THE TORONTO WORLD

A One-Cent Moraling Sewapaper.

OFFICE SING-STREET EAST, TORONTO W. P. MACELLE, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION MATES.

One Year Stop Four Months 150 (One Months 150) (One Months 15

before, or ever could have been but for the bringing in of this vast new country. And yet, with all the present importance and immense capabilities of expansion which this great and growing interest has before it, we have men amongst us who apparently think it a safe thing to act as if this wheat and flour interest were not of much account.

Ontario has always bravely and honorably carried out her part of the N. P. compact between the Provinces; nobody can deny that. Think of the Intercolonial Railway, of expenditures on the St. Lawrense navigation, both above and below Quebec, also on the many expensive public works away "down east." of all which Ontario pays the lion's share! Ontario's liberality to the East is something to remark upon, and mainly because she holds herself bound to carry out the N. P. She gives the Eastern Provinces all that the N. P. can do for them; but now they refuse to concede her the merest fair play against American flour.

But what we started out to do was to suggest a compromise on the flour question, which is a complete that the start of the relief of distress.

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gest a compromise on the flour question which might do for a while; who knows? For we rmly believe that, with Manitoba and the cerritories added to the Dominion—the wheat and flour interest must soon grow strong the past, and seventy years hence it will be as the cough to compel justice, and to take care of iself. But for the present necessity, which is very pressing one, a compromise might be ried, pro tem. Suppose, then, that the duty and flour interest must soon grow strong enough to compel justice, and to take care of itself. But for the present necessity, which is a very pressing one, a compronise might be tried, pro tem. Suppose, then, that the duty on foreign flour were raised from 50 cents per to 80 cents. The latter would meet the views of a Nova Scotia coal miner whose main suggestion we recently published—to the effect that 20 cents more than the present duty would enable himself and his friends to overcome the disadvantage of present high freights

by the St. Lawrence route.

This seems to us the easiest way of getting over the present difficulty, say for this year.

Meantime we feel confident that the rapid growth and expansion of the wheat and flour industry in Canada, from this time forward, andustry in Canada, from this time forward, must soon cause many people to see new light on this same old question. For, mark you—the bringing in of the new prairie as productive ground must soon prove one of those circumstances which alter cases very much.

O ye wise men of the East! shis bringing in the great prairie is no unimportant little

business in the history of Canada. It means a revolution; and it would be well for you tunderstand this, and to govern yourselve great waterway (that of the St. Lawrence) to an extent beyond what need otherwise have been dreamed of. Remember, too, that had we the St. Lawrence canals sufficiently improved to render transhipment at Kingston unnecessary, there would then be cheap movement both of grain and flour east and coal and of other freight west.

It is certain in a general way that the present is an unusually early season in both Canada and the States, though as yet we are unable to say much in detail respecting it.
We find, however, some indications. The
Rideau Canal was opened for traffic this day a week ago, the 23d, the earliest opening, it s said, since the canal was in existence. And early openings are reported from other

A paragraph has been going the round of the press stating that the manager of th The disappearance of winter's snow was in Merchants' Bank Agency, New York, had Merchants Bank Agency, New York, had awarded \$5 to a man who returned to him a packet containing \$15,000 which had been lost by the bank. Comments on the meanness of the manager have been freely indulged in. We are authorized to state that the whole story is a fabrication, so far as the \$15,000 goes, as the bank could not possibly have loss more than \$2.50 had the packet been lost. good time, though many have thought that the April showers were unaccountably delayed However, they are here at last; and the rain of yesterday was warm and seasonable. We feel sure that in the country seeding must be a good bit further ahead than it generally i at the same date, and all that we see or hear goes to confirm this. This is an extra early A Jolly Re-Union of Yachtsmen—He Commodore McGaw.

spring, no doubt of that.

An American financial paper—The New York Wall-street Daily News-thus early takes note of the extraordinary season, which it says is from a fortnight to a month earlier than last year. From Manitoba we hear tha spring opens there two or three weeks earlier than usual, with good promise as far as yes appears. It is talked of that wheat getting at early start in the spring will be in less danger of being caught by frost in the fall.

recognition. The necessary funds were quickly forthcoming and on Saturday night, after the formal meeting of the newly-formed Yacht Lindsay Warder: Toronto is one of the mos Lindsay warder: Toronto is one or the most prosperous cities of the continent, and her prosperity is due to the indomitable pluck, push and energy of her citizens. Ever quick to perceive an advantage to the city, be it ever slight, the merchant princes of Toronto have readily lent their energies towards the opening up of lines of trade to all parts of Ontario. Club, the subscribers to the testimonial fund proceeded to the Queen's Hotel and, having proceeded to the Queen's Hotel and, having requested Hon. Justice Falconbridge to take the chair, called their well-beloved ex-Commodore into the parlor. He found awaiting him hearty cheer from the large gathering, a magnificent Westminster chime clock, a handsome pair of bronze statues and a silk burges of the old Toonte Yacht Club mountained on a pike-nole, appropried by three belaving And no doubt they would now readily lend a quarter to Sam.

The building of a line of railway from Tara The building of a line of railway from Tara to Owen Sound, to give the latter place connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, will cost \$200,000. The Dominion Government has granted a subsidy of \$48,000 toward the construction of the line and it is probable that the rest of the necessary capital will be provided by the Grand Trunk and the municipalities interested.

