

MYSTERY STILL AROUND MURDER

R. N. W. M. P. WORK HARD TO
FIND STEELER RANCHER'S
SLAYER.

Special to Bulletin.
Stettler, March 29.—There is nothing new in the Lennox murder story so far as the information given out is concerned. The R.N.W.M.P. are hard at work and three men are on the scene of the murder, while a number of others are engaged at other points. The police are, however, very efficient as to the case of the murder, and Inspector Worley, in charge of the investigation.

A half gain ground here that there may be a number of people in the Buffalo Lake district that know something of the murder and it is asserted by one in close touch with the authorities that some of the suspects, while not having committed the crime, may have secured some else to do the shooting. There was considerable ill-feeling towards Lennox in the district and it is said that several of his enemies have made statements to the effect that they would get satisfaction at some time.

Around Buffalo Lake, where the shooting occurred, is a bad country, they say in Stettler. The inference is that there are a number of bad characters there, and some are pretty handy with their shotguns. There is a number of French half breeds live in that vicinity, and the relics of many an old cow-punching outfit, of the early days, when all Alberta was a cattle country, seem to have chosen that section for an abiding place. It is believed that Whitford is now being held by the authorities somewhat as a bird. The breed is one of the best cow-punchers in this country. He is also lightning quick with his gun or used to be when cowboys were in the habit of using them. He was in Big Valley at the house of a man named Thompson when the murder was committed. He has been seen since, and he is now being held by the authorities.

Says Whitford Innocent.
The Wm. Whitford, the half-breed Indian suspect, is not guilty of the murder of Mrs. Lennox, his wife, Mrs. Lennox gives no reason for her belief other than that both she and Lennox liked the boy, and that neither of them had any trouble with him. Whitford was a good worker and was always on good terms with his employer according to Mrs. Lennox, and the latter declares that she cannot possibly picture the breed in the role of her husband's murderer. Her reason is largely one of intuition, but, nevertheless, Mrs. Lennox is a strong and steadfast in believing that the murderer has not yet been brought to justice.

Mrs. Lennox expressed the opinion, though, that in all probability the crime had been committed by some one who, if not a neighbor, had at least studied the neighborhood very carefully, and was familiar with the place. She said that she would not have been enabled to facilitate an escape with such comparative ease.

Other than this statement and her declaration in favor of Whitford, Mrs. Lennox has expressed no other opinion as to her theory in the case. The police are efficient and decline to make any further statement.

It has been learned that when arrested Whitford rode a horse owned by Lennox, and that the horse was the same as the one that was ridden by the murderer. The horse was a dark bay, and the hoof marks of this animal do not correspond with the prints made by the horse upon the mud.

A Sensational Story.
A rancher from the neighborhood of the crime brought in a sensational story, which, if true, would seriously involve a well-known figure in the district. The story is to the effect that the police have secured possession of a horse, saddle and rifle owned by this man. The horse is alleged to have been covered with mud; the saddle the same, while the barrel of the rifle was choked with mud also.

It is further alleged that according to the tracks made by the fleeing murderer the horse slipped and fell in the mud, and the murderer then marked evidence of this occurrence. The horse which the police are said to have in their possession is said to be covered with mud on one side, the result of a fall, while beside the horse there was seen the imprint of a small boot heel.

The theory is that the rider, being an expert, did not fall beneath the horse, but that he stuck out his heels and remained astride of the fallen animal until the horse regained its feet. The condition of the rifle leads to the belief that when the horse fell the rifle was precipitated muzzle foremost into the mud. Whether it is true that the police have these articles and the horse in their possession they refuse absolutely to state.

It has been learned, however, that this man possesses such a rifle as the crime is believed to have been committed with, but in his favor the police declare that several other ranchers in the vicinity are the owners of similar weapons of a like caliber.

Not Suspected by Police.
The police said that he is not suspected of the murder, as it has been established beyond a doubt that he was in Stettler in attendance at the Oddfellows' lodge upon the night of the murder, but they do not deny nor do they accept the theory that a third party may have stolen his horse, saddle and rifle for the purpose of committing the murder and subsequently making an escape.

Another Mysterious Death.
The present tragedy is the second in the Lennox family within a period of fifteen months. Russell Lennox, a younger brother, was shot and killed by a mysterious assassin in Sutherland, Sask., on the 25th of January, 1910. Young Lennox was found dead in his room, the result of a revolver shot. The mystery has never been cleared up, but at the time it was stated that Lennox had committed suicide as the result of a love affair.

