

guese Cove, Halifax Harbour. A small specimen is in the Halifax Museum. There can be hardly a doubt as to the distinctness of these two species.

Fam. LABRIDÆ.

40. TAUTOGOLABRUS ADSPERSUS (Walb.) Gill. Sea Perch. *Ctenolabrus burgall*, Gunth. Very common during the summer months in harbours and bays. The variety *uninotatus*, having a black spot at the base of the two anterior soft dorsals rays, mentioned by Gunther, Cat. Fishes, vol. iv., p. 90, is found in company with it.

Fam. LYCODIDÆ.

41. LYCODES VAHLII, Reinh. Fishing banks off the coast, (U. S. F. C.)  
 42. L. VERRILLII, Goode & Bean. Fishing banks off the coast, (U. S. F. C.)  
 43. L. PAXILLUS, Goode & Bean. A single specimen obtained between La Have and Sable Island Banks, recorded in Messrs. Goode and Bean's List of N. E. Am. Fishes (1879) p. 9.

Fam. GADIDÆ.

44. GADUS MORRHUA, L. Cod. Very common.  
 45. G. TOMCODUS, Mitch. Frost-fish. Very common.  
 46. G. ÆGLEFINUS, L. Haddock. Very common.  
 47. G. POLLACHIUS, L. Pollack. Very common. Large schools come into Halifax Harbour about the latter end of June or beginning of July, to feed upon the fry of the common hake.  
 48. MERLUCIUS BILINEARIS (Mitch.) Gill. Whiting. *Merlucius vulgaris*, Gunth. Not common.  
 49. PHYCIS CHUSS (Walb.) Gill.  
 50. P. TENUIS (Mitch.) De Kay. Hake. *Phycis americanus*, Gunth. Very common.  
 51. P. REGIUS (Walb.) Jord. & Gill. *Phycis regalis*, Gunth. Sir John Richardson gives Halifax as a locality for this species. *Faun. Bor. Am.*