Boston has been committing great slaughter among saloon keepers. Out of a total of 2280, 1800 to the grand discount the process the same shown by the beautiful mechanism of the clock to the prompt attention the simple statement of the same shown by the beautiful mechanism of the clock to the prompt attention the

THEIR TOTH ANNIVERSARY.

PRESSED BRICK.

A Toronto Company Getting Ready to Make the Finest Quality. In a late issue of The Inter-Ocean is an in-

American. At present this class of brick brought in from the States at a cost of from

A remedy that is of such benefit in cases indigestion, neuralgia, loss of appetite, dyps sia as Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine, is wo gold; it is easily taken by the weakest inva. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

The Other Side of the Story.

"OUR ONLY COMMODORE."

When the amalgamation of the Royal Cana dian and Toronto Yacht clubs was consum

mated two months ago it was thought by

several of the members of the latter that the

efforts of Commodore McGaw, while chief

of the club, should meet with a substantial

ED TO BE IMPOSSIBLE OF

e United States has added to its original emparatively small territory have always en made, with a single exception, through urchase and not through conquest.

The Monroe doctrine always contemplated

It is very plain to any statesman, and, of anticipating events, how dangerous it would be to the future unity and welfare of this country further to increase its territorial area, specially when the new territory is already whabited by a people of a different race, peaking a different language, and having difterent habits. It is, in my opinion, worth while pointing out some of these dangers, obections, and perils, notwithstanding that they re quite plain to any careful observer

The United States has already as much ter tory as any other free country ever had, and

ritory as any other free country ever had, and embraces within itself different elementa, with different and antagonistic interests, which will, in all probability, grow stronger every day. The patriotism, talent, prudence, wisdom, and ingenuity of its best men will be heavily taxed furing the next century to keep together the bonds of union which now happily exist, and prevent their disruption.

But there is, in my opinion, another objection of still greater force, or of far more immediate effect, growing out of the annexation of Mexico to the United States. The United States are now about equally divided in politics, between the North and the South; so much so that a single State has often had a controlling vote in the Presidual elections. Since the abolition of slavery, which was for a long time the bone of contension between the political parties, the social two of the best creameries in Ontario. Families in any part of the city will be called upon twice a week for orders if required, and goods delivered same day. Send for price catalog. Mara & Co., grocers, 280 and 282 Queen-street west. Telephone 713. question between the plantian question between the pushion between labor and capital, or the economic question, as it might be more properly called, is taking its place. The whole south, or the solid South, is arrayed on one side, and the majority of the North on the other. If, under such circumstances, and even in case they abould come to an agreement on that or other questions, there should be added to the present difficulties of the situation twelve millions of a heterogeneous, dissatisfied, unwilling people, with a representation in the Congress of the United States of fifty-six Senators and seventy—uner Representatives, according to the present apportionment, and the corresponding number of votes in the Electoral College, the fate and future of this country would then be placed in the hands of that dissatisfied element, which would thus exercise a controlling influence in its destinics. That influence will, terview with "a manufacturer from Toronto, Canada, L. M. Livingston, who is stopping at the Palmer House with several Canadian

in all probability, have sided with the South, and the disruption of the country would have been sanctioned by the agthority of Congress. Besides, such a large number of Senators and members, united and compact, could obtain many advantages by transactions and in other ways usual now in the course of legislative affairs.

affairs.

The annexation of Mexico would revolutionize materially the labor system of the United States, and the objections to Chinese and European pauper immigrants would have, should Mexico be incorporated, tenfold force. At least three millions of able-bodied Mexican laborers, whose wag-s range now from twelve and a-half to fifty cents a day, and who would be quite willing to come north or west for the purpose of earning higher wages, would be thrown on the market, clothed with the rights of citizenship, and without any possibility of closing to them the doors of the country, as they are now practically closed to the Chinese. To be sure, their present Mexican wages would then have to be increased, but in any case they would certainly remain lower than the present Chinese wages.

I have purposely refrained from dwelling on the actual difficulties of the subjugation of 12,000,000 of brave people, proud of their nationality, and ready to fight to the last extremity to preserve it, and on the difficulti of keeping subdued such a large number

people.
Should the United States intend to purs Should the United States intend to nursue the policy of annexation, it is but natural that they would begin with Canada, as the Canadians belong to the same race, speak the same language, have an identical origin, profess the same religion and are practically the same neople, divided only by an imaginary line. And yet there is no party here, to my knowledge, favoring the annexation of Canada by force or conquest, and some of the most prominent men of the country have expressed their opposition to such a course, even if asked voluntarily by the Canadians. One of the strongest reasons against such union is the strongest reasons against such union that about one fourth of the Canadians are French origin and therefore difficult of ass

Public opinion is divided in Mexico abou Public opinion is divided in Mexico about the best policy to be pursued toward the United States. The conservative, or Church party, are always afraid of annexation, and advocate the policy of isolation from, and comadvocate the policy of isolation from, and complete non-intercouse with, the United States; while the liberal party, having the bond of similarity of political institutions, considers the contiguity of territory as a stubborn fact which cannot be ignored, and believes that the best way to prevent annexation is to open the country to the United States, and to grant to

Boston has been pommitting great aloughter among saloon keepers. Out of a total of 2250, 1500 will not be granted licensees this year.

