AMES AND PARTY SHOW THEIR HAND

They Obstruct the Inquiry Into Timber Berths, Refusing Opportunities They Asked.

Ottawa, Mar. 16—The officials of the department of the interior being familiar with the manner of granting timber berths, ought to be heard before the House accounts committee, and when they do appear before the committee they should be given an opportunity of telling what they know. So long as Ames, Bristol and other Conservative members are permitted to use all kinds of insinuations against the department and its officers they are particularly jubilant.

But this afternoon when J. W. Greenway was being examined, Bristol was opposed to hearing his evidence and Macdonald pointed to his obstruction tactics, as Greenway's evidence and Macdonald pointed to his obstruction tactics, as Greenway's evidence, was not only unfavorable to Ames' statements, but knocked the bottom out of this alleged scandal.

The opposition refused to call J. G. Turiff, Greenway's predecessor, although he had been in attendance at the committee several days. Muckrakers are not anxious for an investigation which would throw light on the subject and consequently they are blocking the enquiry.

At the committee today Turiff made the following statement: "Mr. Chairman, as my name has been frequently mentioned in connection with this inquiry, and as insinuations have been made and inferences drawn in connection therewith, and having waited for several days expecteing to be called, I now desire to say I would like to be called for Tuesday next or the first meeting of the committee after Tuesday in order to make a statement and to answer such questions in connection with the inquiry as Ames or his associates may desire to ask."

Ames Plays Dictator.

In answer to this Ames refused to call Turiff, but despite this Turiff will be heard from. Those who ply the muckrake are always after anything but truth. Robert Campbell, formerly of the timber and mines branch, but now of the forestry branch of the interior department, was recalled by Mr. Ames in respect of payments by T. A. Burrows, M.P., for royalties and interest. These payments appear in the auditor general's report and form the basis for the inquiry. In respect of one of the limits awarded to Burrows, Campbell said that N. Burrows had sent in three checks for the total amount of his tender, $15,000. The amounts of the cheques were $6,000, $5,000 and $4,000.

McDonald, of Pictou, remarked that it was a common practice of tenderers to send in two or three cheques for the total amount. The berth north of Prince Albert, 250 square miles, was got by Perkins & Fraser for $5,000. No amount was stated in the tender but it was said $5,000 was enclosed. The form endorsed by J. C. Turiff was $5,000.

The originals, Ames claimed, showed them all to be in the same handwriting, and another berth obtained by John McBean, of Ottawa, for $1,000, was got by a tender in which the amount was not specified. Ames declared that it was his intention to see if it were possible to know who the men were to whom the berths had gone. Ames took up a cluster of berths, 1,099, on the line of the G. T. P. between Edmonton and Yellow Head pass, and 1,192 on the Pembina river, west of Edmonton. All three were taken by T. A. Burrows in his own name. No. 1,099 was for $6,500 in two cheques for $3,500 and $2,500. Burrows offered to give No. 1,068 to Mr. Ames for a five cent piece if he would pay the dues.

BIG FIRE IN DELORAINE.

Fire This Morning Destroyed Two Buildings and Damaged Another.

Deloraine, Man., Mar. 19—Fire broke out here this morning about 3 o'clock completely destroying Lyons & Gourlay's barber shop, Passwood's butcher shop and all the contents. Both stores were located in the same building, which was totally destroyed. Thomas and Booth's store to the west was also destroyed together with a large stock of furniture and house furnishings, etc. William Challers' brick and stone hardware store on the east was badly damaged, but was saved from complete destruction by the gasoline fire engine, which, though slow in getting to work, did splendid service. Thomas and Booth's loss in stock and fixtures will amount to $9,000 and on the building $3,000. E. Linward, who owned the building occupied by the butcher and barber shops, will have a loss of $2,500. Lyons & Gourlay's loss on stock and fixtures is $1,000, and Passwood's about $500. The loss on the Chalmers building and stock is hard to estimate. The fire had burned through the west wall of the building and had made considerable progress in the interior before it was discovered. The damage to stock was caused principally by water and chemicals. Chalmers carried insurance of about $7,000.

