FIVE-MINUTE SERMONS

FOR BARLY MARRES.

Leve Unexpressed.

BY CONSTANCE PENIMORE WOOLSON. The sweetest notes among the human heart

strings
Are dull with rust:
The sweetest chords, adjusted by the angels,
Are clegged with dust.
We pipe and pipe again for dreary music
Upon the self-name strains,
While sounds of crime and fear and desolation
Come back again in sad refrains.

On through the world we go, an army marching.
With listening ears,
Each longing, sighing for the heavenly music

music
Each longing, sighing for a word of comfort,
A word of tender praise,
A word of love, to cheer the endless journey
Of earth's hard, busy days.

They love us, and we know it; this suffices
For reason's share.
Why should they pause to give that love ex-

With gentle care? should they pause? But still our hearts Why should they pause:

are sching
With all the gnawing pain
With all the gnawing pain
Of hungry love that longs to hear the music,
And longs and longs in vair.

We love them, and we know it; if we falter
With fingers numb,
Among the unused strings of love's expres-The notes are dumb.

We shrink within ourselves, in yolceless sorrow,
Leaving the words unsaid,
And, side by side with those we love the
dearest,
In silence on we tread.

Thus on we tread, and thus each in silence
Its fate fulfile,
Waiting and hoping for the heavenly music
Beyond the distant hills.
The only difference of the love in heaven
From love on earth below
Is: Here we love and know not how to tell it,
And there we all shall know.

INTERESTING MISCELLANY.

Not the least acceptable of many heart-felt congratulations to Cardinal Manning on his "silver jubilee" were those of the Superiors, Sisters, and the old men, women and young children who are inmates of Nazareth House, Hammersmith. They presented to him—"the father of the poor"—a beautiful illuminated address. On hearing that the old people were in attendance at the Cardinal's house, the wenerable prelate observed: "They must venerable prelate observed: "They must not have the trouble of coming up stairs; will go down to them. They are old am young." The Cardinal gave a book and a picture to a poor armiess girl—an inmate of Nszareth House—who had written him a letter with the pen in her mouth, and sent his special blessing to the whole community with all his heart.

THAT PURITAN STRONGHOLD. Very few persons who have any knowledge of the anti-Catholic character of the original inhabitants of that Purian stronghold—Salem, Massachusetts,—could be induced to believe that this could be induced to believe that this celebrated town would become a nursery for Catholic priests and female Religious. Yet such is the fact. Among the priesthood of diocese in the Eastern and Middle States there are twenty-six priests (all with Irish names) who were born in Salem. Thirty-five Catholic young ladies, who also claim Salem as the place of their nativity, have given their services to God in different religious orders. Providence thus changes Protestant strongholds into fruitful gardens for the glory of His Church,

WHAT IS TRUE LIFE.

The mere lapse of years is not life. To est, and drink, and sleep—to be exposed to the darkness and the light—to pace around in the mill of habit, and turn thought into an implement of trade—this is not life. In all this but a mere fraction of the consciousness of humanity is awakened; and the sanctitles will slumber which make it worth. which make it worth while to be which make it worth while to be. Knowledge, truth, love, beauty, goodness, faith, alone can give vitality to the mechanism of existence. The laugh of mirth that vibrates through the heart; the tears that freshen the dry waste within the music that brings childhood back; the prayer that calls the future near, the doubt which makes us meditate; the death which startle us with mysters; the doubt which startles us with mystery; the hardship which forces us to struggle; the anxiety that ends in trust—all these are Ing .- James Martineau.

ARTEMUS WARD'S LAST JOKE.

Joseph Jefferson, in his autobiography in the August Century, relates what was probably the last jest of Artemus Ward. When the famous wit lay dying in Southampton he was tended by his devoted friend, "Tom" Robertson, the English playwright, who was also a friend of

"Ward said: 'My dear Tom, I can't "Ward said: 'My dear Tom, I can't take that dreadful stuff.'
"Come, come,' said Robertson, urging him to swallow the nauseous drug; 'there's a dear fellow. Do, now, for my sake; you know I would do anything for

you.' "Would you!' said Ward, feebly

stretching out his hand to grasp his friend's, perhaps for the last time.

"I would indeed,' said Robertson.

"Then you take it,' said Ward. The humorist passed away but a few hours afterward."

CARDINAL NEWMAN ON MUSIC.

