

OUR JANUARY WHITE GOODS SALE STARTS TUESDAY MORNING

The great event in the Drygoods trade in London, where you will find crisp, new White Goods specially priced for this January Sale, giving you the benefit of our wonderful cash buying.

Cottons and Sheetings

34-inch White Cotton, even thread, special finish. January sale price, $8\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ a yard, or 12 yards for $\$1.00$

20 pieces of Fine White Cotton, 36 inches wide, extra special quality. Worth $12\frac{1}{2}$ ¢, January sale price, $10\frac{1}{2}$ ¢

10 yards for $\$1.00$

Heavy Round-Thread Imported White Cotton, 35 inches wide, finished soft. Regular 15 ¢ value, January sale price, yard $12\frac{1}{2}$ ¢

40-inch Unbleached Cotton, English manufacture. Extra special. Yard $12\frac{1}{2}$ ¢

8-4 Bleached Wigan Sheet, heavy round thread, plain and twill. January sale price 25 ¢

9-4 Bleached Sheet, plain only. Sold regularly at 40 ¢, January sale price, yard 35 ¢

500 yards of 8-4 Unbleached Sheet, on sale Tuesday only, yard 23 ¢

5 pieces of 42-inch Circular Cotton with linen finish. January sale price 15 ¢

10 pieces 44-inch Circular Pillow Cotton, linen finish. January sale price 17 ¢

500 Hemstitched Pillow Slips, sizes 40 and 42 inch. January sale price, each $12\frac{1}{2}$ ¢



White Muslin Underskirts, \$1.00 to \$4.50

AT $\$1.69$ we offer the best White Muslin Underskirt sold in London at $\$2.00$. Has deep flounce of Swiss embroidery, finished with one row of embroidery insertion, has extra dust ruffle. Lengths, 38 to 42. A bargain at $\$1.69$

1,000 yards of Cambric Embroidery, Edgings and Insertions. Values up to 10 ¢, January sale price, yd. 5 ¢

27-inch Fine Swiss Embroidery Flouncing, neat patterns. Regular 50 ¢ value, January sale price 39 ¢

1,000 yards of Valenciennes Lace and Insertion. Values up to 10 ¢, January sale price, yard 5 ¢

White Muslin Corset Covers with Valenciennes lace and insertion. Regular 35 ¢ value, January sale price 25 ¢

Allover Embroidery Corset Covers with Valenciennes lace trimming, sizes 34 to 38 only. Regular 75 ¢ value, January sale price 39 ¢

White Cambric Drawers with embroidery frill, both styles. Regular 50 ¢, January sale price 39 ¢

Fine Muslin Drawers with lace and embroidery trimming. Special at 50 ¢

Women's Cambric Night Gowns, in open front or slipover style, lengths 56 to 60. Special at 1.00

50 dozen White Knitted Vests and Drawers, winter weight. January sale price 19 ¢

White Muslin Aprons, in round style, also long style. January sale price 19 ¢

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Agents for
Butterick Patterns

BITTER IS THE FIGHT IN BONAR LAW'S CAMP

Free Fooders and Food Taxers, Through Organs, in Fierce Denunciation—Upshot May Be an Early Resignation of the Party's Chief.

London, Jan. 6.—The main interest in British political life last week was the internecine battle between the food taxers and the free fooders in the Unionist party. Tremendous efforts were made during the Christmas recess to heal the party cleavage which had been revealed by Bonar Law's Ashton speech. Each day, however, it became evident that the free fooders were making substantial gains, and the Daily Telegraph, which had hitherto refrained from taking sides, plumped for delaying negotiations.

The extreme protectionists, who largely control the Unionist party machinery, then threw conciliation aside. They elected to make the fight personal, choosing Lord Northcliffe, chief proprietor of the Times and Daily Mail, as the object of their attacks. Garvin, editor of the Pall Mall Gazette, led the attack, supported by the Daily Express and the Morning Post.

