and tibia beneath white, middle and posterior tibiæ densely sericeous; wings hyaline, slightly obscure, veins black, costa and stigma brownish, first branchial and second submarginal cells with a black dot. Length, 7 mm.

1 ♂, 7 ♀ ♀, April 17, 1892, on the catkins of *Salix flavescens*, and May 7th, 1893. Two specimens with the venation of *Harpiphorus* probably belong here.

Labidia opimus, Cress.

1 ♂, June 25, 1892.

Macrophya californica, Nort.

Three females, two from the Skokomish River, May 5th, on *Ribes bracteosum*. These specimens do not agree perfectly with Norton's description, but they differ more among themselves than from the description. The interrupted band on the abdomen and the black spot on the hind coxæ are wanting, in one specimen the abdomen is reddish-brown, and the antennæ, except the basal segment, entirely black.

Macrophya oregona, Cress.

1 ♀.—Differs from Cresson's description only in having a small white spot on basal plates.

Macrophya magnifica, sp. nov.

Black; labrum, clypeus, mandibles, except at tip, palpi, cheeks, an elongate spot on inner orbits above the antennæ, spot beneath the antennæ, the carina above the base of the antennæ, tegulæ, a broad band on collar, subinterrupted at middle, a large spot on each thoracic pleura, the scutellum, lines on the sides of the thorax and at the base of the wings, the edges of the basal plates, a band extending along the edge of the abdomen from the basal plates to the apex of the seventh segment, band broadest on the venter, legs, except a line above and the apex of the posterior femora, which are black, olive-white; antennæ, sternum, venter except the lateral yellow band, and back of the head, black; the five apical segments of the abdomen and the saw reddish-brown; the basal segment of the antennæ large, globular, the third as long as the fourth and fifth together; wings slightly infuscated, veins black, the costa and stigma at base brownish; lanceolate cell with a straight cross-nervure. Length, 12 mm.

1 ♀, June 4, 1892.