F. H. BUTLER,

STOCK BROKER. tocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Send for vest pecket manual. Long distance 'phone. OFFICES, Masonic Temple London

Geo. McBean & Son.

We are open for offers of GRAIN, rLOUR and MILLFEED. If offering please state quantities and lowest prices. P. O. BOX 807, . . MONTREAL

Toronto Stock Market

	TORONTO, July 17.	
	Ask.	Off
Montreal		250
Ontario	125	132
Toronto		238
Merchants		170
Commerce		150
Imperial	237	236
Deminion	270	265
Standard		191
Hamilton		191
British America,		126
Western Assurance	1651/2	164
Consumera' Gas		231
Montred Gas		200
Dominion Telegraph		129
Northwest Land Compa	ny, pref	52
Canada Pacific Ry. Stoo	ck 96¾	9
Commercial Cable Com	pany186	185
Commercial Coupon Bo	nds105	104
Com. Registered Bonds	105	104
Bell Telephone Compan	ıy185	181
Richelieu and Ontario.	110	100
Montreal Street Railwa	ау	
Toronto Street Railway	116	11.
London Street Railway		176
London Electric		11
Dominion Savings and	Invest	
Huron and Brie L. and	8	180
Huron and Erie, 20 per		17
London and Canada L.		6

London Loan. London and Ontario Ontario Loan and Debenture... Montreal Stock Market MONTREAL, July 17. Duluth, common 4½
Duluth, preferred 11 ercial Cable Montreal Street Railway, xd. 326
Montreal St. Railway, new.
Toronto Railway. 116
Montreal Gas Compeny. 2004
Bell Telephone. 130
Royal Electric. 184½
Bank of Montreal.
Ontario Bank.
Molsons Bank. 204¾
Bank of Toronto.
Merchants' Bank. 177
Merchants' Bank of Halifax. 135
Union Bank. 135
Union Bank. 135
Union Bank. 152
Northwest Land, pref. 152
Montreal Cotton Co. 160
Canada Colored Cotton 80
Dominion Octton 110
New York Stocks.

New York Stocks. Reported by F. E. Butler, 15 and 16 Masonic Temple, for The Advertiser. Now York, July 17.

Saturday's
Close. Open. High, Low. 2 p.m. C. B. & Q. 13514 13534 136 13456 13514 C. & N W. Ont. & Western. 36½ 26
P. M. 47½ 47½
R. I. 117 116½
Reading. 60½ 60½
St. Paul. 131½ 130½
Southern Ry. Pfd 51½ 51½
T. C. I. 60 63
U. Pacific. 76½ 76½
W. U. 90½ 60% 131¼ 513% 69 76½ 1301/4 TRUSTS: 71 71 1551/4 1563/4 16 573/4 584 174 483/4 49 153/4 55 196 953/4 199 387/8

591/4 491/4 55 96 39 American Markets.

