"RADNOR,"
EMPRESS OF WATERS.
Sold by all leading Hotels, Saloons and Wine Merchants.
Agent—Henry Read.

The Toronto World.

DICKSON & TOWNSEND
TELEPHONE 2072
Our regular sale of Furniture to-day, when will also be offered a choice lot of Tweeds and Suitings.

SIXTEENTH YEAR
THURSDAY MORNING MARCH 21 1895.
ONE CENT.

WILL BE SIGNED TO-DAY

The Remedial Order Will Then be Sent to Manitoba.

DELAYED BY MR. DICKEY'S ABSENCE

Specific Instructions Contained in the on Judgment

It is Ordered "That the Recommendations and Directions" "be Punctually Obeyed and Carried Into Effect"—The Order to be Signed in the Same Manner a Ordrrs Made by the Imperial Privy Council.

Ottawa, Ont., March 20.—His Excellency the Governor-General this morning signed the minute of Council recommending the issue of a remedial order in the Manitoba school case. It was expected that the order would be sent to Winnipeg to-day, but it appears that the intention is to allow the practice that prevails in the Imperial Privy Council. When an order is issued by Her Majesty in Council it is done with the Queen and a quorum of her ministers present, and, therefore, when the formal remedial order on the Manitoba Government is itself finally signed by Lord Aberdeen, it will be with members of his Cabinet with him. This meeting would have been held this afternoon and the order finally passed, but for the absence from the city of the Secretary of State, custodian of the Great Seal. Mr. Dickey will be home from New England to-morrow.

A strong point in connection with the finding of the Judicial Committee in the Manitoba appeal is contained in the specific declaration attached to the judgment and sent to Canada. It reads as follows: "And Her Majesty, at court at Osborne House, in the Isle of Wight, on the 2nd day of February, 1895, after taking the said report (i.e., the report of the Judicial Committee) into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Majesty's Privy Council, to approve of the said report of the lords of committee and to order that the recommendations and directions therein contained be punctually observed, obeyed and carried into effect, in each and every particular, whereof the Governor-General for the Dominion of Canada for the time being, and all other persons whom it may concern, are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly."

It is expected that the order upon the Manitoba Government will close with somewhat similar phraseology.

MANITOBA WILL NOT RECEDE.

After Again Resenting Interference Greenway Will Dissolve the House.

Winnipeg, Man., March 20.—The announcement that the Government had passed a remedial order in the school appeal is the chief topic of conversation here and throughout Manitoba. Members of the Provincial Legislature, which happens now to be in session here, were greatly interested in the Cabinet decision and in the Legislative chamber there was much speculation as to the outcome. Several supporters of the Greenway Government, being interviewed, said that if the order sent from Ottawa really required the Manitoba Parliament to adopt remedial legislation the Local House may, after debate, define its position and communicate the same to the Government at Ottawa. That position has been defined frequently before and will not be swerved from now. It is that Manitoba refuses to allow interference with her shool act, and will not suffer remedial legislation. It was reported that, after submitting its reply to Ottawa, the Local Government will ask confirmation of its action from the people by dissolving the House and going to the country on the question. Members of the Government will not talk on the matter until the order has been received from Ottawa.

Politicians Interviewed.

Your correspondent to-day interviewed a number of prominent public men here on this new turn of affairs. Their views were divergent as to the wisdom of the Government's course, and they were not agreed on the abolition of Separate schools, but unanimous as to what course Greenway's Government would follow. The idea in political circles here is that the order will be brought before the Manitoba Legislature now in session. The Legislature, by an overwhelming majority, will reject the order, and again affirm its determination to stand by national schools, as established by the School Act of 1890. The Dominion Cabinet, receiving this answer from Manitoba, will at once summon a session of Parliament, and throw the responsibility of action on the House. The Parliament, having reached a decision and both parties being committed to some line of policy, an appeal will be taken to the country.

M'CARTHY'S FULMINATION.

He Declares That Hon. Clarke Wallace Must Resign at Once.