MEXICAN REBELS MEET DEFEAT

Official Despatches Proclaim
Decisive Victory for Federal Forces
Indian Allies Took Prominent Part

Agua Prieta, Mexico, Mar. 28.—The battle near Ures, the old capital of Sonora, which lasted from morning until midnight yesterday and claimed in the official despatches to have resulted in a great government victory, was fought between the federal forces, comprising the combined forces sent from Aguila Prieta, Nogales and Hermosillo, and the united force of the rebels at San Rafael. The rebel army, which was composed of Juan Cagral, who recently annihilated a company of federals under Col. Aguilera, and the main regulars. The light cavalry of the rebel leader, Colonel Ojeda, an old federal officer, commanded the main regulars. The fight started at nine o'clock yesterday morning. The federals used two machine guns with terrific effect.

The Yaqui and Pima Indians, on opposite sides, were prominent in the fight, many of them fighting on foot. Governor Torres reported at 2 o'clock this afternoon a complete victory for the federal forces. The rebels were routed and many were killed and a great number wounded. He gave no report of the federal losses. The governor stated in another telegram that the night battle was in progress at nightfall last evening. If the federals gain a decisive victory at San Rafael it will remove the danger of an attack upon Hermosillo.

Ten Veterans Left.
Regiment Returns to England After 18 Years' Foreign Service.
London, March 29.—After eighteen years' service abroad in Egypt, India, Burma, and South Africa, the Second Battalion Staffordshire Regiment, which landed in England in 1892, returned to their homes in England today. The regiment was able to receive British veterans just in time to receive the welcome of their families and friends. The two ships were stopped for a few minutes, while the officers and men of the regiment were given a complimentary and good wishes, and then the first proceeded on route for home.

At Litchfield the regiment was received with considerable warmth. The new men of the corps, of whom there were many, were in the town, and found interesting links with the regiment's past. The regiment was able to receive British veterans just in time to receive the welcome of their families and friends. The two ships were stopped for a few minutes, while the officers and men of the regiment were given a complimentary and good wishes, and then the first proceeded on route for home.

Review of the Week.
Winnipeg, March 31.—The Commercial Review of the week is a summary of the events of the week. The feature of the money situation in the West will say tomorrow. The feature of the money situation in the West will say tomorrow.

Manitoba Agricultural College.
Winnipeg, March 31.—The contract for the dormitory building for the new provincial agricultural college at St. Vital was let today to Thomas J. Burns of Winnipeg.

Supreme Court.
The Supreme Court on banc concluded its March sittings in Edmonton yesterday afternoon. Judgment was made until Saturday morning at half past ten o'clock when judgment in the case of the Imperial Bank of Canada was delivered. One of the important cases expected is that in the appeal of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company against the Government of Canada.

NOVA SCOTIA ELECTIONS.
Appeal to the People Will Likely be Made in Couple of Months—
Halifax, March 31.—The local legislature closed this afternoon with a guard from the Royal Canadian regiment and a salute from the Citadel. Two hundred and twenty-five bills were introduced during the two weeks session, and 160 were passed. This is the last session of the present Legislature. Dissolution will shortly be announced and elections likely in May.

RECORD BUILT REVENUE.
London, March 28.—A special cable says: For the first time in the history of the British nation the revenue for the financial year has exceeded £200,000,000. The total sum paid into the exchequer during the five weeks from April 1, 1910, to March 25, 1911, amounted to £200,789,024.

VERMILION CHILD
BURNED TO DEATH.
Vermilion, Alta., March 28.—Mary, the 3-year-old daughter of Andrew Clark, a home-steader, living twenty miles northeast of here, was burned to death on Saturday. Her father was burning a log-pile, and the child, who was unobserved, wandered too close to the flames, and her clothes caught fire. Her cries for help were unheard and it was not until she was missed and a search for her instituted that the charred body was found in the burned strip that was used to serve as a fireguard.

When a medicine man was given to young children it should be pleasant to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is made from loquacious and the roots of the cold, cough and whooping cough. For sale by Dealers everywhere.

(Signed) F. A. ULLMAN.

SENTIMENT IN EAST IN FAVOR OF RECIPROCITY CONTINUES TO GROW

Bulletin Special.
Ottawa, March 27.—The process of the conversion of hitherto strong Conservatives to the support of the Government's reciprocity proposals is becoming daily more marked in Ontario. Lewis Wigle, of Essex, one of the best known "stumpers" and former Conservative members, both in the Legislature and House of Commons, has come out as a firm advocate of the agreement. He has issued a public letter announcing his position and declaring the proposals to be of "great benefit to Canada."

At a largely attended public meeting in Napanee a resolution was unanimously adopted supporting reciprocity. It was moved by Chas. Anderson, Conservative, and seconded by John T. Girard, former Conservative member for Napanee, and who said the Government had done the best thing ever accomplished for Canada in negotiating the reciprocity agreement and added that he was "not such a hidebound Tory, but that he could still join in a halcyon chorus to the welfare of Canada."