ALASKA MINERS IN RIOT.

Strike Breakers on Way to Mines are Fired on.

Fairbanks, Alaska, Mar. 18—Members of the Western Federation of Miners engaged in a riot today. They threatened men going out on the train to the creeks to work and prevented railroad men from loading baggage on the train. Louis Deazat fired four shots at Deputy Phil North, who returned the fire, but no one was injured except a number of Federationists who were clubbed. Tom Steffens, organizer and leader of the Western Federation, W. E. Priessley, leader of the miners' paper, and Frank Cullen, secretary of the local union, were arrested for harboring prisoners in union headquarters after the shooting.

MEN WANTED ON LANDS BUT NOT IN THE TOWNS

Canada Wants More Settlers, Says Immigration Commissioner Smith, Interviewed in London, But They Must Be the Right Sort.

(From Tuesday's Bulletin.)

The London (England) Daily News, received in today's mails has the following interesting report of an interview with J. Obed Smith, the former Dominion immigration commissioner at Winnipeg, who has reached England to take up the work of his new office.

"Send us ten thousand men tomorrow, and we'll find them all work."

"The man who made that remark to me in Canada a little over two years ago (writes a 'Daily News' representative) stood before me again yesterday as confident as ever in the possibilities of the west. At our first meeting he came on board the Allan liner Victorian, at Quebec, as emigration agent, and went up stream with us to Montreal. Yesterday he began his new duties as chief at the Dominion's emigration office in Charing Cross. It was there we met.

"Mr. J. O. Smith remembered our previous meeting, and when I asked whether Canada still wanted ten thousand men from England, he made answer:

"'On the land, yes. In the towns, Canada does not want a man from either England or any other country.'

"'Your own unemployed problem has become acute?'

"'Not acute; but in the big towns there has this winter been a shortage of work. Many of the men out of work this winter could get good board and wages if they cared to leave the towns and go on to farms.'

"'Guaranteed work?'

"'Certainly. On our own books in the government immigration office at Winnipeg were scores of vacancies on farms up country which the unemployed would not accept.'

No Town Wastrels.

"'Hence you are here to stop any town wastrels going from this country?'

"'Unless they show a willingness and capacity for going on the land,' returned Mr. Smith. 'Our difficulty is to keep emigrants out of the cities. The only class of emigrant we want in Canada is the land worker. We guarantee to get work for every emigrant who is willing and able to go on a farm.'

"'That does not include English town dwellers?'

"'Not at all. We only insist that he shall not become a Canadian town dweller. We ask him to become a land tiller. We have seen willing men from English towns become very successful settlers. I remember a young dock laborer arriving at Winnipeg, with his wife, about six years ago. We sent him up country, and when I saw him not long ago he had his own farm and told me he was worth £1,000.'

"'What of the Dominion's new immigration restrictions?'

"'You mean the order that comes in force next April. That ensures that in future only emigrants with a certificate from our London office will be admitted into Canada. The certificate will only be granted when we are satisfied that the emigrant is likely to make a useful settler.'

Certified Emigrants.

"So that you will have fewer deportations?"

"And isn't that an advantage all round?" suggested Mr. Smith. "Many a man has sold up his home here and gone with his family to Canada at some expense, only to find that he has to be deported. Such a man returns worse off than when he went."

"The new order implies that such men are sent out by charitable agencies?"

"That is so. We have had many men sent out by various societies whom we can only describe as unemployed. I don't like the word undesirables. Certainly they are not the kind of men we want."

"Will all the emigration agencies have to marshall their bands in future at your London office?"

"We need not necessarily see every emigrant personally. No longer will one certificate pass the whole bunch sent out by a single society. Every emigrant or family will have to be certified. If the papers submitted by a society do not satisfy us we shall ask them to bring before us the emigrants concerning who we have doubts. The effect will be to weed out those whom we know can be of no use in Canad."

"To limit emigration, in fact?"