One of the gang that committed the highway religions to the property of the control of the property of the control of the gang that committed the highway religions to the property of the control of the gang that committed the highway religions to the property of the particular to the property of the property of the particular to the property of the property of the particular to the property of the property of the particular to the property of the pro

Commercial union presents a great many more difficulties to overcome. If by commercial union between two countries it is understood that both should have the same tariff

DECLARED TO BE IMPOSSIBLE OF REALIZATION BY ROMERG.

Commercial Union Also Impossible—A Restricted Reciprosity Feasible and Worthy of Consideration—A Question in which Canadians are Interested.

M. Homoro, Mexican Minister to the United States, in The North American Review for May.]

None of the policical parties and, in fact, no sensible man in the United States now favors the annexation of Mexico if attempted to be brought about by force, and I think that very few would accept it, even in case it was asked voluntarily by Mexico.

The very political organization of the United States are not a conquering country. Conquests and subjugation of a people are against the principles proclaimed in the Declaration of Independence and incorporated afterwards in the Constitution of the United States, which established a government by the people and for the people. Therefore, when the United States assume, if they shall ever do so, the role of conquerors, they will have to undergo a very essential change in their present institutions, and there is no indication for the present, sofar as I can judge, that any such change will take place in the near future.

The several and very large accretions that the United States has added to its original comparatively small territory have always been made, with a single exception, through been made and repealed in the united States has added to its original comparatively small err

modification of the fundamental laws of both.

The question of commercial union between Mexico and the United States presents such complex problems that it is more advisable to let the needs and exigencies of the future indicate the way of solving them; for the present all the interests and needs of both countries would, in my opinion, be subserved with restricted reciprocity, like that agreed upon in the pending treaty.

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N.Y., writes
"For years I could not eat many kinds of food
without producing a burning, excruciating
pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills
according to directions under the head of
"Dyspepsia or Indigestion." One box entirely
cured me. I can now 'eat anything I choose
without distressing me in the least." Thespills do not cause pain or griping, and should
be used when a cathartic is required.

THE BROKER AND THE INSPECTOR Mr. Priestman Starts in After Mr. Archa bold's Scalp-The Police Con

to Hear the Case. In police circles it is known that the Police nquiries be made to ascertain if there are good rounds for the impressions which have gained urrency to the effect that the police, especially nspector Archabold, acted in a harsh and un

Inspector Archabold, acted in a harsh and un warranted manner in the Priestman bucket shop case. On Friday Mr. Priestman sent in a letter to the Commissioners making charges of a serious character.

A World reporter called on Mr. Priestman, but he declined to discuss the subject, saying that while he felt strongly in the matter and would be only too glad to give to the public an expression of his side of the case, he thought it would not be respectful or right to the tribunal which has undertaken to investigate the matter to say anything about it for publication.

There has been a good deal of interest manifested in this case, and it is not improbable that the outcome will be that the Commissioners will more clearly define just when the privileges of the police end and the liberty of the citizen begins.

There are a number of varieties of corns.

There are a number of varieties of corns followsy's Corn Cure will remove any of them call on your druggist and get a bottle at once GRADUAL EMANCIPATION.

low the Weldon Act is Regarded in th United States.

¡From The New Fork Tribund.]

The United States will secure from the forcement of the Weldon Act not only all the benefits of the enlarged Extradition Treaty

list of offences for which fugitive criminals may be surrendered. It receives these advantages favor. Canada virtually asserts its favor. Canada virtually asserts to bollowing independence by enacting such a measure, since extradition ordinarily is arranged by treaty, and the British Government does not allow its colonies to nerotiate with foreign Powers. The Weldon statute becomes a substitute for the elaboration which the statute becomes a substitute for the elaborate series of extradition treaties which the Foreign Office has concluded with various Governments. It is a radical departure from colonial procedure, and is one of many indications that Canada is gradually emancipating itself from British control. While the United States will profit by the act, it cannot offer the Dominion the advantages of compensating legislation. Congress cannot duplicate the Weldon bill and limit its application to Canadian fugitives from justice. The Government will be compelled to deal exclusively with Great British in negotiating new extradition treaties. It will derive material benefits from the passage of the Weldon bill without being in a position to do anything in return.

a position to do anything in return. A Great Gain to Morality.

[From The St. Paul Pioneer Press.]

The Dassage by the Canadian Parliament of the Weldon extradition bill reflects great honor upon the people of Canada, grown weary of the reputation of offering a hospitable asylum for all the unpushed regues of their neighbors. Our neighbors have taken the lead of us in abolishing the nefarious system that offered freedom from punishment to every thisf and defaulter at the cost of a prist journey. We ought to thank them of a brief journey. We ought to thank them for removing what must be considered a common disgrace. There will be more heatation mon disgrace. There will be independent in the second of the property when they consider that Canada no longer offers them safety. Even if we may not secure and punish old offenders, the gain from the Weldon bill to public and private the weldon bill to burget.

rality cannot fail to be great. If you propose getting out a lithographic plan of your properties call at the Ontario Lithographing Co., World Building, for sam ples and prices.

