MORNING EDITION.

London Advertiser.

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VOL. XXVIII., NO. 304. FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 16, 1891. WHOLE NO. 9073.

Storm-Swept Britain!

The Gale Renewed With Increased Violence.

Disastrous Results of the Big Blow.

A Coal Steamer Sunk and All Hands Lost.

A Number of Coasting Vessels Known to Have Been Lost.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The fury of the tempest has not yet exhausted itself. With the rising of the sun to-day the storm resumed its awful violence. London is being deluged with rain, swept with fearful wind blasts, shaken by thunder and startled by flashes of the most vivid lightning. Fearful weather is prevailing in the channel. The Boulogne packet boats are unable to put to sea. All along the coast the beach is

STREWN WITH WRECKAGE.

At Dover a large quantity of material evidently belonging to one or more wrecked ships has been washed ashore. The body of a steamship fireman has been washed ashore at Holyhead.

ALL HANDS LOST.

A Cardiff coal-laden steamer sank yesterday near Holyhead, and the entire crew perished. The weather in the Irish Sea is the most severe experienced in many years. In the midland counties especially has great damage been done to the stacked crops.

FURTHER EFFECTS OF THE GALE.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—Many vessels have been seen driven helplessly past Dungeness Light flying signals of distress. The lifeboats were unable to be of any assistance, owing to the speed at which the vessels were being driven down channel by the storm. Yesterday morning an immense scaffolding erected about a building near Hyde Park gate collapsed under the pressure of the hurricane, burying in its ruins a number of persons who had sought shelter beneath it. One person was fatally injured, and many women received severe cuts, bruises and other injuries.

The storm at Leicester wrecked a large menagerie, killing many of the animals, and severely wounding a number of others. The vessels which arrived at various ports around the English coasts seeking shelter from the storm are in a pitiable condition. Many of them experienced the full force of the terrible weather on Tuesday and Wednesday evening.

A Farmer's Wife Murdered by a Robber.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Oct. 15.—The wife of Noah Gregory, a well-known farmer living three miles north of this city, was yesterday brutally murdered by a robber, who secured $100 in money.

Death-Dealing Wires.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 15.—John Lachinan, a fireman employed by the Thomson-Houston Electric Light Company at the works, corner of Pearl and Express streets, was instantly killed yesterday by an electric shock received by contact with an arc light in the boiler room.

Killed at the Crossing.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 15.—At the suburban town of Bensonville to-day Mrs. Dinah Messman, a farmer's wife, when driving across the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad tracks with her two children was struck by a fast train. The woman and one child were instantly killed and the other child was probably fatally injured.

All a Hoax.

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., Oct. 16.—A dispatch to the Colonist from Magistrate Carey, at Trepassy, says there is no truth whatever in the report that the steamer City of Rome was lost off St. Shotts. The story is a hoax, perpetrated by a half-witted cowboy of the steamer Mendego, which was lost at Marine Cove Sept. 15.

Trafficking in Titles.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—It now appears that the family of Herr Manche, who was sentenced to imprisonment Tuesday for using his official position to traffic in titles, had repaid to Thomas the 10,000 marks which Manche was unable to account for at the trial. The evidence at the trial also showed that the late Herr Bitter, Minister of Finance under Prince Bismarck, after the latter's retirement trafficked in decorations and titles, and it was he who embezzled the missing charity money.

Lord Airlie Will Look After Lady Blanche.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The action for divorce brought for a second time by Col. Hozier, Secretary of Lloyds, against his wife, the Lady Blanche, has again been settled out of court through the efforts of the Earl of Airlie, who promises to guard his sister and prevent the occurence of further scandal. It is not believed that any money consideration was paid this time to the gallant colonel, who threatens to pursue his wife relentlessly unless she reforms.

The Teacher Went Mad.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Oct. 15.—Miss Annie Hunter, one of the most popular teachers in the city, suddenly became insane in her room in the Findlay street intermediate school yesterday. There were about 50 pupils in the room at the time. Miss Hunter rushed up and down the aisles as if pursued by a demon. In her terror she threw her pupils about as if they were sticks of wood. The pupils were so terrified that they could do nothing, even when she began beating one of them. Superintendent Nippert, attracted by the noise, hurried to the room, where he was instantly set upon by the woman. A sharp struggle followed, during which the pupils were dismissed. A number of the children are ill from freight.

Steamship Arrivals.