D'Alton McCarthy in his speech at Orangeville, touching on the Manitoba school question, said. This handful of half-breeds, backed by Quebec, has come to Ottawa and forced the ex-Grand Master of the Orangemen to summon Manitoba to the bar, and threaten to pass what is called a remedial order. For all I know it may be passed to-day. They have been sitting there trembling for the last two or three days, because at Ottawa they have seen the cloud rising in the west; they have read the report of the Toronto meeting, and the resolution of the Grand Orange Lodge

A voice: Have you read it?

Mr. McCarthy: I have read it; I am glad to recognize it. (Applause.) When they read the report of the Grand Lodge, when the Orangemen send word that they will have no interference with the question, no wonder that the ex-Grand Master trembles in his boots. But behind them stands the priest-ridden power of the lower province; behind them stands Quebec with its Ouimets, its Carons and its Angers, and its hierarchical system, demanding as the price of their support in the coming election the passage of a remedial order.

Mr. McCarthy recalled the strenuous opposition displayed by the ex-Grand Master to Separate schools. When Mr. Mackenzie moved a resolution adverse to interference with New Brunswick, and when a French member moved a rider expressing the regret of Parliament that New Brunswick had not done justice to the minority, the Grand Master would not vote for the resolution. He would only vote for a pure and simple declaration that the Dominion had no business to interfere with New Brunswick. It is for the Prime Minister to say what the policy of the Government is to be.

After stating that he did not know that the people would be any better off if Mr. Laurier had to deal with the question, he went on to say: "I am quite sure Sir John Macdonald—(applause)—would not be in the hole that these gentlemen are in to-day. (I am quite certain that he would have found some way of extricating himself from this difficulty. (Laughter and applause.) But, then, he was the man who stood up against Archbishop Tache in the Northwest; he was the man who kept the Archbishop at bay when he was demanding there a little Quebec. Sir John didn't want to make an enemy of him, and he did not like to say so in cold blood, but he fooled the old gentleman, and the end was that we had a rebellion, because I never had any doubt in my mind that the rebellion of Riel was a rebellion instigated and stirred up by the people of Eastern Canada, the people who went wild when Riel was strung up. Mr. McCarthy said he never dreamed these people would take the ex-Grand Sovereign by the neck and make him do their bidding.

In discussing the position of Hon. N. Clarke Wallace in relation to this question the speaker said: "I have no particular love for that gentleman, and I think he has no particular love for me, but I will forgive him all he has ever said about me if he has only the manliness to come out and be true to the order to which he belongs, and I venture to say since the ex-Grand Master has gone back upon his principles a great responsibility rests upon Mr. Wallace, and he will never be forgiven by the Orangemen, whose Grand Sovereign in this Dominion he is, if he remains in that Cabinet five minutes after a remedial order is passed, because a remedial order means that the Government are pledged as a Government, and their party as a party, not merely to pass the remedial order, but when the time comes to pass an act of Parliament by which Separate schools will be imposed on Manitoba. I don't believe there is the power in the Dominion to force Manitobans into the Separate school system, when the people of Manitoba realize and know that it is not done in their interest, but by a political party that has sold them like sheep at the shambles, sold them for the Lower Canadian vote. A high and proud-spirited people like they are will never submit to allow the Quebec people to override them and attempt to enforce a law which they in their wisdom do not believe to be right." (Cheers.)

THE HOWE ISLAND SCHOOLS.

Eastern Grand Orange Lodge Will Pay the Protestants' Expenses.

Gananoque, Ont., March 20.—When the Eastern Grand Lodge opened Bro. Capt. Gaskin brought up the Howe Island school case. A resolution was passed pledging the Grand Lodge to support Howe Island Protestants in retaining the schools of the Island as public schools, the Grand Lodge to send the case on for consideration of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of British America. This was finally settled in the afternoon, when a motion was passed that this Grand Lodge would pay all expenses in connection with the Howe Island school case over and above that paid by the Catholics.

The Manitoba school question, which was expected to raise quite a storm at the meeting, was finally settled without much discussion, as the Government had decided the matter, an dit was now in the hands of the Governor-General for ratification or until such time as the Government had made known the decision arrived at in council, and has received the signature of Lord Aberdeen.

