

THE GOOD INDIANS.

NOT ALL DEAD, WRITES A MISSIONARY FROM THE NORTHWEST.

Defence of the Red Man and a Pathetic Appeal for Help—Old Chief Tells Ernest Thompson Seton That They Need Doctors More Than Missionaries.

Red Pheasants' Reserve, Nov. 18, 1907.

Dear Miss Applebe,—It is very comforting to know that we have someone interested in our work among the Indians. I am afraid that those people who say that the Indians are no good do not know much about them; opinions are often borrowed. When we came here we were told that the Indians were bad, and great beggars; this I found not to be so, and am finding out more and more that these people can be taught if we allow ourselves to be guided by God's word and ask Him for His strength to help us, with a single eye to God's glory. The Indians were the natural owners of this great Northwestern Canada; they sold it without a murmur, and the white man owes them a living for it, and it is little enough for us, after the C. M. S. has done so much to civilize and Christianize the Indian, to take up its Christian work. I only wish I could meet those people who say the Indians are no good; I would tell them something which might change their opinion. There are many no-goods who come out among the Indians and blame them for their failures. Unfortunately men who know the Indians seldom go down to Eastern Canada, maybe because they cannot afford it. And some pass through by the railways, and when they see those poor unfortunates who have been demoralized by the bad white man, standing around the railway stations, they go back to their towns and homes in the east and try to know all about the Indian. I am sorry that our friends in the east have so small an opinion of our Indians. I think if they knew the truth they would feel for these poor creatures.

We are getting pretty much out of clothes, and no assistance from anywhere, but I suppose it will come. On one bale came since we arrived here in April, 1906, and that was a personal one. Sending any bales to Mr. Inkster now does not assist this mission. If we had goods now we could get wood, hay, beef, and oats in exchange for them, as the cold weather is coming on, and people are anxious to get clothing for their children. I really hope something will come soon. I am, yours faithfully,

D. Macdonald.

Indians Need Doctors.

Ernest Thompson Seton, a Canadian, who has made a name for himself, has just returned from several months' travel in the little known country a thousand miles from Edmonton. The object of his journey was to study the animal life of the far north, and especially to learn whether buffalo herds were to be found there. He saw two small herds, and fancies there are more, but considers it improbable that they exist in large numbers. However, he confirms the story told by others that caribou, in millions range that vast country, which we will call the Barren Islands. This traveller makes two statements well worth considering. He tells us that much of that country is far from barren, and that over wide plains one travels waist high in prairie grass. He tells us, too, of the Indians—how diseases are wiping them out. So bad is the condition that Mr. Thompson Seton rarely saw among them a person of sound body. It was a sight to stir the pity. An old chief complained to the traveller of the decline and decay of his people, and said with bitterness that he had asked again and again to have a doctor and a mounted policeman sent to him, but instead he only got—missionaries. What an arraignment of the white race is the complaint of this old pagan chief, in lands we call barren, a thousand miles north of our newest railway, as he sits in his tepee and sees his people rot and decay from diseases they never knew until the white man came—strange diseases against which the herbs, songs and enchantments of the medicine man of the tribe are powerless—and yet when he begs for an officer of the law to protect his people against further wrong, and for a white doctor to cope with the white curses with which they have been afflicted, we send them instead missionaries! They need these teachers, it is true. They need them urgently, for they are dying rapidly. But they want to live as well as die. If we have destroyed their mode of life and imposed on them ours, is it not our duty to make our mode something less than murderous in its effects on them? It is well that good men should pray with these people as they die, and cheer their pagan hearts with news of eternal torment for the wicked and eternal joy for the unfortunate, the weak and the heavy-laden.

SCHOOL BOARD MUST PAY.

Verdict for Damages From the Hochelaga Fire.

Montreal, Dec. 5.—J. F. Anderson, father of a six-year-old child who perished in the Hochelaga School fire last winter, was awarded \$300 damages today by a jury. It was found by the jury that the death was due to the fault and negligence of the Protestant School Board in failing to equip the Hochelaga School with fire escapes, as is provided by the civil by-law, and also in not protecting the fresh air from contamination by smoke.

This trial was a test case. It is likely that sixteen other actions will follow, brought on by parents who lost their children in the fire.

