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# The Toronto World

TUESDAY MORNING MAY 4 1920

40TH YEAR—ISSUE NO. 14,419 TWO CENTS

PROBS: Moderate winds; fair, with a little high temperature.

## Co-ordinated Revolt in Mexico Aims to Overthrow Carranza Supreme Council Scores Profiteers' Exploitation of Europe

### TUSSLE IN COMMONS OVER AMENDMENTS TO THE DISPUTES ACT

Block Clause Regarding Conciliation—Franchise Bill Also Debated.

#### CHANGE VOTING HOURS

Ottawa, May 3.—Keen criticism in the house today resulted in the temporary blocking of a senate bill to amend the industrial disputes investigation act (the Lemieux act). The clause of the bill particularly at issue was one relating to the authority of the union leaders to apply for a board of conciliation. Under the present act such authority must be approved by a majority of members of the union present at a meeting called for that purpose. Under the bill the approval must be given by a majority of all the members of the union.

Especially critical of the bill were Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, leader of the opposition, who as deputy minister of labor drafted the Lemieux act, and Angus McDonald, recently elected Labor-U.F.O. member for Timiskaming. Mr. McDonald's maiden speech in the house and was followed with interest from all sides.

#### DEBATE FRANCHISE BILL

More clauses in the much-debated franchise bill were passed. Amendments to the bill made today provide for these polling hours: City polls, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.; rural polls, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Another amendment still to be brought down will specify that in all cases standard and not daylight saving time is to be used.

#### King Urges Shorter Sittings.

Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King asked if it would not be possible to come to some understanding as to the adjournment of the house. The house had got into the habit of keeping up business pretty late in the evening and members who had their duties seriously found it a physical strain. He suggested that discussion after 11 p.m. was generally wearisome and unproductive. If the house so agreed to adjourn at 11, he thought business would be conducted better. He did not think that any advantage was gained by exhausting the patience of members or by threats, such as that made by a minister the other night, that the house would be kept sitting until two in the morning.

#### Sir George Foster's Experience

Sir George Foster said his experience was against making fixed arrangements for the close of the sittings of the house. Adjournment had always been a question of the general sense of what was fitting and feasible. There was a disposition to do less work than was done before. That was the basis of the world in so getting back to normal conditions.

#### (Continued on Page 4, Column 1).

### MAY STRIKE DURING VISIT OF PRINCE

#### Industrial Extremists of New South Wales Think Demands Would Be Irresistible.

London, May 3.—The industrial extremists of New South Wales meditate precipitating a general strike during the visit of the Prince of Wales, believing their demands under such circumstances would be irresistible, according to a Sydney despatch to the London Times today. Coal miners again are demanding a heavy advance in pay, and their executive announced that unless redress is granted within a month drastic action will be taken. The land and sea transport unions have been asked to adopt similar tactics. The Catholic press is displaying hostility to the visit of the Prince of Wales, believing that it may prejudice the establishment of a Sinn Fein republic.

#### MURDERER OF DOCTOR IS JUDGED INSANE

New York, May 3.—Thomas W. Simpkin, the itinerant printer, who shot and killed Dr. James Wright Markoe, one of New York's distinguished surgeons as he was passing the collection plate in fashionable St. George's Church here a fortnight ago, today was committed to the state asylum for criminals by insane at Matteawan, N.Y.

#### About Six Million Dozen Eggs Exported From Canada Last Year

Ottawa, May 3.—(By The Canadian Press)—The disorganization of Europe due to the war is reflected in the rise of prices, which is at present the source of universal discontent among the peoples belligerent and neutral alike, says a declaration on the economic conditions of the world, approved by the supreme council on March 8, and tabled in the house of commons this afternoon by Sir George Foster.

#### SELFISH PROFITTEERS EXPLOIT GRAVE TROUBLES OF EUROPE

Declaration, Approved by Supreme Council, Calls Upon Various Governments to Prevent Workers' Burdens Being Unduly Increased—Must Restrict Public and Private Expenditure.

Ottawa, May 3.—(By The Canadian Press)—The disorganization of Europe due to the war is reflected in the rise of prices, which is at present the source of universal discontent among the peoples belligerent and neutral alike, says a declaration on the economic conditions of the world, approved by the supreme council on March 8, and tabled in the house of commons this afternoon by Sir George Foster.

"High prices are the inevitable result of war," the declaration states, "and in comparison with most wars, the present situation is far from abnormal." In the Napoleonic wars, prices in England rose 15 per cent and took eight years to become normal again. In the American civil war, American prices rose 100 per cent, and took 12 years or more to become normal.

