all to be $y$ due the se in this of nickelrd copper nt to the as British ties in the
e increase districts the lurgest 1e Yukon er districts about 21 is all from

Thus the aggregate result of the increnses in the metallic products is nearly $\$ 6,000,000$, or a proportion of about 74 per cent.

An interesting result of the mining developments and discovery of $189{ }^{7}$ is shown in the increase in the proportion of the value of the total mineral production to be credited to the metals. Tn 1890 these constituted about 36 per cent, whitst in 1897 this proportion was increased to nearly 49 par cent.

Turning to the non-metallic products, we find that as far as the data at present avaitable permit of a conclnsion being arrived at, the total value shows mader 'a per cent of an increase over that of the previous year. The only considerable change to be noted is that given under the heading asbestus, where the quantity has more than doubled, whilst the value has fallen off ahmost 25 per eent. This is due to the fact that the ontput of the new by-prodnct aspestic, is inchoded. This constitutes over half the weight of the whole, but being a low priced article brings down the price per unit sery mach. The returns, however, show also a falling off in the prices of the usmat grades of the mineral apart from the above influence.
In the important mineral coal the variation is but little. The falling off' in the production of the higher priced mineral of British Sohmbia and the increase in that of Nova Scotia at a lower price, causing a fall in the total vatue. In gypsum the increase in the value is larger than that slown in the quantity. This is due to the targer proportion of the higher priced product, Plaster of Paris, ineluded in the riciuns for 1897. The lower average price ruling during that year for petroleum caused the decrease in the value of this article to be much greater than that in the quantity.

The following table gives the proportional values of the different minerals in the grand total. It is interesting to note the changes in their relative position in 1897 as compared with 1896 :-


