Enthusiastic Reception of Sir John

#### A STATEMENT BY THE PREMIER

Some Results of His Successful Mission to England.

SYSTEMATIC IMMIGRATION SECURED

The Burden of the Cost of Construction Removed.

A CANADA FEVER IN ENGLAND.

An English Capitalist Purchases 64,000 Acres of Canadian Land.

OPPOSITION MISREPRESENTATIONS FOILED.

MONTREAL, Sept. 27.—Never in a long exence has your correspondent witnessed a intense anxiety to see a public man and what he had to say upon a question of rival of Sir John Macdonald. In the early morning a rumour was circulated to the effect that he had passed through the city last night on a special train, being desirous of avoiding both the public and the ineviable interviewer. There were not a few who boldly declared his mission a failure, and that he was anxious to reach without delay the obscurity which the capital affords. At a later hour bulletins were issued that the veteran statesman had passed yesterday in Quebec, where he was

nds, who turned M. Caron's house into levée hall, and that he had taken his departure this morning by special train for Ottawa. The question then was, Would he Ottawa. The question then was, Would he stop here? and many anxious enquiries were made in all quarters where information was likely to be had. No one seemed to know anything until late in the day, and then a few intimate friends of the Conservative chieftain were apprised of the train arriving here about five, but that the stay would be very brief. The next the stay would be very brief. The news spread like wildfire. The Club Cartier, composed of young French-Canadian Conservatives, soon made a move. An address, which had been previously prepared and engrossed, was brought out and a large deputation im-mediately repaired to the depot at Hochelaga to present it to Sir John on his arrival. From four o'clock gentlemen began to arrive at the station, and as the hour wore on the crowd station, and as the hour wore on the crowd increased to very large dimensions. There were few prominent men in the city who were not present, besides a large number of strangers. The following is only a partial list, as it was difficult to get the names where so many were present:—M. H. Gault, M.P., M. J. C. Coursoi, M.P., M. P. Ryan, M.P., A. Desjardins, M.P., J. A. Mousseau, M.P., Thos. White, M.P., J. G. H. Bergeron, M. P., F. Vanasse, M.P., A. DeCosmos, M.P., J. Ouimet, M.P., Dr. Fortin, M.P., Hon. Mr. Chapleau, Hon. Mr. Loranger, Hon. Mr. Beaubien, Mr. Taillon, M.P.P., Andrew Robertson, A. W. Ogilvie, George Duhame, Vice-President of the Cartier Club; M. J. E. Gagnon, Secretary do.; J. B. S. Beron, Gagnon, Secretary do.; J. B. S. Beron, seasurer do.; T. T. Onimet, R. Deservieres, A. Prevost, J. L. Archambault, F. Sarrasin, J. H. Leblanc, A. Prieur, Tremblay, J. Charbonneau, L. N. R. Tremblay, J. Charbonneau, L. N. Champagne, Ald. Thibault, &c. Punctually to the hour the train arrived the car which conveyed the Premier being abunted on to a siding. When it appeared, with Sir John on the platform, hats went off and CHEER AFTER CHEER was wreathed in smiles, and as everyone remarked, he looked surpassingly happy, and at least ten years younger than when he left. These were taken as omens that he had good news to R. Tremblay, J. Charbonneau, L. N. Champagne, Ald. Thibault, &c. Punctually to the hour the train arrived, the car which conveyed the Premier being abunted on to a siding. When it appeared, with Sir John on the platform, hats went off and

ing countenance that he had achieved a success in London. On the car coming welcome every one gave him could only be likened to that accorded to a beloved father entering the bosom of his family. Sir John had a word and a greeting for everybody, and we have not seen him at any time previously with a greater flow of animal spirits. He could not even refrain when meeting Mr. Decould not even refrain when meeting Mr. De-Cosmos from telling him that the first item of news which he read in a Montreal paper after his arrival at Rimouski was that British Columbia had obtained another representative in addition to Messrs. Bunster, DeCosmos, and himself, and that one was the great sea-serpent. He thought it would now be hard to match the Pacific province. Upon landing, the distinguished statesman was surrounded by a throng, every one endeavouring to get as near as possible, to hear him speak. ADDRESS FROM THE CARTIER CLUB.

The members of the Cartier Club having advanced, the Vice-President, Mr. Duhamel, having been introduced to Sir John by the Hon. Mr. Loranger, read the address in French. The following is a translation:— "To the Right Hon. Sir John Macdonald.

"RIGHT HONOURABLE SIR,—The members of the Club Cartier having learned you were to pass here this afternoon, have hastened to come in behalf of the young Conservatives of the province of Quebec to bid you welcome on the occasion of your happy return to our midst, and to congratulate you on the brilliant success which you have lately achieved in England. They have remarked with a great degree of satisfaction that a great number of our opponents, with a firmness highly creditable to them, have joined hands with the Conservative party, who rejoice at your success. By so doing they render homage to your abilities, of which you have given a new proof in the accomplishment of your difficult mission, which is the worthy erowning of a long and brilliant career. Please, Right Hon. Sir, accept the congratulations of the young Conservatives, who are happy in being the interpreters of the views of the great majority of the inhabitants of the Confederation of Canada.

"By order of the Club Costies" " RIGHT HONOURABLE SIR,—The members

" By order of the Club Cartier. (Signed), "G. A. TRATUEL."
On Mr. Duhamel concluding a stillness On Mr. Duhamel concluding a stillness came over the crowd, and every neck was stretched out to catch what might fall from the lips of Canada's greatest statesman. It is only stating the truth to say that there were a few in the throng whose hearts were not throbbing with anxiety lest the declaration which would issue from Sir John's lips might not be as favourable to Canada as all desired and longed for. Some little time past many were beginning to think the obstacles thrown in his way by his unpatriotic opponents might have prevented the success which had been previously looked for. These feelings were rathered strengthened by the adverse reports circulated by the Opposition press, and many a citizen whose courage has been on the strain came to your correspondent after hearing Sir John's speech poraries.

Business men's opinions.