KING OSCAR SERIOUSLY ILL.

His Trouble Causing Him Continuous Pain—Sleep Not Satisfactory.

Stockholm, Dec. 5.—The following bulletin concerning the health of King Oscar was issued today: "The vesical trouble of yesterday caused his Majesty continuous pain, which the doctors sought to alleviate by local treatment. His Majesty's sleep was not satisfactory. His temperature is normal."

A bulletin issued at 11 o'clock this evening says:

"The King had some sleep during the day, but this evening his strength was not so well maintained, although the pain was somewhat diminished."

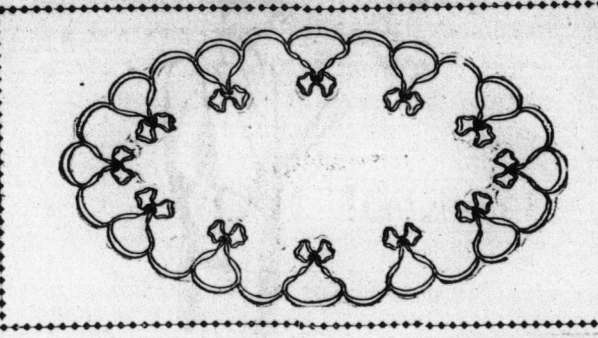
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A simple and effective remedy for SORE THROATS AND COUGHS. They combine the germicidal value of Cresole with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice. Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps. Luzzo, Mraz Co., Limited, Agents, Montreal, 405

Holders of the mortgage for \$50,000 on St. Alban's Cathedral are asking for payment.

HOME NEEDLEWORK PATTERN SERVICE.

Patterns are being sent from Montreal.



No. 648—Novel, effective and easy to work, this design presents a most suitable subject for the busy needlewoman; work real heavy in white, a handsome effect is to be had. This pattern is also made in 20 and 30 inch round centrepiece, the prices of which will be quoted upon request. The prices of the tray cloth as shown are: Perforation, 35c; stamped on heavy white linen, 55c; stamped on extra fine tan linen, 40c; material, 40c.

To the Home Needlework Pattern Department D., Daily Times, Hamilton, Ont.

Gentlemen,—Please send me Home Needlework Pattern No. —, as above. Enclosed please find —, also material to work.

The Daily Fashion Hint.



One of the newest cloth dresses of the season. Princess skirt is of sky blue cloth, trimmed with chinchilla fur. The waist is of blue mousseline de soie, laid in tiny pleats.

LIMIT IMIGRATION.

HON. R. LEMIEUX RECEIVES ASSURANCES FROM VISCOUNT HAYASHI.

Agents Will Have to Abide by Foreign Minister's Decision—Commissioner Ishii Comments on Tyranny of Trades Unions.

Tokio, Dec. 5.—Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, the Canadian Minister of Labor, held a lengthy conference today with Viscount Hayashi, Minister of Foreign Affairs, at the Foreign Office, and received verbal assurances of the limitation of Japanese emigration, and that he will be given later full details of plans on foot for its control.

A committee from the emigration agencies here has held a conference with Minister Hayashi, who announced that the plan of the Japanese Government was closely to limit all emigration to the United States and Canada. Some members of the committee angrily announced their opposition to this course, but Minister Hayashi remained firm and dismissed the committee without changing his attitude or making any compromise.

Kiki Yiro Ishii, Chief of the Japanese Bureau of Commerce, who a few

days ago returned from his visit to the United States and Canada, where he was sent to investigate the emigration problem, gathered representatives of the Tokio newspapers around him at the Foreign Office this evening and discussed his mission abroad. He said that there were two classes of Japanese in America, day laborers, of whom there were 15,000, and a few agriculturists. It was against the emigration of the former that objection was raised. He found that many of this class were desired by employers, but others said their methods of living were objectionable. The Japanese agriculturists generally were successful.

Baron Ishii described the existing economic conditions in America, and explained the method of State self-government in the United States. He said that between the trusts and the labor unions the middle class of Americans and foreign laborers suffered, declaring that union labor was largely controlled by unreasoning persons, their attitude being almost that of tyrants, and they were liable to destroy anything standing in their way.

