

# THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

### FROM LATE EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PAPERS.

make love, totally forgetful of time, and was only aroused by the entrance of the widow, who was quite in his and her daughter's secret, but who thought the proper period for interruption had arrived. An hour or more passed over and the trio began to express their surprise at Lord W——'s non-appearance, he having appointed his visit for about the very time he had paid it so stealthily. Nearly another hour flew past. It was sundown.

"What can have become of him?" exclaimed the mother.

"Thank God, he does not appear yet!" said Moreton.

"Alas! there he is!" cried Teresa, as the sound of a carriage was heard. It stopped before the house—the bell rang—the street door was opened—a firm and rapid foot was heard on the stair—three pairs of eyes were turned on the entrance to the chamber. In a moment more a shriek from both ladies echoed through the salon where they were sitting. Moreton stood up and rushed forward, throwing himself as a shield between the females and the strange intruder who had caused their alarm.

"Oh, save us, Signor Moreton! It is he himself—the monster who has caused us such suffering!" said the frightened women, speaking together. The secretary clasped Teresa to his heart, and firmly waited the advance of the object of terror—a man in a handsome silk domino, a half mask, with bushy reddish beard and whiskers. The reader knows him already.

"Fear nothing, ladies," said he in a voice which both the ladies knew at once, and which even Moreton thought he recognized. At the same moment the domino was thrown off, the mask flung aside, the false beard and whiskers plucked away and Lord W—— stood revealed.

"Yes, ladies, I have chosen to come thus before you," said he, "that I might not be the only one of the party in his true character. We have been all masquerading, but it is time for reality to take its place. The barbarian prince, the Russian persecutor, the base seducer, is, I confess it, none other but my humble self. I admit my fault—I am resolved to repair it. Struck by specimen of almost superhuman beauty, I was captivated and inflamed; I tried for a while the bolder system, too commonly successful in this country; failing in that I ventured on the subtleties of art, and there I was foiled, even at my own weapons and by my own instrument. With the hope of success I could have braved all obstacles—with the certainty of failure I know the wisdom, the virtue of submission. Moreton, you have won the lady while I was laying a plan for wooing her; you deserve your laurels and shall wear them. I resign all pretensions but the right of giving away the bride, and when the wedding-day is fixed, I claim the privilege of furnishing marriage portion. Do not be surprised if any thing do not betray that you are so! I hate concealment when everything is discovered. The abbate and the advocate have told me all—have confirmed rather what my ears first learned by chance. Pray come in, gentlemen, and bear witness for me."

At these words the priest and the lawyer entered the chamber, and shook hands cordially with the listening and astonished group.

"And now there is but one person wanting to complete the circle. Antonio my good friend appears."

The door was again flung widely open, the son rushed into his mother's and sister's arms, for they embraced him both together, hugged him to them, kissed him, and burst into hysterics of joy, that went deeper into the heart than all the duets ever sung even by Teresa and her master.

"Well, ladies, you will admit I have not spent the last two hours badly or idly," said Lord W——.

They answered with brimful eyes—they could not speak. A tear stood even in Lord W——'s, but he did not let it fall. The fact is, he was a most unprincipled man, but he had a sort of sensibility he was capable of feeling, and by acting on the impulse quickly, it sometimes had the appearance of sentiment.

Teresa and Moreton were soon married, and amply provided for by Lord W——. The celebrated Angelica Kauffman made a portrait of the beautiful bride; and, from a sketch of her profile by the same artist, Santarelli, the famous gem engraver of Florence, finished an intaglio of exquisite loveliness.

The young couple went very soon to England, and, if the old couple are still living, I hope they will excuse the liberty I have taken in making their little history public.

From an article in the London and Westminster Review, it appears that at the last census, the number of domestic servants in the United Kingdom was—Females, 923,646; men and boys, 211,966; total, 1,135,612.

A Workshop Street police office, London, Bazi Deners, a Canadian refugee was committed for trial for having slaughtered a cow belonging to a Mr. Dawkins, of Tottenham, and stolen a part of the carcass. A butcher who examined the carcass pronounced that the hind quarter had been cut from the beast before it was dead, that there were gashes on each side of the windpipe, inflicted with a clasp knife, but nothing to cause its death. In consequence of the excitement created by a report of the prisoner's brutality, he had to be conveyed to the station-house under the protection of a large body of the police. The prisoner was subsequently tried, and found guilty. He obstinately refused to plead or utter a syllable; but this trick did not avail him, and the Recorder told him he should consequently be transported.