The following interesting and suggest tive thoughts upon music are from the pen of Cardinal Newman: "There are seven notes in the scale: make them fourteen. Yet what a slender outfit for so vast an enterprise! What science brings so much out of so little! Out of what poor elements does some great master in it create his new world! Shall we say that all this exuberant inventiveness is a mere ingenuity or trick of art like some game of fashion of the day, without real-ity and without meaning? Yet, it is possible that that inexhaustible evolution possible that that inexhaustible evolution and disposition of notes so rich, yet so simple, so intricate, yet so regulated, so various, yet so majestic; should be a mere sound which is gone and periahes? Can it be that those mysterious stirrings of heart and keen emotions and strange yearnings after we know not what, and awful impressions from we know not whence, should be wrought in us by what

cannot be. No, they have eccaped from some higher sphere; they are the out-pourings of eternal harmony in the medium of created sound; they are echoes from our home; they are the voices of angels, or the Magnificat of saints, or the living laws of Divine governance, or the Divine attributes; something are they beside themselves which we cannot compars, which we cannot ntter."

THE INFORMER'S GRAVE. Sir Thomas Grattan Esmonde writes:
How small the world is, after all, and how universal is the stamp of Irish sasociation!
There is a grave in Port Elizabeth inseparably linked with the recollections of Ireland's recent history, and with an episode as dark and drear and tragic as any of the many tragedies her sad annals recall. By the blue waters of Algca bay the bones of an Irishman have found their resting place whose deeds have earned for his unhallowed memory infamy undying, and have entitled him to rank among the loathsome hoardes of Sirrs and Swans and Hempenstalls and Talbots and LeCarons, whose ghoulish forms stand out in dark relief from the hideous picture of England's rule of Ireland. James Carey lies near Port Elizabeth: We visited the spot. A more awful lesson was never read, nor in more awful eleoquence than the moral of that far off grave. It would even seem as if the very earth refused to harbor this clay; as if nature herself were imbued with the sentiment of his countrymen towards this poor, weak, desperate Sir Thomas Grattan Esmonde writes imbued with the sentiment of his countrymen towards this poor, weak, desperate and disbonored tool and victim of Dublin Clastle officialism. It would tax the power of Dante's pen to record the horrors of that grave. Mine is miserably inadequate to the task. Upon the bare, lifeless breast of a sandhill, where whirlwinds eddy round like evil genul, and where the scorching, saaring, noisesome winds eddy round like evil genul, and where the scorching, searing, noisesome desert blast sweeps across to the sea, with the wall and the shrick of a banshee, lies a a heap of blood-red stones. Upon one of these some passerby has scratched, with a rusty nail: "Carey, the informer!"

"THE LILY OF THE MOHAWK." We are indebted to a valued subscriber in Fultonville, N. Y., for the fol-

this line of New York from the Hudson to Lake Erie. Katharine, in the Iroquois language Kateri, lived at the old castle of the Mohawks, then called Caughnawaga. The location is now know as Fonda. Persecuted there, she fled to the south bank of the St. Lawrence, where a village of Indian converts had been planted by the same missionaries. There she passed the remaining four years of her life and there she was buried. there she was buried

During her life and after her death such had among both her countrymen and the French of Canada the reputation of a saint, which has adhered to her name ever aright without charts and compasses? If there were no charts and compasses the

nenon (Auriesville, N. Y.) in 1656. She was baptized at Caughnawaga (Fonda, N. Y.) in 1676. Her baptismal font was the spring—still visited respectfully—on the west bank of the Cayadutta, a few hundred feet north of where the F. J. & C. R. R. grosses the stream. On the G. R. R. crosses the stream. On the banks of the Cayadutta her childhood was passed. She died in Canada at the Sault St. Louis, April 17, 1680. There she was place of devotion and resort ever since.

There above were streaments to breath from the truth as it is in Jesus buried, and her place of burial has been a place of devotion and resort ever since. There about a year sgo a heavy grantic monument was placed over her grave by devout admirers of the Indian malden from Albary. The Archibianc of Mon. from Albany. The Archbishop of Mon-treal has designated the 30th of this month of July for the formal benediction of this monument. As the saintly girl was born and baptized in the diocese of Albany it was a most thoughtful and happy courtesy on the part of His Grace of Montreal to invite Bishop McNeirny to officiate at the ceremony. The ceremony begins at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the 30th. A steamer leaves
"Just before Ward's death," writes Mr.