"Japanese engaged in agriculture as land owners or lessors," said Baron Ishii, "require a few of the best class of their countrymen as laborers, but the Government of Japan has been limiting the emigration of this class."

Hon. Mr. Whitney denied that the Government had considered a redistribution scheme.

VALENS

A very enjoyable time was spent last Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. Wm. Cowie, when the annual oyster supper of the Valens' Hunting Club was given. The captains chosen for the different sides were Mr. Arthur Robson and Mr. Roy Coburn, the former side winning by thirty points. Game is now quite scarce in these parts.

Misses Charlotte and M. J. Robson have returned home from an extended trip to the west.

Miss Maggie Harbottle is visiting relatives in Kerwin.

Mr. Evans Valens, of Hamilton, spent last week at his home here. Messrs. Cecil Robson, Stanley Hood and A. McGeechey arrived home from the west last week.

The funeral of Mr. Robert Dalziel took place from the home of Mr. Fred Daniels on Saturday morning last, to Shaw Station, thence by train, to be interred in the family burying ground. Deceased had been a sufferer from diabetes for the last number of years, and death came as a happy release.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. McGeechey entertained a number of their friends at their home on Monday evening. A very pleasant time was spent by all.

VINELAND

Mr. Clayton Moyer has returned home, after spending the summer in the North-west.

Mrs. John Albright is not quite so well at present.

Mr. T. H. Moyer and his daughter have returned home, after spending several days with friends in Akron.

Mr. George Totten, of Edgely, Ont., spent a short time with friends at this place.

Miss Dolly Marshall, of Campden, is spending a few days in this vicinity. Men have commenced drawing stone again on the town line.

Mr. Wm. Sumes is working for John Albright.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Henry Overholt took place on Sunday afternoon last, from her late residence, thence to the Jordan Station Church for service and interment.

SHEFFIELD

Mrs. Wilcox died last Thursday at this place. The funeral took place on Saturday to St. George Cemetery.

Mr. Wm. Whetham has purchased the Wedge farm. Mr. Wedge is moving to the Southern States.

Miss Pearl Culham is home from Toronto, sick with scarlet fever.

Mr. Ed. Burton, of Beamsville, is renewing acquaintances here.

Mr. Chas. Hammill is putting an up-to-date water system in his barn.

Mr. Jas. McQueen and family, of British Columbia, are visiting relatives here. Mr. Chas. Whetham and wife, of Buffalo, spent last week visiting relatives here.

SUMMIT.

Mrs. Peter Howell passed away at her late residence, Walnut Farm, on Thursday afternoon. She had been in very poor health for sometime, but grew rapidly worse and was unable to leave her bed for some time.

Mrs. Howell was highly respected, and beloved by all who knew her. She leaves one son and two daughters, Mrs. Wm. Temple and Miss Beatrice, all of this place. Her husband pre-deceased her several years ago. She will be missed in every department of the church, of which she had been a member ever since early life, the Sabbath School and the W. M. S., but the sweet influence of her life will long linger. The funeral service was conducted by her pastor, Rev. James A. White, on Sunday afternoon. The large number present showed the esteem in which she was held. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful. The sympathy of the entire community is extended to the family in their sad bereavement.

The remains of the late C. S. Barlow, of Lynden, formerly of this place, were brought here for interment on Wednesday afternoon. Much sympathy is extended to the sorrowing widow and children in the loss of a loving husband and kind father.

On the same afternoon, on the arrival of the 4:30 train from Brantford, the remains of Miss Richards, formerly of this place, were laid to rest.

J. Foster and wife, of Brantford, on their return from Buffalo, by auto, were the guests of C. H. Howell, last week.

A. Garland, of Troy, spent Sunday with his cousin, Laurence Howell.

Arthur Chrysler, of Brantford, was home on Sunday attending the funeral of his aunt, Mrs. Peter Howell.

J. Bawtineimer and wife, of Hamilton, have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. Frank Wilson.

Miss Maggie Lee, of Stoney Creek, has been visiting friends here.

J. Cheshire and sister, spent Saturday with friends in Hamilton.

Mrs. C. Scherzberg, of Brantford, was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. J. D. Howell, on Sunday.

Frank Barlow and wife, of Lynden, spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. Noyes and daughter, of Burford, were the guests of Mrs. A. Chrysler, on Sunday.

