T. S. L. TORONTO STEAM LAUNDRY: SHIRTS, COLLARS AND CUFFS A SPECIALTY. 103 YORK-ST., NEAR KING. GEO. P. SHARPE.

The Toronto World.

The Dominion Line Royal Mail Steamships VANCOUVER Will sail from Montreal on 22nd inst. and Quebec 23rd inst. for Liverpool. Splendid accommodation for first and second cabin passengers. GZOWSKI & BUCHAN, Agents, 24 King-street east, Toronto.

NINTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1888. PRICE ONE CENT.

MANITOBA'S BIG CHANCE.

THE OLD WORLD SHORT OF WHEAT THIS YEAR.

A Deficiency of From 70,000,000 to 80,000,000 Bushels—The United States not in a Position to do Much Towards Supplying the Demand.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—It now seems to be a fact that the old world needs from 70,000,000 to 80,000,000 bushels of wheat more than the harvest of the year will produce. To put it in another way, the countries which always have to buy wheat must this year buy some 370,000,000 bushels, while the countries raising more than they consume will have about 295,000,000 bushels to sell. The annual international grain market, held in Vienna on Monday, gave estimates of the yield of the world, which varied only in a few particulars from those already given, the chief differences being in unimportant countries. On the other hand, the yield of the French harvest seems much better than reported at Vienna, and the same is more obviously true of England. Tuesday's terrific storm of wind and rain added whatever chance remained for decent crops in Great Britain, and the English must now look at least 170,000,000 bushels. France, which, next to the United States, is the greatest wheat producer in the world, has one of the worst wheat crops ever reaped. A week ago it was estimated that she would need to import 68,000,000 bushels. Now, since the fresh storm and the discovery by the threshings of the bad quality of the grain, the shortage is put at 80,000,000 by the Mercuriale des Halles, and at 96,000,000 by Bollack, Sarasin & Co. What makes the matter worse is that very little, if any, of this can be made good by Algiers, where the grasshopper has decimated the crop. Germany, Italy and the Netherlands must buy more wheat than usual this year from the great exporting countries.

We understand here that the United States and Canada can be counted on to supply about 103,000,000 bushels, Russia 90,000,000 and India 35,000,000, but in these latter countries there is much more uncertainty than in the former. From Russia, for instance, there are all sorts of reports, latterly quite unfavorable, and from India it is even more difficult to get the truth. But trained expects here believe the above figures to be tolerably correct. In any case if these crops turn out larger than here estimated, the daily increasing evidence of bad quality and light weight of the crop in western Europe will quite balance the grain. With such a large deficit as this in the world's market, equal to the entire wheat crop in such a country as Germany, it is evident that somebody must cut down the consumption of bread, and there will be fierce competition for the possession of the grain markets on the continent, which have been showing an almost steady rise for the past ten days, with a few fluctations resultant upon declines in America. As a rule prices have been lighter and advances sharper in Paris than elsewhere, but yesterday's London and some English provincial markets distance any other spurts of the season by a sudden advance of from 6 to 9 cents per bushel upon last week's prices for foreign wheat. This panic was palpably due to the drenching rain and heavy wind storm, as in places where the rain was not violent prices showed less change.

The wheat market in England is still a curiously parochial affair, dependent upon all sorts of local conditions and influences. Liverpool generally follows New York and San Francisco, but London is more concerned in the Baltic trade and not so easily moved by American quotations, and, like Leeds, Rochester and Newcastle-on-Tyne, thinks most of the local crops and demand. Hence prices for the past week have been much affected by the capricious weather, a bright day frightening buyers, a heavy rain stiffening sellers; but yesterday's storm has so knocked out what remained of the English crop that this can no longer be the case. Already we catch a glimpse of what the wheat shortage means by the discovery that bread has gone up a penny on a quarter-loaf in many parts of London since Monday.

The northern workhouse authorities have their hands full with an army of Irish laborers who are accustomed to come to England for the harvest. This year they find no work for them to do, and the laborers have no means with which to get home. What adds to the minister aspect of the outlook is the sad failure of the potato crop in many parts of England and all along the west coast of Ireland. This alone would have made a hard winter here. Combined with dear bread it is a gloomy enough outlook. One of the first results of the shortage will be a vigorous demand in France for a remission of the import duty on wheat on the part of big towns and a strenous resistance by the wheat raising districts where the farmers see no reason why the tariff should not enable them to profit by the distress of their brethren in the towns. In yesterday's London market wheat ruled firm without much selling, but holders were asking an advance of 3 cents a bushel on white and 2 cents on red winter, which latter is said over here to be of an inferior quality.