"No, no!" came the sharp response. "If anything we want to increase emigration. But we do claim the right to stop the unemployable of your English cities from swelling the ranks of the unemployable in Canadian cities."

Some First-Class Settlers.

"What of the men sent out by the Central Unemployed body?"

"We say give us more of such men. Our experience has been that the men sent out by the unemployed body have proved first-class settlers. This is because they have been carefully selected and many of them trained on the land at Hollesley Bay before going out."

Mr. Smith gave some amazing figures. Last year the number of immigrants entering Canada reached 277,376. The year before the number was 215,112. Of last year's immigrants no fewer than 220,825 crossed the ocean, the remainder entering from the United States. The immigrants from England and Wales numbered last year 110,287, while Scotland sent 33,376 and Ireland 7,503.

Is Portugal Another Servia?

Lisbon, March 19.—England has warned Portugal that the British minister at Lisbond will be withdrawn if the government grants political amnesty without a previous investigation of the circumstances of King Carlos' assassination. To disregard so grave a crim, England has informed the Portuguese government that it would place Portugal in the same category as Servia for the crimes were similar in many respects.

EXPORTS SHOW A BIG INCREASE

Depression Has Caused Decrease of Imports, But Not in Exports. Canada's Trade Returns.

Ottawa, March 19.—The trade returns of the Dominion for the month of February and for the first eleven months of the current fiscal year which ends on the 21st were issued today. The present commercial depression is reflected in a continued falling off of imports which began December last, although exports on the other hand show a gratifying increase.

For the last month the imports amounted to $21,694,133, a decrease of $3,803,333 as compared with February of last year. Domestic exports amounted to $14,636,818, an increase of $2,015,961. Exports of foreign products totalled $863,677, as compared with $1,075,294 in the corresponding month of 1907.

For the eleven months of the current year the total trade amounted to $589,755,974, an increase of $30,156,704. The imports totalled $328,321,353, a gain of $24,798,784 and the exports totalled $261,634,521, a gain of $5,357,920. Exports of the products of mines increased about $2,400,000; agriculture, $14,700,000 and manufactures, $1,835,000. Exports of fish fell off by $160,000; exports of forest products were $1,700,000; animals and their products, $12,150,000.

SENATE GRANTS A DIVORCE.

Toronto Couple Legally Separated.—Lancaster's Bill Discussed.

Ottawa, March 18.—In the upper house today, Senator Kirchhoffer, chairman of the Divorce Committee, presented a report from that committee recommending a divorce for Edith May Gilmore, of Toronto, from Alfred Robert William Gilmore. The rest of the sitting was taken up with a discussion of Lancaster's bill, which limits the speed of trains at crossings to ten miles per hour in thickly settled districts, and which has been passed by the House of Commons. Senator Beique's amendment, "unless such crossing is properly protected," was the point on which the debate hinged.

Senator Bostick said he would have to vote against Lancaster's bill, because it proposed to wipe out clause 275, which gave protection to the tracks between crossings in cities. Senator Kerr adjourned the debate.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Earl Grey Musical and Dramatic Trophy Competition, it was decided that the competition in February next should be held in Montreal and in the following year in Toronto. Later on competitions may be held in the west.

TAFT BOOM PUNCTURED.

Two Districts of Iowa Republican Stand-Pat Party Falling Away.

Des Moines, Iowa, Mar. 19—Discord marked the Iowa Republican convention today and though the Progressives did not have enough votes to gain any control they expressed in emphatic terms their disapproval of the stand-pat program. On a division of the convention on the question of endorsing Senator Wm. B. Allison for the United States senate, the Progressives cast 500 votes of disapproval against the stand-patters' 672. The stand-pat party having been committed to Taft, were forced by the Progressives into adopting a tariff platform which is in line with the Cummings' policy. The convention also instructed the delegates at large to vote for Taft but of the other districts the second and fourth refused to instruct their delegates. This was a decided puncture in the Taft boom and even during the speeches of the convention Roosevelt and Taft received but slight applause.

BRITAIN'S SEA SUPREMACY.

