

Sunday School.

LESSON VI.—MAY 7, 1911.

Uzziah, King of Judah, Humbled.—2 Chron. 26: 8-21.

Commentary.—Uzziah made king (vs. 1-3). Uzziah, also called Azariah (2 Kings 14: 21), became king of Judah at the age of sixteen years. He continued to reign during a period of fifty-two years. His reign was longer than that of any other king of Judah except Manasseh, who reigned fifty-five years, and longer than any other king of Israel. The account of his long reign is comparatively brief. He came into power after the disasters that befell the kingdom during his father's time, and his work was largely one of reconstruction. The mention of his building or repairing, E. H. (commonly called Eliah) indicates the importance of that place, and also presents the young king as a zealous worker.

II. Uzziah's prosperity (vs. 4-15). 4, 7. The key to Uzziah's prosperity is indicated in verses 4 and 5. "He did that which was right in the sight of the Lord," and "he sought God." As long as he sought the Lord, God made him to prosper. He was a warrior and waged an aggressive warfare. He invaded the territory of the Philistines, the old enemy of Israel, and defeated them in their own strongholds. He also conquered the Arabians, who had injured Judah in the reign of Jehoram, and the Medians in the region of Mount Seir. 8. The Ammonites gave gifts.—They were in submission to Judah and paid tribute to Uzziah. His successful military operations became known beyond the regions where he waged war. Strengthened himself exceedingly.—"Waxed exceedingly strong."—R. V. In following God he became strong to defend God's chosen people. 9. Built towers.—He repaired and fortified the walls of Jerusalem where they had been broken down. Corner gate.—At the northwest corner of the city. Valley gate.—The gate opened westward toward the valley of Hinnom. At the turning of the wall a curve in the wall on the east. 10. Towers in the desert.—For the threatened purpose of observation and as a shelter for his cattle.—J. & B. Wells.—Rather cisterns to catch and retain the water which fell during the rainy season. Carmel.—The word means "fruitful fields," and is used in that sense rather than as denoting the Carmel in the Kingdom of Israel. Loved husbandry.—The king gave particular encouragement to agriculture.

III. Uzziah's pride (vs. 16-19). 16. When he was strong.—His strength had come while he was walking in humility and faith before the Lord. His heart was lifted up.—He became proud and independent, lost the sight of his great mission. Comparatively few men can enjoy prosperity without their hearts being lifted up in pride. Transgressed.—It was the duty of the priests alone "to burn incense upon the altar of incense," but Uzziah in his pride desired "to be chief in all things, both in church and state." Uzziah must have deliberately determined to invade the priest's office, thus repeating the sin of Korah, Dathan and Abiram.—Cook. The altar of incense.—Directions were given Moses as to its construction and position (Exod. 30: 1-6), and upon it the priest was to burn incense twice daily (Exod. 30: 7, 8). 17. Azariah the priest.—He was doubtless the high priest at the time, and as such it was his duty to oppose Uzziah's sacrilegious act. He and the eighty brave priests were determined that the sacred precincts of the temple should not be polluted even by a king. 18. Willstood.—They could do no more than to stand their duty. Apprehended not unto thee.—It was not a duty of his, and, moreover, that he was an intruder in attempting to perform an office which belonged exclusively to the priests. 19. Went out of the sanctuary.—He lost their authority even over a king. Neither, etc.—Uzziah desired to do as he pleased, but it was a disgrace to him to assume to himself priestly functions. 19. Was wrath.—He was angry because any one, even a high priest, should dispute his right to do anything he wished.

