

These species are not separated very clearly and the last two should perhaps be combined

EUURA.

E. orbitalis, Norton.—6 males, 12 females. April, May.

These insects have been frequently bred from the galls on the stems of willows, and also from galls of *C. strobiloides*. Specimens vary considerably in size and coloration, but the differences do not seem to be great, or constant, enough to allow of separation, although following the descriptions they might be divided into almost as many species as have been erected by Walsh and Norton.

NEMATUS.

N. concolor, Norton.—2 females. April 23rd.

N. labradoris, Norton.—1 female.

N. malacus, Norton.—2 females. May 8th and 18th

N. extensicornis, Norton.—8 males. May 16th, June 5th.

N. monela, Norton?—1 female. June 6th, (from Mr. Guignard.)

N. subalbus, Norton?—9 females. May 28th, June 5th.

N. corniger, Norton.—16 males, 15 females. May 17th, August 8th.

N. pallicornis, Norton.—13 males, 19 females. May 9th, June 13th.

N. ventralis, Say.—2 males, 7 females. May 24th, July 1st.

N. saskatchewan, Norton.—2 females. May 28th, June 6th.

N. militaris, Cress.—1 female.

N. latifasciatus, Cress.—1 male, 1 female. July 7th, Alder.

N. erythrogaster, Norton.—1 males, 7 females. June 5th, August 8th.

N. Erichsonii, Hartig.—1 male, 11 females. May 19th, June 23rd.

This imported species has devastated the larch forests of the Maritime Provinces and Quebec, and in Ontario has been also so abundant as to annually defoliate this tree. Its increase seems, however, to have been slightly checked, and during the past season the trees suffered less, apparently.

N. pallidiventris, Fallén?—2 males, 5 females. August 26th.

This is apparently an imported species, and has been found infesting ornamental willows on the Central Experimental Farm. The females were ovipositing on the date given. It differs in some respects from *pallidiventris* as described by Cameron, and may be a distinct species.