The Winese gives the following reports of interviews upon the impression made by Sir John Macdonald's speech. "Our reporter found the stream came to your correspondent after hearing Sir John's speech and said. "That address has taken a great tload off my mind." There is no denying the fact that extrame anxiety prevailed—and it was pictured on every thoughtful countenance—lest the news might be far from encouraging to all our hopes. The relief it was to hear Sir John's triumph amid such obstacles as he described found vent in the acclamations which followed almost every

Str John Macdonald sizes men's opinions.

The Winese gives the following reports of interviews upon the impression made by Sir John Macdonald's speech. "Our reporter found the stream came to your correspondent after hearing Sir John's speech. The continued depressing weather, quite jubilant over Sir John's speech. "The continued depressing the depressing weather, quite jubilant over Sir John's speech. "The continued depressing the depressing weather, quite jubilant over Sir John's speech. "The continued depressing the depressing weather, quite jubilant over Sir John's speech. "The continued depressing the depressing weather, quite jubilant over Sir John's speech. "The continued depressing the depressing weather, quite jubilant over Sir John's speech. "The continued depressing the depressing weather, quite jubilant over Sir John's speech. "The continued depressing the depressing weather, quite jubilant over Sir John's speech. "The continued depressing the depressing weather, quite jubilant over Sir John's speech. "The continued depressing the depressing weather, quite jubilant over Sir John's speech. "The continued depressing the depression and the speech in the Continued depression and the masses made a great number of Conservatives alittleanxious. But Sir John's under the what was the matter or cure her, and I used up a small fortune in connection therewith, must cause large quantities of money to circulate,

of Canada for their address of welcome. He had not had an opportunity abroad of following the reports in the Canadian press regarding his mission as they had, but he said it was a pleasure to hear that there were patriots who had the interest of the country at heart in preference to party. There were questions which, in his opinion, should be lifted far above party strife, and that of the Pacific railway was one. He could not go so fully into the results of his mission as he could wish. They must first be submitted to the representative of our Sovereign and the Government for their acceptance. He might say, however, that he had provisionally formed a syndicate of eminent capitalists in Paris, France; Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany; England, the United States, and Canada. They were a combination such as had never been formed before, and that would be able beyond all question to carry out the undertaking successfully. The German element was of great importance, as it would undoubtedly turn the stream of emigration from the United States into Canada. The syndicate had given security in money for the completion of the railway inside of ten years, and further security for operating it for ten years thereafter. This was equivalent to security for twenty years. They have also contracted not to build the easiest and most profitable portions of the road first, but to take the most difficult parts as well. Arrangements had also been made for putting the land into the market at once for sale. There would be a systematic immigration introduced at once. The road would not oost Canada as much as ENGLISH INTEREST IN THE SOME

land at the very base of the Rocky Mountains, which he accepted. That man is Mr. Thomas Brassey, M.P., a member of the British Government. Throughout England one of the greatest obstacles he had met with was Mr. Blake's speech. It had been printed and circulated, and wherever he went it was put under his nose. Thanks, however, to the strong sense of the people of England and to his (Sir John's) persuasion, all the combinations—he might say conspiracies—were ineffectual in preventing his success. The contract will now go on whether Parliament ratifies it in November or February. The syndicate is composed of men of millions of capital, who will carry the railway through triumphantly.

through triumphantly,
Mr. M. H. GAULT, M.P., said :- "I thank

you, Sir John, on behalf of the people of the whole Dominion, and am pleased beyond measure to hear the assurance that you have carried out your mission with such triumphant success." (Cheers.)

Sir John then retired to the car, and the

train left amidst the enthusiastic cheers of

MONTREAL, Sept. 28 .- The talk here to-

day has been over Sir John Macdonald's speech, to the exclusion of everything else. There does not seem to be a dissentient voice, even among his strongest political opponents, as to his complete success in getting a substantial syndicate to take over the road. It

is a long time since the press of Montreal of all shades of politics has manifested such unanimity and reflected public opinion so accurately as it has done in noticing the re-

THE OPPOSITION PRESS.

ours,' will tend to increase the mania for speculation already apparent in certain quarters."

The Herald, which is essentially the Grit organ, says.—"The Times, on the authority of the Canadian Ministers, gave out that the work was to be spread over a considerable

THE MINISTERIAL PRESS.

The Gazette (Conservative) concludes an editorial on the subject as follows:—"We have not yet details of the scheme, but for

have not yet details of the scheme, but for the present the assurance which we have received that on an ordinary calculation the scheme, when completed, will cost Canada less than the scheme of 1872, will be accepted as a sufficient guarantee that the best interests of the county have been carefully safe-guarded in the arrangements which have been made. Sir John is entitled to and will receive the warm congratulations of the people of this country from one end of the Dominion to the other."

The Nav (neutral in political says:—"Sir

Dominion to the other."

The Star (neutral in politics) says:—"Sir John A. Macdonald met with a warm reception upon his arrival at the Hochelaga depot yesterday, and his positive assurances that all is well with his Pacific railway negotiations have given much popular satisfaction. The full text of the arrangement Sir John has reserved till it has been sancthoned by the Governor in Council—this hy way of the stignette.

served till it has been sanctioned by the Governor-in-Council—this by way of the etiquette of the thing. In the meantime, in the popular mind Sir John has covered himself and his Cabinet with glory as with a mantle. There is nothing which succeeds like success, and there are few men who possess the happy knack of success which Sir John A. Macdonald does."

The French papers are nearly as complimentary and unanimous in their approval of Sir John's success as their English contemporaries.

BUSINESS MEN'S OPINIONS.

sults of the Premier's mission.

those assembled.

"'I have just met a friend who has been in Europe for some time,' remarked another, 'and he informs me that he was amazed at the great interest this Pacific scheme had awakened on the continent of Europe. He said that the English people had long looked with envy and some concern on the great number of their people who were yearly leaving their ahores for the United States, and that now that they feel that one of their own colonies can receive and United States, and that now that they feel that one of their own colonies can receive and accommodate all their surplus population, they feel like doing everything they can to assist the enterprise, and some fondly hope that the great North-West may eventually even rival the United States in its greatness."