Jefferson, "Robertson poured out some
medicine in a glass and offered it to his

LET IT DRY.

Father Graham, as everyboby in the village called him, was one of the old-fashioned gentlemen of whom there are so few left now. He was beloved by every one, and his influence in the little town was great, so good and so active was he. One bit of wisdom which he gave to

ne. One bit of wisdom which he gave to a young friend is well worth noting.

A young man of the village had been badly insulted, and came to Father Graham full of angry indignation, declaring that he was going at once to demand an application.

son came to beg forgiveness.

It Saved His Life.

GENTLEMEN, — I can recommend Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, for its saved my life when I was about six months old. We have used it in our family when required ever since, and it never fails to cure all summer complaints.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What is has done once

is unsubstantial, and comes and goes, and it will do again.
begins and ends in itself? It is not so; it Minard's Liniment cures Burns, etc.

and the family of the Austrian Ambassador, for whom special places were reserved. His Eminence, who took for his
text the words, "I am the Way, the Truth,
and the Life. No man cometh unto the
Father but by Me," from the 14th chapter of the Gospel of St. John, said: You
remember that our Lord said to His Disciples, "Whither I go ye know, and the
way ye know," and they said to Him,
"Lord, we know not whither Thou goest,
and how can we know the way!" and He "Lord, we know not whither Thou goest, and how can we know the way?" and He answered, "I am the Way, the Truth, and the Life. No man cometh unto the Father but by Me." Those words have a very exclusive sound. They mean that there is only one way to life, only one truth, and only one life; and I do not know in what way we can better compare and contrast what is human and what is Divine than with reference to these words. If trast what is buman and what is Divine than with reference to these words. If you will look at the face of the Christian world at this moment, and at the face of our own country especially, you will see two things. The one is that human systems are always enlarging themselves and taking in

ALL MANNER OF CONTRADICTION, including all manner of truth, and when a doubt arises upon any question, throw-

a doubt arises upon any question, throw-ing it open. The second is that within the circumference of every human com munity, every human Church, you will find contradictory doctrines continually multiplying; they were subdividing themselves moreover and becoming more and more divided as time went on. How is it with the Church of God, which, being Divine, is absolutely exclusive? No term We are indebted to a valued sub scriber in Fultonville, N. Y., for the following interesting sketch of an Indian Catholic girl's life and heroic devotion to the faith which she espoused. The sketch is clipped from a local journal in Fulton county bearing date July 23:

Wednesday, the 30th of this month (July), will be an interesting day among Catholics, especially those who live in Canada, and in our state along the

(July), will be an interesting day among Catholics, especially those who live in Canada, and in our state along the Mohawk valley, from Albany to Little Falls.

On that day will take place the cere mony of blessing the grante monument which has been placed over the grave of Tegakwitha, a saintly Indian girl of the Mohawk nation. She was converted to Christianity something more than two centuries ago, during the time when Jesult mission stations were spread along this line of New York from the Hudson to Lake Erle. Katharine, in the Iroquois tions and open questions on which man wonder and conceive that Unrights truth
means perpetually multiplying contradic
tions and open questions on which man
may think as he likes? Now, there are
two lines which I have no doubt every one of you will remember to have heard, for they are quoted continually :

For points of faith let senseless bigots fight. He can't be wrong whose life is in the right Well let us paraphrase those lines and say : For charts and compasses let senseless bigots

THE WHOLE WORLD WOULD BE STREWN

WITH WRECKS,
There is only one person who can without charts and compasses steer the ship, and it is He who by His word commanded the winds and the waves, and who guides His most early times of the Church men who said that the Son of God was God; yes, and had a Divine nature, but not the very nature of the Father, and the change they made in the creed was that

THEY LEFT OUT AN IOTA, and What did the Church do? demned them all, tyrannically, as the world will say, and for this reason, that that one iota changed the whole truth of the revealed faith of God. Then later on there were men who began to philoso-phise and deny the Real Presence of the Body and Blood of Christ in the holy sacrament. What did the Church do? It defined the Real Presence in the very words we use to this day. Later again men began to indulge themselves in two men began to indulge themselves in two ways—in being cold and worldly and in being disputatious and contentious about the humanity of our Divine Lord. What did the Church do? By the inspiration of God it instituted the great devotion of the Sacred Heart of Jesus, and that is the subject to which I will bring your thoughts to day, and for this reason, that the month of June in every year is CONSECRATED BY THE CATHOLIC CHURCH to the adoration of the Sacred Heart of to the adoration of the Sacred Heart of our Lord. A Confraternity of the Sacred Heart was founded in this church as soon

ing that he was going at once to demand an apology.