Oct. 14.	At	From
Circassian	Quebec	Liverpool
Lake Winnipeg	Father Point	Liverpool
Oregon	Fame Point	Liverpool
Nomadic	New York	Liverpool
Teutonic	New York	Liverpool
Spree	New York	Liverpool
Rugia	Hamburg	Bremen
Majestic	Liverpool	New York
Oct. 15.		
Lake Winnipeg	Quebec	Liverpool
San Albano	Quebec	Rotterdam
Golden Rule	Quebec	Bordeaux
Amarynthia	Quebec	Glasgow
Buenos Ayrean	Cape Magdalen	Glasgow
Fuerst Bismarck	Southampton	New York
City of Berlin	Queenstown	New York
Waesland	New York	Antwerp

Every mother, wife and daughter should use Strong's Baking Powder; 25 cents per pound, guaranteed strictly pure, made fresh daily and sold only at STRONG'S Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. 47-tf

UNDER THE BLACK FLAG.

Fierce Fighting With Chinese Pirates.

A Number of French Troops Killed—An Officer and Seven Men Beheaded.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 15.—A letter from Shanghai says a number of French officers and privates have been killed by the pirates in Hong-Kong.

Hanoi advices state a continuous warfare has been in progress between troops and a large gang of pirates. Capt. Simon, in charge of the Biendong station, surprised a piratical stronghold and drove the enemy out, about 60 strong.

The troops at Donson were surprised by strong Chinese bands hidden during the night. The officer in charge, M. Levecq, and seven civic guardsmen were killed. The gunboat Avalanche moored in front of Donson, fired two shots into the village of Yeylung, where the Chinamen were in ambush. On arrival of reinforcements the pirats fled into the mountains.

The Chinamen came home from Schaedelin mine, where they had been feasting during the night. They had installed themselves in a wood 20 metres distant from the road, and fired volleys into the detachment of Levecq. The French lost thirteen killed and wounded and eight rifles. The pirates beheaded Levecq and seven of his men.

Lieut. Devalhare, two trailleuse and three military men were killed and 37 men wounded a few weeks ago.

Four pirates taken by the police of Bay-Sag were executed recently near the market place of Rue des Curtes.

AT THE CAPITAL.

The Civil Service Commission Unpopular.

OTTAWA, Oct. 15.—Almost the only comment heard here on the new Civil Service Commission is a decidedly unfavorable comment. Both the friends of the Government and the Liberals in this city seem dissatisfied with the choice of commissioners which Premier Abbott has made. The civil service is especially ruffled in temper, and grumblings filled all the corridors of the departmental buildings during office hours. It is likely civil servants will have longer office hours to grumble in if their liking is that way after the commission has ended its work of reformation.

The Minister of Justice is preparing a report for council, refusing to acknowledge the claim of $19,000 for losses sustained in the Northwest rebellion by Mr. Bremner, the half-breed.

What furniture was left in Sir Hector Langevin's former residence here was sold by auction. The residence will be sold today.

TORONTO SCOURGED.

The Terrible Ravages of Diphtheria and Typhoid.

At a meeting of the Public Health Board of Toronto yesterday, Dr. O'Reilly, superintendent of the General Hospital, submitted the following table of cases of typhoid fever and diphtheria admitted to the Toronto General Hospital in the six years, 1886-91 inclusive, year ending in each case Sept. 30:

	Typhoid.	Diphtheria.
1886	60	26
1887	136	99
1888	175	65
1889	138	73
1890	196	32
1891	377	135

"In other words," said the doctor, "the population in 1886 being 124,000, the percentage of typhoid cases admitted to the General Hospital was one-half case per 1,000 of the population, while in 1891, the population being 180,000, the typhoid cases have increased to over 2 per 1,000. This takes no account of the hundreds of cases in private houses that we never hear of. The condition is one which calls for drastic measures. Lack of proper sewerage is the primary cause of the epidemic."

HOME MISSIONS.

Appointments Made by the Presbyterian Home Mission Committee.