"A third gentleman was very much pleased to hear Sir John say that he had security for the completion of the road, and also for its operation for ten years after its completion. He thought that a syndicate or corporation could build and run the road more economically than a Government. Sir John's remark that the road would not cost the older provinces a cent he understood to mean that the Government had retained a good share of the valuable land, and that its sale would more than recoup the Government for the money

#### AN INSECURE GAOL.

scape of a Prisoner from the Lucan Lock Up—An Easy Mode of Exit. LUCAN, Sept. 24.—The prisoner I Cameron, alias Perkins, mentioned yesterds as being wanted at Fergus, escaped from the lock-up here at six o'clock this morning, seems the constable took off the prisoner. seems the constable took off the prisoner's handcuffs for the purpose of giving him his breakfast, and then went to bring him the eatables, but upon his return found Cameron had broken a lock, opened the outer door, and escaped. At latest accounts he had not been captured.

#### FISHERY TROUBLES.

market at once for sale. There would be a systematic immigration introduced at once. The road would not cost Canada as much as Sir Hugh Allan offered to do it for in 1873. Mr. Mackenzie had said in the House that Sir Hugh Allan could not have built the road for the thirty million dollars and the land grant which he was to get. What will he think when he learns it will be built for less cost now to Canada? Arrangements have been made by which the railway will proceed whether it is sanctioned at the approaching session or the next one. He could assure them that the building of the railway would not cost the old provinces of Canada one cent, as the land would pay for it. There is a fever in England among all classes for Canada. Why, one gentleman there made him an offer for sixty-four thousand acres of land at the very base of the Rocky Mountains, which he accepted. That man is Mr. More Illegal Interference by Newfoundanders Some of the Culprits Arrested. GLOUCESTER, Mass., Sept. 24.—The captain of the fishing schooner Martha C. reports that his vessel was twice boarded by parties of Newfoundlanders while the crew were jigging for squid. and that their fishing operations were forbidden. The invaders threatened to drive the vessel from the grounds. The captain dared them to interfere, and continuing to fish was not further molested. He reports hearing that several Newfoundlanders had been arrested by the local authorities for unlawful interference with American fishermen.

#### MONTREAL AFFAIRS.

A syndicate, headed by the Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, has been formed at Arthabaska, for growing one thousand acres of beet root annually for manufacturing into sugar. A deed has been signed between the syndicate and the French sugar manufacturers' representative to continue the production for twelve years. welve years.
Mr. Padden, the teller of the Bank of Mon-

treal, through whose thoughtleseness \$7,000 disappeared from the counter, has been suppended pending an investigation. The city detectives have been working on the case, but have not been able to discover either the third or the money.

There are some adverse comments on the coroner's action in closing the inquest on the body of Mr. Lacy Barnes prematurely, and without waiting for the examination of Mrs. Thrower, who was the sole witness of the fatal act, and who left town on the morning of the action. fatal act, and who left town on the morning of the enquiry. It is also said that the examination of the doctor was very superficial, and that a good deal more light could have been thrown upon the cause of the gifted man's suicide had Dr. Blackader been thoroughly interrogated about the contents of the letter he received from Barnes the morning previous to his death, and which the witness admitted he had hastily destroyed lest it might fall into other hands. The inquest is looked upon as a solemn farce.

MONTREAL, Sept. 24.—During the present week 2,000 head of cattle and 1,700 sheep were shipped from this port to Great Britain, against 1,947 head of cattle and 600 sheep the previous week.

The Grand Trunk has obtained returns from its station agents from Portland to

the previous week.

The Grand Trunk has obtained returns from its station agents from Portland to Detroit, giving details as to the yield of the present harvest. The statements are very encouraging, and fully bear out the good reports already received from other sources.

A large meeting of breeders and exhibitors of cattle from all parts of Canada was held here to day, when an interchange of views on matters relating to stock took place.

Sir Leonard Tilley paid a long visit to the Exhibition here and went through the various departments, examining them with care.

A new colonization scheme for promoting the immigration of English and Scotch farmers on a very extensive scale, and their settlement on the wild lands of this province, has been organized and launched most successfully in the metropolis of the empire. It is under the auspices of influential and wealthy people, and promises most beneficial results to all concerned, sewell as being sure to render a vast benefit to this section of the Dominnon. It would be a betrayal of confidence to enter into details just at present, but in a few days they will be placed before the readers of The Mans. It is not overstepping the bounds, however, to state that the plan of settlement is an entirely novel one in Canada, and it will be found to be thoroughly practical, and what is more, successful. The public here know nothing of the matter yet, although the projector is a prominent gentleman of great energy and ability, and well-known both here and throughout the Dominion.

What would appear to be an extraordinary organ, says:—"The Times, on the authority of the Canadian Ministers, gave out that the work was to be spread over a considerable number of years. It now appears that the period is to be only ten years for the completion of the work, which, for such an enterprise, can hardly be regarded as any delay at all. It seems also, in addition to the other firms already spoken of, that a German house is one of the parties to the contract. There is a part of the arrangement in which, as Montrealers, we feel great interest. It is in that which assures the connection of the Canada Central with the main road at or near Lake Nipissing. Assuming, as we are bound to do, that the contractors give good security to carry out their bargain, we believe that the disposition of the work by calling in private enterprise and vigilance is by far the best method of attaining the desired object. That object is a double one—to make the road and settle the country. The last must go hand-in-hand with the first object, and it must be remembered that the company which we suppose will be formed by the contractors will be primarily, not a land company, but a railway company, and that its profits will not be made so much by high prices obtained by holding up land as sby creating speedily a traffic which will afford a profit on the outlay of fixed capital and running expenses."

nroughout the Dominion.

What would appear to be an extraordinary What would appear to be an extraordinary oversight on the part of the framers of the Blake Act came to light here to-day, and has created not a little astonishment, comment, and regret. The defect which a shrewd lawyer has discovered in the Act has practically rendered it inoperative. It appears that under a new reading of the law, before a conviction can be obtained it must be proved that the weapon belonged to the person accused of carrying it. In the case of the man named Leonard, who was arrested for having two revolvers concealed on his person, the charge was withdrawn by the Clerk of the Recorder's Court on the prisoner proving that the pistol belonged to friends of his who had purchased them while on a visit to the city. Dangerous characters hereafter have only to get the loan of revolvers to carry them in defiance of the police if the course taken to-day be correct.