Hon J. C. Patterson at Quebec

Quebec, March 20.—Hon. J. C. Patterson, accompanied by Col. Turnbull and friends, arrived here to-day. Hon. Mr. Patterson was dined by military friends at the Garrison Club. The Minister of Militia and party leave to-morrow on a tour to Lake St. John region.

Patron to Oppose Cargill (Con.).

Formosa, Ont., March 20.—The Patrons of East Bruce held a convention here today to nominate a candidate. James Tolton of Walkerton was the choice.

Ferguson vs. Brady in Suth Rentrew.

Renfrew, Ont., March 20.—South Renfrew Reformers to-day nominated Mr. John Brady as their candidate to oppose the present member John Ferguson, who in the last contest had a majority of 444.

Political Notes.

Le Canada, Ottawa, believes that the session will commence on April 4.

Le Canada considers the order-in-council will convince the Catholics that their representatives in the Cabinet have done their duty.

Complete returns from Haldimand give Dr. Baxter a majority of 282. The vote polled was Baxter 1922, Senn 1640. In June last the vote was Senn 1693, Baxter 1678.

In West Durham the three candidates are hustling to catch the farmers before spring plowing starts. Candidate Beith, M.P., has held meetings at every schoolhouse already and Messrs. Laurier, Cartwright and McMullen will lend a hand. D. F. Walsh, the Conservative nominee, is canvassing hard, while C. J. Thornton, the Patron aspirant, has called in Leader Haycock to his assistance.

Le Monde, Montreal, doubts the sincerity of the request made by the Cabinet to the Manitoba Legislature with regard to the remedial legislation, charges the Government with evading the question and warns them to beware of approaching retribution.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is delicious.

A reduction in price of Gibbons' Toothache Gum to 10c, sold by all druggists.

THE FORGIVING D'ALTON

See Mr. McCarthy's Speech at Orangeville.

FOR FRIDAY.

The Biggest Bargain Day Plums Ever Offered in Toronto.

The remainder of Dineens' great fur stock, including several dozen magnificent new style wraps, capes and jackets, will be sold to-morrow at prices that will make experienced shoppers open their eyes, and will prove irresistible even to the most inveterate bargain hunter.

All these garments are fully guaranteed, having been made on the premises, many of them within the last few weeks, and being of the very latest fashion.

There are also some really marvelous bargains in smaller furs, muffs, boas, children's furs, etc. In these there has been a proportionate reduction, and they are cheaper than ever before.

New spring hats are in. Have you seen them at Dineens'? The largest hat and fur store in the Dominion. Best goods and lowest prices.

Safeguard of the Country.

A policy of life insurance is an asset that cannot run away, neither can it be lost or stolen, but remains for the benefit of those for whom it has been purchased. To carry an ample amount of life insurance is an evidence, not only of thoughtfulness for the welfare of others, but of wisdom and foresight, which the community has a right to expect from every man. To refuse to perform one's duty in this respect is to stamp one with the brand of avarice and selfishness, which not only warps the character, but exerts a most unhealthy influence upon all who are compelled to come in contact with them.

Talk with an agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York or write Henry K. Merritt, manager, 31, 32, 33 Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

Sword's Neckwear.

Our sale of shepherd check neckwear this week at 25 cents has been an unparalleled success, also our tartan hopsack ties at 15 cents. Secure some of these novelties before best patterns are sold.

We make any shape tie you desire to order at popular prices—55 King-street, opposite Toronto.

A copy of a telegram received from New York city, which is a credit to Toronto:

Chivrell's, Toronto, Ont., March 18, '95: Ship us two hundred pounds of live lobsters at once.

WALDORF HOTEL,
New York.

P.S. This hotel is the finest and largest in the world, and, by the way, while we are writing, to-night, to-morrow night and Saturday our D'Alessandro's orchestra will render some selections from Della Fox's "Little Trooper," the very latest. This, with a sirloin or broiled lobster, goes very nicely together at Chivrell's, 96 King-street west, open day and night.

What to Drink.

Drink East Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale. Drink Eest Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale. Drink East Kent ale.