TORONTO, Oct. 15.—The meeting of the Executive Committee of the Presbyterian Home Mission Committee and the Committee on Augmentation is in progress at St. Andrew's Church in this city. Reports show that $13,165 had been distributed in the past six months in augmentation claims, and the sum of $24,500 for mission work. The committee made the following appointments of missionaries: Rev. John Rennie, to Manitowaning, Rev. W. M. Christie to Plantagenet, Rev. J. Gilchrist to Antlers, Manitoba; Rev. J. McElmor to Surrey, B. C.; Rev. Gavin Hamilton to Fort McLeod, N. W. T.; Rev. W. J. McKenzie to Kettle River, B. C.; Rev. Joseph Andrew to Rock Lake, Rev. R. Whiteman to Winnipeg, Mr. A. McGregor to Regina, Mr. J. S. Brandon to Brandon, Mr. R. P. Myers to Minnedosa, Mr. Wm. Graham to Rock Lake, Mr. P. McNabb to the Northwest Synod, Mr. Wm. Rennie to the Northwest Synod, Mr. J. S. Dobbin to the Presbytery of Calgary, Mr. R. H. Heron to the Northwest Synod, Mr. H. M. Ferguson to the Northwest Synod, Mr. H. M. Ferguson to the Northwest Synod, Mr. J. W. McLean to Pelican Lake, Mr. S. McCartney to Barrie Presbytery, Mr. J. Garrioch to Blackbank, Airlie and Banda, Mr. D. I. Graham to Burpee, Rev. A. T. Adamson to Allandale, Rev. Mark Turnbull to Severn Bridge and Morrison, Mr. A. McPhee to Portland, Mr. J. P. McJukes to Barrie Presbytery, Messrs. Robert Martin, Albert E. Thompson, Wm. Thompson and Malcolm McLennan to Owen Sound Presbytery, Rev. W. D. Ballantyne to Owen Sound Presbytery, Rev. E. D. Pelletier to Wellwood, Messrs. Robert Freer and Rev. J. W. Penman to the Northwest Synod, Rev. J. A. McLean to Montreal Presbytery, Rev. Jos. White to the Synod of Manitoba and the Northwest.

La Grippe Again!

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Dispatches from various points in Connecticut and Rhode Island state that la grippe has again appeared. Many persons are suffering from the disease.

Killed Them Both.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 25.—Near Mt. Sterling Tuesday night, George and James Howard, sons of President Howard, a well-to-do farmer, went to the house of a man named Cupps, who does not bear a good reputation, and attempted to force an entrance into Cupps' house. They knocked in the door of the house, when Cupps opened fire on them with a shot gun, killing them both.

British Politics.

Goschen Gives His Views on the Situation.

He Says "Balfour Has Triumphed Over the Irish Specter."

Convention of the Irish National Federation—Healy's Address.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—Hon. Geo. J. Goschen spoke yesterday at Cambridge. He denied that the bye-elections furnished a forecast of a Liberal majority at the general elections. Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt's predictions about the matter, he said, were "mere chuckle and chaff." The Unionists were not despondent and had no reason for early dissolution. The vast constitutional changes approved by the Liberals would require a second appeal to the country if sincerely voted, but their object generally was to catch votes. If the House of Lords rejected home rule the Gladstonians did not intend to dissolve Parliament, but rather to try to tinker and fiddle with the constitution. The people ought to have an opportunity of declaring themselves on the subject of home rule as a straight issue. Responsible Liberal statesmen proposed to deal with the House of Lords without anything to replace them. They surprised him about the "one man one vote" idea. If it happened it must be accompanied by a redistribution of seats. He raised a warning voice against the payment of members; they ought to be absolutely the independent friend and not the servant of the constituencies. With short Parliaments and paid members good legislative work would cease. Regarding the leadership of the House of Commons, he said that Mr. Balfour had triumphed over the Irish specter. Nothing was more natural than that the most successful Irish Secretary should lead the Unionist host in the House of Commons in their coming battles.

Earl Spencer, in a speech at Dunbarton, said the Tories, having adopted the principle which they formerly denounced, of using British credit to buy out Irish landlords, it removed the main block to home rule. The cry of religious intolerance against Ireland was quite unjustified, for while Ireland had returned many Protestants to Parliament England and Scotland combined only elected four Catholics.

THE TORY LEADERSHIP.

It is said the statement made by Mr. Goschen in his speech at Cambridge confirming the report in regard to Mr. Balfour and the leadership of the House of Commons, was the direct outcome of the active negotiations which have been going on since Lord Salisbury's return to London from the continent.

A REBUFF TO GOSCHEN.

The Daily News says that if Mr. Balfour accepts the leadership Mr. Jackson will succeed him as Chief Secretary for Ireland. Mr. Balfour's appointment as First Lord of the Treasury will not render necessary his re-election as a member of Parliament.

