

structure, many of whose problems will be closely akin to those which my own country, Canada, has had to resolve. In this effort the people of Cameroun can count on the friendship and goodwill of the people of Canada.

Tanganyika

Canada was happy to join as a co-sponsor of the draft resolution on the future of Tanganyika (Doc.A/C.4/L.689), introduced in Committee yesterday by the distinguished representative of the United Kingdom. The smooth and exemplary development of Tanganyika towards full self-government and independence, in conditions of harmony and intimate co-operation between the people of Tanganyika, their elected representatives and the administering authority, has been almost a model of its kind.

We desire, on this occasion, to extend our warm congratulations to the people of Tanganyika, to the Government of Tanganyika and last, and far from least, to the Government of Great Britain and the many British officials who have worked so hard through the years to bring about this great accomplishment. Canada, geographically half a world apart, will give Tanganyika a warm welcome when her representatives join us here, before the end of the sixteenth session, as Tanganyika becomes a valued member of the United Nations family.

The distinguished Prime Minister of Tanganyika, Mr. Julius Nyerere, has put it all very clearly in his statement at the 1171st meeting of the Trusteeship Council. The smooth transition to independence of Tanganyika is due to many factors, including the personal qualities of the Tanganyikan leaders and the British administrators and officials who worked with them. But Mr. Nyerere surely went to the heart of the matter when he said that three things were needed to make sure that the objectives of trusteeship would be obtained smoothly and speedily:

First, a Trusteeship Council which took its responsibilities seriously and honestly;

Secondly, an administering authority which was sensitive to world opinion; and

Thirdly, a people united and determined to achieve its independence.

In the case of Tanganyika, all three elements were there. And if I may say so, the happy and fruitful conjunction of these three factors are also seen to be present in the case of Western Samoa. But now we are talking of Tanganyika, the fulfilment of the aims of trusteeship under a wise and liberal Administering Authority, and the promise of its future under a great leader of his people.

It is the earnest hope and belief of my delegation that the three elements which Prime Minister Nyerere has singled out as crucial for the smooth and rapid transition to independence of trust territories will be repeated in the case of the remaining territories still under trusteeship. Before I turn to these matters I wish to extend to the Trusteeship Council, through its distinguished president, Mr. U Tin Maung, our sincere congratulations on the contribution which the Council has made to Tanganyika's progress to independence. The Council as a whole has never failed to take its responsibilities towards Trust Territories seriously and honestly. It must be a great satisfaction to the Council that