The Brome election has been postponed in consequence of an informality in the notice given by the sheriff. Mr. A. Manson and Dr. Prime are still in the field on the Conservative side, but it is considered certain that one will retire before the struggle comes off. Mr. Sidney Fisher has consented to be the Liberal candidate, after a good deal of coaxing. He feels very uncomfortable, however, over his prospects, as only one-half the polling places in the county were represented by delegates at the nominating caucus.

Although American buyers are on the market all the time, business in horseflesh continues dull, and the volume of transactions is small. Some dealers attribute the recent de-

small. Some dealers attribute the recent decrease in the horse trade of this city to the

Opening of the Middlesex Assizes

The Brisoners Arraigned and Plead "Not Guilty."

From Our Own Reporter.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The county of Middlesex Assizes opened to-day, Mr. Justice Armour presiding. The present Assizes will in all probability turn out to be the most prolonged and, the most important which the county has seen, and this not because of the number of cases to be tried, but by reason of the investigation which is to take place with reference to the famous Biddulph tragedy. The six prisoners awaiting their trial on the charge of perpetrating or assisting to perpetrate the great crime are James Carroll, John Kennedy, Martin McLaughlin, John Purtell. Thomas Ryder, and James Ryder, senior. Eight months detention in the common gaol in the rear of the Court House, which they have already undergone, has by no means injuriously affected them so far as their personal appearance is concerned. Their looks to-day were those of health, and indeed of comfort. They have been free from idle associations, have lived on plain fare, and though not working have had good exercise. Any fine morning persons crossing the bridge at the foot of Dundas street, near which the gool stands, can, by standing a reasonable distance from the wall, see into the gool yard and observe

The puscos at their morning exemclosely watch them while they tramp or run
up and down on a well worn pathway about a
hundred feet in length, which extends from
the threshold of the well-barred gool door to
the lofty wall. This morning they were on
their daily pedestrian tour early. Up and
down the little path they walked and ran, a
couple of them well wrapped up and the remainder of them minus their coats. It is not
a very great distance from the gool lot on the
county side of the bridge that Johnny Connors, the principal witness in the case, lives.
He has, as it was thought his life was in danger, been under the care of a county
constable since February, but he lives at
home. This morning, among the hundreds
who on business intent crossed the bridge and
came into the city, was Mrs. Connors, Johnny's
mother. She came on foot, and as she
reached that part of the bridge from which a
view of the gool yard can be obtained she
looked up and saw the prisoners promenading.
She quickly turned her eyes in another
direction and trudged rapidly out of sight.
Mrs. Connors is a venerable looking woman.
She wore spectacles, one of the old-fashioned
bonnets, which envelopes the entire head,
neck, and ears, a plaid shawl, and a loud
green dress which had evidently been a
favourite of hers years ago. Biddulphers, as
the residents of the unenviably celebrated
township are called, have come to the city in
strong force to attend thet trial. It was
thought that the jury would have been called
to-day, and that the proceedings would have
been gone on with immediately. The assizes
opened, but no great trial commences on the
very first day. Still there might have been
some ground for thinking that the trial would
begin at once, as the witnesses were summoned for to-day, and as the Grand-Jury gave

begin at once, as the witnesses were sum-moned for to-day, and as the Grand Jury gave its judgment in the case last spring.

At the opening of the Court to-day Mr. Justice Armour delivered his charge to the Grand Jury. His Lordship did not refer to the Biddulph case, as the present Grand Jury has nothing to do with it; but after explaining the cases which have to come under their notice, he discussed the question of the advisability of retaining the grand and petit juries in their present form. He favoured the resention of the antiquent are the support of his view.

ARRAIGNMENT OF THE SIDDULPS PRISONERS.

Several civil cases were then proceeded.

Several civil cases were then proceeded with. During an interval in the course of one case, the Biddulph prisoners were placed in the prisoner's box and arraigned. When the box was made there was evidently no idea that so many men would ever be arraigned in London for complicity in one crime. The box is always too.

is almost too small for the prisoners, and they had to be packed into it with some care. When all were seated,

Mr. Irving, Q. C., who represents the Crown, called upon the Clerk of the Court to read the indictments. These are four in number. The first one reads as follows:—

"That the said James Carroll, John Kennedy, Martin McLaughlin, John Purtell, Thomas Ryder, and James Ryder the eldes, on the fourth day of February, in the year 1880, in the township of Biddulph, in the county of Middlesex, feloniously, wilfully, and with malice aforethought did kill one Judith Doenelly, against the peace of our lady the Queen, her crown and dignity."

"How say you, James Carroll," asked the clerk, "are you guilty or not guilty!"

"NOT GUILTY." Carroll replied. The other prisoners wer similarly interrogated, and made the sam

similarly interrogated, and made the same answer.

"Are you ready for your trial?" the clerk asked, and a chorus of "Yes" followed.

By the next indictment the prisoners are charged with having feloniously, wilfully, and maliciously set fire to a certain dwelling-house, one John Connors being present, against the peace of our lady the Queen, etc. The prisoners pleaded "not guilty" to this, and intimated their readiness to stand their trial. The two other indictments charge them, one with the murder of John Donnelly, and the other with the murder of Bridget Donnelly. Onnelly.
The prisoners were then removed.

# NOTES FROM QUEBEC.

A Rumoured Cabinet Appointment—The Atalaya Case—Council of Public Instruction—Congratulations of the Premier—A Levis Deputation.

QUEBRO, Sept. 28.—It was generally rumoured around town, and given as a fact obtained from a reliable source, that Mr. Caron, M.P., had been to-day called to undertake the responsibilities of a federal Cabinet Minister. The report has given universal pleasure ameng those of both sides of politics.

A local paper objects to the next provincial exhibition being held in Montreal.

The Mercury announces that commissions are about to be sent to Montreal and New York to take affidavits in reference to the Atalaya case.

Mgr. Racine arrived here last night and took part in a preliminary meeting of the Catholic Council of Public Instruction held to-day.

The Premier seturned to Montreal vester—

The Premier neturned to Montreal yest day in company with Mr. A. B. Chaffee, L. A. Senecal, and others interested in railway

A. Senecal, and others interested in railway matters.

The French Conservative press unite in congratulating Sir John on the success of his mission to England.