Is Being Maintained—New Ships Greater Than Ever.

London, Mar. 19—Speaking in the House of Lords last evening, Lord Tweedmouth, first lord of the admiralty, said that Great Britain's three vessels of the Temeraire type, were superior to the Dreadnaught type and that the three vessels of the St. Vincent type would be an improvement on the Temeraire. In the spring of 1911 he said Great Britain would have three squadrons of four ships each of the St. Vincent type. No power in the world would be able to assemble such a fleet of first class battleships. Lord Tweedmouth declared, and he could almost say that a combination of all the powers of the world would not be able to put an equal squadron on the sea.

A Daring Robbery.

Thamesville, March 19.—A daring robbery occurred here early this morning of Brooks & Holmes' jewellery store. The proprietors were awakened by a noise followed by a gunshot and falling glass. Men ran to the window over the store, but were driven back by three masked men, who continued firing. Holmes & Brooks were both overpowered, bound and gagged with strips of sheets and laid on the bed. The robbers then escaped with eight dollars and watches. They are supposed to be Indians from the Moravian town.

Fire in Rosefield Elevator.

Rosefield, Man., March 19.—Fire broke out at ten this morning in the office and engine house of the Imperial Elevator Company's building here, destroying the office and furnishings. Splendid work on the part of the towns folk succeeded in saving the elevator, in which the grain was stored.

U. S. Senator Dead.

Baltimore, March 18—United States Senator Wm. Pinckney died at his home in this city to-night.

ORGANIZED LABOR ALARMED.

If Congress Does Not Grant Legislation Will Appeal to Ballot.

Washington, March 19.—Alarmed by a succession of adverse decisions by the United States Supreme Court, as well as the general trend of lesser federal courts to extend the scope of injunctions, organized labor is preparing to appeal to the voters for redress at the ballot box. Congress will be memorialized to give remedial legislation. The leaders of congress are to be urged by a specially appointed labor committee to see to it that this session shall not adjourn without passing the bills submitted and endorsed by labor. Pending the action by Congress, an address is to be sent every labor union in the States setting forth the prevailing conditions of organized labor by reason of the supposed hostile attitude of the courts and Congress. Working men are urged everywhere to hold themselves prepared to seek a remedy at the polls in November should Congress fail to act. The decision was reported today at the conference of organized labor held here. There were represented in the conference 117 national and international unions, or 27,000 local unions. Samuel Gompers, who led the movement, presided over the conference and outlined briefly the efforts made and told of the enlistment of President Roosevelt's sympathy on behalf of organized labor.

STRUGGLE FOR PRESIDENCY.

Taft and Hughes Supporters Fighting Hard for Nomination.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 18.—Nervous because I the discord among the Iowa Republicans, who gather here tomorrow in state convention, Attorney General Wade E. Ellis, of Ohio, is here to look after the interests of Taft. All the delegates have been committed to endorse Taft, but, realizing the condition of the party, wrought up over the senatorial contest between William B. Allison and Governor Cummings, his managers believed it safe to have some one on the ground. On the preceding day A. B. Humphreys, secretary of the Hughes' League, of New York, reached the city. He hopes to get delegates to the national convention committed for Hughes on the second ballot. "Stand patters" have the controlling vote in the convention and are planning to grant no concessions to Cumming's people. While "stand patters" are ready to instruct for the Taft leaders, it is emphatically announced today that they will not swallow the Ohio Taft tariff revision plank.

TAFT AND HUGHES MEET.

Rival Presidential Candidates Together at St. Patrick's Day Banquet.

New York, March 18.—It took St. Patrick's Day to bring Secretary Taft and Governor Hughes, rival presidential candidates together. Their meeting took place at the Friendly Sons of Ireland banquet in Delmonico's. Archbishop Farley sat beside Taft and both were under a full length portrait of St. Patrick which was surrounded with appropriate and handsome electric decorations. Secretary Taft who was at his best, delivered a speech free from politics embellishing it with poetry and paid high tributes to noted Irishmen in America. He characterized Phil Sheridan as the most brilliant general of the Civil War. Governor Hughes, opened with a tribute to Taft, whom he said is a statesman, judge and pacificator, had won the attention of his fellow countrymen, irrespective of party.