NEW YORK, July 17.-Flour-Receipts, 29,221 bbis; sales, 2,300 packages; state and western dull and 5c to 10c lower to sell; Minnesota patents, \$3 85 to \$4; Minnesota bakers, \$3 to \$3.20; winter patents, \$3 75 to \$4; do, straights, \$3 40 to \$3 55; do, extras, \$2 45 to \$2 85; do, low grades, \$2 45 to \$2 55. Rye flour -Weak; good to fair, \$3 10 to \$3 25; choice to fancy, \$3 30 to \$3 50. Wheat -Receipts, 316,050 bu; sales, 250,000 bu; options, No. 2 red weak and lower, because of bearish cables, liquidation and prospects of a large visible supply increase; July, 77c to 77½c; Sept., 76 15-16c to 77 7-16c; Dec., 78%c to 79%c. Rye-Easy; state, 58½c; No. 2 western, 64c to $64\frac{1}{2}$ c, f. o. b., affoat. Corn—Receipts, 232,050 bu; sales, 45,000 bu; options, No. 2 quiet and weak under liquidation and lower cables; Sept., 38%c to 39c; Dec., 38%c. Oats-Receipts, 97,300 bu; sales, none; options dull; track, white, 31c to 361/c. Butter-Receipts, 15,778 pkgs; market irregular; state dairy, 131/2c to 17c; state creamery, 15c to 181/2c; western do. 15c to 181/c. Cheese-Receipts, 8,-776 pkgs; market firm, but quiet; large white, 81/2c; small white, 81/2c to 85/8c; large colored, 81/2c; small colored, 81/2c to 8%c. Eggs-Receipts, 1,820 pkgs; market firm; state and Pennsylvania, 151/2c; western, 141/2c to 15c. Sugar - Raw steady; fair refining, 3 13-16c; refined steady; crushed, 6c; powdered, 5%c; granulated, 5½c. Hops steady; state, common to choice, 1897 crop, 11c to 13c; 1898 crop, 16c to 18c; Pacific coast, 1897 crop, 11c to 13c; 1898 crop, 17c to 18c. Lead quiet; bullion, \$4 35; exchange, 34 60 to \$4 65. Potatoes steady; southern first, \$2 to \$3; second, \$1 to \$1 75. CHICAGO, July 17.—Opening—Wheat, Sept., 723/6; Dec., 741/6; July, 713/6. Corn, Sept., 333/6; May, 333/6; Dec., 321/6. Oats, Sept., 203/6; May, 221/6; Dec., 205/6. Lard, Sept., \$5 45. Ribs, Bept., \$5 20. Pork, Sept., \$9 15.

English Markets.

Liverpool, July 17—Closing.

Wheat—Spot, dull; spot No. 1 Cal., 6s
4d to 6s 2d; No. 2 red western, winter, no stocks; No. 1 red northern spring, 6s 3d, nom-inal; stocks nearly exhausted; spot No. 1 red northern, Duluth, dull, 6s. Corn—Spot. American mixed new, quiet; 5d; do, old, steady. 3x 5½d; futures, quiet; July, 3s 4½d; Sept., 3s 5¾d; Oct., 3s 5½d.

30; do. do. steady. 38 3/4; intures, quiet; July, 38 4/4d; Sept., 38 5/4d; Oct., 38 5/4d.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter, dull, 78 9d.

Peas—Western, 58 10/4d.

Beef—Steady: prime mess, 55s; extra India

1008. Steady, 60s.

Pork—Firm; prime mess, fine western, 50s;

60. medium, western, 42s 6d.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., firm, 49s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 23 to 30 lbs., firm,

1018. Short ribs, 18 to 20 lbs., firm, 31s 6d; long clear middles, light, 30 to 35 lbs, firm, 31s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, firm,

1019. Get short clear backs, 16 to 18 lbs, firm, 29s

1019. Get belies, 14 to 16 lbs. firm, 31s 6d.

1019. Shoulders—Square, 12 to 14 lbs, firm, 27s 6d.

1019. Shoulders—Square, 12 to 14 lbs, firm, 27s 6d.

1019. Square, 12 to 14 lbs, firm, 31s 6d.

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1019. Square, 12

Gneese—Firm; American finest white, 42s; blored, 42s; do, old, easy, 42s; ordinary, new, a 6d.

Butter—Finest American, nominal: good, 62s.
Tallew—Prime city, firm, 23s; Australian
London, steady, 25s 3d.
Cottonseed oil—Pure refined, July, dull,

At London (Pacific coast), nominal, £4

Chicago Exchange.
CHICAGO, July 17.
Following are the fluctuations on the Chicago
Ecard of Trade furnished by F. H. Butter
broker, Masonic Temple. Phone 1278.
Open High. J.ow. Close.
Wheat—Sept. 7236 7236 7136 7136
Dec. 7444 744 7336 7336
Dec. 3236 3336 3236 3134 3136
Oats—Sept. 3236 3236 3134 3136
Oats—Sept. 3236 3236 3134 3136
Oats—Sept. 3236 3236 3134 3136
Pork—Oct. 9 15 9 25 9 12 9 15
Lard—Sept. 5 45 55 5 47 5 57
Oct. 5 55 5 57 8 52 5 52
Puts 7096. Calls 72. Chicago Exchange.

delightful toilet lotion.