Further proof of the growing sentiment in favor was evidenced by the addition of a new member to the ranks of the Government today. Of the sixty-six communications received by the Government sixty-four were in favor of reciprocity. The Secretary of the Ontario Manufacturers' Association, Mr. J. H. Borden, a former Conservative, in the Roland or vicinity part of Mr. Staples' constituency received a plebiscite letter. The published rumor in Montreal and Toronto papers tonight says that the Conservative party is completely disorganized and that Mr. Borden contemplates resigning.

TERCENTENARY OF ENGLISH BIBLE ON TUESDAY NEXT

Mass Meetings and Memorial Services
Held in London—President
Taft Sends Message

London, March 29.—A great meeting was held in the Royal Albert Hall tonight to celebrate the tercentenary of the English translation of the Bible by a commission which was set up by King James in 1611. Premier Asquith and Whitehead, the American Ambassador, both took part in the meeting, and both took occasion to speak on the question of universal peace. Premier Asquith said there would be no more war, and proceeded to read the monument of the tercentenary that it should witness the sealing of a pact between the English speaking races which would put an end at once and for all to the hideous and unthinkable possibilities of fratricidal strife. He also made mention of the proposal of President Taft and the inspiring response of King George made through Earl Grey.

A message sent through the United States Ambassador in London, President Taft said in part: "This is a day of great importance to the people of the United States, and it is a day when we should all unite in a common purpose to secure the peace and prosperity of the world. The Bible is a book which has brought comfort and inspiration to millions of people, and it is a book which we should all read and cherish. I am proud to send this message to you on this day, and I am sure that you will all join with me in a common purpose to secure the peace and prosperity of the world."

Interim Supply Bill.
An interim supply bill to which the Opposition took no objection in the House of Commons today. The bill provides for the current year and \$15,115,912 for the fiscal year now in progress. The bill also provides for the current year and \$15,115,912 for the fiscal year now in progress.

Houghton, London (Simcoe East) discussed the question of the revision of the bank act which is the subject of the bill. He said that he had been much interested in the bill, and that he had been much interested in the bill.

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ITALY'S JUBILEE. King Emmanuel Presides at Ceremony Which Marks Beginning of Celebration.

Rome, March 27.—The celebrations of the jubilee of Italian unity began today with the formal opening by King Victor Emmanuel of the International Art Exhibition. On Wednesday an industrial exhibition will be begun at Turin, where in 1861 Victor Emmanuel II, grandfather of the present monarch, assumed the title of King of Italy (as Victor Emmanuel I).

At midnight a gun was fired from the Janiculum hill and the bell on the capitol was rung. From that hour the city was astir. Bands were playing patriotic airs, traversing the principal streets which were bright with lights and gay flags and bunting. Crowds filled the squares shouting "Viva Roma."

The celebration is offensive to the holy see and some of the less orderly attempted to reach the Vatican. They were met by a strong detachment of police and turned back.

During the morning hours King Victor Emmanuel, Queen Helena, the Duke of Genoa, the Count of Turin, the minister, diplomats, and the members of parliament and foreign commissioners of the art exhibition met at the Capitol. Count Di San Martino, president of the exhibition, presided, and speeches were delivered by deputies and members of the chamber of deputies and Mayor Nathan.

King Victor Emmanuel presided with an address that made a deep impression. The Americans present were Ambassador Leitchman, Harrison S. Morris, the United States Commissioner to the exhibition, and J. P. Morgan, president of the foreign committee.

When he addressed the king, recalled that to have the Capital in the center of Italy was the dream of the Romans, and that "Eternal Rome" had become a common expression. He continued:

"Today the king is here surrounded by his representatives of parliament and the municipalities of the kingdom, living symbols of indissoluble political union and local franchise."

In this national meeting the oath to render Italy freer, happier and more respected through the world issues from our breast with fervor and inexpressible enthusiasm. We cannot in a brief time repair the effects of many centuries lived in servitude. Our nation must make Titanic efforts to transform dead measures into laws for a free people, jealous of its rights."

"In our virile modesty we must not forget the mission that history has entrusted to Italy, to proclaim and to realize the principles of justice, of peace, of freedom, of progress, of civilization, of the rights of nations to be free and independent. With Rome as its capital, Italy represents the triumph of the rights of nations to be free and independent. With Rome as its capital, Italy represents the triumph of the rights of nations to be free and independent."

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FARMERS REPROVE THE LEGISLATURE

Manitoba Members could have been
Better Employed than in voting
against Reciprocity

Langvale, Man., March 29.—At a meeting of the Dunrea Grain Growers Association, the following resolution was passed unanimously: "Whereas the Manitoba Legislature has by resolution declared against the reciprocity agreement with the United States, it is hereby resolved that we express our conviction that in so doing the Legislature entirely misrepresented the feelings of the vast majority of the electors of Manitoba and the fact that it could have employed its time in a far wiser manner."