Each day London has been treated to spiteful outbursts which recall nothing so much as the worst specimens of the eighteenth century pamphleteers. Lord Northcliffe is abused for seeking to act as the dictator of Unionism. The Pall Mall Gazette issues flaming orange bills day by day, headed "No Dictation." It denounces Northcliffe as seeking to assume "strange and irresponsible domination, which could hardly be more openly claimed if the dragon throne were publicly set up on the embankment, or other open space somewhere between Carmelite House and Printing House Square." It calls Northcliffe "Uncle Five Heads, the Paper Giant." The Morning Post follows suit more elegantly, while the Daily Express rakes the literary garbage heap to discover missiles.

Times Regains Prestige.
The effect of this campaign has been wholly different from what its authors intended. The cause of free food, which Northcliffe has championed, is enormously popular in the Unionist ranks. Lancashire demands it, and the Irish

Unionists are as one in its favor. Barely a score of M. P.s are in favor of the immediate institution of such taxes. Northcliffe is seen to lead the moderate and sober section of the party. The bold policy of the Times is immediately repudiating Bonar Law's Ashton policy, when all other Unionist papers hesitated or wobbled, has helped to regain its old prestige. Northcliffe's papers, while sticking to their guns and fighting food taxes relentlessly, have wholly avoided personalities, or even replying to personal attacks. Had Northcliffe sought for a method which should add to his political influence and authority, he could not have devised anything more effective than the vindictive campaign worked against him during the past few years. We have witnessed the amazing spectacle of leading Liberal papers such as the Westminster Gazette standing up for the Times and Northcliffe against the Unionist attackers.

Much has been made of Northcliffe's changing policies on the tariff question. When Chamberlain first proposed imperial preference in 1903 Northcliffe through the Daily Mail led the opposition against food taxes. Shortly afterwards the Mail became Chamberlain's warmest supporter. Chamberlain having pledged himself that all taxes on foodstuffs should be more than repaid by other tax concessions to the working classes.

Law's Leadership Disappointing.
Bonar Law's position is now more than doubtful. Both sides openly and vociferously proclaim their loyalty to him, but he may not at any moment resign. His leadership has been disappointing. The reign of business efficiency and strenuousness in the Unionist party that was foretold has not come to pass. Law has shown himself lacking in the quality of statesmanlike imagination which would have enabled him to devise a plan of campaign to capture public enthusiasm and support. His only strength lies in the lack of great men on the Unionist front-bench. Conservatives sigh eagerly for the return of Balfour. Law would have made an admirable chief-of-staff, but he lacks the supreme qualities which make a man a successful commander-in-chief.

RIDGE TOWN GIRL AN ACTIVE SUFFRAGETTE

Miss Evelyn McCulloch Visited Governor Sulzer at Albany Recently.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ridgelytown, Jan. 6.—Miss Evelyn McCulloch, of this town, is not only a suffragette, but an active one. Miss McCulloch is at present in the States, and the following account of some of her doings is taken from the Albany, N. Y. Argus, of Jan. 1.

The Suffragette under the leadership of Gen. Rosalie Jones captured Governor Sulzer at the executive mansion shortly after his arrival in Albany yesterday afternoon. At exactly 3.25 o'clock Miss Evelyn McCulloch and Miss Gladys Courson advanced upon the mansion and seized upon the person of Secretary Platt, who greeted them cordially and to their inquiries relative to the governor receiving the army, replied that the executive was just making ready to come out to greet them.

"The governor much to the delight of the pilgrims shook hands with them all at least three times and consented to have his picture taken with them."

"He was greeted by Miss McCulloch in the name of the women of Canada and replied with the statements that he took pleasure in receiving greetings from Canada and was pleased to have the opportunity of greeting the suffrage workers of the Dominion through her."

