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PROBS—FAIR

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## RUSSIANS DRIVE VON LINSENGEN'S ARMY BACK ACROSS THE DNEIESTER

### Russians Have Taken Over 150,000 Prisoners In Past Seven Weeks

Was Remained Intact Despite Austro-German Drive and Made Enemy Pay Dearly for Ground Gained — May Evacuate More Territory to Find Favorable Positions to Make Stand.

London, June 25.—The Petrograd correspondent of the Daily Mail, commenting on the fact that the Russian army has remained intact during seven weeks retreat in Galicia, says this army has inflicted tremendous losses on the enemy, having captured in the course of these operations 150,000 men, nearly 300 machine guns and 60 cannon. He continues: "The Russian flanks are firm, which is proved by their successes on the Dniester and Tenev rivers. "The military organ, the Russky Invalide, suggests that the only thing that now matters is to keep the enemy occupied while Russia's allies in the west are getting up strength. It is generally conceded that the Russians will evacuate more territory, if it is necessary, in order to find favorable positions on which to make a stand."

### GERMANY CAN PUT 18 MORE ARMY CORPS IN FIELD BEFORE JULY 31

Burz, Switzerland, via London, June 25.—According to an authoritative military source, Germany will be able to place eighteen more army corps in the field by the end of July. These are composed chiefly of the second category of the Landstrum, comprising men who have never performed military service but are now in training, and inland reserves which have been resting in the interior of Germany. It is calculated that these new corps will about equal in number the exhausted troops returning from Galicia who will be granted partial rest, doing service as inland reserves.

### SUBMARINE DID NOT KNOW VICTIM'S NAME

Berlin Newspapers Giving Report of Torpedoing of Cruiser Roxborough Unaware of Cruiser's Name or Damage Done.

Amsterdam, via London, June 26.—German newspapers received here, giving the official version of the torpedoing of the British cruiser Roxborough several days ago, show that the Germans are unaware of either the name of the vessel or the damage done to her.

"On the 20th," says the official report, "one of our submarines attacked, about one hundred sea miles from the Firth of Forth, a British armored cruiser, apparently of the Mincingtar class. The torpedo got home, but its effect could not be observed from the submarine."

The British Admiralty in a communication, June 23rd, said the Roxborough had been struck by a torpedo in the North Sea last Sunday. The statement added that the damage to the cruiser was not serious, that she had been able to proceed under her own steam and that there were no casualties on board.

### RAW TOBACCO LEAF FOR CANADIANS AT FRONT

Growers and Townspeople of Ridgetown, Ont., Preparing to Send Large Quantity of "The Weed" to Soldiers.

Ridgetown, Ont., June 25.—The tobacco growers of this district and the towns people are co-operating in a movement to send tons of best grown

### WOUNDED CANADIANS AT CLIVEDEN

Party of Forty-six Arrive at Duchess Connaught Hospital Suffering from Wounds Received at Festubert.

London, June 25.—A party of forty-six wounded Canadians has just arrived at the Duchess of Connaught Hospital, Cliveden, mostly victims of the Festubert fight in the last week of May. This time they are not quite so badly used up as the men who came through the Ypres engagement.

Private D. S. W. Best of the Third Battalion of Toronto, had a narrow escape of being shot fatally, as the bullet which struck him lodged in the top of his cranium. He is doing well, however. Private Best took part in a big action about the middle of June, in which he thinks the Queen's Own suffered heavily later.

Among several of the party who had been poisoned by gas was Jas. Burke of Vancouver, a member of the Princess Patricia's. Burke had been put hors de combat on May 24. He says the men have a new type of respirator served out, but that they occasionally neglect to use it. All are unanimous in emphasizing the need for high explosives.

tobacco to the Canadian soldiers at the front. A local office building, loaned for the purpose, has been fitted up with tobacco stripping and pressing machinery, and every afternoon and evening towns people and tobacco growers are busily engaged in preparing fifty pound bales of the weed for shipment overseas. Every bale bears the label "Canadian raw leaf tobacco, donated by the growers of the district to the Canadian soldiers at the front."