"My dear boy," Father Graham said, "take a word of advice from a man who loves peace: An insult is like mud; it will brush off much better when it is dry.

Wait a little, till he and you are both cool, and the thing is easily mended. If you go now, it will only be a quarrel."

It is pleasant to be able to add that the young man took his advice, and before the next day was done the insulting person came to beg forgiveness. Heart of our Lord. In human parlance in speaking of a friend, we speak of his heart, because that comprehends his whole character, and especially

HIS CHARACTER IN ITS MOST BEAUTIFUL AND LOVABLE ASPECTS, and so it is we speak of the Sacred Heart of our Divine Master. Everything in Him is Divine—not only His Godhead but His manhood, and there-Godhead but His manhood, and therefore we adore Him not only in His Godhead but His manhood. What are the motives for adoring Him in His Sacred Heart? First of all, there is no heart ever loved you with such an intimate love as the Sacred Heart of Jesus. He loves you with the infinite charity of Minards Liniment relieves Neuralgia.

DEVOTION TO THE SACRED
HEART.

ELOQUENT SERMON BY THE CARDINAL ARCHBISHOP.
London Universe, June 14.

At the Church of SS. Peter and Edward, Palace street, on Sundsy High Mass was sung by Father Kirk, Fathers Silvester and Hoare being descon and sub-deacon. The music (Haydn's lat Mass) was rendered by the choir of the church, conducted by Father Butler. Amongst those present in anticipation of the visit of the Cardinal Archbishop were Lady Simeon, and the family of the Austrian Ambassador, for whom special places were reserved. His Eminence, who took for his text the words, "I am the Way, the Truth, and the Life. No man cometh unto the Father but by Ma," from the lath chapter of the Gospel of St. John, said: You remember that our Lord said to His Disc, "Whither I go ye know, and the way 1" and He Life, was now not whither Thou goest, and we know the way 1" and He every sense of the word, I will go requires of us? To be humble, to be pure, to be generous, to be good in every sense of the word. I will go beyond that, for good people may fulfil all duties and yet may be very unlike Him. They may not be fervent. He bids you not only to love your neighbour, but to love your neighbour as yourself. Therefore He bids you to be like Him in A CERTAIN TENDENDESS OF HEAT.

Therefore He bids you to be like Him in A CERTAIN TENDERNESS OF HEART. He requires of us that we should be unselfish, and that we should bear patiently with the faults of our friends. If you come to Holy Communion He will help to change you into His own likeness. And then one other motive for your devotion is that as there is no heart that loves you on much so there is no heart that is so much so there is no heart that love you wounded more all over the world, and none so susceptible of being wounded because of it perfection. What a spec-tacle was the world for which He gave His precious blood! Sin and death reigning in it from east to west! In the sight of our Divine Redeemer there could be nothing more wounding, if it were possible that He could be wounded in heaven, than

that He could be wounded in heaven, than THE WARFARE OF HIS CHURCH upon earth, and the schlems which have rent milions of souls from the unity of salvation, and the heresies and unbelief of the world. And yet there was something worse than that, for, as the prophet said, He was wounded in the house of those that loved Him, in His Church, and by His Church—that is, by those who outwardly belong to it. There were two things we owed to Him—one was loving adoration and the other was to make reparation to Him for all the grief we gave Him. No doubt all of us had dissponding the said wounded in an afraid many of us have wounded I am afraid many of us have wounded Him, and some have buffeted Him, while

BY ME HAVE FORSAKEN HIM, and turned their backs upon Him. Think for one moment. He is always dwelling in the midst of us on the altar, and how often whole days will pass without some one of you coming to kneel down and sdore Him. You leave Him all alone. Now that is not like the fervor of a loving disciple. Therefore I ask you to day to come and enroll yourselves in the Confraternity of the Sacred Heart, and begin from this day to act a little more in the spirit of the words I have endeavored to speak. It was only before I came into the church that some of your good brethren, the Brothers of St. Vincent de Paul, reminded me of what I had entirely forgotten. When I made a promise to come to you to-day, I had not the least remembrance that it was here in this parish some seven or eight and thirty years Now that is not like the fervor of a loving ish some seven or eight and thirty years ago