High Prices Predicted.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—Next in importance to the fisheries comes the topic of the crops and the wheat supply. The Standard this morning surveying the situation remarks: "The reports from Mark Lane yesterday indicate unmistakably that the strong upward price of wheat has not yet spent its force. The market closed strong sellers asking an advance of 9 pence on red wheat and a shilling on white since Monday, nor are prices likely to fall during the autumn and winter. In America the estimated wheat surplus available for export is less by 4,000,000 quarters than it was last year. From many parts of the continent similar reports reach us, and it is calculated by some agricultural authorities that wheat will sell 40 shillings a quarter before the year is out."

Little to Spare in the United States.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The Times says editorially: Judging from our special reports from the wheat producing States published this morning, the United States will not be in a position to furnish very much of 70,000,000 or 80,000,000 bushels of wheat which will be required to meet the deficiency caused by the poor crops in the old world. The weather has been unfavorable here as in Europe to large harvests of the principal food cereal, but so far as can be learned we shall have ample wheat for home consumption, with possibly some, if not a great deal, to spare, to supply a portion of the demand across the ocean. Indiana and Wisconsin appear to be the only States in which the yield is above the average and can be considered really a good one. In Ohio the crop is reported to be not over 60 per cent. of the average, and of inferior quality. In Illinois the quantity is not high, though the quantity harvested is satisfactory, and in Kansas the loss of fully one-third has been sustained by the negligence of the farmers in not protecting what promised to be a fine wheat crop. With the suffering expected in England and the rise in the price of bread already made there on account of the failure of the wheat crop, and in anticipation of the certain scarcity of that cereal in the immediate future, the United States is to be congratulated upon the amount of wheat already harvested in this country. If we cannot feed the world it is pleasant to know that we can feed ourselves.

Yesterday's turnout of people was the largest ever at a Cricket Match in Toronto.

Suspected of Brigandage.

ROME, Aug. 30.—Two Russian ex-officers have been arrested here on suspicion of being concerned in the recent acts of brigandage.

The Kaiser's Visit to Rome.

ROME, Aug. 30.—Emperor William of Germany is expected to arrive here on Oct. 6. The municipal authorities are already making preparations for his reception.

Dunlop New Fall Hats.

Dineen expects them to arrive in time for his opening tomorrow.

Cricket—Ireland vs. Canada. Play commences to-day at 12. Irishmen now at bat. All Toronto should see them.

THE OLD MAN AT THE CAPITAL.

Sir John Macdonald Returns to Ottawa From the Seaside.

OTTAWA, Aug. 30.—Sir John Macdonald returned to the city to-day from Dalhousie, apparently improved in health. He was met at the depot by several friends and driven at once to his temporary residence in Daly-street, where he will live until the alterations at Earnscliffe are completed. Sir John declined to say anything about retaliation.

Sir Hector Langevin and Sir John Sparrow Thompson reached the Capital this evening from Toronto. Nearly all the ministers are now in town. The Cabinet will meet on Saturday.

The Cumberland Election Protested.

HALIFAX, Aug. 30.—Russell & Congdon, barristers of this city, to-day filed a petition against the return of Arthur R. Dickey as member of the House of Commons for Cumberland County. Charles R. Ossey, the Prohibition candidate, is the petitioner.

Notes of Politicians and Politics.

Premier Mowat gathered his ministers around him yesterday afternoon and they took counsel together for the first time since their chief's departure for England.

The Conservatives of Haldimand were disappointed because Dalton McCarthy did not attend their demonstration at Hagersville. Said one of the M. P.s. who were present: "I never saw Mr. McCarthy keep a promise anyway."

Senator Lachlan MacCallum is lying ill at his home at Stromness, in the County of Monck, suffering from abscess of the throat. He is progressing favorably under the care of Dr. J. B. Nuff of Fort Colborne and Dr. Montague, M. P.

The great Cricket Match. Canada vs. Ireland, is showing the finest Cricket ever seen in Canada.

A BRILLIANT METEOR.

The Beautiful Sight Vouchsafed to Residents of the Ambitious City.

HAMILTON, Aug. 30.—As Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Williams were going along Stinson-street last night about 9.30 they noticed the pathway in front of them becoming brilliantly illuminated and looking suddenly round towards the north they expected to find that an electric lights had flashed up but were surprised to see an immense meteor soaring across the northwestern sky. It was of great magnitude and had all the brilliancy of an electric light, while behind it remained a pathway of fire. The sight was a beautiful one and such as is not frequently seen.

Prof. Brooks Saw One Too.

GENEVA, N. Y., Aug. 30.—Prof. Brooks, director of the Smith observatory, reports having seen a splendid meteor last night in the western heavens. It fell in a beautiful curved path from the northern crown to the northwestern horizon, and was banded with brilliant colors from green to crimson. It was the finest meteor seen by Prof. Brooks in many years.

A Shooter at Whitby.

WHITBY, Aug. 29.—At 9.25 to-night a beautiful meteor, travelling from south to north, burst west of the town, showing brilliant blue light and leaving a long train of sparks.

The Yonge-street, McCaul-street and Spadina-avenue street cars run near the Grounds of the Toronto Cricket Club.