"As a result of this war, the most gigantic of all the history of the world, general wholesale prices (as distinct from the cost of living), have advanced since 1913, approximately as follows:

"The United States, 120 per cent; Great Britain, 170 per cent; France, Italy and Belgium, 300 per cent."

"Government action may mitigate or disguise some of the effects of the rise in prices, but it cannot remove the root cause, which is the destruction of wealth."

#### Extravagance Thruout World.

Peace has not yet been re-established, it is stated. Russia has in the field armies of 1,500,000 men or more and not less than one million men are still under arms in Poland, Rumania and the new states created out of Austria-Hungary. The first step needed is to completely demobilize all these countries, and then to encourage increased production. The output of factories, mines and manufacturing industries is said to be less than

before the war, and far below the demands now made upon them. At the same time, consumption, particularly of luxuries, has increased. The declaration says:

"The general extravagance now observable throughout the world is a phenomenon which almost invariably follows in the footsteps of every great human catastrophe. Depreciation of gold and excessive issues of paper currency are said to be responsible for a large part of the price increases. It is essential to the recovery of Europe that the manufacture of additional paper money and government credits should be brought to an end, and this must be effected as soon as the war has been terminated.

Exploiting Europe's Needs.

Dealing with profiteering, the declaration reads: "Excessive profit-making, commonly known as profiteering, has been caused by the scarcity of goods. Deflation and a check upon the continuous rise in prices will do much in itself to end the conditions that make profiteering possible. But it is essential, in order to obtain the co-operation of all classes in the increase of production, that each government should take such steps as are appropriate to the circumstances of its own people to ensure and guarantee to the workers that the burdens they are called upon by their efforts to remedy are not aggravated by those who would exploit the economic difficulties of Europe for their own personal ends."

Restriction of government and private expenditures is urged. Referring to collapse of exchange, it is set forth that it is urgent to secure a temporary balance of trade by means of the reduction of all non-essential imports to an absolute minimum. The difficulties of credit and the need for co-operation among all classes are also set forth.

The declaration was ordered included in the Hansard report of the day's proceedings.

### WOULD CONFISCATE ALL NICKEL MINES OWNED BY TRUSTS

If They Have Evaded Taxes, Should Be Punished Relentlessly.

#### GERMANY GOT ORE

"The government should confiscate their mines if it is found they have not treated Ontario, Canada, and the British Empire fairly. Sanctity of contracts is all right, but there is no reason why, if the nickel companies of this province have been dishonest in withholding taxes properly due, that their property should not be taken over."

In a slashing attack in the legislature yesterday afternoon in the course of the budget debate, J. W. Curry (Liberal, Southeast Toronto) has some strong things to say about the two big nickel corporations.

What he said, in the control of the posts in this country and they produced about eleven-twelfths of the entire world's production of nickel.

C. F. Swayze (Labor, Niagara Falls), spoke in a similar strain.

Some years ago The Toronto World had been told that the ear of the government and could defy public opinion. Had there been a free parliament in existence the terrible spectacle would have been presented of having Canadian soldiers killed with bullets tipped with Canadian nickel.

"Sir William Hearst should, when his attention was drawn to this matter, have taken prompt and decisive action to the government that Germany should then and there have prohibited the export of nickel in any form."

Continuing, Mr. Curry said the country had been told time and again that nickel was going almost directly to Germany and yet nothing was done. The submarine "Deutschland" had taken to Germany from Baltimore 376 tons of refined nickel and on another occasion 360 tons were shipped, and still nothing was done.

Hon. G. S. Hendry: What is your authority for all this?

Mr. Curry: I am quoting from memoranda I have gathered.

Mr. Hendry: Then the authority is the member for Northeast Toronto.

Mr. Curry: There might be worse authority. (Laughter.)

Had Plenty of Warning.

Proceeding, Mr. Curry explained how nickel imports just before the war increased something enormously. This in itself should have been a warning to the government that Germany was preparing for "the day." The whole sum and substance of the matter was:

(Continued on Page 2, Column 5).

### DEATH TAKES AWAY FAMILIAR FIGURE

#### Dr. Chas. O'Reilly, Ex-Superintendent Toronto General Hospital, Died Yesterday.

Toronto yesterday lost a well known and much loved resident in the person of Dr. Charles O'Reilly, 229 St. Clair avenue, who died at his residence at the advanced age of 74.

He had been very bright and full of energy almost to the last. He leaves a son, Dr. Bretnay O'Reilly, and his widow will be private, and will be held on Wednesday afternoon at half-past two.