Health and vigor maintained by using Adams' Tutti Frutti. It strengthens digestion. Refuse imitations.

A Gratifying Report.

The new business received during the year 1894 by the North American Life Assurance Company was over $3,000,000, being the largest in the history of the company. Notwithstanding the procurement of this large volume of new business, and the payment to policy-holders of death claims, matured endowments, profits, etc., of the large sum of $133,426, it increased its reserve and surplus funds for policy-holders by $284,000.—Globe, Toronto, Feb. 2, 1895. 246

'Salada" Ceylon Tea is delicious.

A Big Deal

Hope Bros. & Patterson have purchased Quinn's stock of men's furnishings, amounting to $13,000, at 50c on the dollar. They will commence a slaughter sale at 10 o'clock Saturday morning at Quinn's well-known stand, 115 King-street west. Hope Bros. & Patterson, purchasers. ed

Turkish baths, day and night, 204 King st

Hotel Del Monte, Preston Springs.

Open the year round. Tropical temperature. The water and baths are recommended by leading physicians, and rates low. Apply to C.P.R. or G.T.R. offices for pamphlets. d

Salada Ceylon Tea is delicious.

At All First-Class Hotels.

California Tokay 10c per dock glass at all first-class hotels and clubs. It is the most delicious red sweet pure wine ever sold in Canada.

Salada Ceylon Tea is delicious.

Sherries, Oloronso, $8.50 per flozen; Manzanilla, light and dry, $9 to $10 per dozen; Oloroso, superior, $11 per dozen; Pasto, dry and delicate, $13 per dozen. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street.

Dunlop's English Violets.

The English violet excels all others in beauty of tint and sweetness of perfume. Dunlop has now about 10,000 plants in bloom.

Turkish baths, open all night, phone 128

Living Pictures.

Living pictures of comfort are the people who buy their coal and wood at the offices of the People's Coal Company. Telephone us 2246, 1310, 4048, 2874. 4

Who Should Use Almoxia Wine?

Persons sick and convalescent, whose blood grows poor and thin; who have a distaste for food; whose members grow cold and inactive; whose sleep is agitated and uneasy. Sold by all druggists and wine merchants.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto

Pure Water and Long Life.

Independent of all other precautions there is one sure method of avoiding disease, and that is in drinking perfectly pure mineral water. Sprudel is bottled at the celebrated Mount Clemens Spring just as the water flows from the earth, and there is no mineral water sold on this continent to be compared to it.

Ask your grocer for Salada Ceylon Teas

Fish Story.

Haddock & cod, 4 1-2c; white fish & salmon 6c; finan haddie, 6c; black bass, 8c; pickerel, 5c, pike, 4c; perch, 3c. John Miller & Co., 77-81 Queen west. 246

Cabinet Photos.

Mr. J. Fraser Bryce, photographer, 107 King-street west, cabinet photos a specialty. Appointments if desired. 246

Steamship Movements.

Teutonic, at Queenstown, from New York. Cephalonia, at Liverpool, from Halifax. Fulda, at New York, from Bremen. Normannia, at New York, from Genoa. La Touraine, at Constantinople, from New York.

Ask for Dewar's Scotch whisky, as supplied to her Majesty, Queen Victoria. 246

PATRONS AGAIN CORNERED

THEY DISAPPROVE OF THE GOVERNMENT BUYING BUTTER.

Sir Oliver Secures a Majority of 39 on the Question of Assisting Dairy Farmers—Proposal to Facilitate Shipment of Butter to England—Hotelmen Have Many Wants.

The Opposition in the Local Legislature are still devoting a large portion of their time to the Patron party. So far their clever tactics have been rewarded with success, and the members of that body are placed in a very awkward position with their supporters in the province. On four different occasions they have been put on record as having voted against the planks of their platform. What the farmers will think of the action of the Patrons yesterday is a matter of much speculation. With the exception of one member they voted against favoring the action of the Dominion Government in purchasing at 20 cents per pound all creamery butter made between Jan. 1 and April1, 1895. The result of the coalition was that Sir Oliver Mowat was given a majority of 39—the largest he ever had.