FIRES OF A DAY.

A Spark From a Steam Thresher Causes a $700 Blaze near Stevensville.

STEVENSVILLE, Ont., Aug. 30.—The barns belonging to W. L. Spalding, of Bertie township, were burned yesterday afternoon. The fire is supposed to have caught from a spark from a steam thresher. About 1000 bushels of threshed grain, some stock, and almost the whole of the agricultural implements, including a separator, belonging to John Dennabower, were destroyed. Loss about $700; insured in London Mutual.

The Seaforth Foundry Burnt.

SEAFORTH, Aug. 30.—The Seaforth Foundry owned by Thomas Hendrie, was burned this morning at 3 o'clock. The origin of the fire is unknown. Loss, $7000; insurance, $1,500.

A $10,000 Loss at Chatham.

CHATHAM, Aug. 30.—The saw mill and two dwellings at Chatham Centre, owned by Wm. Flater were burned last night. Loss about $10,000. Insured in the British American for $1000 and the Mercantile for $500.

A Nova Scotia Blaze.

HALIFAX, Aug. 30.—F. W. Beckman's extensive lumber mill at Beaverbank was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon, together with a large quantity of lumber piled near the building. The mill was insured for $2000 and the lumber for $3000, both in the Commercial Union, but whether this covers the loss is not known.

DAYTON AT MONTREAL.

Pseudo Wild West Advance Agent Working His Old Racket.

MONTREAL, Aug. 30. — Charles Dayton, whose exploits in Toronto while representing himself as advance agent of Buffalo Bill's Wild West show were chronicled by The World to-day, was in the city to-day and endeavored to make contracts for supplies. He then tried to borrow money from people with whom he contracted, but they were too wise for him, as he had been here before about two months ago, playing the same game only that a circus then took the place of Buffalo Bill's show.

School Opens Monday.

Mothers, our stock of boys' school and children's suits is full and complete, just what is required for the above occasion. Come in, look at them, buy them and on your arrival home, should they prove to be not what you wish in style, quality or in any other respect, return to us and see how cheerfully we refund the price paid. P. Jamieson will never tire in his efforts to please the boys.

All's Well That Ends Well.

MONTREAL, Aug. 30.—The abduction of Miss Vogt by young McKean, the street car conductor, came to a happy issue this afternoon by the marriage of the two young people. From the beginning the two young persons were willing and anxious to be united in the bonds of matrimony, but Mrs. Vogt was opposed and kept her daughter under strict surveillance. This morning, however, she gave in, the marriage contract was prepared and signed and the two indiscreet lovers are now man and wife.

The Sugar Bounties Convention.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—The final meeting of the Sugar Bounties Conference was held today. All the delegates representing the powers which approved the convention affixed their signatures to the documents. M. Waddington, the French delegate, reserved the signature of France retaining the option to sign at any time within the next six months.

Fatal Accident at Brantford.

BRANTFORD, Aug. 30.—A little after 7 o'clock this morning as the street-watering carts were crossing Wentworth-street in West Brantford the train, which was backing up ran into the first cart, smashing it to pieces and killing Driver Fred Woods, aged about 20. The horses had the harness stripped off them, but escaped uninjured.

Satisfied That Garnier is Insane.

PARIS, Aug. 30.—The officials at the German Embassy are satisfied that Garnier, who fired a shot at the porter of the Embassy yesterday, is insane. The incident is therefore closed.

Welland's Waterworks By-law.

WELLAND, Aug. 30.—The by-law authorizing the expenditure of $10,000 in addition to the $32,000 already invested in waterworks was carried to-day, 121 to 180.

MORE RETALIATION TALK.

THE PRESIDENT'S POWER TO STOP TRANSIT IN BOND DOUBTED.

Senator Cullom Defendes Himself With the Belief That Canada is Ripe for Absorption—A Substitute Bill Reported to the House.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—In the Senate today, replying to the assertion made by Mr. Edmunds in his speech last week that the President had a right to suspend the operation of Section 3006 of the revised statutes, which allows the transit of goods between the United States and Canada without the payment of duty, Mr. George (Dem., Miss.) argued that if the President were to undertake to suspend the operation of that section he would be assuming autocratic power, such as is possessed only by some potentates in Europe and Asia. The President could not abrogate a solemn enactment of Congress, absolute in its terms, without any contingency whatever.

Mr. Cullom, (Rep., Ill.) addressed the Senate on the same subject. In his opening remarks he spoke of the United States being destined to dominate the American continent and expressed the opinion that in the not far distant future the Canadian provinces would become part of the United States. The rejection of the Fisheries treaty by the Senate had met, he said, the approval of a large majority of the people of the country. The retaliation message might be fairly taken as evidence that even the President had become satisfied that the treaty was a mistake. To retrieve what he had lost by that mistake, the President had launched out into a broader sea and would find himself in deeper water than before and with greater dangers. Mr. Cullom then addressed himself to the details of the subject, going extensively into the question as to whether the Secretary of the Treasury had not the power to prohibit shipment from Canada to United States ports for exportation. He argued that the Secretary of the Treasury had the power practically to prohibit such transit by establishing such rules and regulations as would make it inconvenient.