ANNIE PIXLEY NEXT WEEK, Fine Specialty Company Announced for the Toronto-Other Amusement Notes.

There will be no attraction at the Grand this week until Friday night, the minstrel en gagement having been cancelled. But dainty Annie Pixley is announced for Friday night and Saturday afternoon and night, Miss Pixle and Saturday afternoon and night, Miss Pixley will appear in a new play, '22, Second Floor," which is aptly called "a modern Comedy of Errors," and in which she plays two parts. An American paper says: Annie Pixley as Mrs. John Ellis, a demure wife whose affections are centred in the home circle, and as Miss Flora Featherstone, a sprightly actress of the "Long don frivolity," had a capital chance to draw two distinct characters, and she improved the opportunity. There were twin sisters, separated in youth, each believing the other dead. So closely did one resemble the other that their most intimate acquaintances and relatives were deceived, and the troubles began as soon as Miss Flora Featherstone took room 22, second floor, in the Jinkerson House, directly shove the apartments occupied by the demure

Rev. George H. Sandwell of Southsea, Eng-land. paster-elect of Zien Congregational Church of this city, will sail from Liverpool Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the very best tenic.

AID TO RAILWAYS. The House at Work Saturday on the OTTAWA, April 27,-The House this after-AND EXPLANATIONS FROM COMMISnoon went again into concurrence on con-sideration of the report of the Committee

reduce it.

of Supply-on the estimates. On the ap-

the resolutions laid before the House

The Railway Subsidies.

bridge over the St. John River at Fredericton.

sceived them.
Sir John Macdonald said the insinuation

Most Popular Resort.

NEW YORK'S PAGEANT.

NEW YORK, April 28 .- Early to-morrow

celebration, which will be his escort to Equitable Building.

Two Lives Thought to be Lost St. Paul's Bay, Que., April 27 .- Two

men of St. Paul's Bay, Joseph Bouchard,

agent of the Richelieu and Ontario Navi-

gation Company, and George Gagnon, left Murray Bay last Monday evening on their

14. T. (1)

SIONER BATES, ening of the Samoan Conference in Ber.

of Supply of Samoan Conference in Ber.

of Supply of Samoan Conference in Ber.

of Samoan Conf American Wife for Prince Albert Victor

-The Boulangists' Trial. BERLIN, April 27. The delegates to the Samoan Conference are delighted with the reception accorded them by Prince Bismarck. The Chancellor was especially corlial to Mr. Bates, who explained that his article on Samoa in The Century Magazine was written long before he was nominated a delegate to the conference, and that after his nomination he tried to withdraw the ar-ticle, but in vain, as thousands of copies had

been printed.

Mr. Bates explained to Count Herbert Bismarck that since the publication of the official despatches in the White Book, which showed the attitude of the German Government, his article in The Century Magazine, which he had written as a private and uninformed person, had lost all point. He said he had the utmost esteem for Germany, to which country America wed much. Nothing was further from his thoughts than to wound either the German nation or the German Government. Mr. Bates said he desired that this statement be published and he trusted that it would remove entirely any ill-feeling toward him. Prince Bismarck showed perfect familiarty with the Samoan question. He exssed the hope that the conference would brief. He frequently referred to the diplomatic and parliamentary experience of Messrs. Kasson and Phelps. The first sitting was held at 2.30 p.m. to-day at the

Foreign Office.

was now asked so vote \$1,500,000 this was out of applications totalling \$21,000,000. The fact that in these resolutions nothing was asked for many roads on whose behalf applications had been made must not be taken as a declaration against these claims, which would all be considered in due course. The Foreign Office appears to be assured of an early termination of negotiations.

The commission, however, expects the sittings will be protracted forseveral months especially if the charges against Klein involving claims against the Washington due course.

The following subsidies were passed after Government are brought up. Prince Bisbrief discussion:
For a line from the Jeggins Railway to marck intends to place the evidence of Young's Mills, N.S., 5 miles, \$16,000.

To the St. Clair Frontier Tunnel Co., for the construction of a tunnel under the St. Clair River from Sarnia to Port Huron, Branders, Knappe and others before the nference but he has abandened the claims for indemnity arising from Klein's action This ought to shorten the proceedings \$375,000.
To the Pontiac and Renfrew Railway The claim against the Samoans for plunder To the Pontiae and Renfrew Railway Company, for six miles of road from the north bank of the Ottawa River opposite Braeside to the Pontiae Pacific Junction Railway, \$19,2000.

To the Quebec, Montmorency and Charlevoix Railway Company, for 30 miles from St. Charles River to Cape Tormente, \$96,ing German traders and planters will be maintained. There is reason to believe that England supports the principle of the German demands, and it is trusted the American delegates are empowered to admit it. The amount of the ndemnity is not likely to give rise to any 000. disagreement, being merely a question as to the accuracy of the claims presented. From the communications between Her-A long discussion took place on the reso-lution appropriating \$30,000 to the Freder-icton and St. Mary's Bridge Company for the

From the communications between Her-bert Bismarck and Hamburg firms interested in Samoa it is surmised that the indemnity will take the form of extended land concessions supervised by a land court, composed of representatives from Samoa and Germany, England and the United States. Mr. Bayard's scheme of government, which includes a Royal Council and a Legislature composed of two houses in which the three powers will be represented, will not be entertained, Prince Bismarck adhering to the principle of non-intervention with the local government. The official papers rather affect indifference towards the conference, The Cologne Gazette concludes that a favorable result is already assured. A strongly phrased article in The Magdeburg ed in Samoa it is surmised that the indemfavorable result is already assured. A strongly phrased article in The Magdeburg Gazette, a National-Liberal paper, declares of the assailants of Dec.