"When seen later at the Hampton Hotel the pilgrims expressed themselves as delighted and charmed with the reception they received at the hands of the governor. Miss McCulloch who was one of the first to arrive said:

"We met the governor a little after three o'clock and he was simply delightful. It was one of the most beautiful and simplest ceremonies I ever took part in. There was absolutely no red tape, and I think Governor Sulzer is one of the most democratic men I ever had the pleasure of meeting. Governor Sulzer is in my mind, a really second Abraham Lincoln. I would not have missed this pilgrimage for the world, for I believe it has taught me more than I learned in a year at College."

Miss McCulloch, under the patronage of Miss Rosalie Jones, attended the inauguration ball in Albany, wearing dove gray satin trimmed in pumpkin shade velvet and black buttons. Miss McCulloch will as once go out on a course of lectures in New York, expounding the onward movement of women, and will also use her pen in a like cause.

Miss McCulloch has visited London quite often, and has many friends here.

CORRESPONDENCE

The School Board Vacancy.
To the Editor of The Advertiser:
I notice an article in the Free Press paper, with large headlines, L. H. Martyn will fill the vacancy on the school board caused by the removal of the Rev. Mr. Inkster, who has received a call to Victoria, B. C., and will hand in his resignation in the near future to the board of education.

First, let me say, I regret very much that Mr. Inkster has been called to another field of labor, as he has been a power for good in this city and on the board of education. His services are valued very highly by every citizen.

I notice Mr. Martyn is one of the six

gentlemen who was appointed by the board of education on the industrial committee. Mr. Martyn may be one of the best men in the city, but he has not been before the people for election, and if the law is good for municipal councils, and directs where there is a vacancy, the next man in the running in the last election must fill that position, why not the board of education follow this rule. I think any man who had the courage to come out in the last election, with so many strong men in the race, deserves some consideration from every member of the school board. I would consider it an insult to Mr. C. H. Merryfield to ask him to serve on the industrial committee after he came out and contested the election and received a splendid vote, when you take everything into consideration. He was not known to the people like the first four elected candidates, and Mr. Greenleaf, a good young man who received a great many votes on account of the good record his father had in the municipal council.

"Now, let me ask the members of the school board to consider well their action in this matter. I consider Mr. C. H. Merryfield is justly entitled to this seat on the board, or at least, he is entitled to the refusal of it before any other name is mentioned to fill the vacancy."

Yours respectfully,
T. BALL,
192 Wharncliffe road south.
London, Jan. 6, 1913.

THE NEW HAVEN PROBE

Time Has Expired in Which Plea of Not Guilty Could Be Made.

[Canadian Press.]
New York, Jan. 6.—With today, expires the time set by the court for a change in the plea of not guilty recently entered by E. J. Chamberlain, president of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, and Charles S. Mellen, president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, indicted for violation of the criminal clause of the Sherman anti-trust law for an alleged monopoly traffic agreement in New England.

The defendants may either change their pleas or demur to the indictment, unless counsel makes some such move today the tentative plea of not guilty will become the plea of record, and preparations will be made by the Government to bring the case to trial. Nothing has been heard from Alfred W. Smithers, chairman of the Grand Trunk board of directors, who also was indicted.

The federal grand jury will resume its investigation into the New Haven-Grand Trunk deal tomorrow.

Arrangements are being made by the International Ladies' Garment Workers for taking a strike vote some time during the week to decide whether they should join the United Garment Workers in striking for higher wages and better working conditions. One hundred thousand additional workers, the leaders say, would go out in the event of an affirmative vote.

RAW GOLD BITING WINDS

aggravate catarrhal colds and bronchial disorders, and if neglected often lead to pneumonia or consumption.

SCOTT'S EMULSION drives out colds and corrects bronchial troubles. It soothes and heals the affected membranes. It makes healthy flesh, rich blood and strengthens weak lungs. Nothing is so good as Scott's Emulsion for stubborn coughs and colds.

INSIST ON SCOTT'S.