As to the discrimination against American vessels on Canadian canals, that difficulty, if it existed, might have been removed by a remonstrance addressed to the British Government. It would be time enough when such remonstrance proved unavailing for the President to apply to Congress for additional legislation. When he (Cullom) applied the message to the situation and saw how little excuse there was for it, it became more and more apparent that it has been inspired by political necessity. It might be recalled that Mr. Cleveland's long delayed letter of acceptance, because it betrayed clearly his anxiety for another term of office and his fear that he would not be elected. His change of front on the fisheries question showed that Mr. Cleveland and his party were in desperate straits politically, they saw defeat staring them in the face and were seeking to divert attention. The whole movement was a political movement.

Mr. Cullom offered a resolution, which was laid over, desiring the Secretary of the Treasury to inform the Senate whether the transit on bond over or across the territory of the United States without payment of duties on goods, etc., coming from Canadian ports has been permitted since July 1, 1865, as Article XXIV of the Treaty of 1818 and section three of the Act of March 1, 1873 are said to have ceased to be in force; if so by what authority of law.

THE RETALIATION BILL.

A Substitute Unanimously Adopted by the House Foreign Affairs Committee.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The Committee on Foreign Affairs to-day, Mr. Belmont presiding, received the report of the sub-committee on the Retaliation Bill. The chairman, Mr. Belmont, said that in these questions, the committee had always acted without regard to partisanship, and he hoped it would continue to be so. He referred to the fact that a bill introduced by himself two years ago containing a restrictive railroad provision had been adopted by the House almost unanimously, though the railroad section was subsequently stricken out in the Senate. The committee unanimously adopted the amended bill reported by the sub-committee. Mr. Belmont having been absent when the consideration of the subject was begun, expressed the opinion that it would be proper for Mr. McCreary to report the bill to the House. It is understood to be the intention to call it up for action on Saturday. The following is the text of the substitute bill:

A bill to empower the President to carry out the purposes of an Act entitled "An Act to authorize the President of the United States to protect and defend the rights of American fishermen, American trading and other vessels in certain cases, and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1887.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted, etc.: That whenever the President may deem it his duty to exercise any of the powers given to him by an Act entitled "An Act to authorize the President of the United States to protect and defend the rights of American fishing vessels, American fishermen, American trading and other vessels in certain cases and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1887, it shall be lawful for the President in his discretion by proclamation to that effect to suspend in whole or in part the importation across the territory of the United States in bond and without the payment of duty of goods, wares and merchandise imported or exported from any foreign country from or to the British Dominions in North America.

Sec. 2. That whenever the President shall be satisfied that there is any discrimination whatever in the use of the Welland Canal, the St. Lawrence River Canal, the Chambly Canal or either of them whether by tolls, drawbacks, refund of tolls or otherwise, which is or may be detrimental to the interests of the United States or any of its citizens, it shall be lawful for the President in his discretion to issue a proclamation to that effect, whereupon there shall be collected a toll of 20c. a ton upon every foreign vessel and her cargo passing through either the Sault Ste. Marie Canal or the Sarnia Clair flats canal; and the Secretary of the Treasury may authorize and direct any of the customs officers to collect the tolls levied under this Act, or the President may in his discretion, when he is satisfied that there is any such discrimination, prohibit the use of said canals to any such foreign vessel. The President, when satisfied that such discrimination has ceased, may issue his proclamation to that effect in his discretion, whereupon the tolls authorized by this Act shall no longer be collected and said prohibition, if ordered, shall cease.

Sec. 3. That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to make any regulations needful to carry this Act into effect.

At only one point was there anything like a difference between the Democratic and Republican members. This was upon a proposition coming from the Republicans that courtesy to Great Britain required that it should be notified that article of the Treaty of Washington has been practically nullified and abrogated upon the refusal or denial of rights of American citizens in Canadian ports. Upon this proposition there was a division on party lines resulting in its defeat by a vote of 50 to 6.

When the question came on ordering a favorable report on the substitute bill, there was not a negative vote. The Republican members do not expect that the bill will meet with any opposition from their side of the House when it is called up, although the proposition which was rejected to-day may be renewed and serve as the basis of some speeches, in which the position will be taken that the President already has sufficient power to do what he desires in the way of retaliation.

Close of the Rifle Matches.

The matches of the Ontario Rifle Association closed yesterday. Our report is unavoidably crowded out this morning, but will appear tomorrow.

A CHILD'S PECULIAR DEATH.

How Little Emma Lucas Came to Her Death—A Bottle in the Bush.