The article misrepresents both official and public feeling.

Messrs. Kasson and Phelps have siready

Mesers. Kasson and Phenps have already made a favorable impression on the German and English officials. The idea prevails in the Foreign Office that Mr. Phelps will become chief of the American Legation.

Prince Bismarck will remain in Berlin until the conference decisions assume definite

SULLIVAN'S PROPOSAL Yankee Girl Suggested for a Future Que of England.

New York, April 28.-Mr. cables The Tribune from London: The Queen's visit to the Prince and Princess of Wales at Sandringham ends this morning, and the Queen returns to Windsor Castle this afternoon. Much has been printed about this visit; little is really known except what happened in public. There is theory that a family council has been held and that various family questions have been discussed. Supposing that to be true, no decision that could have been taken would be valid without the approval of her Majesty's Ministers. Two subjects are said to occupy the Queen's mind—a financial settlement for the eldest sen of the Prince of Wales, Prince Albert Victor, commonly Notwithstanding the threatening called Prince Eddie, and his marriage. This Prince is now 25 years old and has no sepnany passengers. Some needed improvements have been made arate establishment, no income of his own no wife and no immediate prospect at the Point. The chief is that the railing on the lower veranhah of the Hotel Haulan has marrying. No Minister has yet ventured to ask Parliament for an allowance. There would be opposition, and rather than face the discussion which is sure to be raised; the Prince of Wales himself is opposed to an appropriate the prince of wales himself is opposed to an appropriate the property of the property een removed and there is now a continuou array of steps leading from the sidewalks to array of steps leading from the sidewalks to
the verandah, the steps occupying the places
which were formerly grass spots. A man from
Parts, Out., will run the hotel this year.
Improvements are being made all over.
Jack Hanlan has built a new platform and
sidewalk in front of "The Homestead," and
Mrs Durnan is about to put new planking
around her place and will open a lunch counter for campers. Prince of Wales himself is opposed to an application till his son marries. As he must marry a Protestant, his choice among the European daughters of royalty is strictly limited. None of them seems a favorite. In these circumstances Sir Edward Sullivan has conceived the notion that the Prince should marry an American. Why should he not? asks Sir Edward; and he proceeds to argue the question at length. Such an ter for campers.

The sidewalk from the wharf to Heber's Hotel is badly out of repair and should be doubled. It is not by any means wide enough for the thousands who visit the Pout in the summer. The civic authorities have promised to lay a sidewalk along the bay shore from Jack Hanlan's both house to Heber's Wharf, "Par Views theme?" as the campers call it. to argue the question at length. Such an alliance, he thinks, would bring about a closer intimacy between the two nations.

Americans, in his opinion, would like to see one of Culumbia's daughters sharing the throne of England—he had better have "Bay View-avenue," as the campers call it, but there is no sign of yet. This is greatly needed and would be a big accommodation. throne of England—he had better have said the prospect of the throns—and thirty-four millions in England would welcome with delight a Queen of their own blood, breed and speech. Sir Edward, like most Englishmen, admires the American girl, and the American people generally. He believes the two great English-speaking peoples destined to rule the world, and advocates such a marriage on international and political grounds. This How the Great Centennial Celebration morning the town will be aroused by the world, and advocates such in marines of international and political grounds. This suggestion has been heard before, but per-haps nobody has seriously urged it except Sir Edward Sullivan. So strong is the feelroar of artillery, and the great water pageant will occupy the principal part of the day. While tens of thousands of peoing in England against more Anglo-German marriages that an Anglo American alliance might well enough be popular for that, as

Diamonds and Jewelry. Money is saved in buying diamonds, watcher and jewelry at D. H. Cunningham's, 77 Yonge street, 2 doors north of King. 136

places are in No. 2 police division are aggrie ed at the police putting in force the bylaw forbidding the exposure of goods on the sideyacht to come here, and have not since been heard of. It is supposed that the boat capsized in the gale last Monday night and that both were drowned. walk. They are quite willing to forego the privilege, but it is making them discontented

THE FAVORITES BEATEN

LAL BROUGH AND SAVOYARD BOWL ED UNDER AT SANDOWN PARK.

ast Time on Lexington's Heavy Track File Maker Breaks His Record-The R. C. Y. C. Annual Meeting-Ball Games on Saturday and Sunday-Other Sports, LONDON, April 27 .- This was the last day

since the Budget speech made it of the Sandown Park Second Spring meeting.
The features included the Great Sandown
Hurdle Race and the Grand International plain that the expenditures on capital account during the next few years would be much greater than estimated by the Finance Minister, and held that the Steeplechase. The Great Sandown Hurdle Race was a handicap at two miles over eight hurdles. It had seven starters, of which Sir C. Hartopp's five-year-old bay horse Lal Brough was the favorite at 3 to 1 against. He however failed to get a place, Mr. Abingexpectation of large surpluses was deemed to disappointment. He criticized specially the Intercolonial Railway management and the annual deficit upon that road. In conton's bay horse Tommy Upton winning, with lusion, in order to formally test the opinion of the House, he moved in amendment that Col. Dansey's brown horse Carronald second the vote be not concurred in, but be referred and Mr. G. Masterman's chestuat filly Speed third. The betting was 4 to 1 against Tommy Unton,7 to 1 Carronald and 9 to 2 Speed. Conback to the committee with instructions to Hon. G. E. Foster denied that his calcula-