The question came up on two motions of Mr. Whitney. The first was accepted by the Government, and carried. It read:

That in the interests of the people of this Province, and, in order that the producers may secure the full benefit of the sums annually expended to aid the Dairy interests thereof, the Butter Trade deserves to be encouraged.

On the second motion, however, there was a long and interesting debate, in which all parties took a hand. The resolution was as follows:

Shipments to Britain.

That this House, having regard to the Butter Trade in this Province and the depressed condition thereof, has observed with satisfaction the announcement of the intention of the Government of Canada to provide for the immediate shipment of fresh-made creamery butter to Great Britain, and to purchase at twenty cents per pound all creamery butter of fine quality made between 1st January and 1st April, 1895; and, bearing in mind the expenditure already incurred by the Governments of the Province and Dominion to improve and foster the Dairy interests of the country, respectfully urges upon the Government of Canada the advisability and necessity of providing such further or other aid as may be found to be necessary from time to time, in order that the producers of fresh-made creamery butter may secure the full benefit of such expenditure.

Mr. Whitney, in making his motions, explained that, had the rules of the House permitted, he would have made them more definite—he would have suggested that the Provincial Government do the same. He quoted the resolution passed by the Ontario Creameries Association at the convention recently held asking for Government aid to place Canadian butter on the English market. It was, he contended, a right, a proper thing, for the Provincial Legislature to encourage the agricultural interests; but what they had to look to was that the money should be expended in the most advantageous manner.

Government Amendment.

Hon. Mr. Dryden, in reply, expressed the opinion that the Dominion Government had not adopted the best means of encouraging the butter industry. The Government, he considered, had gone outside its legitimate functions in undertaking the sale of butter, and furthermore, the action was altogether unnecessary. The farmers of the country were perfectly competent to look after their own business and get their articles into the best market, providing the obstacles were removed; and he urged that the step which had been taken by the Dominion Government was merely a party move to influence the general elections and not to benefit the butter industry. Two reasons there were, said he, why we had so small an export trade in butter. In the first place all the best butter manufactured was consumed at home, the glut on the market being caused by inferior produce which it did not pay to send abroad; and in the second place the butter, which was exported, was sent out in too stale and old a condition. If we were to send our best butter to England it was necessary that we should have better shipping facilities than we had, and he contended that the Creameries Association referred to this in their resolution in convention. Another cause of depression in the trade, he argued, was owing to the fact that butter manufactured in the summer was held until the winter. There were to-day 100 creameries in operation, which were quite sufficient to fill the market all the year round, and, therefore, we had no use for the summer butter held over and speculators had been bitten. He moved this amendment:

That this House approves of any reasonable and efficient arrangement that may be made to facilitate the carriage in cold storage of the dairy produce of the province to ports of shipment in Great Britain, and whereby ample cold storage for such products shall be provided in such cities of Great Britain as may be necessary in the interests of trade.

Messrs. McPherson, Bush, McDonald, Carnegie, Ross, Howland and Middleton also spoke.

The Division—Majority 39.

The division on the amendment was taken a few minutes after 6 o'clock, with this result: Yeas 60, nays 21; Government majority 39

The Patrons voted solid with the Government, with the exception of Mr. Kidd, who supported the Opposition. The P.P.A. members also registered against the Opposition.

The Opposition immediately took hold of the amendment, and Mr. Whitney gave notice that he would ask whether it is the intention of the Government to give financial aid to facilitate the carriage in cold storage of the dairy products of the province to the ports of shipment in Great Britain, and to supply cold storage for such products in such of the cities of Great Britain as may be necessary in the interests of the trade

To Prevent Fruit Frauds.

A bill introduced by Hon. Mr. Dryden for the prevention of fraud in the sale of fruit was read a first time. The bill provides that every person packing fruit shall mark on the crate the words "No. 1," or "No. 2," according to the grade of fruit, or the word "Ungraded," as the case may be, and also his postoffice address. Grade 1 is to consist of well-grown specimens of one variety, as nearly as possible uniform in size, and throughout of good form and color, sound and whole and free from worms, bruises or disease. Grade 2 is to consist of well-grown specimens of one variety, which, on account of inequality of size, lack of color or other defects, cannot be included in grade 1. All other fruit offered for sale in bulk is to be classed as "Ungraded." The person receiving fruit for sale in bulk on commission is compelled to notify the consignor within one week of the price received therefor and the name and address of the purchaser.