Emma Lucas, the 7-year-old daughter of Mr. I. Lucas of 74 Yorkville-avenue, died at an early hour yesterday morning under somewhat peculiar circumstances. On Wednesday afternoon the little one got leave from her father to go with her sister to the commons to play. On reaching there, the sister thought that Emma looked ill, but brought her home again. This was at 3 o'clock. Mrs. Lucas was engaged with company, and the child came into the house without saying anything, took a drink of water and went into the kitchen. There she was found an hour later by her father, her face and eyes swollen and inflamed. He at once telephoned for Drs. Wilson and Oldright. They remained with the child until midnight, using every effort to save her, but it was of no avail, death ensuing at 3 in the morning.

The father was desirous of having a post-mortem on the remains, but the doctors did not think it necessary, as the cause of death was apparent. They gave it as their opinion that the child by some unexplainable way had got hold of a bottle containing, or which had contained, belladonna. It was evident that she had swallowed portions of the cork of some bottle, and the doctors base their belladonna theory on the fact that these fragments of cork bore traces of the poison. As for where the child got hold of the bottle or cork that remains a mystery. Mr. Lucas says the child was in perfect health when she left the house to play on the commons, and her companions who were with her declare that she took nothing while with them except a few haws, a small red berry, and that she certainly had no bottle or cork as far as they could see.

Opening Bathurst-Street's New Church.

The new Methodist Church in Bathurst-st., near Bloor, was opened last night. Rev. Dr. Williams had charge of the services assisted by Rev. Drs. Stafford, Stone and Parker, and Revs. R. McKee (pastor), LeRoy Hooker, M. Phillips, and G. J. Bishop. Dr. Stafford preached an eloquent and appropriate sermon from Matthew XXI-13. After the sermon the formal dedication of the church took place during the evening, the choir rendering several special hymns in an excellent manner.

The fine building, which seats over 1200 people, has already been described in these columns.

A Reception to Rev. A. Sanson.

The wardens of Little Trinity Church last night tendered a reception to their pastor, Rev. Alexander Sanson, who returned on Wednesday morning from a trip to the Old Country. The schoolroom was comfortably filled and a pleasant time was spent. The choir rendered several selections. Miss Downey gave a solo, and Mr. Herbert Lye a flute solo. Mr. S. R. Wilkes occupied the chair. Refreshments were served during the evening.

Mr. Sanson comes back to his charge with youth renewed like the eagles.

Talks of the Strikes.

Four more cigarmakers got work yesterday, and the men still on strike have received an increase in their weekly allowance. They held a special meeting last night in Dufferin Hall and made further arrangements for continuing the fight.

Three plumbers arrived in the city yesterday to work for Mr. Burroughes. On Wednesday the strikers sent the employers a letter suggesting a meeting for the settlement of the dispute. This letter will be discussed by the employers' association to-night, and it is hoped a settlement may be arrived at. The employers are as confident as ever of success. The strikers, they say, have received over $500 since Monday from other unions.

A special meeting of the Trades and Labor Council is called for Monday night to consider the best means of aiding the strikers and, if possible, ending the dispute.

Four out of the ten who arrived in the city on Wednesday went to the committee rooms last night asking to be sent back but their application was deferred until it is seen what class of workmen they are.

The great Cricket Match is resumed to-day at 12 o'clock sharp. Thousands expected.

The Insurances on the Central Prison Fire.

The amount of insurances affected by the fire at the Central Prison is $10,500 divided: Lancashire $3000, Liverpool, London & Globe $3000, Commercial Union, City of London, and National $1500 each. $1500 was on stock owned by Smith & Fudger, and the balance on Brandon & Co's. There was no insurance on the building, which was owned by the Government, the policy which expired on May 1 never having been renewed.

School Opens Monday.

Mothers, our stock of boys' school and children's suits is full and complete, just what is required for the above occasion. Come in, look at them, buy them and on your arrival home, should they prove to be not what you wish in style, quality, or in any other respect, return to us and see how cheerfully we refund the price paid. P. Jamieson will never tire in his efforts to please the boys.

City Hall Small Talk.

Ald. Gillespie was Acting Mayor yesterday.

Assistant City Solicitor Caswell and his clerks are at work compiling the evidence taken in the Board of Works investigation. It will be in book form, and occupy 150 pages, the cost being figured at $150 to $175 for printing alone.

Ald. Shaw, chairman of the Fire and Gas Committee, will have the firemen taken out in a body to welcome the Governor-General on September 10.

Acting Judge Morson held court in the City Council Chamber yesterday afternoon, to hear Revision Court appeals. In the matter of the Brock-street extension it was contended by appellant Boyce, of Belleville, that the whole proceedings up to date had been irregular, and therefore he claimed costs. The judge referred the matter back to the Board of Works. Two other appeals were deferred till Sept. 10.