### TEUTONIC ARMY MEETS WITH REVERSE ON DNEIESTER

#### SAYS WAR OFFICE REFUSED HIS PROPOSAL

Offered to Put 2 Millions in Plant but was Told no Further Supplies of Ammunition Required.

Toronto, June 25.—Mr. Frederick Nichols, president of the Canadian General Electric Company, commenting on Lord Curzon's criticisms of the delivery of shells from Canada, stated that he had made a proposal to the War Office to invest two or three millions in a plant, provided he could secure an order for a million shells. He received a reply that no further supplies of ammunition were required. The allotment of orders, he said, was now so absurdly small that no serious investment in suitable machinery was warranted.

### "HIKED" 1,000 MILES TO ENLIST

Pte. Joe Martin walked from Fort McLeod to Saskatoon to join 53rd Battalion.

Saskatoon, Sask., June 25.—The newest recruit to the Fifty-third Battalion is Private Joe Martin, who completed a walk of over 1,000 miles, from Fort McLeod, on the shores of the Hudson Bay, in order that he might fight for his King and country.

Last fall a rumor went around the Northland that Great Britain was at war with someone. Martin journeyed south 300 miles to Fort McLeod to find out if that was true, and finding a paper announcing the outbreak of war he came to Saskatoon. He is Irish by birth, but has been in the Hudson Bay country for the last seven years.

### M'GILL HONORS KING ALBERT

King of Belgians Received Honorary Degree of Doctor of Laws at Convocation.

Montreal, June 25.—Albert, King of the Belgians, was among those who at the 1914-15 convocation of McGill University were tendered honorary degrees, the principal, Sir William Peterson, announced at a meeting of the governors today. His Majesty has since the convocation been offered and has accepted the degree of doctor of laws.

### Compelled to Retreat Across River—French Plan of Campaign in West Indicates Determination to Push on to Lille—Continue to Hammer German Line.

London, June 25.—Along that most crucial sector of the Dniester battlefield in Galicia between Zutawna and Halicz heavy fighting is going on. There is some conflict over the situation, according to the official reports. The Russians claim that they have punished the Austro-German forces there and that, by rubbing up reinforcements, they have compelled them to retreat across the river. Berlin admits this reverse, but the Austrian communication says the Teutonic attack there is making progress.

North of this area and still farther north over the frontier in Poland, the Austro-German advances are sweeping forward. Whatever the outcome of the struggle along the Dniester the Russian armies have met with such reverses, that in the belief of military experts, from the standpoint of the Allies the western theatre seems to be the only quarter which holds out the possibility of a decisive action during the summer.

The French and German claims relative to fighting on the western front are widely at variance. Military observers here believe that the French still have the edge on Lille, with its factories and railroad lines and advance the theory that the recurrent and persistent attacks week in and week out, along virtually the same section of the German front proves this.

Though meeting with the hardest resistance on the Dniester the initiative in the East still rests with the Austro-Germans. Few military writers care to hazard a guess of what their next move will be.

It is argued by them that the situation in the West may at any moment become pressing and that Germany and Austria may be forced to be content with having recovered Galicia and broken the Russian offensive without seeking further to humiliate her at this time.

Berlin, June 25, via London, June 25.—With reference to the statement in today's official communication regarding Gen. Linnsingen's partial retirement to the south bank of the Dniester river special despatches received from Czernowitz, Bukovina, describe the desperate ejections of the Russians for several days to regain their lost ground on the Dniester line and in Bessarabia. The fighting, according to these despatches, has been uninterrupted for four days and nights, and the Russians wasted the lives of their troops by reckless marching them in masses into the Austrian fire. Large heaps of Russian dead, it is asserted, lie before the Austrian trenches.

The fighting is declared to be particularly desperate eastward of Zale Szczyky. The Russians are said to be charging repeatedly along the river. At a few places they have succeeded in fighting their way to near the Austrian positions, but suffered frightful losses and were compelled to retire before the determined Austrian resistance.