Vessel With Trial Gold.

Vancouver, March 19.—Great precautions were taken on board one C.P.R. liner Empress of Japan last night, when a shipment of bullion from Trail smelter arrived at the wharf. The watches were doubled, and there were two men to every post. This was continued until the silver had been safely stowed away in the strong room. The shipment of bullion is valued at $80,000, there being 80 bars at $1,000 a bar, and these weigh 140,500 ounces, consigned to the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China at Hong Kong. The Trail smelter is the only place in Canada where complete refining methods are in process, and the electrolytic plant which extracts the silver and gold from the lead and copper matter is the most up-to-date institution in the west. Regular shipments are made to the Orient, but this one is the largest that has ever left Canada.

Falconer Up Before Committee.

Ottawa, March 18.—Kenneth Falconer, an accountant, of Montreal, was again before the public accounts committee this morning and examined by Mr. Foster in respect to the book-keeping system he installed. In the marine department committee it was discussed for an hour as to whether Falconer should tell what salary he paid to Miss Guillon, his typewriter, and Falconer finally said that he had answered the question when last before the committee. When under oath he said she got $55 a month. Colonel Ward, Conservative, and Adam Zimmerman, Liberal, were indignant and said the witness had treated the committee with contempt. Falconer gave a list of Montreal firms by whom he had been employed during the past 20 years, but said he had never been admitted as a member of a chartered accountants' association.

Dead Man Much Alive.

Winnipeg, Mar. 18—Fred Hood was pronounced dead on Saturday by his brother and friends, and today he is in possession of health and none the worse for his novel experience. He is a well known citizen. On Saturday morning he was talking to his brother on the street when he suddenly collapsed. He was picked up and hurriedly taken home. Though life was apparently extinct a physician was sent for. Before the doctor arrived, however, a faint pulse beat was observed, and in a few moments the supposed dead man opened his eyes and sat up. The report of his death was widely circulated.

JUSTICE BECK'S UNIQUE DECISION

In a Mechanic's Lien Case in Calgary. Is Contrary to All Other Opinion.

Bulletin Special

Calgary, Alta., Mar. 19.—The two runa-way girls from Medicine Hat who left their homes on Sunday last and were supposed to have come to Calgary were located in Lethbridge yesterday afternoon by C.P.R. trainmen who read the account of the affair in the newspapers. The father of the Dogin girl left for Lethbridge to take them home after telephoning the police to hold them.

The Annual Provincial Horse Show, which will be held in Victoria Park in this city, on March 26th and 27th, promises to be an interesting event in Live Stock circles throughout Alberta. In some of the classes there are several entries made by the best known breeders in the business and the competition will be unusually keen. For instance in the Clydesdale Stallion, 4 years or over, there are twelve entries and in the 3 year old class, six. In the 2 year old class there are six, in the yearling class two, and in the Canadian bred class ten. In the Suffolk Punch registered class 3 years old and over there are six entries, while all the classes are represented and sufficiently well to ensure a friendly rivalry among the owners and an interesting competition.

The annual meeting of the Alberta Horse Breeders' Association will be held on Wednesday evening, March 25th, in the city council chambers at 8 o'clock, and a public meeting will be held in the same place on March 26th, at 8 o'clock which will be addressed by Prof. Rutherford, of Manitoba College, and other prominent live stock authorities.

The case of Brackenridge and Lund, vs. Judge Travis, which has been held before Mr. Justice Beck of the Supreme Court for the last three days, was finally decided yesterday afternoon when his Lordship found in favor of the defendant. The plaintiffs had sued the defendant for the sum of $3.85 on a mechanics' lien for lumber supplied to Judge Travis for building his houses on 4th street west on a sub-contract with J. Short. The defence made a counter claim against the defendants for $5.50 fo rdamages for conspiracy to defraud. In giving his decision his Lordship dismissed the case of the plaintiffs and likewise the counter claim leaving the question of the costs to be fixed later by the Judge.