Mr. Hardy's bill respecting road allowances in the Rainy River survey was read a third time.

Inspection of Boilers.

Mr. Crawford introduced a bill provid-

Continued on Second Page.

PECULIAR VIEWS.

CANADA: Well, Mr. McCarthy, supposing this all to be true, is it your idea of true statesmanship?

IRISH MANHOOD SUFFRAGE

MAY NOW BE OBTAINED AFTER 20 YEARS STRUGGLE.

British Authors' Petition 1000 Strong Against Canadian Copyright—Mr. Gladstone to Reappear in Parliament—Commissioner Murray Leaves To-Day For Newfounnland—His Appointment Severely Criticised.

London, March 20.—In the House of Commons to-day the bill introduced by Mr. Healy, member for the north division of Louth, giving to every ratepayer in Ireland a vote in the borough in which he is rated passed its second reading. Though the measure is similar to the Municipal Franchise Act, which has long been in force in England, it has been brought forward annually for the last 20 years and its progress blocked by the Conservative members of the House.

Mr. Balfour and other Conservative speakers announced that they approved the measure.

BELGIUM WILL LIFT THE EMBARGO

Canadian Cattle Found by Experts to be Free From Disease.

London, March 20.—There is reason to expect that Belgium soon will remove its prohibition of Canadian cattle, as the results of commission inquiries disproving the existence of the disease have been communicated by the Government to the Belgian Cabinet.

Exhibition of Colonial Resources.

London, March 20.—A monster exhibition of colonial resources will be opened in Agricultural Hall next July. Gen. Booth of the Salvation Army will organize the exhibits of Canadian produce.

Montreal Macdonald Monument Ready.

London, March 20.—The bronze work for the monument to be erected in Montreal to the memory of Sir John A. Macdonald has been completed, and is ready to be shipped on the first steamer after the opening of navigation.

Murray Leaves for Newfoundland To-Day.

London, March 20.—Herbert Murray, formerly chairman of the Customs Department, will start to-morrow for Newfoundland to distribute a relief fund for the Imperial Government. In colonial circles the appointment is criticized severely, on the ground that Mr. Murray has had no official or other experience in the colonies.

Authors Petition Against Canadian Copyright.

London, March 20.—The Society of Authors secured more than 1000 signatures to its petition against the Canadian copyright. All the most conspicuous writers and publishers signed it. The petition is now in the hands of Lord Ripon, Secretary of the Colonies.

Gladstone to Reappear in the House

London, March 20.—It is announced that Mr. Gladstone will return to England at the end of the present week, and it is expected that he will deliver an address in the House of Commons as a tribute to Right Hon. Arthur Wellesley Peel, the retiring Speaker. The leaders in the House are in hopes that the ex-Premier will act as mediator in the Speakership deadlock.

Several London newspapers, in articles on the condition of Lord Rosebery's health, advise the Premier to make a sea voyage, in the belief that such a trip would be of benefit to him.

A Few Thousands.

Pounds of fine table butter this week at 12c, cooking butter 9c; warranted new laid eggs 12c per dozen. John Miller & Co., 77-81 Queen-street west. 246

Another Spring Day.

Lowest and highest temperatures yesterday: Calgary, 20—50; Battleford, 24 — 40; Qu'Appelle, 26—44; Winnipeg, 24 — 42; Parry Sound, 2—34; Toronto, 20—32; Kingston, 16—30; Montreal, 16—26; Quebec, 14 —26; Halifax, 14—28;

PROBS.—Fine weather; stationary or a little higher temperature.

THE MANITOBA SCHOOL QUESTION

Ably Dealt With in the Latest Issue of the Barrister.