Similar scenes, it is asserted, are being enacted daily in Bessarabia. The Ruggians fighting here have been recruited chiefly from the home guards and by levies on the eastern provinces.

French Official Report.

Paris, June 25, 10.20 p. m.—The War Office tonight made public the following official communication:

"Of the region to the north of Arras there is only to report today a rather violent cannonading to the north of Souchez and Neuville and an engagement with grenades to the east of the Labyrinth."

"At La Boiselle, (to the east of Albert) the enemy has exploded two mines without any result."

"Between the Oise and the Aisne there has been artillery firing, particularly in the region of Quennewieres."

### WILL RECEIVE APPLICATIONS FROM ABROAD

Bank of England Prepared to Handle Applications from Abroad for New War Loan.

London, June 25.—It is officially announced that the Bank of England is prepared to receive applications for the new war loan from abroad. It is stipulated that telegraphic advice from the foreign applicant must be received by the bank and the necessary five per cent. deposit paid before July 10.

### STR. CABOT FOUNDERS OFF P.E. ISLAND

Dominion Coal Company's Steamer Capsizes off East Cape, P. E. I. in Storm — Crew Escape.

Sydney, N. S., June 25.—The Dominion Coal Company's steamer Cabot, 465 tons gross, capsized and foundered while on her voyage from Charlottetown to Sydney on Thursday night. She was in ballast and while on the passage ran into a storm.

When at a point about thirty miles northeast of East Cape, P. E. I., the little steamer was struck with a very heavy sea which caught her amidships. She heeled over, shipped a tremendous sea and cold not right her.

### From Mountain 5,000 Ft. High Italy's Guns Sweep Isonzo Valley

Italians Slowly Advancing Through Predil Pass Toward Tarves for Purpose of Threatening Right Wing of Austrian Army at Laibach.

Udine, Italy, June 25, via Paris.—fences did not prevent Napoleon from passing this position in 1797 these fortifications and also those in the Felja Valley were strengthened and coordinated in 1904. The Hermann and Raibel Forts have been provided with the best modern artillery of the widest range.

The plan of General Cadorna, the Italian commander-in-chief, seems to be to attempt an invasion of Austria through the region around Tarvos, threatening the right wing of the Austrian army having headquarters at Laibach and obtaining as an immediate consequence relief from the pressure of the Austrian forces massed along the Tolmino-Gorizia-Trieste front.

### Dynamite Near Factory Where Autos Are Being Made for British Army

Wrappings of Explosive Marked Similarly to Those Found Under Windsor Armouries — Police Arrest Suspect Who Claims He is of Dutch Origin.

Windsor, Ont., June 25.—William Lafter, aged forty-five, night watchman at the plant of the Tate Electric Auto Co., Ford City, is under arrest as a suspect in connection with the discovery of sixty sticks of dynamite at the rear of the factory of the Gramm Motor Truck Company, Walkerville, which is making automobiles for the British army. Lafter claims to be of Dutch parentage, but speaks with a strong German accent.

The police believe the dynamite, which was found hidden among weeds to destroy the factory, but was being kept for future use. The markings on the wrappings of the explosive correspond exactly with those on the dynamite found under the Windsor armouries on Monday and the authorities are convinced that the explosive was made in or near Detroit. The police further express the conviction that the stuff was brought across the river in a gasoline launch.

### WITH THE BRITISH NATIVE FORCES IN WEST AFRICA



Natives are here seen sowing up guinea corn in bags and storing it for the use of the troops operating in Nigeria and the Cameroons. The problem of supplies is at all times a serious one, and it becomes extremely so when the troops are operating across comparatively unknown country and against a wily, unscrupulous enemy. "There is no food here," writes one officer, "except bananas and a fruit called paw-paw—not even a despised chicken. We depend absolutely on tinned stuff, so you daren't get lost in the bush for long. The natives live on roots which are unfit for European consumption. Our Hausa soldiers are fed on rice, which carriers have to bring along with them. Thus our transport is a very big affair."