Upton, 7 to 1 Carronald and 9 to 2 Speed:

ditions:

The Great Sandown Hurdle Race (handicap) of 300 sovs, by subscription of 2gs each, or 10gs in addition if not struck out, the second to receive 20 sovs out of the stakes; winners (selling races excepted) of a hurdle race after April 4, of 90 sovs 51 b, twice of 90 sovs or once of 290 10 1b extra. About 2 miles, over eight hurdles:

Mr. Abington's bh Tommy Upton, 6,by Blue Ruin—Ryegrass, 153.

Col. Dansey's br h Carronald, a, by Lord Ronald—Caress, 157.

Mr. G. Masterman's ch f Speed, 4, by Hampton—Thistle, 140.

Four others ran. tions announced in the Budget speech had been shown to be at fault and thought that this year's surplus would be if anything larger than predicted.
The House divided on Sir Richard's amendment, which was lost, 40 to 73. Several other amendments proposing reductions were during the afternoon an ductions were during the afternoon and evening declared lost on similar divisions. All the estimates passed having been concurred in, at 9.30 the House went into committee on the railway subsidies motion.

The Favorite Again Beaten. For the Grand International Steeplechase, handicap at three and a half miles, the favorit Sir Richard Cartwright said he had was again bowled over, Baron W. Schroder's aged Savoyard at 9 to 4 against running unplaced. It was won by Lord Dudley's aged Kilworth with Mr. E. Woodland's six-year-old Baccy second and Lord Cholmondeley's aged The Fawn third. The betting was 8 to 1 against Kilworth, 25 to 1 Baccy and 7 to 1 The Fawn. Conditions:

The Grand International Steeplechase (handicap) of 300 sovs, by subscription of 2gs each, or logs in addition if not struck out, the second to receive 20 sovs out of the stakes; winners (selling races excepted) of any handicap steeplechase after April 4, 4 b, of 190 sovs 91b, of 450 12 b extra. About 3 miles:

Lord Dudley's b g Kilworth, m. by John was again bowled over, Baron W. Schroder's understood from declarations made in the House and elsewhere that the Government were to call a halt on the matter of granting railway subsidies.
Sir John Macdonald said it was the in tention to keep the sum so granted as moderate as possible. While the House was now asked to vote \$1,500,000 this was

On Lexington's Heavy Track. LEXINGTON, Ky., April 27.-The spring meeting of the Kentucky Association was con tinued to-day, the weather being disagreeable and the attendance consequently small. The track was heavy and slow. Results:

track was heavy and slow. Results:

First race—Purse \$500, for 2-year-olds; selling allowances; † mitc. Lord Peyston, 108, won Zeilke, 99, 2; Teddy Venture, 105, 3. Time 51. Pools—Teddy Venture, \$10; Load Peyston, 36; the field, \$16.

Second race—Purse \$300, for 3-year-olds and upwards; selling allowances; † mile. Lakeview, 99, won; May O, 94, 2; J. C. Burnett, 105, 3. Third race—Purse \$200, headers, 105, 3.

Fime 1.164.

Third race—Purse \$300, handicap, for 3-year olds and upward; I mile and 70 yards. Teuton 105, won: Early Dawn, 105, 2; Louis d'Or, 95, 3 lime 1.402. Pools—Early Dawn, \$17; Teuton 57; Louis d'Or, \$5; Trust, \$5; Petulance, \$5 the field, \$4. the field, \$4.
Fourth race—Purse \$300, for 3-year-olds and upward: selling allowances: I mile. Cast away, 100, won: Stuart, 113, 2: Redietter, 113, 7 ime 1.44; Pools—Castaway, 510; Stuart, \$7 Julien. \$7; Miss Flood, \$6; Sallie O., \$6; the

Escert Breaks His Leg.
LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 27.—While at work
on the Louisville Jockey Club track this
morning, the 2-year-old Escort stumbled and
fell, breaking his left foreleg between the pastern joint and hoof and had to be destroyed Lampke, a colored boy who was riding him, was thrown to the ground and received concussion of the brain from which he will die. Essort was owned by Mr. P. Speth, who recently refused \$1800 for the colt.

enterprise deserved it.

Hon. L. H. Davies said no member of
Parliament could possibly vote independ-Toledo's Easy Victory. avors as this from the Government, or had National League Games.

by Mr. Davies was unworthy of him. As to the subserviency of the members of Parliament and the declaration that they were bound to give a party vote because of favors received from the Government, he would like to know upon what occasion since he had been in Parliament Mr. Davies had Mr. Davies was unworthy of him. As At Indianapolis:

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leveland.
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Batteries-Boyle and Myers; O'Brien and Seymont
impire—Barnum. At Jersey City: New York and Boston, Ground in conditions At Pittsburge Pittsburg and Chicago. Postponed of Parliament Mr. Davies had given an At Washington: Washington and Philadelphis

independent vote or had given other than a party vote.