IV. Uzziah's humiliation (vs. 20-23). 20. The chief high priest.—Looked upon him.—It was the duty of the priests to pronounce upon the disease of leprosy (Lev. 13: 14). Leprosy was the most dreaded disease of the

East. It was contagious, loathsome, incurable, fatal, foreboding.—It appeared in the most conspicuous place, so that all present could see it as a judgment from God. It came suddenly, while he was with the priests, thrust him out.—Nothing unclean could be allowed in the temple, hence it was the duty of the priests to cast out the leprosy king, himself hastened.—Death was the penalty for invading the sacred office, and the king feared for his life. He defied men and even God, but he found that there was a mightier than he. 21. Dwelt in a several house.—In a house of separation, or in an infirmary. The Jewish law forbade the leper to mingle in society. Jotham.—Uzziah was disqualified for the position in which he had grown great. His pride had caused his complete downfall. His son became virtually the ruler of the kingdom. 22, 23. Isaiah mentions Uzziah (Isa. 1: 1), but the book referred to is lost. King Uzziah was a leper until his death and because of his disease his body was not interred in the burial place of the Kings of Judah, but in a field close by.

Questions.—Who reigned in Judah after Josiah? Who came next? How old was Uzziah when he began to reign? What great things did he accomplish? What is said of his moral character in the early part of his reign? What was the secret of his success? What change took place later? In what act did he commit sin? Who opposed him in that act? What calamity befell Uzziah? How long did his affliction last? Why could he no longer act as king? Who succeeded him?

PRactical SURVEY. Topic.—True piety and self-exaltation. I. Determined Uzziah's rise and fall. II. Marked Uzziah's prosperity and punishment.

I. Determined Uzziah's rise and fall. Two strong contrasts enter into the history of King Uzziah. He was either greatly blessed or seriously chastened. He was first a great strength to his nation and then a great disgrace. He first obtained strength from the Lord and then presumed upon his own authority. He was first "marvellously helped" (v. 15), and then lifted up to his own destruction (v. 16). His history is a strong proof that true piety and self-exaltation can not exist together in the human heart. It is also a clear warning against the danger of relying upon past help to neglect of seeking daily help from God. It shows the possibility of becoming a prey to the enemy even in advanced life. It teaches that times of greatest spiritual development are times also of danger lest self-reliance take the place of constant reliance upon God. There is no question that Uzziah was truly pious, and no question as to the genuineness of his piety. His manhood should not be given to the cultivation of true piety. It is the marvelous help of God that makes a man strong, and none can be strong religiously apart from such help. The life of a Christian is the life of a conqueror. Everything shows that the kingdom in Uzziah's time had reached a condition of prosperity such as it had not known since the days of Solomon. Around the king unusual hopes had gathered. On every hand he extended the realm of Judah, and made the foes of God's people lick the dust. With his fall a thousand hopes were shattered and a nation's faith fell headlong to the ground. Uzziah prospered in war, in building, and in agriculture. What is there that God can not do for a man who takes his motto as "I will be as God?"

CONCERNED. "Some day your grateful countrymen may put up a great monument to your memory." "That's so," replied Senator Sorghum. "I wonder 'n' I'll get the contract."—Washington Star.

THE AVERAGE COW ISN'T WORTH HER BOARD; MORAL: DON'T KEEP THE AVERAGE KIND OF COW.

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A COW THAT IS RUN ON A BUSINESS BASIS AND THE MORE COMMON BARNYARD VARIETY OF COW IS SHARPLY SET FORTH BY THE STUDY IN CONTRAST SHOWN IN THE ACCOMPANYING PICTURE.

The small pile of butter pails—three 60-pound buckets—represents the amount of butter that the average cow produces in a year. Total, 142 pounds.

The large pile—21 60-pound buckets—represents the amount of butter that Johanna, the Wisconsin champion dairy cow, produces in a year. Total, 1,247.8 pounds.

This it takes nine scrub cows to do the work of one Johanna. What is obviously it is better to have one Johanna, or near-Johanna, than to have a herd of nine average cows, since Johanna outpays but one stallion and eats but one cow's rations, and produces as much butter as the nine.

The fact is, the scrub cow isn't worth her salt. She is an expensive

Advertisement for PE-RU-NA FOR DYSPEPSIA CATARRH OF STOMACH. Includes an illustration of a woman and a bottle of the medicine.