The News says that the rebuff to Mr. Goschen is a severe one. The innate jealousy and distrust to dissident Liberalism which prevails among the Tories was seldom more strongly and strikingly exemplified.

POSITION OF THE NATIONALIST MAJORITY.

DUBLIN, Oct. 16.—At the convention of Irish National Federation at Cavan, Timothy W. Healy, M. P. for North Longford, presided. He said the members of the Irish National party are not concerned with eulogies over the dead, but the interests of the living. Let the dead past bury its dead. Mr. Parnell had gone to his account, and those honoring his services to the nation thought the best memorial would be to push on the work upon which he was engaged before the clouds intervened between his vision and the best goal of Ireland. Her real sons were not afraid to face the public clamor. Whatever happened he would never apologize for doing what he could against Parnell when he found that the country's interest demanded Parnell to retire from the leadership of the majority. He hoped that dissension would be interred in his grave. The note for renewed war came from the minority, and not from them. The majority continued to be willing to overlook the acts and calumnies of their opponents because they were not fighting on personal questions, but national ones. If Mr. Parnell knew where he was going in opposing the majority, these men did dot, nor did they know the forces they were unloosening or the consequences of their actions upon the destinies of their country. They said: "We cannot shake hands with you." They never seemed to contemplate the feelings of those offering to shake hands with them. We might be like those starving American trappers, who you remember "could eat crow, but didn't hanker after it." If the minority felt unable to co-operate with us, let them resign their seats, giving way to men who are open for reunion. Ireland had given them no mandate to perpetuate feud. The position was degrading, not only as defying the constituencies of Ireland, but in the fact that they had not even the prostitute's shame, because they glorified in their infamy. Their party consisted of knaves and fools. So stupendous was their audacity that he really began to wonder where they were standing. He hoped that O'Brien would now publish to the world the whole story of the Boulogne negotiations. If the letters and repeated declarations of Redmond and Harrington, now the drill sergeants of dissension, were published, he promised such an exposure as probably has never been known in regard to the public men and people of Ireland. He could forgive Parnell—indeed he believed he had already forgiven him (cheers)—but these men, pretending to be his political heirs and executors, had not the excuse of Parnell. They were acting solely in the interests of Dublin Castle and the Orange lodges, whom the people hoped to cast out as ulcers on the body politic.

WILD WORDS BY DISSIDENTS.

John Redmond, M. P. for North Wexford, has written an article on Irish politics. Speaking of Parnell Redmond says: "The greatest friend of Irish liberty, the greatest enemy of tyranny, has been killed by the foulest slander, hunted to death that the virtue of Ireland might be vindicated to the satisfaction of the pharisees and hyprocrites of England. The scandalmongers of Britain should now be satisfied. The English leader, who struck the first blow, may now be content; his greatest rival is no more. The Christians who, contrary to divine teaching, mercilessly persecuted their chief, may rest from their labors. Another item has been added to the account Ireland has to settle. Some day, it may be in our time, or it may be when we are in our graves, but so surely as the sun sets beyond our heartbroken land, the account will be settled. Ireland will pay the debt long due."

United Ireland publishes a cartoon representing Gladstone pleading for the surrender of the Parnellites, and adds to it the following: "No, we cannot be friends with you. We cannot, must not, will not. No, by heaven, will not; not if England struck her flag to us and licked the dust in the presence of our assembled people would we crawl through the shadows of Liberalism out into the light of our promised freedom."

FAR AND NEAR

The Day's Doings Concisely Chronicled.

CANADIAN.

A Belleville dispatch says S. B. Burdette, M.P., is reported to be very low.

During his approaching tour of Ontario Hon. Wilfrid Laurier will address a meeting at Port Elgin.

A destructive fire occurred at Chambly Canton, Que., Thursday, in which a bridge over the Richelieu River was destroyed.

Rev. James A. McDonald, late editor of the Knox College Monthly, has received a call to the pastorate of Knox Church, St Thomas.

Woodstock has been selected as the next meeting place of the western branch of the Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church.

Conductor H. Campbell, Driver Wm. Hall and Brakeman Wm. McKeown, the surviving members of the crew of the Grand Trunk Railway train which took the awful plunge into the Hamilton Canal on the night of Aug. 30, resulting in the death of Fireman Crouch and Brakeman Shaw, have all been discharged.