The March number of The Barrister is to hand, and contains a leading article on the Manitoba school case. This should be read by everyone to understand this great question which is fraught with so much importance to Canada. Mr. O. A. Howland's second article on "The Constitutional Rights of Canada," will be anticipated with pleasure by all who read this first. This number is now for sale at John P. McKenna's, Bookseller, 80 Yonge-street. The career of Sir Oliver Mowat as a lawyer is dealt with in a very interesting way. When it is remembered that Sir Oliver quit active practice 31 years ago, it will be realized that the present generation knows little of his career at the bar.

Queen's Own, Highlanders and Grenadiers, attention! Tonka Smoking Mixture remains cool under fire. This is why soldiers prefer it. Ask your tobacconist for a 10c package.

Island Cottages.

One of the most pleasant and retired parts of the Island is that known as "St. Andrew's-on-the-Lake," where Mr. E. R. C. Clarkson has his colony of artistic summer cottages, possessing as they do every facility that is possible on the Island in the way of restaurants, telephones and good delivery to and from the city. These cottages are always in demand. As already there is a promising demand for cottages on the Island this year it would be advisable for those who wish to make certain of a health-giving resort this summer to apply at once to Mr. Clarkson and secure one.

The most efficient stomach corrective known to the medical faculty—Adams Tutti Frutti. Take no imitations.

The "Tappit Hen"

This is the distinctive name given to a fine blend of Scotch whisky, distilled by Thom & Cameron, Glasgow, and put up in quart jars.

This and other similar blends are for sale by Michie & Co., 51 1-2 King-street west. ed

Ask your grocer for Salada Ceylon Tea.

ASSESSMENT SYSTEM.

Commercial Travelers have now the opportunity of carrying $2000 insurance on their lives without costing them a cent. Write the secretary of the Mutual Benefit Society, 50 Yonge-street, for particulars. 461

Turkish baths, bed for all night bather.

Egyptian Cigarettes.

Perhaps the most fragrant cigarets and those most appreciated by smokers are The Egyptian—an excellent Brand—put up either in tins of 100 each or in small packets, sold by Michie & Co. at both their stores. ed

'Salada" is the King of all Teas

Arlington Hotel.

This elegant, comfortable hotel offers every inducement to those desiring permanent winter accommodations.

Beaumont Jarvis, Architect and Superintendent, Traders Bk. Bldg., Toronto. Phone 2274

DEATHS.

ANDERSON—At his late residence, Eglinton, on Wednesday, March 20, Thomas Winslow Anderson, aged 87 years.

Funeral on Friday, the 22nd, at 2.30 p.m., to the Necropolis Cemetery. Friends will please not send flowers.

THOMSON—At her late residence, 267 Spadina-avenue, on Tuesday, March 19, Catherine, widow of the late Charles Thomson, in her 67th year.

Funeral Thursday at 2.30.

Aberdeenshire papers please copy.

"Salada" Tea is sold in lead packets only

Monumental.

D. McIntosh & Sons, the leading sculptors, have best designs and most complete facilities for turning out best work in monuments, etc., in the Dominion. Showrooms, 524 Yonge-street; works, Yonge-street, Deer Park. 146

For good value in letter and blank books try Blight Bros., 65 Yonge-st. 246

WELLS WAS MURDERED

Such is the Opinion of the Police Magistrate.

THE HYAMS TWINS SENT FOR TRIAL

Discharge of Dallas Applied for, But Refused.

The Intention to Put Dallas in the Box Abandoned By the Defence—Medical Experts Swear Positively That the Injuries to the Skull Could Not Have Been Occasioned By the Weight Dropping on the Head of Deceased—The Fractures Show the Application of Two Lines of Force, One in the Front and One in the Rear.

Harry P. and Dallas T. Hyams were yesterday evening committed for trial by the Police Magistrate on a charge of having wilfully murdered William C. Wells in their warehouse in Colborne-street, on Monday, Jan. 16, 1893.

Mr. E.F.B. Johnston, counsel for defence, made an unsuccessful plea for the discharge of Dallas T. Hyams on the ground that there was no evidence to implicate him in the crime.