Dr. Charles O'Reilly was one of Toronto's best known and most popular physicians, and for many years was superintendent of Toronto General Hospital. Even as late as last summer he was immigration representative for the government in the Toronto district, and was a familiar figure at the quay. He held one of the most lucrative practices in the city until five years ago, when he relinquished his activities to spend his last years in the quiet of his home.

#### C.P.R. EARNINGS HIGHER

Montreal, May 3.—Canadian Pacific Railway earnings for the week ending April 30, 1920, were \$4,710,000, an increase of \$765,000.



General Sir Charles Townshend ascending city hall steps on the occasion of the civic reception in his honor yesterday. Even his cane seems a sword.

### EVERY INCH A SOLDIER

#### TORNADO WIPES OUT TOWN IN OKLAHOMA; FIFTY-ONE KILLED

Over Hundred Injured—Many of Them Seriously—Much Property Destroyed.

#### PATH A MILE WIDE

Muskogee, Okla., May 3.—Fifty-one persons were killed and approximately one hundred injured by a tornado which swept away Pegg's Oklahoma, a small town in Cherokee county, Sunday night, according to reports received here from searching parties.

Many of the injured are seriously hurt, the reports said. No estimates of the property loss were available.

Relief parties from Tahlequah, 15 miles from Pegg, and the nearest rail town, and from other points searched all day in the mud and tangled wreckage for victims of the storm. The relief parties included many nurses and physicians who had been sent to the town to care for the injured.

The first trainload of injured, numbering between thirty and forty, arrived in Muskogee tonight. Other trains loaded with injured were to be sent to Tahlequah and Vinita.

Wire communication with the storm-swept area had not been reestablished tonight, being relayed by messenger to nearby towns where it was sent out by telephone.

Members of rescue parties returning tonight told of difficulties encountered in locating and identifying the bodies of the victims. Heavy rain accompanied the tornado, and when the first party arrived the village was found to be a tangled mass of wreckage, with numerous pools of water and considerable mud.

In some cases several bodies were found among the ruins of a single building, indicating that whole families had been wiped out. The bodies were covered with mud, making identification difficult. In one instance a small frame building, uninhabited, was left standing in the heart of the town, while nearby brick structures which had housed many persons were razed.

The area swept by the tornado was said by members of the rescue party to be about three miles long and a mile wide. The tornado apparently had dipped just in time to strike the village.

#### SIXTEEN-DOLLAR COAL IS SEEN IN MONTREAL

Montreal, May 3.—Announcement was made today by local coal dealers that the price of stove coal will now be \$16 a ton. The increase is a dollar a ton, and is said by dealers to be caused by the increase in wages granted to miners. It is stated that not a cent of this increase will go in profits to dealers, all the extra amount being necessary to meet higher freight and increase miners' wages.

#### WILHELM WILL MOVE TO DOORN

On Eleventh of This Month

Amerongen, Holland, May 3.—May 11, which is exactly a year and a half after Emperor William's arrival in Holland, has been set for the day upon which he will move to his estate at Doorn.

#### THE SPRING OVERCOAT PROBLEM

You can solve your own overcoat problem at Dineen's, 140 Yonge street. The overcoat department is the pride of the store. Early last season the buyer made purchases of cloth from the English and Scotch mills which cannot be duplicated. These cloths are expensive in patterns and colors.

The coats are patterned after the London and New York models. They are the real swaggar style demanded by the place to visit when you want an overcoat that is different and yet at a price you can afford.

#### FLAT REBELLION BY DUBLIN COUNCIL

London, May 3.—The Dublin Corporation this evening passed a resolution acknowledging "the Irish republican parliament's authority to undertake the carrying out of all its decrees affecting the municipal council."

It was decided to send copies of the resolution to the European governments and to President Wilson and the United States senate and house of representatives.

### MEXICAN FACTIONS COMBINING AGAINST CARRANZA REGIME; JUAREZ GARRISON REVOLTS

#### BORDEN WILL ARRIVE ABOUT MAY FIFTEENTH

Ottawa, May 3.—(Special)—Sir Robert Borden will arrive here about May 15. Previous to that the budget will be before parliament and the taxation proposals and criticism will be known. The prime minister has given no indication of his plans, but it is generally accepted here that he will retire immediately after propagation and a new leader be chosen, followed by a radical cabinet reconstruction.

There is no change in the leadership question. Mr. Tress, who has determinedly resisted all attempts to secure his consent to his candidature.