Active preparations are making for opening the campaign at the winter theatres. Bunn at Drury Lane, and Macready at Covent Garden, are on the alert. The latter opens on the 21st, and the former on the 24th.

From a census made in July last, by order of the Minister of the Interior, it would appear that there are 47,500 British subjects residing in France; but this return is said to be very imperfect, there being more than twice that number in France.

It is rumored that the husband of the late dining singer, Madam Malibran, is about to be united to her sister, Millie Garcia, whose vocal powers but fair to rival those of the late lamented favorite.

It is a singular fact ever since their alleged acceleration by the rail-roads, the delivery of general post letters in the metropolis has been retarded full an hour upon the average, while the people of Liverpool make a similar complaint.

The total annual export of Sherry from Spain according to the custom-house returns, is 28,627 butts, each containing 600 bottles; but as this is considerably less than the amount professedly imported into England alone, it follows that some other article must be substituted for sherry, and it would be curious indeed to know how much of the Sherry for which a bottle is charged at inns was ever imported from Spain.

The following is the account of the contributions obtained in the year 1837-8 by the four principal Missionary Societies in London:—Church of England, 288,547; Wesleyan, 491,630; London, 270,255; Baptist, 217,826.

It is calculated that the Royal Exchange will be re-built, upon the proposed enlarged scale, and ready for business within three years; whilst of the two houses of Parliament, burnt down in 1834, not a stone is yet laid, nor is the kind of stone of which they are to be built yet decided on.

The consumption of Paris for the month of August consisted of 5,414 oxen, 1,581 cows, 7,613 calves, and 2,600 sheep.

A company is forming at Rouen for the purpose of raising the ship *Tlemusque*, at 100 about fifty years ago, at the mouth of the Seine, and which is supposed to contain specie and plate to a large amount, as well as other valuables, among which is a necklace which belonged to Marie Antoinette, a painting by Raphael, &c.

The following notice lately appeared in the shop window of a tailor at Cork:—"Wanted two apprentices, who will be treated as one of the family."

The city of Orleans, one of the most considerable of the second-rate towns of France, was lighted with gas for the first time only a few days (nights) ago.

## UNITED STATES.

The St. Louis Bulletin of the 25th September states that the Mormon troubles had ended. Peace and quietness reigned among them; and the general opinion was that they have been greatly slandered—"more sinned against than sinning."

The Jury in the case of John Shea, for the murder of Patrick O'Dowd, at New-York, declared their inability to agree on a verdict, and the prisoner has been remanded for a new trial at the next term.

WEST INDIES.—Intelligence from Key West to the 30th Sept. has been received by the editor of the New Orleans Bulletin. The Floridian of the 29th says that the accounts

from Nassau: of the disastrous consequences of the gale of the 8th, are still distressing. The hulls of vessels, some bottom upwards, and others dismantled, have been seen floating about the gulf in almost every direction, on the Bahama side. Many vessels have gone entirely to pieces, and the loss of life and property must consequently be great. In one house in Nassau, there were boarding 25 sea-captains that had been wrecked.

## UPPER CANADA.

We hear that a sergeant, a corporal and three privates of the 43rd, deserted the other day from the Fells. Two officers of the regiment happening to be on the other side, met with the sergeant who had become tired of the land of "sympathy?" and on their promising to plead his cause at a Court Martial, he returned with them; but Colonel Bath would not have anything to do with him. So he was obliged to go back to enjoy "liberty and equality" in the best way he could.—*Niagara Reporter*.

A few days ago, two men of the name of Karanagh, and one named Gray, was tried at the Johnstown District Assizes, for attempting to seduce two soldiers of the 71st Regiment to desert, and found guilty. They were sentenced to six months imprisonment.

THE STEAMBOAT CYNTHIA BURNET.—On Saturday last the sternboat *Cynthia*, commanded by Capt. J. H. Hudson, when two miles this side of Amherstburgh, on her way to Sanduschi was discovered to be on fire. So rapidly did the flames spread over the upper works that it was deemed expedient to run her on shore immediately, in order to save the lives of those on board, which was accordingly done.—*Saratoga Herald*.

## LOWER CANADA.

Montreal, Oct. 20.—We believe that in Quebec as well as in Upper Canada, the shilling sterling passes current for one shilling and three pence, and the sixpence sterling for sevenpence half-penny Halifax currency, while in Montreal they are current for one shilling and a penny and sixpence half-penny. If it is any object that a good silver currency be kept in the country, the rates for British silver should be raised to the Quebec standard.—*Herald*.