Show in Northern Manitoba.
Brandon, March 29.—Travelers arriving here from the north say that the country fifty miles from here and further north is covered with snow and that almost no grain is remaining, with no sign whatever of spring in that direction.

Remarkable Discoveries Made in
Autobiography of Sir William
Butler of South African History.

London, March 30.—Sir William Butler's autobiography, just published, contains what the newspapers style "amazing disclosures," as regards the sequence of the events which led to the strike in the western of the Cape. Sir William Butler was a member of the Cape Parliament, and his autobiography contains a full and complete account of the events which led to the strike in the western of the Cape.

From the moment of his arrival in South Africa Sir William seems to have been in a peculiarly disquieting position. He was a member of the Cape Parliament, and his autobiography contains a full and complete account of the events which led to the strike in the western of the Cape.

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A Stinging Rebuke.
On December 21, 1909, Sir William Butler received a request from the Cape Parliament to resign his seat. He refused to do so, and his autobiography contains a full and complete account of the events which led to the strike in the western of the Cape.

CHINESE NEWSPAPERS BLAME
BRITAIN FOR THE TROUBLE

Pekin, March 29.—China is not prepared to antagonize Russia completely and as the result of prolonged negotiations the Chinese foreign office today assured the Russian minister, M. Korostovetz, that China will acquiesce unreservedly today to the Russian ultimatum concerning the provisions of the treaty of 1858. Russia insisted upon an answer before Tuesday.

It is generally considered that there was no alternative course in view of China's utter unpreparedness for war. The ultimatum was a severe blow to the Chinese, and it is generally considered that there was no alternative course in view of China's utter unpreparedness for war.

The Chinese newspapers which are intensely ignorant of foreign affairs, are very hostile against Great Britain, which they accuse of beginning the present land grab, and they prophesy that both Japan and France will be lost in following suit.

Reports from Harbin state that the Russian railway has refused to transport several car loads of arms and ammunition destined for Chinese garrisons on the frontier. From elsewhere in Manchuria come indications of Japanese readiness to invest South Manchuria should the Russian invasion on the frontier be successful.

In a recent issue, the Peking Daily News, in an editorial, evidently inspired by the Chinese foreign board, declared that China would not submit to the so-called aggressions of various powers and that she would not be taken from her. Whether this was only a threat intended to assist China's diplomacy today should show.

Russia is Determined.
St. Petersburg, March 27.—The Russian government is determined to force China to take decisive action with regard to the Russian demand that the provisions of the treaty of 1858 be complied with. Russia's ultimatum which has been presented to the Russian minister at Peking, through the Russian minister, declares China must give a satisfactory reply to the Russian note of February 16, setting in detail Russian claims, before March 28. Otherwise it will hold the Chinese government responsible for such action as Russia deems advisable to take.

The ultimatum was contained in a telegram from M. Noroff, the acting minister of foreign affairs, to M. Korostovetz, the Russian minister at Peking.

Socialists May Revolt in Poland.
Warsaw, Russia, March 27.—The Socialists are very busy here preparing to revolt, as they seem to think war between Russia and China is inevitable. All the Russian troops have been withdrawn from Russian Poland so the Socialists think they would have an excellent chance.

MINERS' STRIKE SEEMS CLOSE

MASS MEETING AT
ENDORSERS' ACTING
CALGARY

Pernie, March 29.—A mass meeting of the miners of the Coal Creek district was held in the evening of this afternoon, attended by over eight hundred miners who packed the building and two of these hundred upon the steps. The meeting was held in the evening of this afternoon, attended by over eight hundred miners who packed the building and two of these hundred upon the steps.

The same action was taken at the meeting of the miners of the Coal Creek district, and the operators refused to give up the position taken by the miners. The meeting was held in the evening of this afternoon, attended by over eight hundred miners who packed the building and two of these hundred upon the steps.

King Wires Out.
Ottawa, March 29.—King George V. has wired the miners of the Coal Creek district, advising them that the government is ready to meet them on any terms that they may propose. The meeting was held in the evening of this afternoon, attended by over eight hundred miners who packed the building and two of these hundred upon the steps.

Government Will Try to
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MACDONALD'S TO VANCOUVER

Editor of Toronto Globe.
Canadian Club, 100
Canada Does not
States Does not
tion.

Vancouver, March 30.—Canada among the nations of the world is a member of the Club here today by J. H. Macdonald, Minister of the Interior. The meeting was held in the evening of this afternoon, attended by over eight hundred miners who packed the building and two of these hundred upon the steps.

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