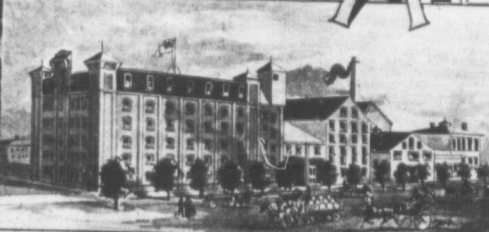


THE TORONTO BREWING & MALTING CO. (LTD)

SIMCOE ST. TORONTO.



We guarantee our productions to be brewed from pure malt & hops only.

Our SPECIAL BRAND "DIAMOND ALE" is brewed from the finest imported hops & the choicest malt & will compare favourably with any bottled ale imported or domestic on the market.

OUR BRANDS ARE

DIAMOND ALE.

INDIA PALE ALE.

AMBER ALE.

EXTRA STOUT.

HALF & HALF.

Trade AND Notes.

GREAT improvements are being made in the Russell House, Detroit.

The British American Brewing Co., of Windsor, Ont., has put its new brew house in operation.

RHOES, CURRY & Co. have brought suit against the Grand Hotel at Yarmouth, N.S., the consideration being \$17,000.

LORD ABERDEEN has consented to let his name be used for the hotel being erected by Messrs. T. Thrasher & Son at Brockville.

MR. WILMARTH S. KETCHAM, of Bristol, has leased the Hotel Wilbur at Manchester, Ont., and will take possession on April 1st.

Nor even a druggist's license is to be used down in Revere this year. It will be the driest town in the state.—*Boston Herald.* Yes, and the least progressive and meanest.

A CLEAN cork is a valuable polisher used with powder or oil for such things as mirrors, rods, tools, hinges, etc. For removing spots from marble it is better than a cloth in applying pumice or rotten stone.

The following leaseings are announced: Mr. John Publow, the Union Park Hotel, Brockville, Ont. Mr. P. A. Dandurand, Hotel St. Louis, Ste. Anne de Beaupre, P.E. Mr. Joseph Peterson, late of the Chapman House, Sarnia, the Lambton House.

The lady boarders of the Windsor Hotel, Montreal, made a handsome present to Mr. and Mrs. Swett on their coming for New York, to mark their as-

teen for them personally, and their appreciation of Mr. Swett's uniform courtesy and attention to their comfort.

THERE are 1,930 breweries and 4,791 distilleries in the United States. New York leads in the number of both. Pennsylvania being second. In breweries Wisconsin stands third on the list and California fourth. Illinois is third in distilleries and California is fourth.

Now comes the Women's Christian Temperance Union of New York, and allows that the corset is as big a curse to woman as rum is to man. They both frequently make their victims somewhat tight.—*Boston Herald.*

Let us take a plebiscite as to whether the corset shall be prohibited.

The Brewers' Association, and the hop dealers of California have adopted resolutions, which are sent to all the papers of that state, declaring that they will neither buy nor use hops grown in Lake county, because that county has adopted an ordinance prohibiting the sale of beer within its limits.

A ROW has arisen over custom officers in the States "sampling" champagne, who are charged with taking two or three bottles from each case. This practice has occasioned complaints in Canada. The testing of wine for spirit strength gives a chance for abuses of this class, which are difficult to check.

Is Quebec last year the Government revenue from hotel and liquor licenses was \$672,577; in Ontario, Government \$294,517 and municipalities \$287,649. The trade thus paid in two provinces \$1,234,623 for licenses. The replacement of this income should Prohibition be enforced, would be a difficult task.—*Trade Review.*

It is nearly always the lowest rate guest of the house that does the most kicking, uses the most stationery, talks loudest at the table about how they do things at other hotels, expects the most mail and telegrams, and makes himself most disagreeable generally.—*Denver Hotel Bulletin.*

HORACE GREELY said: "It is impossible to mentally or socially enslave a Bible reading people." There must be very little study of the Scriptures in some sections of Canada and the United States.—*Ec.*

Oh, no, there is lots of reading of the Bible; no trouble about that. Few readers, however, understand what they are reading.—*Western Review.*

LATEST estimates place the cost of running South Carolina's liquor dispensary system at about \$450,000 a year, which includes the payment of a large number of spies. As for revenue the system is a disappointment, while it puts a premium upon illicit traffic in intoxicants. The experience of every state that has yet undertaken to reform the liquor traffic has been that moderation and the exercise of hard common sense yield the best results in the long run.

A YOUNG man in West Windsor, Mich., wanted a marriage license. He went to the Treasurer instead of the County Clerk, and asked what a license would cost. The Treasurer's wife, who was in charge, thinking he wanted a liquor license, told him it would cost \$250 for six months. The young man raged and declared that if it cost \$250 every six months for license to live with a woman in Michigan he would go to Utah and take unto himself several wives at a much cheaper rate.

TWENTY-FIVE years ago a doctor of Massachusetts died, aged 105, and the

abstinence party sent a deputation to his grandson to see if they could not elicit some useful corroboration for their views.

"Oh, yes, my grandfather was a man of very regular habits," said the grandson. And then it came out that he had regularly taken a glass of rum the first thing in the morning, another at eleven o'clock, two glasses at early dinner, one more at tea, and another on going to bed. He rarely had a pipe out of his mouth, and every week bought twenty-one inches of pig-tail tobacco, which he cut up into seven pieces, consuming a piece each day.

The following have been appointed License Commissioners: For West York—George Elliott, Edward Stock and Wm. Pears. For Haliburton—Edward B. Mun, George Rodgers and John Stothart. For Lennox—Jacob F. Smith, Jas. C. Huffman and Henry L. Davy. For Halton—John R. Barber, Donald Campbell and Wm. F. W. Fisher. For Manitoulin—Hugh McLaughlin, Robert Thorburn and W. A. M. Bellwood. For Algoma—David Jackson, Duncan Bole, and Patrick A. Mulligan.

Hor dealers have sent a protest to the United States Senate Finance committee against the change made by them in the Wilson bill from eight cents per pound specific to a twenty per cent. ad valorem duty. They claim that an ad valorem duty would put such a premium on dishonesty on the part of the foreign dealers that reputable importers would be driven out of the business. Sudden fluctuations in the German hop market are so common, they further allege, that the value of a lot of hops under transportation to this country might fluctuate to such an extent before arrival as to upset all calculation of the amount of duty, and thus involve a ruinous loss to the importer.