T REGAN MY FIRST PASTORAL CARE. and began to say the Holy Mass—in a most miserable house—and was also chaplain to the Sisters, and for those years we have been in the most perfect charity with one another. I am glad to come to day to this church, which was then a small and humble beginning, and I will ask you to give your help and aid to the schools which belong to this church. There are one hundred and eighty children cared for in them. The number is small because in them. The number is small because asked. the flock is small, but the school is in "No quality worthy of great regard, for a better school, and one more faithfully taught, and one which shows more clearly the does not exist. The inspector of the diocese bears testimony to this. I will ask you to give your help either by a donation or, what is better, by an annual subscription. I deed not remind you that there is no work dearer to the Sacred

THE EDUCATION OF CHILDREN for it is the unfolding of their baptismal grace, and there are no souls in the world grace, and there are no souls in the world
that are so innocent as the souls of
children, and none that are more in
danger, especially in such a city as this.
There are no souls so helpless in them
selves, and therefore there are none com
mitted to your charity and care with such
an emphatic commission as the children
of the flock. Therefore I ask you for the
love of our Divine Lord to do all you love of our Divine Lord to do all you can for the children in this flock, and wheresoever you may dwell. You can-not offer up a sweeter work to our Divine Lord than to labor for the salvation of children. It was a work which He did Himself when HE TOOK THEM UP IN HIS ARMS

HE TOOK THEM UP IN HIS ARMS and blessed them. More than this, He took up a little child in the midst of His disciples and asked them to be like that child in humility and obedience and love. You need no more words from me to urge you to do what you can for them and their eternal salvation. May the blassland Glad he with you. clessing of God be with you.

Don't Despair of Relief, if troubled with Chronic Dyspepsia or Constipation. These allments, as well as Biliousness, Kidney infirmities, and feminine troubles. Andney infirmities, and feminine troubles, are eradicated by Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, an alterative of long tried and clearly proven efficacy. It is a fine blood depurent as well as corrective, and contains no ingredients which are not of the highest standard of parity. standard of purity. Suddenly Prostrated.

Gentlemen,—I was suddenly prostrated while at work by a severe attack of cholera morbus. We sent at once for a doctor, but he seemed unable to help. An evacuation about every forty minutes was fast wearing me out, when we sent for a bottle of Wild Strawberry, which saved my life.

MRS. J. N. VAN NATTER,

MOUNT ENVISE.

HEALED BY PRAYER.

REMARKABLE CASE WHICH EX-

A REMARKABLE CASE WHICH EXCITES COMMENT IN OSWEGO.

This account of an apparently miraculous cure is sent out by the associated press from Oswego, N. Y., under date of June 23:

Nellie C. Hennessy of No. 308 West Third street, that city, twenty-one years old, has been unable to walk without the aid of cruches for eight years, because of hip disease. She was treated by many noted physicians, but to no purpose. On Wednesday last Father Hartmann, a Jesuit priest from Buffalo, came here to hold a retreat for the Young Ladies' Sodality of St. John's Church. The young lady sought the priest and asked what could be done to relieve her. He told her to pray, and he prayed with her. For three nornings she went to the church to early Mass, and there the members of the Sodality joined the young lady and her family in prayer for her recovery. Last evening services were held in the church by Father Hartmann, to receive forty young ladies into the Sodality. Miss Hennessy was among the number. She went to the railing with her crutches, and the priest put the Sodality medal about her neck. She instantly felt something give way in her side and back. Trembiling and pale she sought her neck. give way in her side and back. Trem-bling and pale she sought her pew, using a crutch. When the services ended she a crutch. When the services ended she arose to go, but left her crutches behind. Sobbing and weeping for joy, she walked forth from the church, to all appearances perfectly well. The fact created great excitement in the neighborhood. When a reporter called at the house to day she capered about the yard to show him that she was healed.

she was healed.

WHAT FATHER HARTMANN SAYS.

Further particulars of the miracle are given by Father Hartmann in an interview with a reporter of the Express of this

view with a reporter of the Express of this city:

An Express reporter last evening called as Canistus College, the Jesuit stronghold in Buffalo, and there had an interesting talk with Father Hartmann. He said:

"The dispatch as printed is practically correct. I might make a few corrections, however. I believe the young lady was sick but seven years instead of eight, and then, too, it was not definitely decided by the doctors that she had hip disease. It was thought by some that she had spinal disease, and by others that she was partially paralyzed, but of one thing there is a certainty—she had to use crutches for seven years."