Dr. Peterman Declares They Are the Cause of Rheumatism.

Baltimore, May 1.—Dr. H. E. Peterman, head physician of the South Baltimore Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Hospital, delivered an address before the Medical and Surgical Society here last night, in which he discarded the theory that rheumatism is due to uric acid in the blood.

The responsibility for rheumatism, Dr. Peterman places on the tonsils, and the removal of them, which he declares to be useless after a person has attained the age of six years, he says, will obviate all rheumatic trouble. After the age of six years, Dr. Peterman asserts, the tonsils in some persons gradually dry up by the time the age of 21 years has passed; in others they become enlarged and then diseased. The rheumatic germ, he says, has never been found.

Dr. Peterman says exposure and uric acid may be contributing causes, but the tonsils be removed before the disease has set in; in other words, the tissues have been destroyed the germ will have been eradicated. Dr. Peterman reported success in six cases he had so treated.

LOST AT CARDS. Prospector Loses \$275 and Mining Shares in North Bay Hotel.

North Bay, Ont., May 1.—Frank Grant, a prospector, was recently claiming on the Montreal River for thirty thousand dollars, claims to have been separated from two hundred and seventy-five dollars and seventy-five thousand mining shares in a North Bay hotel last night by three men whom he met on the Tomikaming & North Bay Ontario Railway train. He was inveigled into a poker game, which he claims was crooked. He lost his cash and his mining shares were taken from him as security for loans. He states that he tried to leave the room but the door was locked, and he was threatened with violence if he did not remain and play cards. Warrants are out for the arrest of the gamblers, one of whom is said to be a news vendor on a train, and who left on a train press for Toronto this morning. The Toronto police have been notified by wire to arrest the accused on the arrival of that train.

TORONTO MAN SUICIDES. Toronto dispatch: Despite the efforts of his wife to stop him, William Little, a laborer, living at 48 Princess street, swallowed enough carbolic acid at his home yesterday afternoon to cause his death. As soon as Mrs. Little could learn the alarm the man was rushed to St. Michael's hospital in the police ambulance, but he died shortly after arriving there.

Mrs. Little notified him take a bottle of carbolic acid from the drug store, and before she could take it from his hand he had swallowed a sufficient quantity of the poison to cause death. The man had been in ill-health of late and became despondent.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK. Chicago dispatch: Cattle receipts estimated at 4,000; market steady; hogs, \$5 to \$6.45; Texas steers, \$4.60 to \$5.50; western steers, \$4.80 to \$5.75; stockers and feeders, \$4 to \$5.60; cows and heifers, \$2.40 to \$5.65; calves, \$4.25 to \$6.00.

Hog receipts estimated at 23,000; the market strong at yesterday's average; light, \$5.25 to \$6.25; mixed, \$5.90 to \$6.20; heavy, \$5.75 to \$6.15; roughs, \$5.15 to \$5.90; good to choice, \$5.90 to \$6.15; pigs, \$5.55 to \$6.20; bulk of sales, \$6.05 to \$6.15.

OTHER MARKETS. CHEESE MARKETS. Belleville.—At the weekly Cheese Board meeting, 131 boxes of white and 83 boxes of colored were offered; white sold at 11 1/2-16 and colored at 11 3/8.

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MONTEAL LIVE STOCK. Montreal.—At the Canadian Pacific live stock market this morning the offerings were 450 cattle, 225 sheep and lambs, 950 hogs and 2700 calves. There was no important change in the condition of the market for cattle, prices being well maintained under a fairly good demand for small supplies, and a more active trade was done, which resulted in a good clearance being made.

Choice steers sold at 6 1/2-20; good to 6 1/4-14; fairly good at 5 1/2-20 to 5 3/4-4, and the lower grades at 5 to 5 1/4-4 per pound. There was considerable inquiry for cows and bulls, of which the supply was limited, and sales were made at prices ranging from 3 1/2-20 to 3 1/2-20 per pound, as to quality.