Balm = Zoin

Removes sunburn, tan and other blemishes of the skin, caused by hard water, cold winds, chafing and exposure to sun, etc. Rough, red and hard skin made soft and smooth.

Price 25c.

W. T. Strong & Co.

Dispensing Chemists, 184 Dundas St., - LONDON. Marriage Licenses Issued.

Latest Probabilities

Toronto, July 17-10 a.m.-Probabilities for the lower lakes region for the next 24 hours: Moderate to fresh northerly and

northwesterly winds; a few local showers, but mostly fair. Tuesday-Moderate northwest and west winds; fine and warm.

LATE LOCAL ITEMS

-Rev. Dr. Johnston conducted service at the county jail yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. There are nineteen prisoners now locked up. -Mr. Robert Reid, collector of cus-

toms, accompanied by Mrs. Reid, has gone to Point Farm, Goderich, to enjoy a holiday. -Miss Julia Kannelly, of Louisiana, Mo., is on a visit to Mrs. A. J. Thomp-

son and Mr. Fred M. Alberstadt and family, of this city. -Judge Edward Elliott, Warden Henry Hardy and Capt. Robson, coun-

ty clerk, are auditing the criminal justice accounts for the past quarter. -Mr. C. C. Young, general agent of

the L. E. and D. R. R., has announced that, six trains will leave for Port tomorrow for the St. Andrew's Society picnic, at the following hours: 9:30, 10:25, 1, 2:30, 5:15 and 6:50.

-The employes of the S R Manniss cigar factory spent a very enjoyable picnic at Port Stanley Saturday, and great credit is due to the committee, Miss E. Godwin, Mr. E. Manniss and Mr. E. Borland. A game 2204 committee, Miss E. Godwin, Mr. E. 4874 4774 Manniss and Mr. E. Borland. A game of ball was played between teams captained by Miss M. Rumball and Mr. J. Chalmers, resulting in favor of Miss Rumball's team, the score being 10 to 2. The feature of the game was Miss Godwin's heavy hitting.

-Mr. Jas. Paxton, of Cleveland, representing the St. Andrew's Scotch Society of that place, was in the city The Cleveland society, at a today. meeting last week, expressed regrets that they were unable to take in the picnic at Port Stanley tomorrow with the Caledonian brethren, owing to previous arrangements. It was impossible to attend. Next year the society will turn out and make arrangements to visit Port Stanley with their brethren on this side of the water. ILLNESS OF REV. C. SINCLAIR.

Rev. C. Sinclair, of the Christian Church, who has been alling for several days, went to Woodstock on Saturday to consult his son. Dr. Sinclair, who had attended him in a previous illness. On arrival at his son's residence his condition was such that the doctor would not permit his father to return. The precise nature of the illness was not known yesterday, but it was stated it would likely be protracted. Mr. Munroe occupied the pulpit yesterday.

LIKE BAD FAIRIES. Some facetious burglar or burglars forced an entrance to Fred Hessell's pavilion at Springbank after 9:30 last evening, during Mr. Hessell's absence. The visitors had broken the lock on the door, helped themselves to confectionery and soft drinks, filled the cash register with cake and transferred about 50 cents in change from the cash register to a cake dish. Beyond some light refreshments, Mr. Hessell missed

"AND THE DOG CAME BACK."

Mr. P. H. Bartlett, the well-known lawyer, last week lost a valuable fox terrier, and on Tuesday and Wednesday advertised for it in two city papers, but was unable to recover his dog. On Saturday he tried The Advertiser, ordering the advertisement "till forbid," feeling, after his previous experience, that if the animal could be recovered at all The Advertiser would find it. He was correct in his sur-mise, for this morning William Moore, of West London, telephoned that the dog was in his possession, and Mr. Bartlett, with thousands of others, is impressed with the fact that as a widely-read paper The London Advertiser cannot be surpassed.