Mr. Davies replied that he had time and mr. Davies replied that he had take an time again voted apart from his party.

Sir John t "Give an instance if you can.
Mr. Davies: "The Orange incorporation was one instance."

Several voices: "Which side was your

party on?" [Laughter.]
After further discussion the passed.
The vote of \$32,000 to the Napanee, Tam

worth and Quebec Railway Company passed without discussion and at midnight the House adjourned. Cames To-day. National League: Washington at New York, Boston at Philadelphia, Cleyeland at Pittsburg, Chicago at Indianapolis, American Association: Baltimore at Brook-iyn, Athletics at Columbus, Cincinnati at Kan-sas City, Louisville at St. Louis, Madre E' Higo Cigars are unquestionably the finest 10c and 15c cigars in the market.

OVER AT HANLAN'S POINT. Dust from the Diamond. Changes and Improvements at Toron

Rain prevented the Toronto-Varsity gar on Saturday.

Hurley, the California catching experimen has been signed by Boston.

at Toledo, Hamilton at Syracuse, London
Detroit and Buffalo at Rochester. the bay was very lively yesterday with sail boats and rowboats. The Luella made frequent trips to Hanlan's Point and carried

The Torontos leave here to-day for Toledo where they open the season to-morrow.

The championship season of the International Association begins to-morrow with Toronto Robert Pettit, released a few days ago by Chicago, has signed with the Wilkesbarre The Toronto team carries with it a satchel

containing several horseshoes and omascots.—N. Y. Herald. A number of capitalists in Auckland. New A number of capitalists in Auckiand, New Sealand, are trying to import a nine of professional American ball players.

The Atlantic League season was to have opened at Wilkesbarre on Saturday with a game between the Wilkesbarre and New Hasen club but rain prevented the game.

The Ivy Leafs are open for challenges from junior clubs whose members are under nineteen years of age, and would like to hear from outside clubs for holidays. M. Cairns, Secy., 196 Sackville-st. CANADIAN NOTES.

Mt. Forest has now a paid fire brigade, six een men at \$6 a year each, Two thousand dollars has been contributed by the citizens of Halifax to the Parnell Indem-nity Fund.

nity Fund.

The annual sum to be paid by St. Thomas for the annual sum to be paid by St. Thomas for the next five the administration of justice for the next five years has been fixed at \$2530.

Stephen Hood, an Indian hunter recently caught a black fox on the Amherst, N.S. marsh. This fur is very scarce and commands enormous prices.

The Unique telephone, by which divers under the sen can be communicated with, was given

ple are watching the floating masses of decoration from the decks of steamers and from the shore, other thousands will be ranged at every point of vantage about Wall-street, to view the landing of the President and the first land parade of the celebration, which will be his escort to the Equitable Roulding cut and bruised.

The total expenditure of the township of Dunwich on account of the smallpox was \$230 St. Thomas spent \$1500 (most of which was to the erection of a permanent hospital for contagious diseases). Southwold has appropriate \$4000 and Aldborough \$700.

Caswell, Massey & Co's Emulsion Liver Oil with Pepsin and Quinine, nized as the best preparation know sorthed by the leading physicians, Dyer & Co., Montreal.

that both were drowned.

A Bad Shewing.

PARIS, April 27.—The liquidators of the Societe des Metaux say the liabilities exceed the assets by 50,006,000 francs.

Herring's Rell of Bills.

Queen-street west. On Saturday morning he left it for a moment, and on his return found that some advoit sneak thief had relieved him of a roll of bills amounting to \$15 which was lying in his till.

END OF THE KIRMESS. rowds Fill the Pavilion on Saturday Af. ternoon and Night.

The Kirmess ended on Saturday with a grand flare-up. It has been a most gratitying success and the ladies who managed it are success and the ladies who managed it are worthy of every congratulation. At the matines the Pavilion was simply jammed and the clever presentation of "The Cinderells Ball" by the children was received with loud applause. At night the entire dance program was repeated and the terpsichorean movements of the Spanish, Swedish, Hungarian and Gipsey people afforded much amusement. The Kirmess of two years ago realized over \$400 for the Infants' Home, and there is every indication that the receipts of last week will reach nearly \$6000.

The Electric and Accomulator Company. has supplied the electric lights to the Com servatory during the week every night from a storage or Accumulator Battery. The electricity is stored at the shop, 37 Queen-street east, and is carried to the Pavilion. It has run about five hours a might for five nights, There are two glow lamps of 75 candle power each and smaller lamps. The flowers are not injured and colors in dresses are seen as clearly and distinctly almost as in daylight. The managers of the Kirmess are pleased with the lights and recognize this contribution of the company to the interest of the Kirmess; and the services of Mr. Geo. M. S. Wilson, the mianager, and Mr. William Roberts, the Mechanical Electrician. There is no flicker or fluctuation in this light. It is steady, clear, uniform, and as pleasant to the eyes as day-light almost. Many of our citizens are promoting this new invention of Mr. S. L. Trippe, who is very sanguine about its capabilities for lights and power. Messrs. Waring Kennedy. James Beaty, S. F. McKinnon, G. B. Smith, M. L. A.; R. E. Kingsford, Dr. C. S. Elliott, Alexander McRoberts, Horace Thorne and others are shareholders and are gratified at this effort at producing a satisfactory light. It is expected to be soon applied to power for street cars and machinery. each and smaller lamps. The flowers are not power for street cars and mac

Leading Liberal Unionists of London propose to give a banquet in honor of ex-Mayor Hewitt of New York. of New York.