The Yonge-street, McCaul-street, and Spadina-avenue street cars run within a short distance of the grounds of the great Cricket Match.

Typhoid Fever on Jones Ave.

The attention of the Medical Health Officer is called to the fact that there are three or four families on Jones-avenue at present stricken with typhoid fever caused by bad water and drainage.

New Novels.

My Aunt's Match Making and other stories, by popular authors. Cassel's Rainbow series.

Another Addition.

The latest addition to the popular manufacturing centre, West Toronto Junction, is the removal of Messrs. J. B. Smith & Son's sash and door factory from the Esplanade to that place.

$10.50 Round Trip to New York Via Erie Ry.

On Saturday, Sept. 1st, $10.50 round trip from Toronto by boat, $9 round trip from Suspension Bridge. Tickets good going Sept. 1st and returning at any time within ten days. This is the last excursion of the season via any line and by all odds the best. For further particulars apply S. J. Sharpe, Canadian Passenger Agent, corner Wellington and Scott-streets, Toronto, or to Geo. W. Allen, General Northern Passenger Agent, Buffalo. 5612456

Chuck Full of Lies.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—The Pall Mall Gazette, referring to the torpidity of the Parnell defence fund, summons Mr. Gladstone and his late colleagues to head the movement for his defence. The St. James Gazette denounces the circular of President Fitzgerald of the Irish National League of America calling for subscription to the Parnell defence fund. It says the circular is chuck full of lies.

Paid Their Rents.

DUBLIN, Aug. 30.—The tenants on several estates at Kilrush paid their rents to-day.

At a meeting in Cork this evening $2200 was subscribed to the Parnell fund.

COLLAPSE OF A COMBINE.

THE PRICE OF COTTON TO BE LEFT OPEN TO EACH MILL.

The Withdrawal of the St. Croix Factory Brings About the Result—The Resolution That the Dominion Manufacturers' Association Passed at Montreal.

MONTREAL, Aug. 30.—The Dominion Cotton Manufacturers' Association, which has been in session here yesterday and to-day, have passed this resolution:

"Owing to the withdrawal of the St. Croix mill from the Association without any satisfactory reasons being given for refusing to continue longer in it, and the Chambly cotton mill declining to join, while regretting the course adopted by these as injurious to the general interests of the Cotton Association and also likely to cause general annoyance to the general trade, it is decided that for the present the question of prices be left open for all mills to deal with as they think best. The great object of the association has been to fix a minimum price at which the first quality of goods could be produced especially suited to the wants of the general trade of the Dominion, and during the continuance of the association, the quality and variety of the goods manufactured, have been of a superior character to many classes produced immediately before the formation of the association."

THOMAS SHAW, PROFESSOR

Of Agriculture in the Guelph College—A Native Farmer Gets the Preference.

The chair in the Ontario Agricultural College, made vacant by the resignation of Prof. Brown a short time ago, was filled yesterday, Mr. Thomas Shaw, of Hamilton, being appointed Professor of Agriculture and Farm Manager. The position is worth $2000 a year and there was, therefore several applications for it, the applicants being chiefly English and Scottish agriculturists. The Minister of Agriculture felt, however, that he had but one choice. The press and representative farmers on both sides of politics were almost unanimously in favor of Mr. Shaw. The Minister recommended the appointment and at a cabinet meeting yesterday it was made.

Mr. Shaw is well qualified for the post to which he is called. When a young man he poured the fresh instruction o'er the mind in one of Ontario's public schools. Later on he became a farmer and his 400 acres in the County of Wentworth have been well tilled. Four years ago he started The Live Stock Journal in Hamilton, and conducted it so successfully that drovers and cattle dealers looked upon it as an authority. Mr. Shaw is a good platform speaker, a clear writer and an agriculturist of experience. His earliest experience in public life will stand him in good stead in successfully filling the position to which he is lately called.

BAIL FOR MR. COX REFUSED.

Mr. Justice MacMahon would not Interfere with Ald. Baxter's Decision.

In Osgoode Hall at noon yesterday Mr. Justice MacMahon entered a decision in the matter of a writ of habeas corpus on behalf of Mr. E. S. Cox. He refused to consider Mr. Murdoch's application for his client, holding that, as the Police Magistrate had discretionary powers to grant or refuse bail in cases of misdemeanor pending examination, he did not think it right for him to interfere with Ald. Baxter's decision.

A warrant which had been sent up from Oakville at the instance of Mrs. H. B. Graham on Wednesday, charging Mr. Cox with defrauding her out of $700, was withdrawn yesterday, the matter having been settled.

Mr. W. R. Bingham of the Hub, says he is going to take criminal proceedings against Mr. Cox, but to reporters who asked for information as to the cause of such an action, Mr. Bingham replies: "My time will come, at present, I have nothing further to say." It is understood that Mr. Bingham endorsed paper for the broker to the extent of several thousands of dollars ($6000 is mentioned), but wherein the criminality lies he will not divulge at present.