IRISH BENEVOLENT PICNIC. The annual picnic of the Irish Benevolent Society, which has been held at Port Stanley for a great many years, will probably be held this year at Bayview Park, Sarnia. On Thursday a deputation from the society, consisting to the men, and that they have conof Messrs. B. C. McCann, J. Pocock and J. L. Fitzgerald, went to the Tunnel Town and interviewed a large num-ber of prominent citizens on the matnel Town and interviewed a large numter. Mayor Watson called a meeting the union from its consideration. The of citizens in the council chamber to hear the delegation's proposition, and also to give the citizens a chance to men were justified in striking, as that discuss the same. Mr. McCann ex- is a right inherent in themselves, and plained the objects of the deputation's of white visit. He stated that the G. T. R. had judges. offered them a 50 cent rate to Sarnia and return, on condition that the society guaranteed 3,000 people. Several bands would accompany the picnickers, and an extensive programme of sports would be provided, for which cash prizes and medals would be offered. Mr. Thos. Symington asked how much money would be wanted. Mr. McCann said he thought about \$500 would be the sum required. The matter was left and last clause reads as follows: 'Ser- negotiate with the company for the

tions, and also to interview the ferry only temporary engagements are percompany and street railway company as to the amount they would be pre-pared to give, the citizens to be called upon later. At a meeting of the Hotel-men's Association held on Friday evening, the association decided to set aside \$150 as a subscription towards the fund to be raised for the London Irish Benevolent picnic at Bayview Park-

DEADLOCK UNBROKEN

Mediators Meet With Two More Refusals.

Proposed Basis.

Mr. A. B. Cox Pithily States What Should Be Done.

Strike Committee's Labors at an Endfor the Purchase of the Road-Final Meeting.

The final meeting of the city council's special strike committee and the advisory committee of citizens was held this morning. The negotiations were reviewed, and the conclusion arrived at that nothing had been acomplished. Both the company and the men again refused to adopt the proposed basis of settlement, and the "deadlock" will be reported to the council at a special meeting called for 4 o'clock this afternoon. Two recommendations were passed by the committee-one by the mayor, with a view to acquiring municipal ownership of the street railway, and another by Mr. Mattinson, with

a view to getting the personal feeling of the strikers about returning to work. The following communication and accompanying proposition as finally adopted by the council and citizens' committee were handed to Chairman Garnett, of the strikers' committee. Saturday afternoon:

"To J. Garnett, Wm. Crawford, and others, representing the striking employes of the London Street Railway Company:

"I herewith inclose you a copy of prepared basis of settlement between the London Street Railway Company and their employes, as adopted by the committee dealing with the matter. which we would ask your careful consideration of and a reply to the same, handed to myself not later than Monday, 17th of July, at 11 o'clock a.m. "(Signed) EDWARD PARNELL, "Chairman of Committee.

"July 15, 1899." PROPOSAL TO BOTH PARTIES AS

A BASIS OF SETTLEMENT. 1. All matters in dispute between the company and its striking employes, except the scale of wages and the question of the recognition of the union, but including the question whether the employes were justified in striking on the 22nd of May last, to be left to arbitration. The arbitrators to award such redress and to direct the payment of such damages and costs by the company, if any, as all the circumstances being considered, they deem just and right.

2. In consideration of the men waiving the recognition of the union the employes of the company to be protected by a covenant of the company entered into with the city, giving the men full protection and providing for the submission of disputes to a board of arbitration, whose decisions shall be final, and bind both the company and its employes. The company at all times to hear grievances, whether presented by individuals or by a com-

mittee of the employes.
3. The arbitrators, both under the first and second clauses, to be appointed, one by the company, one by the men, and the third by the two so appointed, or, failing agreement, under the Ontario Arbitration Act.

4. The scale of wages to be 13 cents an hour for the first six months, and 16 cents per hour thereafter and to be in force for three years, the maximum rate of wages to be paid to all reinstated employes.

