hat I was only making should be brought on at ble moment. But if in says he is not prepar not wish to put him ce, and I will ask that go on to-morrow he wil not give the two days such arrangement as am willing to let the

passed over. STRIBUTION.

E then resumed the adnotion of want of con-id: "Yesterday the hon. that I had been 'put said I accepted Mr. nt yesterday, and there

marked that if the house he report of the matter it would be seen that an had accepted in one ot in another. He did great effort it took to rnment of a debate. It t time in that house that , and he had made the ause he wanted to get show that the move to ribution bill was a move ction. But he confessed was trying to make po-or an election which he expected to come on in a ne. If Mr. Martin had was actuated only by a good of the country, he proached the government asked it to introduce a

I asked it publicly in this Well, all right. In regard orward in the house two had pointed out to the at a district from which e ordinary revenue came
30 per cent. of the popuy one member. In their one member. In their Mr. Kellie, the late govs half a member for Koo-two we had already.

(pointing to Mr. Greenthat the half memberd laughter.) rruption when ose and said: "Mr. Speakprestion of privilege. (Loud must insist on the hon. Revelstoke taking that t certainly put it in an-

Well, Mr. Speaker, I had t hon, member really yet, it back. (Laughter.) I admit that he is a whole t he wanted to point ou had refused to give any (Mr. Green). He said had always been in fa-listribution bill, and was now, and he favored th oving in that direction and bill. We could have an bill. We could have an fight the thing out on its the best men win. -Hear, hear. That is the

I do not want any favors any government, or any what we should have is an-bution bill brought down bution bill brought down sis, taking into considera-

SEMLIN pointed out that e first time by any means tter had been discussed in us houses. It had come up d had been well discussed. now sitting on the governin giving a fair represents of the country.

t on to refer to the revailed that the Island and build be treated separately in s matter. He conceded that rument had had difficulties ling with this matter. The on of the province was to what it was in the early government had of representation a difficult with. They were, no nts always had to conof those who felt that they urbed if a fair system of was passed in the house. ways been a difficulty and be so in succeeding meas-

ier gave reasons for his benent was not a fair one, and note that Mr. Martin in his ad made an imperative de-e house—a demand that he nfair when he (Mr. Martin) at a redistribution measure ight down before any other conducted. That was a meant that no matter how matters might be, the suspend those matters and suspense until a redistribu-rought down and probably That, he thought, would house to a great disadvant ion. But such a measure emen opposite knew, require careful consideration.

ty which supports the present has for many years insisted ore representative system of presentation; and wherea ecognizes that since the ac r of the present government, s and the administrative deupon it have hitherto prein this matter: the that this house is of opinion rests of the province require and equitable measure for oution of electoral districts. roduced at an early date dur-

ent, Hon. Mr. Semlin conjust as anxious for a fair redistribution as the mover-tion was, but it did not think of the house should be susnner suggested in order position that had always They had always con is a most important question for Vancouver had said in of his resolution that "the has an extremely narrow

The Route To Ominec Name of the Control of the Cont