Scott & Borne, Toronto, Ontario 10-75

GRAPPLING WITH THE WHITE DEATH

Many World-Famous Specialists Say Ignorance Causes High Mortality.

DISEASE NOT HEREDITARY

Lower the Social Scale the More Appalling the Death Rate — Danger of Dust.

London, Jan. 6.—The January number of the medical organ, the Practitioner, contains a remarkable series of articles devoted entirely to the diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of tuberculosis. They are contributed by 38 specialists recognized the world over as accepted authorities in their speciality. Among them are Sir Clifford Allbutt, regius professor of medicine in Cambridge University; Sir Richard Douglas Powell and Sir John Moore, physicians to the King; Sir Alfred Pearce Gould, Sir St. Clair Thomson, Dr. T. J. Horder, Dr. Arthur Latham and Prof. W. E. Dixon.

Every year, according to Sir Richard Douglas Powell, from 30,000 to 50,000 new cases of tuberculosis develop in Great Britain. In addition there is a current population of 200,000 or 300,000 afflicted with chronic and advanced tuberculosis of the lungs. That this terrible "white death" continues year after year to claim tens of thousands of victims is due largely to the ignorance of the general public as to how to avoid the disease and shake it off in its early stages.

Sir Clifford Allbutt, in an introductory chapter, describes how some years ago he was impressed with the probability that persons might pass through an attack of pulmonary tuberculosis without knowing it. Whether by virtue of resistance or by the mildness of the invasion, such persons suffer comparatively little, and their peril may not be recognized. At the same time, however, they may act as carriers, spreading the disease among others.

That the heavy death toll from tuberculosis is preventable is proved again and again in different articles. Sir John Moore in the Moore chapter on tuberculosis in Ireland gives a table showing that the lower the social scale the higher is the mortality from tuberculosis. The death rate among professional and independent classes is 1.15 per 100 as against 3.55 in the general service class, including servants, hawkers, porters, etc.

Dr. J. W. Carr makes clear the essential point that with the rarest exceptions an infant born to tuberculosis parents is at birth entirely free from the taint of the disease. If he falls a victim it is due to the ignorance or carelessness of those about him. One way in which tubercle bacilli often infect children is the gathering of the young on the hearth of little ones, who are constantly crawling over carpets and floors and thus get their hands begrimed with dust, which they promptly transfer to their mouths.

CHINESE IN CANADA FIGHT OPIUM HABIT

Agent of Celestial Republic Says That Smuggling of Drug Must Cease.

[Canadian Press.]
Regina, Jan. 6.—That a society has been formed among the Chinese of Western Canada, whose members take a pledge to abstain from the use of opium, is the statement made by Agent Getty, the local representative of the new republican government of China. According to Mr. Getty, every effort is being put forth by the consuls and agents in Canada to discourage the use of opium among, especially the younger generation, of Chinese. The Anti-Opium Society was started in Vancouver, and has quickly spread to all the cities of the west. Out of the four hundred Celestials in Regina, all but twenty-five have taken the pledge. The crusade was begun by the Chinese themselves to effect a greatly-needed reform.

"The illicit trade in opium which has been going on in Canada must be stopped," said Mr. Getty. "We are doing our utmost to stop the smuggling of the drug into the province of Alberta anyway. With the new society in working order, and the Chinese people seeing the necessity of starting reforms in their way of living, we expect to have no difficulty in getting the habit out of our men."

Mr. Getty says that in his personal visits to the Chinese of Saskatchewan he has only found a few of the "old smokers" who refuse to sign the pledge. All the younger men are falling in line.

7,000 PICKETS GUARD NEW YORK FACTORIES

More Than a Hundred Thousand Garment Workers Are Out.