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At the Montreal Stock Yards west end market the supply of live stock for sale consisted of 250 cattle, 190 sheep and lambs, 650 hogs and 2400 calves. The prices realized for cattle, sheep, lambs and calves were much the same as those quoted above, but this market for hogs was reported weaker, with prices 25 per 100 pounds lower, sales of selected being made at \$5.50 per 100 pounds, weighed off cars.

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MARKET REPORTS.

TORONTO MARKETS. FARMERS' MARKET.

Dressed hogs \$ 8 50 \$ 9 00 Butter, dairy 0 25 0 22 Do, inferior 0 20 0 23 Eggs, new laid, doz 0 20 0 23 Chickens, lb. 0 18 0 20 Turkey, lb. 0 22 0 24 Apples, bbl., seconds 3 00 5 00 Cabbage, doz. 0 30 0 35 Cauliflower, doz. 0 75 1 00 Onions, bag 0 90 1 00 Potatoes, leg 1 00 0 00 Beef, hindquarters 9 50 11 00 Do, forequarters 7 00 8 00 Do, choice, carcass 9 00 9 75 Do, medium, carcass 8 00 8 50 Mutton, prime, per cwt. 8 00 10 00 No. 1 yellow, Respath's 11 00 11 00 Lamb, cwt. 11 00 13 00

SUGAR MARKET. Sugars are quoted in Toronto, in bags, per cwt., as follows: Extra granulated, Respath's \$4 70 Do, St. Lawrence 4 70 Do, Acadia 4 65 Imperial granulated 4 55 Beaver granulated 4 30 No. 1 yellow, Respath's 4 30 Do, St. Lawrence 4 30 Do, Acadia 4 30 Do, Acadia, unbranded 4 20

BALED HAY AND STRAW. Quotations on track Toronto, are as follows: Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$12 to \$13; mixed clover and timothy, \$9 to \$11. Straw—\$6.50 to \$7.

SEEDS. Toronto wholesalers are selling to trade at the following prices: Alsike, No. 1, bush, \$11.00 to \$10.00 Do, No. 2, bush, 9.00 to 10.00 Do, No. 3, bush, 8.75 to 10.00 Red clover, No. 1, bush, 10.50 to 10.00 Do, No. 2, bush, 9.25 to 10.00 Timothy, No. 1, bush, 7.20 to 10.00 Do, No. 2, bush, 6.75 to 10.00 Alfalfa, No. 1, bush, 13.75 to 10.00 Do, No. 2, bush, 12.25 to 10.00

WOOL MARKET. Quotations—Washed fleece, 18c to 20c; unwashed fleece, 12c to 14c; rejects, 15c.

LIVE STOCK. Toronto dispatch: Trade was slow, heavy cattle lower; light butcher cattle firm. City cattle market—Receipts yesterday and today included were 120 cars with 1361 head of cattle, 489 sheep and lambs, 2200 hogs and 225 calves. The probable opening of St. Lawrence navigation next week and one or two cattle boats available may afford an outlet for some of the heavy cattle which all this week have been a drag in the local market. At the present time there appears to be no demand whatever for heavy stuff, particularly bulls, which for the past couple of markets have been the hardest to dispose of, except at prices anywhere from 25 to 50 cents lower.

Light bulls useful for local purposes are more in demand and sell well at from \$1.50 to \$3.25. Good butcher cows also steady at \$4.50 to \$5.20; good feeders and stockers, firm, and in demand at \$4.50 to \$5.50. All heavy mixed cattle, dull and from 20c to 25c.

Sheep and lambs steady to firm, yearlings, Canadian, \$3.75 to \$6.25; American yearlings, \$6.25 to \$6.55. Spring lambs sold at from \$3 to \$6.50 each.

Good milk cows were firmer in demand at \$55 to \$75 each. Hogs unchanged at \$6.15 to \$6.20 f.o.b. and \$6.50 fed and watered at Toronto.