Judge Stewart in a recent case of Swanson vs. Mollison, held that the owner was liable to the lien holder for more than the contract price, but Judge Beck refused to follow this decision stating that the owner can not be held under any circumstances for more than six weeks' wages and under certain circumstances, and the owner does not have to see to the application of the money. The only regard an owner need have is to the register of the liens or loans he has had written notice of, and he is entitled to hold back from the contractors price certain moneys to complete his building in the event of the contractor refusing or neglecting to complete his work. The decision is contrary to the view held by all lumbermen and merchants in Alberta.

Duel Between German Members.

Berlin, March 18.—An incident in the debate on the estimates in the Prussian diet yesterday was a challenge to a duel. Diedrich Hahn, an agrarian, made the statement that Jewish bankers had supplied funds for the election of radical members. At this Goldschmidt, a radical, exclaimed: "What impudence!" A second from Hahn waited upon Goldschmidt to arrange a meeting. Goldschmidt refused on ethical grounds, but also refused to withdraw the offending expression unless Hahn withdrew the provocation. This Hahn would not do. Importance is attached to the occurrence because the two men are members of Count Von Buelow's coalition.

Refugees May Leave.

Port-au-Prince, March 18.—The Haytian government has surrendered the refugees, and has allowed them to leave the country. Representatives of the powers held a conference today. They sent a joint communication to President Nord Alexis on the subject of the refugees in the consulates and legations requesting that they be allowed to leave the country in safety. The president and cabinet thereupon discussed the situation. Later, the French minister M. Carteron received an official note signed by M. Louis Borno, minister of state, saying that in view of the attempted rebellion on March 15, the president and cabinet had decided to accede to the request of the powers to permit the embarkation of refugees in the consulates in Gonaives, St. Marc and Port De Paix.

PAIN

Pain in the head—pain anywhere, has its cause. Pain is congestion, pain is blood pressure—nothing else usually. At least, so says Dr. Shoop, and to prove it he has created a little pink tablet. That tablet—called Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets—coaxes blood pressure away from pain centers. Its effect is charming, pleasingly delightful. Gently, though safely, it surely equalizes the blood circulation.

If you have a headache, it's blood pressure.
If it's painful periods with women, same cause.
If you are sleepless, restless, nervous, it's blood congestion—blood pressure. That surely is a certainty, for Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets stop it in 20 minutes, and the tablets simply distribute the unnatural blood pressure.
Bruise your finger, and doesn't it get red, and swell, and pain you? Of course it does. It's congestion, blood pressure. You'll find it where pain is—always. It's simply Common Sense.
We sell at 25 cents, and cheerfully recommend

Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets

BERLIN CELEBRATION ENDS IN MUCH RIOTING

Socialists and Anarchists Observing Anniversary of Revolution of 1848 Make Demonstration Which are Put Down by Police. — Many Wounded in Fights.

Berlin, March 19.—The celebration of the 60th anniversary of the revolution of March, 1848, by the Socialists and Anarchists ended with sharp fighting in the streets between the demonstrators and the police yesterday, but despite many broken heads and bruised bodies, nobody was killed, and night saw the police in possession of the streets with order restored. The government had taken precautions similar to those adopted in preparation for the January suffrage demonstrations. All the police were on duty, while the city's garrison of ten thousand infantry, cavalry and artillery was at the barracks under arms. Thousands of Socialists, Anarchists and trade unionists marched early in the morning to Friedrichshail cemetery, where they placed flowers on the graves of five hundred victims of the great fighting in 1848. The paraders were orderly and submitted to police inspection of the inscriptions on the wreaths.

It was after holding thirty-six mass meeting in the afternoon that disorder began. A procession of men and women, sometimes totalling two thousand, paraded the streets singing revolutionary songs and shouting anarchical expletives. They were stopped by the police. Some processionists tried to reach the Kaiser's palace, which was guarded by armed police, but were prevented. The Reichstag and other public buildings were approached. Flats of swords were used unsparingly on the demonstrators, and they were hustled and punished relentlessly. There were about a dozen stiff fights before the streets were cleared and the mobs driven into the suburbs.