[Canadian Press.]
New York, Jan. 6.—Seven thousand pickets, including many women, marched in massed formation through the streets today to shops against which more than 100,000 members of the United Garment Workers have declared a strike. Exhorted by their leaders to go quietly and without disorder, they filed almost silently to stations in front of shops affected in order to warn off strike-breakers. It was the first time that massed picketing on so large a scale had been introduced in New York.

Arrangements are being made by the International Ladies' Garment Workers for taking a strike vote some time during the week to decide whether they should join the United Garment Workers in striking for higher wages and better working conditions. One hundred thousand additional workers, the leaders say, would go out in the event of an affirmative vote.

COLD ALONG PACIFIC

California Experiencing the Sharpest Cold Wave in Years.

[Canadian Press.]
San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 6.—The sharpest cold wave which the Pacific coast has experienced for many years crept down from the north yesterday and today. The temperature today averaged 35 degrees.

Sacramento recorded the lowest temperature of fifteen years, with the mercury barely above the twenty degree mark. Damage to orange groves throughout the state is feared.

The minimum temperature in Seattle today was 27 degrees. The Great Northern Transcontinental line is still tied up by an avalanche, and overland trains are being routed to Spokane over the Northern Pacific. Gales at sea were heavy.

GOMPERS ARRAIGNS PERSONAL GOVT.

Says It Has Been Foisted Upon People Instead of Government by Law.

STAND BY THE WORKERS

Organized Labor Will Not Repudiate Structural Iron Workers' Unionists.

[Canadian Press.]
Washington, Jan. 6.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, speaking today before the Senate sub-committee on judiciary in favor of the Clayton anti-injunction and contempt bills, gave answer to criticisms leveled against the organization of workers which he heads, because of the trial and conviction for dynamiting of officers of the Structural Ironworkers' Union.

"If ever the time shall come," said Mr. Gompers in the climax of his address, "when government by dynamite shall be attempted, and let us hope it will have as its main cause the theory and policy upon which is based government by injunction—personal government foisted upon our people, instead of a government by law."

Stand by the Workers.
In closing his statement, which included an assault upon employers' and manufacturers' associations, particularly the United States Steel Corporation and the National Erectors' Association, Mr. Gompers declared that organized labor would not repudiate the structural ironworkers' unions, "and leave them helpless, and at the mercy of organized capital and insatiable, uncurbed greed for profits."

Judge Anderson, who presided over the trial of the ironworkers, was referred to particularly by Mr. Gompers when he declared that "no other social organization seems to be on trial."

Resents the Attacks.
Mr. Gompers defended the American Federation of Labor as a force for betterment of conditions, and repudiated the attacks made upon it since the beginning of the dynamiters' case. "We have been investigated," he said, "from the first intimation that the enemies of our movement made to get the men 'higher up,' and because of their direct and indirectly connecting my name with the men supposedly 'higher up,' I have declared my readiness at any time to submit for examination any representatives of constituted authority, or by a committee of the respectable body of citizens, every document, paper or account, financial or otherwise, I have challenged, and now challenge any of our enemies to show that there has been any unlawful conduct or any connection, direct or remote, with any violence in connection with any labor controversy or otherwise."

DEMOCRATS START REVISING TARIFF

Result Will Be Basis of New Rates To Go Before Next Congress.

BEGIN ON CHEMICALS

Low Rate of Duty To Be Levied on Drugs for Textile Work and Medicine.

[Canadian Press.]
Washington, Jan. 6.—Democratic revision of the tariff actually got under way today when the House ways and means committee began hearings which will be the basis of the new tariff bill of the next congress, to repeal the Payne-Aldrich law. Today's hearings will show the committee's plan to go down through the list, taking a new schedule every other day until all have been covered. With the full membership of the committee sitting in the big hall in the House, the first hearing of a month-long series, looking to the preparation of a law to carry out the Democratic party's pledges of an "immediate, drastic revision" of the "tariff for revenue only" was begun.