They Will Wear Gowns.

The following gentlemen passed their examination without an oral as barristers yesterday: R. F. McLaughlin, W. H. Williams, W. Mundell and A. J. Boyd equal; S. A. Henderson, C. Kemp, M. Wright, J. Kyler, H. E. Irwin and H. W. Roberts equal; W. J. Munney, J. B. Davidson, E. H. Ridley, C. Blanchet and H. B. Wilton equal; R. R. Bruce, A. G. Farrell, F. Palmer, E. H. Johnston, J. Clark, A. W. Burk. With an oral—O. M. Arnold, S. W. Burns, A. E. K. Greer, J. H. Jacks, H. H. McRae, A. A. Mahaffy, R. O. McCulloch, H. A. Percival, R. H. Prinsle, W. W. Vickers.

Geo. Harcourt & Son, Barristers' Gowns and Bags, 43 King-street East, Toronto.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Long vacation ends to-day.

The County Commissioners will meet at the Court House on Tuesday next.

Toronto Collegiate Institute (Old Grammar School) begins its 32nd year next Monday.

It is expected that the new gates at the railway crossing at the foot of York-street will be in working order to-morrow.

The clerk of the Division Court for West Toronto has moved his office to Medical Hall, at Bay and Richmond-streets.

Benjamin Redditt, of Richmond Hill, was sworn in as a justice of the peace in the office of the Clerk of the Peace yesterday.

Attention is called to the advertisement of E. J. Lennox, architect, for tenders for altering additions to a building on Adelaide-street east. The plans are on view at Mr. Lennox's office, and the time expires on Sept. 7. Everyone in the building line is invited to tender.

School Opens Monday.

Mothers, our stock of boys' school and children's suits is full and complete, just what is required for the above occasion. Come in, look at them, buy them, and on your arrival home, should they prove to be not what you wish in style, quality, or in any other respect, return to us and see how cheerfully we refund the price paid. P. Jamieson will never tire in his efforts to please the boys.

Personal Mention.

La Minerve says that Mr. Chapleau will not have to wait long for knighthood.

Mr. Archibald MacMurchy and family returned from Bathurst, N. B., last night.

Mr. Dugald McMurchy, one of the learned counsel of the C. P. R., celebrated his 25th birthday yesterday.

Alderman Boustead and family, who have been summering at Lorne Park, have returned to the city. Mr. Boustead is sporting a massive yellow gold chain, strong enough to hold an anchor.

A Welcome Reform.

There is a very general toning down in the effect of neck-dressing among men this season. Loudness is now a very rare ingredient where once it was the main point aimed at. For a picture of transcendental loveliness nothing exceeds quinn's new "Topia" collars and pongee silk four in hand neckties in delicate shades.

Cost of Uncle Sam's Foreign Mails.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The annual report of the superintendent of foreign mails shows the total cost of transportation for the last fiscal year was $490,067, of which amount $26,649 was for the transportation of mails of foreign origin.

Ireland vs. Canada. Good cricket on both sides yesterday. An exciting game expected to-day.

Removing Cinders From the Eye.

The proper way to do is to catch up the eyelid by the skin, and pull it away from the eyeball gently and repeatedly. This not only instantly relieves the pain, but promotes the shifting of the cinder in the right direction; in almost every case this will be found a speedy and painless remedy.

A GALA GARDEN PARTY.

St. Michael's College Lawn the Scene of a Pleasant Gathering.

The lawn in front of St. Michael's College presented a pleasant and inspiriting sight last evening on the occasion of a garden party given in aid of the Sisters of the Precious Blood. The party opened in the afternoon, and from the moment the grounds were thrown open the place was thronged with the Catholics of the city. Marquees containing all kinds of refreshment were spread throughout the lawn, and were well patronized. Among the clergymen present in the evening were Very Rev. Father Laurent, Rev. Father Maguire, Rev. Father Lamarche, Rev. Father Egan, Thornbill; Rev. Father Hallam, (St. Mary's, Hamilton) and the priests of the college. The party was under the management of a committee of ladies at the head of which was Miss Hoskins, the president, Rev. Father Brennan, acting as manager.

The refreshment marquee was presided over by Mrs. J. J. O'Connor, assisted by Mrs. Rossler and Mrs. Kelly, and a bevy of 20 young ladies. Mrs. N. Rooney, Mrs. De Lahaye, Mrs. Lynn and a dozen fair maidens served ice cream and fruit to numerous patrons. In the flower and candy tent Mrs. Grant and six young ladies saw everyone's wants satisfied. The Misses Lemaitre had charge of a large wedding cake, in which were concealed various prize packages for the venturesome to grab for. The grounds were illuminated by electric lights and Chinese lanterns, and the Citizens' band provided the music for the day.

—Caswell, Massey & Co's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Pepsin and Quinine, is recognized as the best preparation known. Prescribed by the leading physicians. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

The Colonel Back on the Bench.

