of a local paper company since its purchase three years ago for \$85, has been sold to a New York concern for \$5000, it became known. The paper plant recently was sold and the new owners found the dye and put it on the market.

## DOES IT PAY

to carry Life Insurance? There is only one answer, either from a financial or peace of mind point of view. The ever-increasing amount of life insurance written, not only by our Company, but other representative institutions, is an evidence of its merit.

If it is good business to carry Fire Insurance—and every sane business man believes it is—then it should be equally good business to carry Life Insurance. A Fire Policy may become a claim, while a Life Insurance Policy must, either by death or maturity.

Write us to-day, stating your age, whether married or single, and we shall be pleased to forward you particulars of a policy best suited to your needs.

## The Manufacturers Life Insurance Company

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, CANADA

P.S.—Have you received our Booklet "Facts?"

## MORE DISCLOSURES MADE BY LANSING

### Count Luxemburg Wanted Submarines to Overawe Brazil.

Washington, Oct. 30.—Two more of the notorious Count von Luxemburg's messages to the German foreign office from Buenos Aires were made public tonight by Secretary Lansing. They provide official confirmation of Germany's plan to control southern Brazil, shedding light upon Teutonic intrigue in South America generally, and reveal that Luxemburg appealed vainly for a squadron of submarines, which would, to awe some Latin-Americans and to flatter others with subsidies.

These despatches, like others that have gone before, were given out by Secretary Lansing without discussion of their contents. The only comment was in this statement attached to the copies: "In view of the fact that the substance of certain telegrams addressed by Count Luxemburg to the German foreign office has been published, the secretary of state publishes the actual text of the telegrams."

The messages follow:

"No. 63, July 7, 1917.—Our attitude towards Brazil has created the impression here that our easy-going good nature can be counted on. This is dangerous in South America, where the people under this veneer are Indians. A submarine squadron with full powers to me might probably still save the situation. I request instructions as to whether or not the rupture of relations is to be started for home or to remove to Paraguay or possibly Chile. The navy attaches will doubtless go to Santiago de Chile."

"No. 89, Aug. 4, 1917.—I am convinced that we shall be able to carry thru our principal plans in South America, the maintenance of open markets in Argentina, and the reorganization of south Brazil equally well whether with or against Argentina. Please cultivate friendship with Chile. The announcement of a visit of the president would even now exercise decisive influence on the situation in South America. Prospects excellent for wheat harvest in December."

## WIN-WAR CONVENTION CHOOSES RAINVILLE

### Unionists to Contest Quebec Constituency of Chamby-Vercheres.

Montreal, Oct. 30.—Joseph H. Rainville was the choice of a war convention tonight in the St. Lambert town hall as the union government candidate for Chamby-Vercheres in the federal election. Mr. Rainville defended his vote in parliament for the Military Service Act and said that the present duty was to aid the work of the allies. Senator Rufus Pope and President Felix Desrochers of the Junior Conservative Association, spoke in support of Mr. Rainville's candidacy, the latter stating that Mr. Rainville and the French-Canadian ministers who had remained in the government could count on the reawakened French-Canadian spirit.

## Y. M. C. A. WIPES OUT DEBT

Brantford, Oct. 30.—Following the recent successful campaign, when the debt was wiped out to the extent of \$45,000, the Y. M. C. A. tonight held an "all citizens' night" when the building was thrown open to the public for inspection. The attendance was large.

## STOLE FROM EMPLOYERS

Kitchener, Oct. 30.—Harvey A. Bricknell in supreme court was today found guilty of theft from the Kitchener Water Commission where he was employed as keeper. In giving evidence in his own behalf Bricknell attempted to implicate Superintendent Hyman, but his story was not consistent enough to command credence.

## Lodges

### EASTERN STAR ORDER

A successful bazaar for patriotic purposes was held by Fidelity Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, in the Ketchum Hall, Davenport road, Friday evening, when a large sum of money was realized. This bazaar has only been in existence for a few years, and the success that has attended the efforts of the ladies is deserving of great praise. The matrons of the lodge, assisted by a large number of ladies, took an active part in the proceedings.

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F. M'DONALD DENIES MURDER CONFESSION

Says Statement Produced at Trial Was Made to Police Under Duress.

Chatham, Oct. 30.—Sensational denials were made this afternoon when the trial of Frank McDonald at the sessions of the supreme court today, when a confession made and signed by the accused, was tendered and allowed to go to the jury by the judge. The confession, which was made and signed by the accused, was tendered and allowed to go to the jury by the judge. The confession, which was made and signed by the accused, was tendered and allowed to go to the jury by the judge.

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