Le Nouvelliste announces on good authority that at least one of the French religious communities is endeavouring to find a suitable plot of land here to which to transfer their establishment by degrees, in order to avoid the taxation of religious institutions which they believe to be imminent.

Complaints as to the disgraceful condition of our thoroughfares continue to be numerous.

Another half-hundred Quebecers left last night for the shanties.

This morning the Mayor of Levis and Councillor Gibson waited on the Hon. J. G. Blanchet, Speaker of the House of Commons, to obtain his influence in order to ensure the construction of a bridge over a dangerous portion of the railway.

An agitation is being commenced here to compel carriages to carry lighted lamps at night, several accidents having lately occurred from collisions.

Since the Canada Temperance Act went into force at Woodstock, N.B., the fines collected for the violation of it amount to \$300.

VICTORIA, B.C., Sept. 22.—A genuine sea serpent, six feet in length, with a mane, a head shaped like a pauther, and a shappointed tail, was brought in by Indians yesterday, who caught it in deep water in the Straits of DeHaro. Its appearance creates intense interest. The serpent has been photographed, and the body will be preserved in spirits and sent to Ottawa.

VERY LIKE A MURDER.

in Confusion.

PLANTAGENER, Sept. 25.—On Monday evening last an old man named Burnet mysteriously disappeared from his house. He had for some time past been living alone, his wife having left him to live with one of her sons on the next farm. The house when examined after the old man was missed presented a strange appearance—everything seemed to have been turned upside down. A quantity of buckwheat in the chamber had been taken away, also some pork out of the cellar. As of buckwheat in the chamber had been tal away, also some pork out of the cellar, the old man was supposed to have had so money, suspicions of foul play are entertain. A passer-by heard loud talking in the hot late on Monday night, and noticed that that house only was there any light, out places near being all in darkness. Part have been scouring the woods for the lithree days, but have not discovered talightest trace as yet.

#### UNPROVOKED ASSAULT.

UNPROVOKED ASSAULT.

The Postmaster-General Attacked by a Drunken Piper.

Ottawa, Sept. 25.—Last night after the dinner to Mr. A. J. Baker had come to an end an attempt to assault—if not with a worse intent—was made on the Hon. John O'Connor by a half tipsy piper who had been playing at the banquet. A number of Ottawa gentlemen were having a chat in one of the rooms of Empey's hotel, where the Postmaster-General intended to stay for the night, when they witnessed the piper jump towards the Postmaster-General, exclaiming "I will kill you," at the same time making a move for a pistol or knife he had on his person. The Ottawa gentlemen at once threw themselves between Mr. O'Connor and the piper, and the latter was prevented from doing any harm. The Postmaster-General was at once driven home by his friends, as it was not thought safe to allow him to remain in that locality. It is hard to imagine, the motive for the attempt.

## UNITED STATES LOTTERIES.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The postmaster at Louisville having telegraphed that a motion will be made before Judge Baxter, Knoxville, Tenn., on the 24th inst., in behalf of the Commonwealth Distribution Co. and Kentucky State Lottery Co. to restrain the postmaster of Louisville from obeying the order of the Postmaster-General prohibiting the delivery of registered letters and postal orders to the agents of these companies, the Postmaster-General requested the Attorney-General to take the necessary steps to resist the application before Judge Baxter. The Attorney-General thereupon telegraphed the United States District Attorney at Knoxville to secure a postponement of the case until the United States District Attorney at Knoxville to secure a postponement of the case until the necessary briefs and papers could reach him. The argument of the very question at issue before Judge Baxter is involved in the appeal of the Louisiana Lottery Company from the decision of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, which case is set down before the Supreme Court of the United States for the Supreme Court of the United States for October 13th.

#### A BIG SCORE.

CUERCO, Sept. 27.—The Montreal Field Battery fired to-day in the Dominion competition, and succeeded in making the highest score of the season, if not on record, in the Dominion, being a total score of 555, therefore beating the Toronto battery by 73 points. Lightness of Colonel Stevenson, in command fore beating the Toronto battery by 73 points. Lieutenant-Colonel Stevenson, in command of the battery, is highly delighted at beating the score of the Toronto boys. The firing-party of 16 men, commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Stevenson and Capt. Oswald, arrived here yesterday morning and went to the citadel, where they were most hospitably received and entertained by the officers and men of "A" battery. Contarry to the usual custom here, they found that they had to take their guns and targets down to the Island of Orleans, and when there, to put the latter in position previous to firing, all of which was formerly done in advance while Col. Strange commanded here. The weather was heavy and rainy nearly all day, there being only two or three hours of sunshine in the forenoon, but nevertheless the shooting was excellent throughout. The three highest scores were:—Sergeant Hastings, 43; Sergeant Marsh, 42; Gunner Moffat, 41. The Montreal battery returned home to-night.

#### nome to-night. THE GAMMELL WILL. A Damaging Witness for the Case for the

A Damaging Witness for the Case for the Widow.

North Sydney, C. B., Sept. 24.—John H. Christie was examined yesterday on behalf of Mrs. Gammell. On cross-examination by Mr. Weeks he stated that he was an intimate friend of Mr. Gammell; that he knew his habits; that the signature to the last will was in Mr. Gammell's handwriting; that the witnesses to the last will were of good character; that for fifty years Mr. Gammell had been intimate with a number of people in the district, but his associations were broken up shortly after he had married his second wife; that his wife controlled him; that Thos. McLellan had been confidentially intimate with Mr. Gammell, and had business transactions with Mr. Gammell for years; that he saw him on the morning of the day on which the will is alleged to have been executed, and also in the afternoon, and that McLellan stated he had been in Mr. Gammell's house, but refused to state the business on which he had been there. He also proved that Mr. Gammell was a man 79 years old; that on the afternoon of his death he met a girl, about eight o'clock, who said "Mr. Gammell is dying"; that going to the front door he found it locked; that he went to the back door, and on going in went up stairs and found Mr. Gammell dead; that the only person in the room was a servant by the name of Jane McKenzie; that George Howatson went up stairs before him; that Mrs. Gammell did not enter the room until some minutes after, when she appeared in her dressing gown, and said she had been lying down. He did not know how the body was disposed of. Quite a number of Mrs. Gammell's witnesses are yet to be examined.