5. The company to give a covenant to the city that the company will not directly or indirectly, or in any man-ner whatsoever, interfere with its employes in joining any lawful union, association or club, either through its officers or otherwise. Also the men on their part agree to give a similar covenant to the city that they will in no way interfere, either by marking men or cars because of any man in employ of the company refusing

to join such union, association or club. 6. Pending arbitration under clause the strike to be declared off, provided the company reinstate at once at least thirty men, but outside men engaged by the company meanwhile to be engaged temporarily only.

7. Service beyond capacity of present employes not to be insisted upon, while only temporary engagements are permitted.

Note: Damages and costs referred to in the eighth and ninth lines of paragraph one, we understand to refer to damages and costs which the company may be adjudged to pay.

(Signed) EDWARD PARNELL. Chairman of Committee. Dated this 15th day of July, 1899. THE MEN'S REPLY.

The strikers' committee handed in

the following reply: "To Ald. Parnell, Chairman Special

"The undersigned, on behalf of the members of Division 97, of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes of America, of London, Ont., beg leave to inform the committee that they have submitted the 'Proposal to both parties as a basis of settlement,' dated the 15th day of July, 1899, sidered the same, and object again, as they have done, to the proposed arbimen also object again to the attempt to include the question whether the is a right inherent in themselves, and of which they claim to be the sole

"The men also call your attention to the fact that it has been stated by members of your committee that the asked for; that clause 6 requires the strike to be declared off, provided that 30 men are reinstated; and the next in the hands of the Hotelkeeprs' Asso- vice beyond capacity of present em-ciation, to take up their own subscrip- ployes not to be insisted upon, while

"Our grievances have been delivered to you. We want a full and free arbitration of all matters of every nature in dispute between us and the company, as set forth therein; and whenever the company are ready to take back all the men and arbitrate all the disputes, we are ready to stand or fall by the arbitrators' decision. "July 17, 1899."

THE COMPANY'S REPLY. Ald. Parnell, chairman strike commit-

Dear Sir,-The directors of the Lon-

don street railway have considered the proposed basis of settlement, submitted by the committee to the company on Saturday afternoon last, the 15th inst., and I am instructed to say in reply: Provided clause 4, namely, that as to the scale of wages, is eliminated, and provided it is made clear that the present employes will not be displaced, the Neither Side Willing to Adopt company are prepared to accept the committee's suggested basis of settle-

I am further instructed to say that the company are prepared to stand by any settlement or concessions made before the committee, either verbally or in writing, and that they are willing, as previously stated, to agree that the scale of wages shall be 13 cents per hour for the first six months, and 151/3 Council Recommended to Negotiate cents thereafter, all reinstated employes to receive the maximum rate. scale to be in force for three or five years: but the company cannot recognize the right of anyone, even that of the committee, to fix the scale of wages; and this, quite apart from the fact that there is no ground to warrant an increase; the present rate in London being higher than that paid either in Montreal, Ottawa or Hamilton, as has been previously pointed out

to the committee. Yours truly, C. E. A. CARR.

London, July 17, 1899. When the above replies had been read, Mr. Hunter rose. Matters were in about the same shape as when the committee had started work, he said. The company asked that the question of wages be left out and that there be no displacement of present employes, and the men refused to leave out the question of wages and the recognition of the union. There was nothing for the committee to recommend to the council. He therefore moved this committee simply present the correspondence relating to the endeavor to bring the contending parties to-gether to the city council, to take such steps as it sees fit to secure a full and fair arbitration; but should this committee, however, still determine bring in any recommendation, that authority be first asked from the city council for an enlargement of the committee by the addition of an equal number of representatives of organized

The mayor moved that the correspondence between the committee and the contending parties, together with a synopsis of the proposed basis of settlement drafted by the committee on Saturday, be sent to the council, and that the council be recommended to appoint a committee to negotiate with the Street Railway Company to purchase the road for the city.