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Family Cured of Eczema.

By Cuticura Remedies

"The Cuticura treatment has absolutely cured me and family of eczema which I, my wife and two-year-old child had for eight months. It started with small pimples on the head of my child which gradually broke out in sores, and it was not long before I and my wife got the same. Our heads were one mass of sores, we could not sleep and the itching was terrible. We suffered for eight months. We tried different kinds of ointments and medicine but it did us no good and soon it began to break out on our bodies until a friend who had the same trouble told me about Cuticura of which I used two sets of Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Resolvent, and I was surprised. After the first few days our heads began to heal and in two months we were absolutely cured of this terrible eczema."

(Signed) EDUGENE POTTSOFF, 531 Ralph St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

No stronger evidence than this could be given of the success and economy of the Cuticura Remedies in the treatment of torturing, disfiguring humors of the skin and scalp, of infants, children and adults. Sold throughout the world. Send for Free 32-page Cuticura book on treatment of skin and scalp diseases.

Flour—Winter patents quiet, at 27s 6d. Hops—In London, Pacific Coast firm, \$4 10s to \$5 10s.

Beef—Extra India mess, easy, at 92s 6d. Pork—Prime mess, western, dull, 81s 3d; hams, short cut, 14 to 16 pounds, 92s; Bacon, Cumberland cut, 28 to 30 pounds, quiet, 51s; short ribs, 10 to 24 pounds, quiet, 55s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 pounds, steady, 52s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 pounds, weak, 53s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 pounds, weak, 51s; short clear backs, 16 to 20 pounds, dull, 47s.

Shoulders—Square, 11 to 13 pounds, quiet, 43s 6d. Lard—Prime western, in tierces, strong, 42s 6d; American refined, in pails, strong, 43s 3d.

Cheese—Canadian finest and colored, new, firm, 63s. Butter—Finest American, firm, 88s, good to firm 80s.

Turpentine Spirits—Strong, 67s. Resin—Common, steady, 18s.

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BRADSTREET'S TRADE REVIEW. Montreal reports to Bradstreet's say general trade there continues of about average proportion. While there has been some improvement in the retail movement of spring lines, the activity is not yet what might have been expected. On the whole, however, a good Easter business was done. Country trade is reported quiet and will continue so until the roads dry up thoroughly. General dry goods lines are now moving fairly well. A bright feature is the excellence of the western demand.

Toronto reports to Bradstreet's say a good general trade seems to be moving in all lines of business. Spring trade is a little slow in some localities, but the volume of business is generally satisfactory. Orders are being received in nicely and it is evident that merchants are looking forward to a large turnover during the coming summer. Western business seems to promise exceptionally well. Travellers in that part of the country report the outlook very satisfactory. Few changes are reported in dry goods.

Hamilton reports say a fairly good Easter trade was done there in all lines of goods. General retail trade is not heavy, but the volume of business shows improvement over that of a week or two ago. Factories are generally busy. Country trade is fair. Deliveries of produce are inclined to be large.

Winnipeg reports say trade there and throughout central and western Canada is commencing to move with a vigor that promises well for the future.

Vancouver and Victoria reports say there is an excellent business moving all along the coast.

Quebec reports to Bradstreet's say little change is noticeable from the preceding week.

London reports say a good steady tone is noted in general business there.

Ottawa reports say trade there is steady in character and of fair volume, and wholesalers say their business is well up to the average for this time of the year.

When using a bottle of glue the stopper may be prevented from sticking by rubbing a real one with a little lard or grease of some kind and using that in place of the old, sticky one.

Advertisement for Zam-Buk. A purely herbal balm; best thing for the tender skins of children, yet powerful enough to heal an adult's chronic sore; highly antiseptic; eases pain and smarting soon as applied—that is Zam-Buk. Remember it is purely herbal—no mineral poisons, no animal fats. Power and purity combined!

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