Errs's Coooa.—Grateful and Comporting.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure-blood and a properly nourished frame. "—Civil Service Gazette. Sold only in packets labelled "James Errs & Co., Homeopathic Chemists, London, Eng." Also makers of Eppa's Chocolate Essence for afternoon use. 101-35 EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMPORT-

The Ottawa Separate School Board have a scheme on foot to issue \$30,000 debentures for the erection of several new school build-

LATEST HOME NEWS.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

CANADA.

Another discovery of gold is reported from There are twelve cases entered for hearing t the next sitting of the Supreme Court.

Valuable discoveries of silver and lead nines have been made in Guysboro county,

The Corporation of Quebec has finally paid he volunteers for their services in May

The Coteau railway scheme, which every body thought dead and buried, is being re surrected. Over two hundred cars of coal arrived at Ottawa by the St. Lawrence and Ottawa railway last week.

way last week.

Mr. R. J. Bell, of Belleville, has purchased the yacht Bloodhound, giving the Kathleen as part payment.

Mrs. Buck, of Palermo, laid the cornerstone of the new Methodist Episcopal church at Trafalgar on the 22nd ult.

Six hundred and fifty-nine sea-going vessels have entered at the Quebec Custom House since the opening of navigation.

The arrivals of grain at Belleville on Saturday were larger than on any other day this season. Prices were unchanged.

A 300-pound bear was shot at Bearbrook

season. Prices were unchanged.

A 300-pound bear was shot at Bearbrook on Wednesday night. It had killed several calves during the previous week.

Four or five gentlemen from Buffalo and Clifton caught nearly eighteen hundred fish at Queenston on Saturday afternoon. Fishing schooners arriving at St. Pierre from the Banks are bringing in very poor catches. The last trip was a failure.

Messrs. Conroy, of Aylmer, intend running their saw mills night and day next season. These mills have been idle for some years. Diphtheria is reported to be very bad in Amprior, and many deaths, principally among children, have resulted therefrom. Code's woollen mills at Carleton Place, which have been idle for several years, are being made ready to resume operations at an early date.

The Halifax banks will not take new deposits except at three per cent., which is a reduction of two per cent. from the figures of two years ago.

Three young ladies arrived at Brantford yesterday morning from New Westminster, British Columbia, to attend the Young Ladies' College. The silver ore on Dr. Goodfellow's find, near Sussex, N.B., has been analyzed by a St. John expert, and is pronounced to be of

superior quality. A gentleman has been at Ottawa endeavouring to secure one hundred workmen for the Lake Champlain railway, but could not find any unemployed. A company has been formed at Ottawa for

the manufacture of paper, with a capital of \$80,000. The organizers are now in Boston arranging for the plant.

Mr. John Plummer, who arrived at London from Manitoba on Saturday, brought with him an order for three hundred waggons and one hundred carts.

The elegraph work is going on well at the Magdalen Islands. Plans and specifications are at hand for the building of a break-water at Etang de Nord, awaiting tenders.

The latest news from Lake, St. John shows that the harvest this year is a most abundant one, and has been successfully gathered in. Its lateness was owing to the extremely wet

of starvation.

The Government is expending some \$4,000 or \$5,000 in improving the navigation of the Du Lievre river. There are obstructions to be removed at the Little Rapids and also at

he Long Rapids.

A Montreal lawyer has been arrested at Aylmer on a charge of obtaining money by fraudulent representations. He has been admitted to bail in the sum of \$1,000. The case will be tried at the next Queen's Bench term. term.

Mayor Tobin, of Halifax, was presented

Mayor Toolin, or Italiax, was presented with a requisition signed by the aldermen, at a meeting of city council last evening, asking him to offer himself for re-election at the civic election, which takes place on the 1st of

The Halifax City Council run the exhibi tion in that city on their own responsibility, and as there is no law for assessing the citizens for one cent of the \$4,000 deficiency, the aldermen find themselves in an awkward

About thirty tons of solid rock fell from

About thirty tons of solid rock fell from the cliff at Levis on Sunday on to the road below, near the toll-gate at South Quebec. One piece of about twenty tons grazed a passing caleche. The road was for a time completely blocked.

It is understood that the agreement with New York capitalists with reference to the working of the Dominion of Canada plumbago mines will be formally signed on October 1st. It is said that a provisional agreement has already been made.

The McAlister-McLean limit at the Petewawa, 120 miles square, has been sold to J. McLaren & Co., for \$132,500. It was purchased from W. Devlin two years ago for \$35,000. This will give an idea of the improvement in the Ottawa lumber trade.

The Eclipse Windmill Company, of Beloit, Wis., through Buchanan & Co., of Montreal, is to supply windmills for water supply on the Canada Pacific railway to be used in connection with the Haggas water elevator. Some forty of these windmills will be put up.

The case of Breckles v. the Canada Central

The case of Breckles v. the Canada Central Railway Company, which was to have come off at the Perth assizes, was settled by the company paying \$2,000 and costs. Mr. Breckles, who is a resident of Smith's Falls, received a severe injury to his spine at the Franktown collision some months ago.

Private advices from France announce that the necessary capital for the Credit Foncier Franco-Canadien has been subscribed, and that operations will be commenced on January 1st, 1881. There will be two offices, one at Quebec and one at Montreal, the former being the head office in communication with France.

Lumber shipping at Ottawa continues brisk. There has been a slight easing off in the New York trade, but the export of deals to Quebec has largely increased. The freight rates are stiff. It is expected that forty-five millions of feet will be wintered over in the Chaudiere yards, most of which has been sold to American firms.

ing from that station to Halifax. She is ex-pected to arrive at the latter port about the middle of November.

middle of November.

The fishery is now nearly over at the Magedalen Islands, and the result is far insufficient to maintain the population who look to it for support. At present many fishermen are without their daily bread, and a host of them will be without it during the whole long coming season. It is easy to foresee that it no assistance is sent by the Government to help them in their distress, an alarming state of poverty will be the unavoidable result. The low price of all kinds of fish this year adds to the scarcity. The crops are very good.