A member of the London Press Club has invited General Boulanger and M. Rochefort to attend the club's annual dinner.

Mr. W. J. Greenwood, B.A., classical master of the Whitby Collegiate Institute, has been lying ill with infianmation at the Walker House for the past two weeks. He hopes to be well enough to be moved home on Wednesday. Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so mear at hand?

Jottings About Town. Complaint is made about the electric light a-e corner of York and Adelaide-streets being tinguished every night at about 1. the corner of York and Ausmidestrees stage extinguished every night at about 1.

A lot in Dovercourt-road, the property of John Leys, was sold on Saturday at McFarlane's auction rooms to Mr. A. Myers for \$3190.

Mr. W.D. Grand will sell a carload of French-Canadian ponies and horses to-morrow, the property of Messrs. Bates & Ledeaux, Montreal:

At 5.10 p.m. on Saturday, a fire at 107 Niagara-street, occupied by Louis Manhard, did \$6 damage. On Sunday morning at 3.35, fire is rear of 144 Yonge-street did \$10 damage.

The Toronto Milk Dealers' Association have decided that the retail price for milk for the summer season should be six cents per gallon.

Attention is called to Mr. R. Carrie's adver-Attention is called to Mr. R. Carrie's adver-isement. His storage warehouse in Front-treet east has special dry flats for storing ousehold furniture and other articles needing

street east has bousehold furniture and other articles needing care.

The Young Men's Liberal Club will held the last meeting of the present session to-night. The debate will be resumed on the motion and amendments bearing on the Jesuit Estates Act, and a vote will be taken.

The Women's Medical College appeal for subscriptions to enable the trustees to put up a new building on the ground east of the General Hospital. This is a very deserving cause for the manifestation of charity.

Mr. Charles Watts abiy lectured in Science Hall last night on "Modern Sceptieism and Christian Theology." Trenchantly he expounded his well-known agnostic views and was applauded by sympathetic hearers.

Dr. Norman Allen of 98 Carlton-street was on Saturday evening presented, on the eve of his marriage to Miss aMartin, with a handsome secretary desk and a boaulful illuminated address, by Court Davis, C. O. F. 187. The Doctor was the chief founder of the lodge and has always taken a deep interest in its welfare, The presentation was made by the chief ranger, Bro. Bywater.

"Cable" Cigars. The standard brand, Over a quarter of a century in the market. Sales constantly increasing. 136

Enrolling Protestants. The St. Stephen's Ward Protestant Association held their regular meeting on Saturday evening in Euclid-avenue Hall, Ald. Bell in the chair. A large number of those present enrolled their names as members. Addresses were delivered by the following members: John Heatherington, J. P. Snocks, Frederick Taylor, James McGee, William Reid, R. Brassington, Robert Wheeler and others, Another meeting will be held on Saturday evening next at the same place.

DEATES.

MICHAEL—At 26 Gerrard street west, on 29th April, 12.15 a.m., George Michael, optil Funeral Tuesday 3 p.m. from the above ad-Friends will kindly accept this intimation.

Pimples, Boils, And Carbuncles result from a debilitated, impoverished, or impure condition of the blood. Ayer's Sarsaparilla prevents and

cures these eruptions and painful tumors, by removing their cause; the only effectnal way of treating them. Ayer's Sarsaparilla has prevented the usual course of Boils, which have pained and distressed me every season for several years.—Geo. Scales, Piainville, Mich. I was badly troubled with Pimples on the face; also, with a discoloration of the skin, which showed itself in ugly dark patches. No external treatment did more than temporary good. Ayer's Sarsapa-rills effected

A Perfect Cure, and I have not been troubled since. T. W. Boddy, River st., Lowell, Mass.

I was troubled with Boils, and my health was much impaired. I began using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, in due time, the eruptions all disappeared, and my health was completely restored.—John R. Elkins, Editor Stanley Observer, Albemarle, N. C.

I was troubled, for a long time, with a humor which appeared on my face in ugly Pimples and Blotches. Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me. I consider it the best blood purifier in the world.—Charles H. Smith, North Craftsbury, Vt. Aver's Sarsaparilla Is sold by all druggists and dealers in med-

icine. Ask for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and do not be persuaded to take any other. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Price 81; six bettles, 85.

Buy Your FIREWORKS ---Direct From----Manufacturers

Those wanting Fireworks for the Queen's Birthday or other celebrations can get them direct from the manufacturers by sending to the undersigned. We are offering assortments from 25 cents to \$30, suitable for private displays of all kinds. The express charges from Montreal will be very small, and it will repay you well to try a sample lot, Send for list of price and quantities.

CUSHING & CO... 32 St. Sulpice-St., Montreal, Pyrotechnists to the Montreal Carnivale



IN TORO THE POTCE GAVE New York fellows i Told The The weather

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