Dr. Roome held that the committee should report to the council that from the evidence they had before them they had drawn up what they considered a fair basis of settlement. He moved to that effect, but on the suggestion of Mr. Cox, changed the motion and described the proposed basis of settlement as something which the committee thought might have been acceptible to both parties. The motion as amended, read:

"That we, the committee, appointed by the city council, composed of a number of aldermen and citizens for the purpose of negotiating and bringing about a settlement between the Street Railway and the late employes went out on strike on 22nd day of May last, beg leave to report as follows: That met in the committee room, of city hall, July 1 and organized, and at that meeting received a promise from a committee of the employes and also from their solicitor to furnish this committee within a few days, a specific statement of each man's grievance signed by each aggrieved employe, but after the committee waited ten days, the grievances were handed in, not specific, but in a general way, signed by the committee; after which, with the information we had, we endeavored to get each party to .nake some concessions, so that a mutual agreement, might be arrived at, which would be satisfactory to both of the contending parties, so as to at once remove the unpleasant agitation which has gone on for the past eight weeks inconveniencing the public and interfering with business, and through its rowdyism which is being excited, is destroying the good name of the city and also incurring the large expense on our ratepayers who are already overtaxed, and we further report that after several long and protracted sittings of committee, we have failed to fill our mission, and, as a last resort, the committee, from the evidence they had before them, drew up what they thought might be acceptable to both sides, and submitted to each of the contending parties for their approval, therefore, be it resolved, that we refer the basis of agreement to the city council and all other communications which have passed between 'he two parties and the committee, and ask to be discharged from further duty. Mr. Hunter, speaking to his motion,

said the labors of the committee had failed. The see-sawing process had not brought them any nearer to the vital points at issue. He held that if negotiations were to be carried on any further a larger number of labor men should be on the committee. It was unfair that he should be fighting the cause of organized labor single-handed. He was not able to cope with the others, who had experience in such

matters. Dr. Roome took exception to Mr. Hunter's statement that he was fighting the committee single-handed. He (the speaker) was not there as a solicitor for the street railway company, but was impartial.

Ald. Wilkey-We are not here for the company, nor for organized labor.
Ald. Rumball also held that the committee were there as independent men. Organized labor had a chance to lay their grievances before the committee,

but didn't accept it. If they were to

put strikers on the committee they might as well put the company, and let them fight it out. The mayor said they were not there representing any faction. He believed both the men and the company were to blame. Every man on the committee, he believed, was as fair to the laboring men as to the company.

The mayor withdrew his amendment. Mr. Cox felt that the committee, in making a report, should not do more than they were asked to do by the council. They should report their labors and the result, but not send in offer now being considered is the street any recommendation. He suggested railway company's offer, and if you the alteration, referred to above, in look at its wording you will find they Dr. Roome's motion, which was then offer to pay damages, which were never passed, Mr. Hunter's motion being

voted down. The mayor then moved to recommend the council to appoint a committee to road.

municipal ownership, but did not think the advisory committee should vote on the matter, as it was not what this

committee had been appointed for. Mr. Cox was of the same opinion. Ald. Rumball said it would take a year to bring about the purchase of road, even if the company were willing to sell. What the committee wanted was to get the strike settled. The mayor was surprised at Ald. Rumball. They could negotiate with the company in 24 hours, and if the company would sell, submit the ques-

tion to the people at once.

Ald. Rumball—You're the swiftest mayor I ever knew, if you can get such a thing as that through in a month. Ald. Douglass and Ald. Carrothers

supported the mayor.

Mr. Cox thought the proper thing to be done was to dismiss the extra forces at Wolseley Barracks, strengthen the police force so that strict order could be maintained in the city, insist immediately on the company running full time, and to recommend that all points in dispute between the company and the men be referred to arbitration. It was an absurdity for either the men or the company to treat this matter as if they themselves were the only parties interests. The public was vitally interested. To block a public franchise was like blocking a public thoroughfare. The cars had to be operated, and if the company couldn't manage the road so as to get on with their employes, the only remedy

was arbitration. The mayor stated that the question of the militia remaining in the city was not in the hands of the council or the mayor, but with the D. A. G.

The mayor's motion carried.