UNITED STATES.

A spark from a passing locomotive fell into a keg of powder at Ensley City, Ala. The powder exploded, badly wounding six negroes.

Three reporters of the Chicago Inter-Ocean were killed in a smash-up on the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad Thursday.

Gen. W. H. F. Lee, second son of Gen. R. E. Lee, died at his home in Ravensworth, Fairfax county, Va., Thursday evening, aged 54 years.

Assistant County Attorney Moriarity, of Omaha, Neb., who is also a city council, man, and six other prominent citizens, have been arrested for taking part in last week's lynching.

The Atlantic Transportation line of freight steamers has offered to carry from London for only the actual cost of handling and landing packages containing exhibits for the World's Fair.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN.

Sixty Anarchists are on trial in Rome.

The Protestants of Ulster are said to be organizing to forcibly resist any attempt to establish home rule.

It is generally conceded that Mr. Balfour is to assume the leadership of the British House of Commons.

The report is confirmed that the Italian Government intends at the opening of the Chamber to propose to abolish the export duty on raw silk.

The Russian Government has closed the University of Kief and placed 500 students under arrest on account of their revolutionary behavior.

The relations of the ministers of powers with the Pekin Government have taken a turn which tends towards a more harmonious state of affairs.

The freezing apparatus of the steamer Parramatta broke down on her voyage from Australia to England, and 20,000 carcasses of sheep were spoiled.

Mrs. Parnell has in no way recovered from the shock she experienced upon the death of her husband. She is in an extremely weak condition.

The Russian loan for $100,000,000 has not been the success it was expected to be, and the backers of it have arranged for an extension of the time to take subscriptions.

There has been a succession of earthquake shocks felt at Pantellaria, an island in the Mediterranean. The inhabitants have fled from their dwellings, passing the nights encamped in the open air.

GOSSIP OF TO-DAY.

Red predominates in neckwear colors this fall. Garnets, cardinals and other reds outsell all other colors. Puffs are leading the smaller shapes, and the Ascot is preferred in many quarters.

Several specimens of a new stone have been found in Nevada. It is dark green and susceptible of high polish. The State mineralogist calls it sariscite, or a composition of hydrous phosphate of aluminum. It is very rare, and is found scattered in nuggets of not more than 50 pounds embedded in silver ore.

A horse in the Boston police department is getting a reputation for hospitality. When one of the officers leaves his horse in the same stable, and fastens him near by, the other horse picks up hay and forces it through the iron grating of his stall for his guest to eat. He began to show his hospitality about a year ago, and he has continued it twice a day ever since.

The Chinese are very particular about lucky and unlucky colors. They liked English sewing needles, but would not buy many of them because they were wrapped in black paper, black being an unlucky color. A printer used green paper for the Chinese calendar and his trade stopped almost immediately. He finally discovered that green was an unlucky color.

The most powerful steam hammer in the world has just been completed at the Bethlehem Iron Company's work. It strikes a 125-ton blow, and is to be used for forging ingots into armor plate. The ingots of metal weigh from 100 to 150 tons each, and they will be forged into desired sizes with great ease by the pounding of this enormous hammer. This hammer takes the championship honor away from a giant hammer at the works of Schneider & Co., of Le Creusot, France, which delivers a force of 100 tons at every tap.

Every tissue of the body, every nerve, bone and muscle is made stronger and more healthy by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

MISSIONARY MATTERS.

Proceedings of the Women's Convention at Ingersoll.

Election of Officers—Interesting Reports—The Next Place of Meeting.

INGERSOLL, Oct. 15.—The convention adopted the following recommendations of the Modes of Work Committee:

1. That a distinction be made between circles and bands, the older ones being called circles, the younger ones bands.

2. That the mission band secretary prepare a form of card for mission band quarterly reports and submit the same to this branch meeting.

3. That the membership fee of mission circles, as handed in this year, remain as it is; but next year none to be accepted and counted as members except those who have paid a yearly fee of 25 cents.

4. That the executive and conference organizers outline some form of work for mission circles for discussion in open convention.

5. That there be a central depot for all literature, mite boxes, etc.

The Memorial Committee's recommendation was adopted: That the delegation to the General Board be in the proportion of one to every 400 members.

Mrs. Jackson, for the Niagara Conference, gave a detailed view of each district. Conventions had been held in most of the districts, with helpful results in every case. Norwich, the banner district, is all organized except two circuits.