On the border, the reported closure of the port of Juarez was interpreted as indicating defection of the federal garrison under General Escobar to the rebel cause. Loss of this entry point, states said, would be a serious blow to the federal, because of its revenue-producing capacity. They believed complete rebel control of the state of Chihuahua would be the logical result.

The murder of Eben Francis Greenlaw and his young son by Mexicans near El Oro, only 124 miles from Mexico City, brought from the American embassy in Mexico City a prompt and emphatic demand that the Mexican government arrest and punish the murderers. The American government contends that the Carranza authorities were responsible for the protection of the Greenlaws because of the presence of Mexican troops in the immediate vicinity.

Destroyers will be stationed at Tampico, Tuxpan, Vera Cruz and Progreso, ready to take off any American who may be in danger either from the Mexican federal authorities or the rebels.

Co-ordination of Forces.

Reports were received here today of conferences attended by representatives of Obregon, Villa, Manuel Palacios and Felix Diaz, which indicated definite co-ordination between the various factions was being arranged. Official information showed that the revolutionary army had been planned for several months.

Unofficial advice from Mexico City indicates that the censorship is being exercised more liberally than that which newspapers are not permitted to print any news of the rebel activity in the northern part of the country.

General Obregon is said to be himself to protect foreign lives and interests, if elected to the presidency, a consular report to the state department said. Obregon also included in his platform a declaration in favor of renewal of foreign investments in Mexico. He accused President Carranza of violating the constitution in assuming dictatorial powers, and of

(Continued on Page 2, Column 2).

#### NEGLIGENCE NOT TRAGEDY'S CAUSE

#### John Rogers Absolved From Blame for Death of John Ensom.

After deliberating for three-quarters of an hour, the jury in the inquest, held last night concerning the death of John Rogers, brought in a verdict absolving from all blame John Rogers who, while driving a motor car, collided with a motorcycle bearing President Carranza's injuries which resulted in his death. The accident took place on the 30th of March, and the victim died on the morning of the 6th of April.

Dr. George F. Graham presided at the inquest and in summing up advised the jury to consider the case from the viewpoint of the driver of the car and the motorcycle. It was for them to decide by an action or omission to act on the part of John Rogers, or on the part of the victim, John Ensom. Most of the evidence last night tended to show that Ensom had lost control of the motorcycle.

Although there was some slight disagreement as to the speed at which the car was traveling at the time, the jury was apparently satisfied that the speed of the auto was moderate. At the corner pointed out in his summing up, there were only two of the witnesses who actually saw the accident take place, and they were Alfred Pittz and W. H. Jackson, who were passengers in the car.

An event which added solemnity to the proceedings was the appearance in the witness box of Sister Celestia of St. Michael's Hospital, in the black robes of a Sister of Mercy. She gave her evidence faithfully, and was treated with due courtesy and sympathy by Crown Attorney Snider. On the other hand, she somewhat harshly testified that she was brightened by a touch of humor when Mooreman Devonshire occupied the box.

The trend of his evidence was to the effect that, although he had been employed by the street railway for thirty-two years, he "didn't know much," and he made this clear by remarking several times to the crown attorney, "You've got me there."

#### MEXICO BUYS TRAWLERS

Halifax, N.S., May 3.—The Mexican government has purchased three of the nine trawlers anchored in Halifax harbor since the end of the war. The trawlers are to be used for patrolling Pacific coast islands owned by the Mexican government.

#### DIARY BETRAYS ALLEGED THIEF

#### For Second Time, Little Book Leads to Miller's Apprehension.

Some people make a hobby of keeping a diary. H. J. Miller, aged 19, of 37 East Dundas street, was one of those, and because of this fact his arrest by the police was greatly facilitated. He was taken into custody at the Union Station last night by P. C. Moore (100) on a charge of theft.

According to the story told by the police, Miller, who was a bell hop at the Carls-Rite Hotel, was given a cheque for \$100 to get cashed for one of the guests. After exhausting his patience waiting for Miller's return, the cashier searched his pockets and there found a diary, in which the young man was wont to keep tab of his daily procedure. Several of the escapades set down in the book, especially one dated yesterday, reading "ticket to Windsor, \$7.50," aroused the cashier's suspicions, and he immediately notified the police.

When Miller put his appearance at the Union Station he was promptly arrested and the ticket to Windsor he is alleged to have had in his possession did not succeed in carrying him to the desired destination.

The police declare that this was not the first time that Miller had made their acquaintance, and the most remarkable feature about the time previous was that it was a diary that enabled his arrest.

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