Mr. Mattinson—It seems that the strikers have been led very largely by a few political wire-pullers. I will therefore move that the council be recommended to take a ballot of the strikers to see how many want to remain out. There is a great feeling that a great number of the men are ready to go back to work.

Dr. Roome held that it was too late in the day for such a motion. He also thought that it might put the council

in a worse position than ever. Mr. Hunter again took the position that the committee had no right to make any recommendations. He was prepared to say in reply to Mr. Mattinson's insinuation that Division 97 had not been in any way influenced by political wire-pullers. This was the first he had heard of any such unworthy insinuations, and he denied it in toto. The street railway men had acted entirely on their own judgment, though they had been supported by the Trades and Labor Council, an entirely nonpolitical body, who would support them to the end.

Mr. Cox characterized the motion as "unwise," and said the committee, if they adopted it, would be assuming that the men were children. Ald. Wilkey pointed out that the

committee's labors were supposed to have ended Saturday. Mr. Mattinson's motion carried.

A vote of thanks was, on motion of Dr. Roome, tendered the chairman, and the committee "passed out." STRIKE NOTES. Ald. Wilkey states that The Adver-

tiser's report of Saturday afternoon's meeting hardly represented him cor-recely. When he moved that the street railway employes' wages he 12 cents an hour for the first six months, he did so under the impression that the company would be more apt to adopt the committee's proposal to fix the maximum wage at 16 cents an hour. We are not of those who consider

to have been useless. On the contrary, these meetings have cleared the air, defined the situation, and left the council free to consider their next move. Now ilet the council as a whole insist. on behalf of the public, on an unfettered arbitration. Practically, as Dr. Roome remarked

in conversation today with an Advertipresentative, the company, when you analyze closely, have in reality offered few or no concessions. The Cleveland street railway men

have gone out on strike again, claiming that faith has not been kept by Mr. Everett. When one man's employes, in different places, are constantly strike, the presumption is a little against him.

Does the suggestion that a vote be taken as to how many men want to go back, come in reality from the com-They have been talking same thing without effect for the last six weeks. DEMOCRACY'S GOLDEN RULE.

[Walt Whitman.] Whoever degrades another degrades

And whatever is done or said returns at last to me. Through me the afflatus surging and

surging, through me the current I speak the pass-word primeval, I give the sign of democracy. will accept nothing which all cannot

> same terms. TONIGHT'S PARADE.

have their counterpart of on the

The Trades and Labor Council parade tonight will form on Dufferin avenue, opposite the park, and march west to Richmond, south to Dundas, and east to the Jubilee Rink.. Every labor organization in the city is expected to be in line. Brief addresses will be delivered at the rink. The demonstration will be made on behalf of the striking street railway employes, and an immense turnout is looked for.

THE AMATEURS.

A good game of bail was played on Grosvenor Pa.k Saturday afternoon, between the London Hat and Car factory and Lawson & Jones' printers, former winning by a score of 11 to 10. Batteries-Leys and Gaiside; Ellison

and Vanstone. BROOKLYN'S STRIKE

General Master-Workman Parsons' Statement of the Situation.

New York, July 17.-General Master Workman Parsons said: "I believe the position of the strikers is being strengthened every hour, and, with the assurance of the financial aid that has been given the contest will be continued. Between 8 nad 12 o'clock last night 1,000 men who worked yesterday enrolled with the strikers. The duration of the strike will depend entirely on the citizens of Brooklyn, especially the business men, and the influence they have on the city officials of Brooklyn, in compelling them to see that the tenhour and speed laws are enforced."

Philadelphia, Pa., July 17.-Agents of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company today engaged 300 experienced motormen and conductors in this city to take the place of their strigingy cy 6.. NN .. places of their striking employes in Brooklyn.

The mightlest powers by deepest cousins .- Rivarol. Indolence and stupidity are first Dr. Roome held that the citizens

committee had no part in that motion.

Mr. Hunter was strongly in favor of municipal ownership, but did not think the advisory committee should vote on South London.