The following is a list of the Ontario and Quebee cases inscribed for hearing at the approaching session of the Supreme Courf:

Larne v. Deslauriers; Chevallier v. Buvilliere et al.; Grugres v. Deslets et al.; Leir v. Reid; Erb et al. v. Great Western Railway Company; Grand Trunk Railway Company; Grand Trunk Railway Company v. Fitzgerald et al.; Nasmith v. Murray; Ryan v. Ryan; Walker v. Cornel et al.; London Life Insurance Company v. Wright; Synod of Toronto v. DeBlaquieres et al.; Mercer v. The Attorney-General of Ontario, The following is a list of the Ontario and

The fact that Scottish capitalists have or. The fact that Scottish capitalists have organized a company to control the lumber trade in the Ottawa district, as mentioned some weeks ago, has had the effect of greatly enhancing the value of timber limits. Limits that could be purchased last year for \$20,000 and \$25,000 are now held for \$50,000 and \$75,000 each. Within the past three months wages, too, have advanced, and men are getting scarce every day. This is in a measure due to the large number of men who have been engaged to work in the western shanties. It is estimated that over six hundred men have left Ottawa for outside firms within the past two months. the past two months.

the past two months.

The Charlevoix election case will be added to the list of cases inscribed for hearing in the Supreme Court. Among the cases on the list is that of Mercer v. the Attorney-General of Ontario. This is an appeal from a decision given by the Court of Appeal in Ontario. The Court of Appeal, it will be remembered, decided in favour of the Government, but in order to have a satisfactory settlement. in order to have a satisfactory settlement, in possible, the family was offered twenty-five thousand dollars, which was declined under advice. The contention in the present appeal is that the Dominion, and not the Ontario Government, should administer the

The Chaudière hose-reel team of Ottawa, who were at Canton and Potsdam races, rescond money at both places. Their speed astonished the Americans, being from five to six seconds better than that of the crack teams of the United States. They, however, lost in uncoupling and coupling, the Americans having a patent apparatus for doing the work instantaneously. At Potsdam they met the members of the celebrated Barner hose company of Burlington, now known at the Reliefs, and the best time in running of this crack American team was beaten by the Ottawa team. So great an impression did the quick running of the Ottawa men make that Shea, the champion coupler and uncoupler of hose in the United States, has stated his intention of joining the Canadian team; and he says that with his experience they can discount any team in America. The Chaudières go to Malone, N.Y., next Tuesday,

#### UNITED STATES.

The first snow of the season fell on Mount Mansfield, Vt., last week, Four inches of snow fell on Saturday at Look-out station on the Union Pacific rail-

The combined anthracite coal interests of Pennsylvania have agreed to a suspension of production from October the 1st to the 6th inclusive. There will be no change in eastern

prices.

The view of disclosures that Canadian barge builders have been bringing barges to the United States and selling them at low prices, to the injury of American barge builders. Secretary Sherman has issued a circular enforcing the law imposing a tonnage tax of Canadian-built barges.

A Mount Washington special says the thermometer on Wednesday ranged from 27° at seven in the morning to 24° at nine in the evening, the coldest weather since May 16th. Frost feathers formed from twelve to sixteen

Frost feathers formed from twelve to sixte

Frost feathers formed from twelve to sixteen inches long. The maximum velocity of the wind was sixty miles an hour.

The Cæsarean operation was performed in Philadelphia on Wednesday upon Mrs. Burnell, a dwarf, well known in the show business, delivering her of a male child weighing six pounds. Mrs. Burnell recently came here in great distress. The mother and child are doing well, with every prospect of both living.

living.

Reports from fifty-four central points in the cotton districts of Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas, Arkansas, Alabama, Georgia, and Tennessee, giving the condition of the cotton crop up to September 24th, show that the bad weather has damaged the crop in all these States, excepting Georgia, but that the yield generally will be good.

The United States consul at Lyons reports that the cereal crop in France this year will

The United States consul at Lyons reports that the cereal crop in France this year will be 102,000,000 hectolitres, again \$2,000,000 last year, The present crop is exceptionally good as to quality: nevertheless, there will be a large demand for American wheat. In Germany the cereal crop is mediocre, and in Russia somewhat of a failure.

The first body was recovered from the Hudson River tunnel last night at 9 o'clock. It was that of Peter Woodland, assistant superintendent of the Tunnel Company, who perished with his men. The body was hair less, beardless, blackened beyond all recognition of the features, and in the last stages of decomposition and decay, and was only recognizable by the clothing, but its identity has been fully established.

Three hundred and eighty men are at worl Three hundred and eighty men are at worl on the Cape Cod canal, and the force is to be increased to 1,200. The length of the water way will be 42,000 feet; breadth at bottom 66 feet; at top, 250; depth below low water 25 feet; cost \$10,000,000. The canal will effect a saving of a distance of 150 miles on a dangerous coast, and will make Boston nine hours nearer New York by steam. The time for building it is two years. The canal is to be a tide level waterway without locks.

A Brecklyn despetch, save Charles Living. A Brooklyn despatch says Charles Living-

A Brooklyn despatch says Charles Livingston, the unsuccessful faster, has been identified as Walter Moorcraft, who some years ago
married a sixteen-year-old daughter of Hans
Anderson, and last year abandoned her. The
woman calling herself Mrs. Livingston is
Hattie Adams, a former pedestrian. It is intimated that Moorcraft's reputed wife supplied him regularly during the alleged fast
with food, and the pretended poisoning of the
woman was pre-arranged as a dramatic close
to the fasting imposture. Mrs. Moorcraft has
begun a suit for a divorce.

It was recently discovered that after the

begun a suit for a divorce.

It was recently discovered that after the breaking out of the war the New Orleans mint coined from bullion on hand a million and a quarter of dollars in gold and silver of different denominations. It is said the money has never been officially accounted for. It was lately discovered, however, that proper entries had been made upon the books of the mint, and it is supposed the money fell into the hands of the Confederacy and was put in circulation. The amount of coin in circulation. circulation. The amount of coin in circulation therefore has been a million and a quarter

several American oil operators are at present prospecting in the Cape Breton oil regions. The prospects were never better since the work first began. Seven wells have been put down by Boston parties, who commenced operations last fall, and the work of pumping has begun, but the water has proved rather more troublesome than was anticipated, necessitating the use of some extra machinery, which has to be imported.