Guelph Conference was given by Mrs. Scarff, of Guelph. As there are 29 mission stations in the Guelph Conference, it was found difficult to secure organizers who would undertake the work.

London Conference, represented by Mrs. Wright, gave the number of unorganized circuits in each district, also the prospect of future organizations. Not all has been accomplished that could have been wished or that was expected at the beginning of the year, but the organizers are hopeful of many new organizations in the near future.

Sixteen mission band reports were listened to with pleasure, one by a young girl of 13 eliciting applause.

A missionary conversation was a pleasing departure in the programme, Mrs. Dickson, of London, leading, taking for her subject "Enthusiasm." Other members spoke upon missionary literature, the statistics of missions and medical work in heathen lands.

Miss Rowell, of South London, closed with a beautiful and effective recitation.

At 8 p.m. the Rev. W. Snider, pastor of the church, took the chair. Miss Stephenson, of London, rendered "Send Down Thy Blessing" in good voice and with excellent expression.

Rev. A. C. Courtice, of London, delivered a lecture on mission work in China, giving as the watchword, "China for Christ and Christ for China," as the only way that country could be emancipated from sin was through the world's Redeemer. China was the most important heathen country, equaling in size the continent of Europe, and containing one-third the population of the whole world. He touched upon the remarkable nature of the civilization of the country, of its agriculture, commerce, literature and educational interests. The Christian church should look closely after China. He dwelt particularly on the work of Protestant Christianity in China and the providential steps which led to the opening of our mission work, detailing the difficulties experienced in gaining a foothold in that country, and the ultimate success attending their efforts. He spoke strongly against the law prohibiting a native of that country entering our land except by payment of $50 for each person, holding as his view that a Chinaman is not defrauding this country by leaving for his native land after a few years of labor here and taking his earnings with him, as he leaves value for the money in the work he has done. He was listened to with wrapt attention by a large audience.

At the close of the lecture a collection was taken up, during which Miss Stephenson sang "Abide With Me," which was beautifully rendered. Prof. Birks, of Dundas Street Methodist Church, London, ably presided at the organ. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. Courtice, Miss Stephenson and Prof. Birks, and the meeting closed with the doxology.

INGERSOLL, Oct. 16.—After routine yesterday morning the corresponding secretary gave her report in detail, giving the membership in conferences as follows: Guelph, 769; London, 937; Niagara, 1,575; total, 3,281; increase of 875. Number of subscribers to the Outlook, 1,951. The report was adopted. Mrs. Cunningham gave many estimable suggestions to the auxiliary officers looking towards greater correctness in their reports. The treasurer's report by quarters: First, $1,350; second, $1,600; third, $1,400; fourth, $3,750; total, $8,100; remitted to the general treasurer, $8,100. The reports were adopted with cordial votes of thanks to the corresponding secretary and treasurer for their carefully prepared reports. The corresponding secretary of mission bands reported the number of members at 1,997, an increase of 1,183; the amount raised, $1,789 02; amount sent to branch treasurer, $1,505 69, an increase of $229 12; number of bands, 47, an increase of 13. The report was adopted.

The Modes of Work Committee continued their report as follows: That auxiliaries form circulating libraries of missionary literature, to be paid for outside of the regular income; that the general treasurer's receipts be done away with; that rules be made for district conventions; that district organizers' expenses be paid out of the branch treasury; that reports be simplified; that the scattered helpers' scheme be adopted.

Invitations for the next annual meeting being called, Strathroy, Goderich and Woodstock responded, Woodstock being selected.

In the afternoon the following officers were re-elected: President, Mrs. (Dr.) Burns, St. Thomas; first vice-president, Mrs. (Dr.) Fowler, London; second vice-president, Mrs. Dickson, London; third vice-president, Mrs. W. Phelps, Mount Pleasant; recording secretary, Mrs. McMechan, London; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Cunningham, Guelph; treasurer, Mrs. Williams, Galt; corresponding secretary of mission bands, Miss B. Dickson, London; organizers, Niagara Conference, Mrs. Jackson, Beamsville; London Conference, Mrs. Wright, London South; Guelph Conference, Mrs. Scaff, Guelph; representatives to the annual Conferences, Niagara, Mrs. McMechan, London; Guelph, Mrs. Phelps, Mount Pleasant; London, Mrs. Jackson, Beamsville.