In explaining the matter further, Father Hartmann said: "I do not consider my self an instrument at all in the matter. The young woman came to me and asked

The young woman came to me and asked what she should do for her affliction, and I, of course, told her to put supreme faith in God, to pray to Him, and that I too would pray for her. I gave her some water blessed with the relies of St. Ignatius, the founder of our order, and told her to drink it. It was through this water that the miracle was worked. You know we do not believe that the relies themselves caused the miracle, but we believe that St. Ignatius, being in heaven, is nearer to God than ourselves, and that he interceded for this young woman. We preserve these than ourselves, and that he interceded for this young woman. We preserve these relics of our founder with special rever-ence, just as an American, for instance, would preserve and honor the hat and sword of George Washington."

Continuing, the Father said: "As the dispatch says, the Young Woman felt as

dispatch says, the young woman felt as though relieved when she received the medal of the Sodality, and afterwards walked out of the church, to the surprise of everybody. I did not see her do this, and, in fact, did not know that the sure and, in fact, did not know that the sure had been effected until the young lady herself walked into the parish house after the service. She was fairly beside herself with joy, and everyone about was strongly affected. Even great men wept. I saw her sgain this morning before I left Oswego, and she was in perfect health seemingly.

"Is this water of St. Ignatius always officelous, Father Hartmann?" was then

efficacious, Father Hartmann?" was then

"No. there are times when God doe not answer our prayers in the way we want. He may answer them in a different way, however, as, for instance, by giving the patient greater spiritual grace. But cures have been worked before by this water. I remember some years ago a man near Boston was all bent over with ciatica, and a miraculous cure was effected by this water. There are a great many cases though where, through lack of faith or some other reason, the cure is not effected."

Father Hartmann explained that all Jesuit priests had the power to bless water with St. Ignatius relies, and that it only happened to be himself who this time performed the office. Father Hartmann himself is a broad-faced, pleasant-looking man of evident German descent. He samed way happened that the the samed way happened to be presented to be a samed way happened to be presented to be a samed way happened to be presented to be presented to be samed way happened to be presented to seemed very happy that the cure had been effected, and there seemed no doubt in his mind that it was a miracle due to the direct interposition of God Almighty.

The real estate of the late W. G. Perley, on the Richmond road, well known as "Perley's Farm," which is located just outside the city limits, was disposed of yesterday by Mr. Geo. H. Perley to Archbishop Duhamel (of Ottawa) for the handsome sum of \$1,000 per acre. The farm includes twelve acres of choice property, fit for any purpose. Archbishop Duhamel says it is intended to erect a large church on the farm for the French catholic residents of Hintonburg, Me-chanisville and other places in the imme-diate vicinity. It is likely the priests in charge will be of the Capuchin Order, the first of the order to be established in Canada. These priests lead a similar life to those of the St. Dominic Order. They are at attired in somewhat similar and rise to hold religious service every midnight.—Globs.

The new organ in Notre Dame church The new organ in Notre Dame church, Montreal, is one of the finest on the continent. It has one bundred registers, thirty pedals and four keyboards with two hundred and thirty-two keys. Its cost is \$20,000. It was built by Mesers. Casavan Brothers, of St. Hyacinthe, on the design of Dr. Dorval, of Laval University.

A Catholic missionary, the Abbe Des-godius, has been for thirty years trying to gain access to Thibet. He has been all gain access to Thibet. He has been all that time living on the southern and eastern frontiers, and has compiled a com-pendious Thibetan dictionary.

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BY THE PAULIST FATHERS. Preached in their Church of St. Paul the Apostle, Fifty-ninth street and Ninth avenue, New York City.

New York Catholic Review. New York Catholic Review.
TENTH SUNDAY AFTER PENTECOST.
"Every one that exalteth himself shall be humbled, and he that humbleth himself shall be exalted." (Gospel of the

seif shall be exalted." (Gospel of the Sunday.)

These are very familiar words, my brethern; they are brought to our attention nearly every year on this Sunday, and perhaps a good many other times besides. No doubt we think we know nearly all that is in them, or that can be got out of them, by this time.