Forty-seven arrests were made. Nine policemen sustained injuries and it is estimated that fifty manifestants were wounded.

Honor for the Dead.

Paris, France, Mar. 17—Madame Emil Zola is dissatisfied with the ceremonial of the national honors to be paid her late husband on April 2nd, when the body is to be officially received at Pantheon. Premier Clemenceaux, M. Picquart, M. Reinach and other former allies of the noted writer are not to speak and the only address will be that by M. Doullergue, the minister of public instruction.

"I hesitated," said Mme. Zola, "before I consented to the transfer of the body to the Pantheon as I wish to be buried beside my husband. However, I realized that it was my duty to sacrifice my personal desires to the will of the nation and the desire of France to pay homage to the great writer. I notice that the newspapers say my husband is not receiving the honor for his books but owing wholly to his action in the Dreyfus case, but they forget that this courageous act was merely the consequence of a long life of uprightness and literary labors."

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A Safe, Speedy and Positive Cure for Curb, Splint, Sweeny, Capped Hock, Strained Tendons, Founder, Wind Puffs, and all lameness from Spavin, Ringbone and other bony tumors. Cures all skin diseases or Parasites, Thrush, Diphtheria. Removes all Bunches from Horses or Cattle.
As a Human Remedy for Rheumatism, Sprains, Sore Throat, etc., it is invaluable. Every bottle of Caustic Balsam sold is Warranted to give satisfaction. Price $1.50 per bottle. Sold by druggists, or sent by express, charges paid, with full directions for its use. Send for descriptive circulars, testimonials, etc. Address
The Lawrence-Williams Co., Toronto, Ont.

ENDORSATION OF FIELDING'S PLAN

Issue of Emergency Currency Would Greatly Assist Canada Say Financiers.

Toronto, Mar. 19—The proposition advanced by Hon. W. S. Fielding, Canadian minister of finance, with regard to the issue of an emergency currency is one that if carried out will aid materially in putting Canada in a position to take advantage of its position as the granary of the world, according to local financiers.

Byron Walker, of the Bank of Commerce, said:—

"The crops of the western country must be moved rapidly in order to enable the farmers to take advantage of the proper market. A large amount of money is required within a very limited period for this purpose, and the issue of emergency currency would provide the necessary funds. Any such issue should, however, be confined to a short time and the banks should be compelled to return it when the emergency is over."

C. A. Bogart, general manager of the Dominion bank, said: "The issue of the emergency currency would be in the interest of the country, but the time limit should be and the issue should be made under carefully-thought out restrictions."

C.N.R. TO HUDSON BAY.

Regina Paper Believes President Has Approached Government.

Regina, March 18.—The Standard says in an item from Ottawa this afternoon, that William Mackenzie of the C.N.R. leaves for England within the next ten days to endeavor to float bonds for the building for the Hudson's Bay railroad. A proposition has been submitted to the government which has considered the scheme and offered certain guarantees on bonds and subsidies for the steamers. If Mr. Mackenzie can arrange with his syndicate in England to purchase the bonds when issued and make advances on subsidies, there is every prospect of the project being submitted to parliament this session. There is already a standing grant of 12,800 acres of land per mile for this road. This land grant was authorized before the Liberal government came into power at Ottawa in 1896.

Queen's University Endowment.

Kingston, March 19.—The agitation for the separation of Queen's university from the Presbyterian church is still alive. The half million endowment scheme is not materializing very slowly. The question is likely to be a lively one at the general assembly.

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is sound as a dollar in 24 hours after you rub the sore spot with Fellows' Leeming's Essence.
It gives instant relief in all cases of Strains, Bruises and Swellings — draws the pain right out — strengthens the weak back, shoulder or knee.
Whether you have one horse or twenty, accidents are liable to happen any time. Keep a bottle of
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Single or Double Breasted Norfolk Suits.
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