A. Buck and wife, of Port Dover, and J. Chrysler, of Hamilton, and R. Buckler, of Brantford, were here attending the funeral of Mrs. Howell, on Sunday.

R. Walker has been visiting friends in Hamilton.

WEST FLAMBORO

Friends of Mrs. Closson James were shocked to hear of her death on Saturday morning after a few days' illness of pneumonia. She was a daughter of the late Mr. John Dymont. She leaves a husband, two young daughters and a son nine months of age; also her mother, two sisters and five brothers. The funeral, which was private, took place on Monday. The floral offerings being beautiful.

Mr. John Anderson, sen., is seriously ill.

Mr. Arthur Beggs and Miss Viola Beggs were visiting friends in this vicinity on Sunday last.

A good programme is being prepared for the Methodist Sunday School entertainment to be held in the church on Dec. 23.

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Improvement Number Eight



A Bowl Shaped Sole



A Foot-rite Unwarpable Sole

Nearly every shoe is built without regard to sole warping, on soles of red, rigid, lifeless, hemlock tan leather which curls up bowl shape at the first wearing and, like bent lead, stays put.

Until the invention of Foot-rite, warping soles were never given the slightest consideration. The Foot-rite makers have solved the sole warping problem, and this is how:

Foot-rite's sole leather is sun seasoned; and sun seasoned leather, like sun seasoned lumber, is unwarpable.

Foot-rite uppers are made of "Normal-Calf," also of sun seasoned leather almost as soft and supple as the live calf's hide, which doesn't shrink and draw up the soles.

The drying of water-soaked shoes causes shrinking and warping. As Foot-rites are almost waterproof, little water is soaked up.

And, being formed over foot sculptured lasts, Foot-rite insides are precisely the same shape and size as the feet which inhabit them. This means that the foot bears down on every single, solitary square inch of insole soace. There's no vacant or waste floor space, and the great weight of the body, evenly and equally distributed over the sole, irons out all warping and holds the sole as flat as a flat-iron bottom.

A Foot-rite dealer has the shoes in town. Run in on him and his shoe. You'll find a door swinging inward but never outward to a more welcome store.

Anywhere in America, Canada or Great Britain—\$4.00 and \$5.00. Every pair Goodyear Welted—which means added wear and comfort.

THE FOOT-RITE SHOE

The Shoe with Twenty Improvements

BOSTON

The Foot-rite Shoe Company, Makers

MONTREAL

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50 James Street North

entertainment to be held in the church on Dec. 23.

EAST SENECA

Friends are sorry that little Audrey Coin, son of Mr. and Mrs. G. Coin, has been very sick with croup.

Master Maurice Kent visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Lounsbury on Sunday last.

Mr. William Bradshaw was at Cayuga on Monday.

Miss Hamilton, of Brantford, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Bradshaw.

Mr. Peter Lounsbury and Mrs. Isaac Swaiz were at Dunnville on Tuesday.

The young people of this vicinity, attended the magic lantern show at Camboro on Tuesday evening, and report a good time.

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Johnston and little son, Morley, visited her parents Monday of this week.

Miss Dora Lounsbury paid a visit to Mrs. James Parker on Wednesday.

Mrs. George Dike is on the sick list, under the care of Dr. McLellan, Caistorville.

Wedding bells will soon be ringing.

November Crop Report

The following statement, containing crop conditions on the 11th of November, based on the returns of 2,000 correspondents, has been prepared by the Ontario Department of Agriculture:

Fall Wheat—The yield is a little below 1906, but quite up to the average, and the general quality of the grain may be classed as good and well up to weight.

Spring Wheat—The yield per acre is about an average, and the quality of the grain is placed as from fair to good.

Barley—Reports regarding barley are on the whole favorable.

Oats—This is the most important grain crop in Ontario, and this year it is poor, both as to yield and quality. The oat crop has been steadily increasing in acreage for the past nine years. In 1899, 2,363,778 acres yielded 89,897,724 bushels; in 1906, the yield had increased to 108,342,455 bushels. This year, while the area had increased 200,000 acres over 1906, the yield has dropped to 83,524,301 bushels, nearly 25,000,000 bushels below 1906. It has the smallest yield since 1896, with only one exception.