Perhaps we do; but this may be doubted. Still, I have no doubt that you have all heard them very well explained quite often, and if you have remembered all you heard, and thought about it a good deal yourselves, this little sermon may be quite superfluous to you. Nevertheless you might humble yourselves by listening to it; and if you do, surely you will get some share of the promise which the words contain, whether you learn anything new about them or not. them or not. Let us consider them, then, for these

Let us consider them, then, for these few minutes. Suppose I were to ask you what is meant by the first part of them, "he that exalteth himself shall be humbled," what would you say? Probably you would answer "that is plain enough; it is that one who brags of what he is or what he can do is despised; he would be thought a good deal more of if he would just show what good points he has by actual work instead of talking about them. Moreover, one who pretends to be more than he is, is pretty sure to be found out some time when he is put to the test; then, even if people have believed him before, he will have to step down from the place he has claimed to take the lowest seat, instead of the highest, which he had been trying to occupy, as our Lord puts it in this parable, in another place."

Well this is true, at least in many cases. Still we must comfess after all that a man is often taken pretty nearly at his own valuation in this world; if he wants to succeed, he must put himself forward. Some discount may be made on the adverging the standard on the ware retisement one makes of one's own ware.

Some discount may be made on the adverthement one makes of one's own wares still, they sell better than those of one still, they sell better than those of one who does not advertise at all. No doubt one may lose by boasting too much; but also it is quite plain that one may be too modest, and lose perhaps more that way. "He that humbleth himself shall be exalted;" perhaps he may sometimes; but generally humbling oneself is hardly a success.

But you will say, "These words of our But you will say, "These words of our Lord do not refer to mere worldly matters. It is one who pretends to be better off than he realiy is, spiritually rather than temporarily, that is meant by 'one that texasteth himself?' One who is like this Pharlsee, trusting in himself as being just or holy, and despising others for their wickedness; not one who boast of his wealth strength, or natural ability."

wickedness; not one who boast of his wealth, strength, or natural ability."

I think that in this you are quite right. Still, hypocrites, and a good many others who are not just that, but are fairly good sort of people, though not so good as they think they are, often get along pretty well through life, and hold up their heads in the church and in the community generally, without getting humbled in any very notable way. And the really good and humble Christians who make no parade of virtue at all, are very often. parade of virtue at all, are very often, and indeed generally, not found out; it is only those who know them very well indeed that think very much of them. So they do not seem to be much exalted;

So they do not seem to be much exalted; at any rate, not by the world at large.

And then there is another difficulty. The fact is, that these humble and retiring good Christians do not want to be exalted. There are, perhaps, some people who go round saying that they are mistaken; that they are not sinners at all, but great eaints. But these are not the kind of people we are talking about. The real saint is really humble, and the really humble man does not want to be praised, fixtered, or even thought highly of.

Well, then, what does our Lord's promise amount to? It would seem that the proud redom get the humbling which

the proud redom get the humbling which is promised to them; and the humble don't get much praise or exaltation of any kind, and wouldn't want it if they could

Is not there, then, something else which our Saviour meant by this promise, and which is also fulfilled?

which is also fulfilled?

"He that exalteth himself shall be humbled." He that tries to acquire virtue without humlity; he that thinks be has got a good deal of it already, and is pretty well on the way to be a saint; such a one will find his mistake sooner or later; on the day of his death, if not before, the whole structure of false sanctity which he has built up will fall to pleces like a house of cards and he will be humbled even in his own eyes; and if he gets into heaven at all, his place will be quite a low one in it. The sinner who has really repented, and from the depths of his abasement, shame and misery, has called on God's mercy and received it, will take a higher one.

or lis abasement, sname and misery, has called on God's mercy and received it, will take a higher one.

"He that humbleth himself shall be exalted." Shall be exalted, not by being called a saint, but by really becoming one. Shall be exalted, not in the sight of men, but in that of God. Shall be exalted not on or by the earth, or by those that dwell on it but by being raised from the earth, from its passions and temptations; shall be exalted above sin, and brought near to God Himself. This is the kind of exaltation the saints have wanted and obtained. Humility, first, last, and all the time, is the very life and strength of the soul in its struggle toward the eternal kingdem; it is the foundation, never to be taken away, on which the whole spiritual life is built; and pride is its sure over throw, even should it come in at the very perion. This is the interpretation of these words of our Lord which I would submit for your consideration to-day.

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