consideration mselves prove is scarcely new ig, that in rer, they would rati. Though d documents ion, the lanf knighthood, vith the sube phrase perused to de-. iii. p. 137); in Frobisher, In the dedi-, it is in like on the ' Effirst edition ly be deemed s of Honour been stated. as, who was

r must have stood before tone,-and which may nbination of his extraor_ ls Miles Aucondly, that s prove that fortunately, ilbert was a of Equites in to turn to ne Herooloaits of the statesmen, in England 65, vol. i., a

beautiful head of Sir Humphrey Gilbert, and around it the following inscription,—"HUMPRIDUS GILBERTUS, MILES AURATUS." Do these words prove here that knighthood had not been conferred? Again, we beg him to turn to another engraving in the same work, the portrait of the celebrated Sir Richard Grenville, of whose knighthood there is not the smallest doubt. It will be found at page 85 of the first volume of Holland's work, and it is thus inscribed around the margin,—"Recurrence Greenvilles, Mill. Aur:" (Miles Auratus.) But the biographer has quoted the famous Sir Francis Drake, as illustrating his argument. He points triumphantly to him as an undoubted knight, being styled Eques Auratus, and to whom, therefore, the words Miles Auratus could not possibly be applied. Once more, we beg him to turn to the Heroologia, vol. i. page He will there see a striking portrait of Drake, with his hand resting on the globe, and these words round the margin of the print,—" Franciscus Drake, MILES AURATUS." One other example may be given of the common use of those words to denote knighthood, which, according to the positive assertion of our author, are never found together, and which, if used, prove that this honour had not been conferred. first sentence in Holland's Life of Sir John Harrington, Heroologia, page 133. "Joannes Harington filius natu maximus Clarissimi *Militis* Jacobi Haringtoni de Exton, in Comitatu Rutlandie, Equestri seu Militis Aurati dignitate multis abhine annis a beatissimæ memoriæ Regina Elizabetha insignitus fuit." It need hardly be pointed out to the intelligent reader, that this brief sentence of four lines, in its use of the word Miles by itself to denote knighthood, and Miles Auratus, as synonymous with the terms dignitas Equestris, overturns the whole argument of the biographer, who not only contends that the expression Miles Auratus is never used as descriptive of knighthood, but that, except in ancient deeds, the single word Miles never occurs. Had he taken the trouble to consult any friend who possessed even a superficial acquaintance with the language in which the inscription was written, he must have discovered that the words Eques Auratus, Miles Auratus, Eques by itself, and Miles by itself, are used indiscriminately in modern Latin to denote knighthood; and that the "absurd misconcep-