At the evening session Mrs. Burns presided. Miss Dickson, corresponding secretary of the mission band, read an interesting paper recommending various modes of work for the bands, which were clearly detailed. Among those dealt with were earnest prayer, and a thorough knowledge of the work, literary meetings which should be planned for at least three months ahead, a visiting committee which should report every business meeting, an occasional drill on the constitution and the work of the circles, drills on parliamentary practice, a serving department and personal work for the Lord.

Essays were read by Miss Pitcher, of London, Miss Babb, of Mitchell and by the delegate from Oakland. A prize banner was presented the mission band having the largest percentage of increase in membership, which was won by the Charles street band, of Ingersoll, the increase being 120 per cent. By special request, Miss Rowat, of London, repeated the recitation which she had previously given so acceptably. Recitations, dialogues and choruses were rendered during the evening by members, and votes of thanks were passed to all who had contributed to their entertainment during their pleasant stay in Ingersoll.

The following delegates were elected to the General Board meeting, which will be held in Toronto on Thursday next: Mrs. Phelps, Mount Pleasant; Mrs. Sutherland, Hamilton; Mrs. Russ, Brantford; Mrs. Kneeshaw, Ingersoll; Mrs. Jackson, Beamsville; Miss Morton, Hamilton; Mrs. Dickson, London; Mrs. Fowler, London; Mrs. McMechan, London; Mrs. Wright, London; Mrs. Brown, London, Mrs. Graham, Strathroy; Mrs. Scarff, Guelph; Mrs. Williams, Galt; Mrs. Leach, Goderich, and Mrs. Scott, St. Marys. As alternates, Mrs. Woodsworth, Drummondville, and Mrs. Hardie, Hamilton. A collection was taker up, after which the chorus, "God Be With You Till We Meet Again," was heartily sung, and the meeting closed with the benediction.

Coughs and Colds

Tolu, Tar and Tamarack is the peer of all remedies for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis and all affections of the Throat and Lung One 25-cent bottle will often cure the most distressing cough.

FOR SALE BY

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE

256 Dundas St., London, Ont.

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KILLED BY A BOY.

Miss Short Teased a Boy of Fourteen Until He Shot Her.

OSHAWA, Oct. 15.—Hannah Short, daughter of John Short, aged 20, was fatally shot Tuesday evening by a lad named Willie Coedy, aged 14, at the residence of Mr. Coedy, where she had dropped in to spend a few minutes. The young woman had been teasing the lad, which so provoked him that he took down a shotgun and discharged it into the neck of the victim. The injuries proved to be fatal, death resulting at 1 o'clock yesterday morning. It is said the boy was unaware that the gun was loaded.

"CRUELTY AND ADULTERY."

The Charge Made Against Postmaster-General Haggart by His Wife.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The Herald says: "The wife of Postmaster-General Haggart of Canada is living in a small cottage in east New York.

"Mrs. Haggart denies that she is suing for divorce, but speaks bitterly of her husband, accusing him of cruelty and adultery She does not explain why she is living in this vicinity."

HOW TO MAKE GOOD BUTTER.

The Traveling Dairy in Essex County—Meetings at Kingsville, Cottam and Harrow.

KINGSVILLE, Oct. 15.—The traveling dairy held a meeting here on Saturday at 2 p.m. in the town hall. This meeting was well attended by an appreciative audience. Mr. W. J. Palmer delivered a lecture on dairying, while the butter made by Mr. Brown was of excellent quality. About 50 pounds of new milk were brought to the meeting and the cream separated by the De Laval cream separator, after which the practical value of this machine was duly explained. On Monday the members of the dairy proceeded to Cottam and held a meeting at the residence of Mr. Buckle, a mile from the village. The Harrow fair was next visited on Tuesday and Wednesday, when the large tent was set up and practical butter-making illustrated every afternoon. Samples of milk were also tested and cream separated from the new milk. Lectures were delivered by Prof. Dean on the subject of butter-making. This portion of Essex is largely devoted to the growth of corn and fruit, but gradually more attention is being given to dairying. A cheese factory is being erected near Harrow this season which will be put in operation next season.

The only preparation which can prove effectual for removing pimples and other skin eruptions is the Persian Lotion, sold by all druggists at 50c. a bottle.

New York Store.

A Fresh Stock of HUNTLEY & PALMER'S

English Biscuits and Cakes

—AND—

Rountree's Chocolates,

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