The troops now stationed at Halifax that are to leave for Malta are Nos. 1 and 4 batteries of the 10th brigade R. A., and the 97th Regiment (Earl of Ulster's), who have received orders to hold themselves in readiness to embark on board H.M.S. Crocodile, which will leave England on the 23rd October, calling at Bermuds on the way out, and proceed-

### ENGLISH MA

Fresh News Gleaned Fre Country Journals

It is now stated officially that I we been killed by the explosion a officery, and that these leave be ns more or less destitut Mr. Higgin, Q.C., has been appoint of the foreign fishermen frequenting the foreign fishermen frequenting teast coast of destroying British for and selling herrings at ports by the French Convention.

The wife of the manager of the ham Aquarium has been killed through an unprotected opening less drop of sixty feet, in that building inquest the jury expressed the opening the property was to black the property was to be property when the property was the aquarium manager was to bla having the opening blocked up. The Coffee Palace Company hat two new establishments in Lond large and pretentious restaurant in and another of a humbler type in Cottage district. Preparations are made for another in Fleet street, sy tended for those engaged in newspecial street.

An inquest was held recently at bush on the body of George Ald bookseller, who died from voluntation. The deceased was a spiritual refusing food said "the spirits whim alive." He seldom took more him alive." meal a day, and once it is said fas The Government contemplate The Government contemplate the office of stamp distributors, an ring the sale of all kinds of sta officials of the post office. A cannual saving to the Exchequereffected by such an arrangeme would, moreover, be attended very the convenience.

On Saturday morning, the 4th clerk of the peace for Lancashire reformation that cattle plague had ex Ribblebank, Burnley, to Bootle, no pool, and to Heywood. At Bootle had been slaughtered and removed pool, but when the nature of the discovered the carcase was destroy. overed the carcase was destroy Five years' penal servitude was the Old Bailey by Commissioner K

liam Montagu, the chemist at I for being engaged in a series of the proceeds of no less than thirt been found in his residence. Mrs. been found in his residence. Mrs. who adroitly assisted her hous husband on his midnight expl sentenced to twelve months' hard la Mr. Tracy Turnerelli, whose with the golden wreath rejected Beaconsfield will be widely remem published some letters regarding him. the Tracy "Titles and Estates." that the advisability of bring claim for the third time in his fami

fore the House of Lords is at t time occupying the attention of his Lord Archibald Campbell, on arriving in Liverpool by the screw Peruvian, 'published an accoun gigantic fight of which he and h passengers were witnesses, off Bellis between a monster sword-fish abou long and a large whale. When the faded away from the sight of those the Peruvian, the whale was ge

worst of the encounter.

The sale of the celebrated pure-by horns belonging to the Earl of Bectitook place recently. Among thos were representatives of the Govern the United States, Canada, Propersia, and the Prince of Wales was resented. Fifty-five heifers realise and sixteen bulls £1,559. The amount given for a single animal aguiness, the purchaser being Lord F.

The proverbial slowness of juillustrated in a case before the Dentrates on the 13th inst., when worst of the encounter. trates on the 13th inst., when Anthony was sent to gaol for three as a rogue and a vagabond, for des wife in 1866. The police had bee for Anthony during fourteen years

for Anthony during routeen yearsh relame his wife had received parish relamount of £300. He had been quie ing so near as Newark and Granths
the whole of the time.

The 100-ton gun and the model ment in which it is mounted at the p in the Government marshes adj Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, were s experiment recently. The gun with a charge of 425 lb. of pebble and a projectile of 17½ inches in diam nearly three feet long, its weight be lb. The concrete structure stood mendous shock of the discharge in a

satisfactory manner. Other exper A conference between workmen's and several gentlemen interested dustries attacked by the foreign system met on Monday, the 13th in Westminster Palace Hotel, and a Westminster Palace Hotel, and a aiderable discussion, resolved that should be formed under the titl "National Anti-Foreign Bounty Lea embrace capitalists, workmen, and a connected with industrial production

attack by the subsidies or bounties

States.

"Apparitions," as they are called now confined to Ireland or to Roman Churches. Father Ignatius, who so ago founded a monastery at Ilant members of the Church of England warded to a Hereford paper an a two apparitions said to have been wone by a brother and a female in the the other by some boys in a medow, the visions is that described as bef Blessed Virgin Mary," and the cirtial account of the father is corrobo extracts from the letters of some of sons who witnessed the manifestation.

A highly interesting geological A highly interesting geological has been made in Oldham. Mr. Jn a local geologist of note, has made covery. The peat bog has been une the course of excavations made by note the employ of the railway com Rhodes Bank. It is intercalated posits of glacial drift—that is, thick clay, gravel, and sand, enclosing bo all sizes. These beds are supposed

clay, gravel, and sand, enclosing bot all sizes. These beds are supposed marine origin, while the peat, made cipally of mosses, represents a land Some time ago a fossil forest was di in Oldham.

"M.P.," writing to the Daily Nothe House of Commons, explains Burials bill does not, as many people prohibit Sunday funerals. In the conpart of cemeteries funerals may, he seems that the support of the part of cemeteries funerals may, he signates on Sundays unless forbidden by laws of the cemeteries, and in the church the incumbent has only an absolute prevent them taking place on Sundays they would be the company of the company they clash "with some other service viously appointed to take place in the or the churchyard." In every other is obliged by the Act to assign a "

is obliged by the Act to assign a "which, of course, means a reasonab for his refusal to allow such a funeral Mr. Bradlaugh, M.P., gave his the question of land law reform a meeting in Sheffield on Saturday ever lith inst. The hon, gentleman divided points of his programme into the inthe extravagant and revolutionary, a the former head he placed the abother law of primogeniture, the simple of land transfer, the abolition of all ential rights of landlords over other cand the abolition of the game law "extravagant and revolutionary" was for the compulsory cultivation lands which are cultivable and are voted to public purposes, under pelening dispossessed, with payment holder at the rate of 20 years purchs.

A sad gun accident, which also nately proved fatal, occurred on afternoon, the 11th inst., to Mr. Set all, a well-known farmer, of Tho