Col. Denison looked as if Muskoka air had not been unkind to him when he took his seat on the Police Court throne yesterday. Henry Morton, held as a crook, was remanded till today. Four boys were fined $1 and costs each for trespass on Grand Trunk property. Catharine Neelson, larceny, three days in jail. Samuel Pearsall, horse stealing, remanded till to-day. James Lynch, disorderly conduct in St. John's ward, five days in jail. Robt. McCarty, larceny, 40 days in jail. John Humphrey, livery stable keeper of Sackville-street, was committed for trial on a charge of having feloniously received a goat skin robe stolen from John Mitchell. William Wilson pleaded not guilty to having defrauded A. G. Morris out of $26. Wilson sold a horse to Morris, who paid $26 on it, and then discovered that John Gregg held a mortgage for $20 more on the animal. Adjourned till Tuesday.

Henry Brooks, charged with having embezzled the sum of $14 from his employer, John Thomson, by selling fruit from an orchard of which he had charge, was remanded till Sept. 5. William Kelly, charged with having feloniously wounded Scott Nixon, remanded till to-day. Thos Colberry, charged with maliciously injuring the property of the St. Nicholas Home two weeks ago, was discharged, the Magistrate allowing the case to be withdrawn. William Muir, charged with having caused bodily harm to Patrick Doyle by a collision of buggies was discharged.

The best tonic known, Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine for neuralgia, indigestion, loss of appetite and general debility. Sold by all druggists. Prepared by W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal. 456

Sons of Scotland at Owen Sound.

The Grand Encampment of the Sons of Scotland held an excursion to Owen Sound on Wednesday. It was largely attended, members of the society from all parts of the Province assembling in the chief of the Georgian Bay ports. The visitors were received by Mayor Duncan Morrison, who presented them with a neatly worded address. The response was made by Mr. J. M. Wingfield, of Parkdale, Grand Chief of the Sons of Scotland in Ontario. The excursionists from Toronto and vicinity were accompanied by Pipers Munroe and Gray, who discoursed music that was sweet at least to Auld Scotia's children. There were also two brass bands present. At "Archie the Laird's" Hotel, a dancing platform had been erected, and it was by no means neglected. During the day the officers of the Grand Encampment were treated to a drive around the town and neighborhood by Mayor Morrison. Some of the excursionists left for home in the evening, but the majority, taking advantage of the liberality of the C. P. R., remained over until yesterday. The Toronto contingent to the party did not arrive home until yesterday morning.

Dineen's Fall Hat Opening.

To-morrow morning, 1st Sept., Dineen will announce to the public that the greater portion of his fall stock will be opened, which will be found very attractive, many of the new shapes being confined to them by the manufacturers. The new shape Derby is a full round crown, and is certainly a very neat looking hat. Besides the standard black stiff hat, colors will be as fashionable as ever—several new shades of brown are among the very latest. Dineen has made every preparation for a large trade. They have added to their premises by taking in another room over the corner and will have a larger staff of hands, and with a complete, well bought stock of everything in the hat line for men, boys, and children, we predict for them a very successful season.

Consigned to Kingston.

At the Police Court yesterday Wm. Brown and Robert Davis pleaded guilty to the charge of burglary on the premises of A. W. Godson and Walter Lee. Davis further admitted the theft of a bicycle belonging to Arthur Taylor; Brown was sent to the Kingston Penitentiary for six years and Davis got two years.

Wm. Anderson, Herbert Stone and John Henry, a party of youthful burglars, were also sentenced away. Stone and Henry got two years at Kingston and Anderson was booked for the Central Prison for six months. They went through the house of G. H. Forbes on the night of Aug. 15. Wm. Graham, who tried to prove an alibi for Stone, was ordered locked up for perjury.

Have that umbrella of yours recovered with our Silk, that is guaranteed not to cut,—EAST, 336 Yonge-street.

A W. C. T. U. Tent at the Fair.

The District Executive Board of the W. C. T. U. met yesterday afternoon at 273 Yonge-street, Mrs. Macdonnel presiding. It was decided to have a tent at the Exhibition where visitors could read the daily papers, get the society's literature and where meetings would be held if convenient. Each union will take charge of the tent on a specified day.

The annual meeting of the union will be held on Oct. 4. A number of reports were received, and it was announced that the meetings of the Central Union would be resumed on Monday next at Association Hall. The Western Union was asked to arrange for the October meetings.

It's Funny, Isn't It?

Some people cannot get it through their heads how a credit house can sell goods so much lower than their pet cash houses. If you want to see a "Lace Curtain" at $2.25, a wash wringer at $4.00, a clock at $4.00, a Bible at $8.00, 1 dozen tea spoons at $1.58, there is only one place in the city where you can gratify your wishes, and that is the "Adams," at 247 Yonge-street.

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