In declining the application Police Magistrate Denison said: "I don't wish to review all the evidence and argue the points discussed, but my impression is that, from the evidence adduced, there is enough to place the accused on trial. There is no doubt that the evidence is not so strong against Dallas Hyams as against the other prisoner. But the evidence has convinced me that the death of young Wells was not due to accident. There has been ample testimony to show that the weight could not have come off the hook and killed the deceased as alleged. Some one killed him, and these two men were the only persons present when he met his death. Anyway, I don't want to argue the case and show the strong points against the prisoners. I will commit both for trial."

While the argument for his discharge was in progress, Dallas Hyams became extremely nervous. He moved about his seat in the dock, and gave evidence of suffering from the most intense excitement. Several times it looked as if he was about to drop from his seat in a faint. His twin brother was more composed. He sat with his head turned to the right and never removed his gaze once from the east wall of the court room.

No Witness For the Defence.

The defence had intended to put Dallas Hyams in the box to tell his story, but after hearing the medical testimony counsel altered their minds, and decided to introduce no evidence. There was a little spat between the lawyers before the court was dismissed over a charge made by Mr. Johnston that the Crown had interviewed a witness for the defence to get his story, and it was charged that the prosecution had become acquainted with the story of this witness in consequence of a detective having been present when the prisoners were interviewed by Attorney Wellman. This witness, by the way, is a barber in Leader-lane, who shaved Dallas Hyams the morning of the tragedy. Mr. Curry denied that the information had reached the Crown through the interview between the twins and their counsel, and Deputy-Chief Stuart corroborated him.

It was arranged Detectives Slemin and Burrows should accompany prisoners' counsel to the Colborne-street warehouse to-day, where experiments with the weight and rope will be made.

Mr. Johnston's Argument.

In moving for the discharge of Dallas Hyams, Mr. Johnston argued that no evidence whatever had been brought forward to implicate Dallas Hyams in the murder, if murder there was. While admitting that the Magistrate had been fair to the prisoners since the investigation began, he asked that he exhibit the same fairness to Dallas as he had shown in the past, irrespective of what people say and irrespective of what the newspapers might say. To begin with there was no evidence to show that Dallas had the slightest motive in removing Wells, and the motive was, after all, the turning point in the case. The Crown claims that the policies were put on young Wells with an object, that his death subsequently took place, and that subsequently again Harry Hyams received a large share of the policy money. There was nothing to show that Dallas Hyams had anything to do with placing the insurance on the young man's life. Harry was at the time engaged to be married to Martha Wells, did marry her and may or may not have got the insurance money. The evidence showed that Dallas Hyams placed large insurance on his own life in 1892, and that he was continually talking about insurance. The sole evidence against Dallas with respect to the insurance is that all parties in the warehouse discussed the proposal. Gundry went there, used the ordinary blandishments and secured the risk. If the insurance had been put on for a sinister purpose, the Hyams would have taken out the policies without having been approached by the agent. Dallas had no interest pecuniary or otherwise, in the result of the insurance. He did not even get the commission, which was returned by the agent—Aylesworth got that.

Did Not Rent the Warehouse.

There was nothing to show that Dallas was at all instrumental in renting the warehouse or that he in any way took part in the conduct of the business, the clerks receiving their orders from Harry P. Hyams.

There was no blood on the clothing of Dallas, as there would have been had he had anything to do with the occurrence.

The fact that Dallas was in the warehouse when the tragedy occurred was no more suggestive than that Expressman Fox was there. He had a perfect right to be there.

Both prisoners were excitable, nervous men. The fact that Dallas was sent home in a cab and that he was unable to eat for several days was explained by the circumstance that he was sickened by the sight of the accident.

A pair of trousers with blood on them was found by Mrs. Dallas Hyams hanging up in the closet. No attempt was made to destroy or conceal them. As a matter of fact, they were the trousers of Harry Hyams.

Tried By the Newspapers.

"I wish to say," continued Mr. Johnston, "and say it strongly, that we have been tried, we have been condemned, we have been hanged, by the newspapers without a particle of evidence. But the press, I am glad to say, have given us fair and impartial reports of the trial. This is the first time we have come to the court, and we ask for justice. We ask the court, in spite of popular feeling, in spite of public prejudice