## **COAL STRIKE ENDS BY GIVING MINERS** SHARE IN INDUSTRY'S PROFITS

Eighty-Eight Days' Stoppage of Mining Resulted in Grad-ual Crippling of Manufacturing Plants of the United Kingdom—Government Subsidy of £10,000,000.

After allowing for stand clearages large.

Kingdom—Government Subsidy of £10,000,000. A despatch from London says:—Bri-tain's great coal strike, one of the most protracted and costly to the na-tion in modern times, was settled on Tuesday at a conference of the Gov-ernment, the mine owners and the miners. Unless there is some hitch it is expected that a number of mines will begin operations on Monday. But it will be many weeks before enough ooal will be available for some of the big industrial plants to get under way, or before the railroads can resume anything like their normal service. Broadly speaking, the miners have given up their demand for a national pool and nationalization. The mine owners, on the other hand, forego their determination to cut wages in the destite manner which originally

owners, on the other hand, forego their determination to cut wages in the drastic manner which originally brought about the strike, and which, In some cases, amounted to 45 per cent. been colossal, and its ramifications have been felt in every walk of life. Although the recovery of industry may be protracted, the announcement of the strike, be an immediate reductions. The Government is ex-pected to grant \$50,000,000 subsidy . psychological effect on the country at

### **DeVALERA CANNOT** GO TO LONDON

### Acceptance of Invitation to Conference is Impossible, He Says.

conference in London on the Irish estion between representatives of n and Northern Ireland and ish Government is impossible

ance in its present form. laration is made by Eamonn the Irish Republican leader ies Craig, the Ulster Pre-eply to Sir James' notifica-he cannot meet Mr. de in a preliminary conference

Valera's letter is quoted by h Bulletin, organ of the Dail as follows:

tly regret that you canno conference in Dublin Mon-Lloyd George's proposal, be-implications, is impossible re in its present form. Our

rences ought to be ad



General Sir Neville Macready. The commander of the British troops in Ireland is reported to be preparing for more vigorous repressive action if the proposed conference between Ulster and Sinn Fein leaders does not

# Southern Parliament

## Canada from

Dawson, Y.T.—Silver ore valued at more than \$50,000 reached here re-cently. It was the first 230 tons from the Keno Hill camp, which was pro-ducing last year in promising style. There is a total of 2,500 tons valued at nearly \$250.000 trailing abinored There is a total of 2,000 tons valued at mearly \$750,000 waiting shipment at Mayo Landing. A new find at Keno is reported; and it is said to be of the richest one found there. The ore is said to be tetrahedrite

Victoria, B.C .- Federal and provinclal government reports show that British Columbia contains approxi-mately half of the saw-timber of Canada. The total value of the forest products of thep rovince for the year 1920 was \$92,628,807, as against \$70,-1920 was \$92,028,807, as against col-285,094 for the previous year. The value of the lumber cut advanced by nearly sixteen millions, while the in-crease in the value of pulp and paper mounted to over nine millions.

Edmonton, Alta .- Carrying banking accommodation for the first time into the northern oil district, the Union of Canada will open a branch Bank at Fort Smith, in latitude sixty degrees north. It is not to be expected that the Fort Smith Branch of the that the Fort Smith Branch o the Union Bank can become a profitable venture, particularly in its initial stages, but it is characteristic of Can-tage. St. John, N.B.—The twelve humber St. John, N.B.—The twelve humber stages, but it is characteristic of Can-adian banking that the banker should accompany the forerunner of civil-

adian banking that the banker should accompany the forerunner of civil-ization and development in any move-ment tending towards national pro-gress.

all the sawmills. The daily output gress. Regina, Sask.—The establishment of a municipal air harbor is now all but an accomplished fact, and of two sites submitted by the city to the Canadian Air Force Association, the Canadian Air Force Association, the Canadian Air Force Association, the association selected one comprising about one hundred acres. All that re-mains to complete arrangements is the receiving and erection of the Bes-soneau hangar, which has been re-served for Regina by the Canadian Air Board.

Winnipeg, Man .- A pulp berth, con- 1920. Winnipeg, Man.—A pup berth, con- 1920. sisting of 718 square miles of pulp and timber lands, just east of Lake that Spain has increased the import Winnipeg, has been awarded to J. D. duty on salted codfish from Norway to winnipeg, has been awarded to J. D. McArthur, representing the Manitoba Pulp and Paper Co. Under the agree-ment, a pulp and paper mill, to cost at least \$1,000,000, must be constructed within three years. The company pro-poses to construct a two-machine mill

### **Canada's War Veterans Receive Pay at Par**

A despatch from Ottawa says:-

# TITED STATES RAISES TARIFF WALL

# STILL HIGHER IN NEW BILL

nciple of Protection is Restored-New Bill Lessens Im-port Duty on Wheat-Duty Raised on Other Farm Products.

is the Underwood-Simmons tariff, nearly eight years on the statute is, was introduced in the House on inesday by Representative Ford-of Michigan, Chairman of the rs and Means Committee. There is a duty of six cents per doz-one features of the Permanent. Onlong are given a duty of 75 cents

free list in the Underwood Act. provided for olives and almond There is a duty of two cents per request of California growers.

Welcomed French Mission

despatch from Washington says: e new Republican Tariff Bill re-ng the principle of protection to rican industry and completely re-g the Underwood-Simmons tariff.

Inesday by Representative Ford of Michigan, Chairman of the se and Means Committee. Ome features of the Permanent iff Bill of particular interest to nada follow: Whe duty on wheat, which was 35 its per bushel in the Emergency riff Law, is reduced to 25 cents, Ich was the Payne-Aldrich rate. The duty on potatoes is made 42 cents per 100 pounds, instead of 25 cents the duty on potatoes is made 42 cents per 100 pounds, instead of 25 cents the duty on potatoes is made 42 cents per 100 pounds, instead of 25 cents per 100 pounds, inst

orn in the Emergency Act, which was te same as the Payne-Aldrich Law, is tatoes were on the free list in the Unetained, corn having been on the ree list in the Underwood Act. Increased duties are provided for olives and almonds at the

### SEND WOOL TO EUROPE IN FUTURE

## Duty Imposed by the United States Prevents Canadian Export.

despatch from Washington says:-Canadian wool, which forms one of the chief exports of the Dominion to the United States, probably will be sent to Europe in future, owing to the recent duty imposed by the Emergency Tariff Act on wool shipments, according to a report to the Department of Commerce. The United States hitherto has been the outlet for approximately half of the Canadian clip

Extremely low prices are being paid for wool at country points in Canada, the report adds, and it is said that large quantities of raw wool are being sold at from six to twelve cents Hon. C. H. Doherty, acting Premier, the French Mission to Canada the best wool is approximately 33

and extended its members a hearty cents. welcome to this country. Camadian wool interests will be obliged to find other markets for an "Katle," said the fashionable moth-er, with a frown, "you've been giving the children molasses candy again." "Why, ma'am, do they been to be about 7,500,000 pounds, or 50 per cent. of the whole wool clip, it is stated.

Ulster's Parliament.

Friends of Ireland on both sides of the ocean are glad that the opening of the Ulster Parliament, attended by

THIS ARTICLE REMOVED



