

THE CIVILIAN

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Ottawa, January 19, 1917



THE NATIONAL DUTY.

The spirit of sacrifice must not be allowed to thin away, we must still be prepared to pour it out both in men and resources if we would save ourselves and the great British Empire which has so nobly stood for liberty, freedom and righteousness. The call of duty in Canada has never been stronger than now, nor the time more critical. The forces must be kept up, and to do this we must give unstintingly of our men and means.

—Capt. (Rev.) A. P. Shatford.

We realize that we shall still need every man that we can put in the field, every pound that rigid private and public economy can provide and every effort which a united people can put forth to help in the heavy task of our soldiers and sailors. The splendid contributions to our common cause already made by the dominions give me sure confidence that their determination is no less higher than ours and that, however long the path to final victory, we shall tread it side by side.

—Lloyd George.

No sacrifice is too great, no effort too strong and nothing is to be left undone in this our purpose to bring to our nation, our allies and the whole world that victory which means so much to Christianity and to civilization.

—Sir Robert Borden.

OUR BOYS

Previously reported:

Dead	149
Wounded	219
Prisoners	13

DEAD

GEORGES P. HUGUET.
D. A. McMILLAN.

WOUNDED

VERE W. CARTER.
LIEUT. E. J. YOUNG.

THE THIRD DIVISION.

The Third Division situation now appears to be definitely crystallized, and may be described thus,—

1. The Civil Service Association of Ottawa has asked for certain amendments to the regulations of the Commission.

2. Commissioner LaRochelle, in an official memorandum, has recommended the same changes.

3. The Government seems unwilling to take action without a unanimous recommendation from both commissioners.

4. So far as reported, Commissioner Shortt has not concurred in his colleague's memorandum, nor has he definitely dissented from it.

All that is required now is a statement from Commissioner Shortt, showing just where he stands on this question. If he will give such a statement on request, his courtesy will be appreciated by the Service and, it might be surmised, by the Government as well. If he will not oblige in this way, it would seem to be quite in order for the Government to ask him, officially, for a report on the subject. If his report is adverse, creating a definite deadlock, it will be the opportunity of the Government to break it by appointing the