WANTED-GENERAL SERVANT, TO go to Chatham. References required.

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Leaves Ottawa to Get Fresh Air and a Rest.

[Special to The Advertiser per C.P.R.] Ottawa, July 17.—Speaker Edgar leaves tonight for Toronto, and will not return this session. Deposition of the speaker Brodeur will act for him. Deputy Sir James goes from Toronto to his summer residence at Roches Point, Lake Simcoe, for rest and fresh air, as the prolonged session has been a severe strain on him.

A VISIT TO GEORGE ELIOT

An American Woman's Recollections of the Great Novelist at Home.

Mrs. James T. Fields tells in the July Century the story of her acquaint-ance with the famous novelist George

Eliot. It was my good fortune to pass a month or more during the early summer of 1869 in London, at a hotel opposite St. George's Church, Hanover Square. It was a small, old-fashioned hotel kept by two ladies, and our parlor wore the air, as Diokens used to say when he came into it, "of a stage drawing-room." The vases and artificial flowers and small intrrors and unnecessary tables were all there, and were often in strange contrast to the simple tastes of its temporary occupants and their guests; although it could not be denied that the lightness and cheer and fancifulness had a real charm for us in the somewhat dark the meetings of the joint committee of the city council and citizens' committee Lewes found us one afternoon (by great Lewes found us one afternoon (by great good fortune we had just return from rambling about, sight-seeing), and while he explained that Mrs. Lewes was never able to make visits. stayed himself, and talked freely about George Eliot and literary affairs. He was not a very prepossesing person in his appearance, but his mercurial temperament and his large intelligence made him gay and interesting in conversation. He lingered, full of agreeable subjects of talk, until we knew something of each other, and he had obtained a promise that we would go on the following Sunday, in the after-

noon to see his wife.

We found them at the time appointed in a pleasant house somewhat retired from the road, with trees and shrubbery outside and plenty of books inside. A small company of ladies and gentlemen were already assembled and there was much conversation. Presently, however, George Eliot disengaged herself from the general talk, and allowing the company to break up into groups, came and seated herself by my side for a more intimate 40 quaintance. I recall the glow which overspread her face when she discovered that we had a common friend in Harriet Beecher Stowe. The affection-ate generosity with which she poured her unbounded admiration for out Mrs. Stowe, and her love for her work, is never to be forgotten. She semed to understand the rapt intensity of Mrs. Stowe's nature as few of her contemporaries have done, and to rejoice in the inspiration which prompted her great book. Nor did she stop there. She had read and appreciated her later books as well, and she loved and rev-

erenced the woman. After this first visit to "The Priory," the doors were kindly open to us on Sundays during our stay in London.Unhappily, I have no notes of those visits, nor of George Elliot's conversation, but I must always remember how the beauty of her voice impressed me. I also remarked the same quality I have mentioned in speaking of her letters - a sense of perfectness in her presentation of any scene or subject. I recall this impression especially in connection with a description she gave one afterneon of a late visit to Germany, por-traying the charm of living in one of the places (was it Ilmenau?) made classic to us by association with Goethe. The whole was so clearly yet simply and vigorously said that any listener, ignorant of her fame, must have felt her unusual qualities both of mind and

MISTAKING THE OPERATION.

[From the London Answers.] A very short-sighted old gentleman going into one of the large towns for the first time, and coming from the heart of the country, seeing a man digging, went to him, and said:
"My man, for whom diggest thou

this long and narrow grave?" But the man took no notice. Going closer he remarked again: "My man, for whom diggest thou

this long and narrow grave? The man looked up and said: "Go on, you silly old fossil! I'm lay-ing gas pipes!"

Promotion of General Happiness is secured by Nerviline - the great nerve-pain cure. The highly penetrating properties of Nerviline make it never failing in all cases of rheumatism, neuralgia, cramps, pains in the back and side, lumbago, etc. We hear-

tily commend it. Some women may not earn their salt. but Mr. Lot's wife centainly did.

Bygones are always bygones. The world is interested only in the man