Forming New Tariff.
Most of the Democratic majority of the present ways and means committee will go into the next congress, which is to convene in the session, probably between March 15 and early April. When the tariff hearings are ended Democrats of the committee will devote themselves in daily executive sessions for the formulation of tentative tariff legislation, which they hope to have ready by March 15, if not earlier.

The concrete result of their deliberations, the new tariff rates from acids to zinc, the expansion of the free list and so on, will be formally passed upon at a caucus of the representatives of the new House to be called soon after the opening of the extra session. This caucus will determine whether the new tariff legislation shall be in the form of a single measure or in separate bills, schedule by schedule, along the lines of the tariff procedure of the last session, when chemical, wool, cotton, iron and steel, and free list bills went through both Houses, but met presidential veto.

Chairman Underwood, of the ways and means committee, and his associates, are inclined to favor the same course as that of last session. By that procedure it is urged by its advocates, "log rolling" or trading on rates on various articles could be avoided.

The chemical schedule is one of three or four that command the greatest interest. Democratic committeemen claim revision along the lines embodied in the chemical bill of last year would save American consumers \$17,000,000 by reducing the prices of all chemicals, and at the same time increasing the revenue to the Government. The plan of the committee is to levy low rates of duty upon non-competitive articles produced in this country, especially the chemicals used in agriculture and in the manufacture of drugs used for medicines.

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Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails. Spoke for E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Our Chief Aim

It is our chief aim to satisfy our customers. Everything we purchase is bought to please those whom we hope to serve, and we buy as low as we can, that our patrons may have not only the advantage of quality, but quality, at lowest prices.

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Strong's Drug Store

184 Dundas Street.
Graduate pharmacists only fill prescriptions.

LOS ANGELES ASKS RELEASE OF McMANIGAL

Prominent Citizens Say the McManara Informant Has Earned Liberty.

Los Angeles, Jan. 6.—Ortie E. McManigal, confessed dynamiter and chief witness against the labor leaders in the recent trial at Indianapolis, quietly returned here to the county jail tonight. He was accompanied from the east by Detective Malcolm McLaren and two deputies from the sheriff's office. During the entire trip, however, the prisoner-witness was not manacled or restrained from his liberty on the train.

Coinciding with McManigal's arrival here, announcement was made that he would undoubtedly gain his release from custody within a comparatively short time. Many prominent residents of the city have recommended that he be released as a reward for the service he has performed. District Attorney Fredericks claims that McManigal's testimony is largely responsible for the conviction of the McManara ring, and that McManigal has at every opportunity aided the state and the federal government in securing the truth concerning the plotters.

CATTLE FOR ALBERTA

Many Fine Animals Imported From the State of Montana.

[Canadian Press.]
Edmonton, Jan. 6.—More than 100,000 head of cattle were imported into Alberta from Montana for feeding and breeding purposes during 1912, according to statistics compiled by W. F. Stevens, of Edmonton, live stock commissioner for the province. Mr. Stevens estimates that the importations will be double during the present year.

While the beef cattle industry is growing rapidly, the most notable feature is that the farmers of Alberta are taking to dairying according to Mr. Stevens.

Aided by the efforts of the provincial government, the farmers are acquiring herds of utility cattle. The raising of hogs and sheep on the big grain farms of Southern Alberta is becoming an important adjunct to farming, and the ranchers are paying more importance to the raising of ewes for breeding purposes than formerly. A marked improvement in the condition of hogs and sheep placed on the market also is noted.

Mr. Stevens said that thousands of small ranchers are ready to go more largely into the stock business, providing they can get suitable leases on grazing lands, and those interested in the industry hope that some arrangements in the leasing system to suit small ranchers will be made, as the result of the report of the commission which recently investigated the matter on behalf of the Department of Agriculture.

HAVE WORKED HARD.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Strathroy, Jan. 6.—Keen interest in the effort to repeal local option brought out a big vote here today. The temperance people have worked hard and are confident of the outcome, and that Strathroy will stay "dry."

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