Rye—What little rye is now raised for

grain is reported to be fair both as to yield and quality.

Peas—This crop is said to have been the best for years.

The New Fall Wheat—The acreage of new fall wheat will be somewhat increased in the Lake Erie and Georgian Bay Counties, but will be about the usual extent in the other parts of the Province.

Corn—Notwithstanding the lateness of the spring, early planted corn came through in generally fair condition.

Beans—Beans were slightly touched by frost in July and September, and suffered a little from wet weather at harvest.

Buckwheat—This crop suffered from frost more than any other of the grains.

Clover Seed—Clover fields kept for seed were rather thin, owing to the very trying weather, the late spring, and mid-summer drought.

Potatoes—Accounts regarding the yield of potatoes vary greatly, some splendid returns being reported along side of light yields. A statement for the Province generally may be thus summarized: A good yield, the tubers being rather smaller than usual owing to drought, but with great freedom from rot compared with the experience of more recent years.

Turnips—This crop suffered from drought and from the louse, and the yield will be light, and the roots small in size.

Mangel Wurtzles—These roots are not so large in size as usual.

Carrots—Field carrots are not largely grown.

Sugar Beets—There has been a fair yield of sugar beets.

Fruit—Fruit trees, as a rule, are in good condition, except where attacked by the San Jose scale, oyster shell bark louse, tent caterpillar, and other insect enemies. Apples were not up to the average in yield, but large shipments have been made, and a surplus of winter varieties is still available. A surplus of pears is also reported, and plums were more plentiful than was anticipated early in the season. Peaches were very scarce, but grapes gave a large yield.

Live Stock—Except in a few favored localities pastures have been poor, and live stock were in rather thin condition for wintering, although remarkably free from disease. Horses are in good form, but are selling at reduced prices.

The number of brood sows or little pigs sold or slaughtered this fall suggests seriously for bacon production next year. Sheep have been in excellent condition.

The Dairy—Pastures failed early owing to drought, and the milk flow decreased in sympathy; but the good prices for dairy products about balanced matters, and, even with the high price of feed, milk has paid relatively better than where cattle have been raised for beef.

Cheese has been regarded as a paying industry. Butter-making appears to be

coming into more favor with our farmers.

Poultry—Reports regarding the condition of poultry are on the whole favorable. Eggs have commanded a good price, and have paid much better than fowl for the table.

Bees and Honey—The honey flow this season was very light.

Threshing and Marketing—Notwithstanding the late harvest, threshing was well advanced, and in most cases completed, by the end of the first full week of November.

Fall Plowing—Plowing on stubble was practically completed and work was well advanced on sod and root lands by the 11th of November.

Labor and Wages—While a considerable number of correspondents hold that there was an adequate supply of farm labor during the working season, the greater parts of the reports speak of a scarcity, more especially of men of the right quality.

MADMAN'S DEED.

TWO LABOR LEADERS SHOT IN BOSTON STATE HOUSE.

Insane Man Entered Looking for Governor Guild—Found the Men in the Ante-room and Fired—One of the Wounded Will Probably Die.

Boston, Dec. 5.—John A. Steele, an insane man of Everett, walked into the ante-room of the executive chamber of the State House this afternoon and, finding Governor Guild's door closed, turned on three prominent labor leaders, who were waiting in the room and fired three shots at them, probably fatally wounding Edward Cohen, of Lynn, President of the State branch of the American Federation of Labor; seriously wounding Dennis R. Driscoll, of Boston, Secretary of the same board, and painfully injuring with the muzzle of his revolver, Arthur M. Huddell, of Boston, former President of the Central Labor Union of this city. Steele was overpowered by Private Secretary Chas. S. Groves, General J. H. Whitney, chief of the State police, and Governor Guild, who rushed out of his office.

Cohen was shot twice through the head and is in a critical condition. The third bullet struck Driscoll a glancing blow on the side of the forehead and rendered him unconscious. He recovered consciousness half an hour later. Huddell's wound was not serious.

Steele has been an inmate of various State insane institutions for the last five years. He was released on parole from one of them only last month.

The increase in wages to engineers and firemen of the Temiskaming Railway is 20 and to telegraphers 14 per cent.

The Atelier

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Till the Stock is Cleared

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High Class Garments

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