Yesterday morning at ten o'clock, the whole of the troops in the garrison, consisting of the 7th Hussars, the Royal Artillery, the Royal 24th, 71st, and 73rd Regiments of the line, were brigaded on the Cote à Baron hill, which displayed all "the pride and pomp and circumstance of glorious war."—*Id.*

Notwithstanding all the bungling of the post, and the escape of political prisoners from Fort Henry and the jail of this city, we were certainly not prepared to learn that Theller and one of his associates have made good their retreat from the impregnable fortress of Quebec! Well may it be asked—where will all this end? The British name has already suffered sufficiently by the stultified conduct of the authorities, and every trifling helps to bring it lower in public estimation. National honor requires that every public duty should be well and properly performed, even the secure keeping of the lowest fence. This escape will be made a fine thing of among the ignorant habitants.—*Courier*.

## THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, TUESDAY, 23rd OCT. 1838.

### LATEST DATES.

From London, Sept. 20. From New York, Oct. 19.  
From Liverpool, Sept. 20. From Halifax, Oct. 2.  
From Paris, Sept. 17. From Toronto, Oct. 6.

No later European intelligence is received by this morning's mail. New York papers are to be morning of Thursday last.

Nearly all the Upper Canada papers concur in opinion as to the probability of our being on the eve of fresh disturbances on the frontier. All accounts from the "land of sympathy" agree in stating that an active organization is on foot along the whole American line. A kind of freemasonry has been established, and the doings of the fraternity are conducted with secrecy.

The Officers' Barracks at Chambly, have been entirely destroyed by fire, which broke out on Friday morning last about three o'clock, and we sincerely regret to add that Ensign Carey, of the 15th Regiment, perished in the flames. It appears that this gentleman, after having escaped in the first instance from the building, had returned to his room to secure something highly prized by him, which in the

hurry of the moment he had forgotten, and contrary to the earnest entreaties of one of the sergeants, he rushed into his apartment in the face of evident danger, and thus perished. No other lives have been lost; but it is stated that Lieut. Smith, of the 15th Regiment, had been severely burnt.

The circulation of the Lewiston Telegraph in Canada, says a Niagara paper, has been prohibited by order of the Post-Office Surveyor. Last winter, when a spirit of vigorous wickedness presided over its columns, it was allowed to circulate without interruption, but now, when it has sunk into a state of hopeless diviling somnolency, it must be stopped.

His Excellency Sir John Colborne left town on Saturday night, in the steamer Canada, for Montreal. He is expected to return in a few days.

Capt. Dillon, A. D. C. to His Excellency the Governor General, and E. G. Wakefield, Esq. left town on Saturday night, for England, via New York. The former gentleman is the bearer of despatches from His Excellency to the Home Government.

In addition to the reward of \$1000 offered by the Brigade of Guards for the apprehension of Theller and Dodge, the Governor General has issued a proclamation offering \$2000.—Innumerable reports are in circulation respecting the route and destination of the prisoners, but no certain information on the subject has been received. Four privates and one sergeant of the Coldstream Guards, are in close confinement, awaiting an investigation into the circumstances attending the escape of the prisoners. We are informed that Theller sent his measure, about a month ago, to a tailor in the town, with directions to make him a braided coat precisely similar to those worn by the Guards, fearing which it would appear that he escape had been for some time meditated.

By placard posted about the town, we observe that a public meeting is convened or the purpose of forming a "Friendly Union for the suppression of vice and promotion of useful knowledge in Quebec." To the notice calling the meeting is subjoined an outline of the plan to be proposed.

Two companies of the Grenadier Guards, the 4th and 7th have this morning received orders to hold themselves in readiness to go up the country.

ADDRESS OF THE HON. CHIEF JUSTICE NEWELL, On his retirement from the Bench.

"Before I quit this seat, I wish to address a few words to you, my learned brothers, and to you, gentlemen of the bar.

"The state of my health having of late put it out of my power to render that assistance in the execution of the duties of the bench, which I have heretofore been able to afford, I deemed it my duty to tender my resignation of the office of Chief Justice of the Province, to His Excellency the Governor General, and he has been pleased to accept it.

"All partings from friends are painful, and had I consulted my own feelings on this occasion, and those only, I should have retired from the bench in silence. But the recollection of the uninterrupted harmony which has subsisted between us, during the long period of 50 years, in which I have had the honor to preside in this Court, would not suffer me to think of so cold a separation,—I have, therefore, detain you, that I may avail myself of this opportunity, briefly, but sincerely, to assure you that I carry with me into retirement the same feelings of esteem and respect, for the profession at large, which I have ever entertained,—a grateful sense of the conduct which I have experienced from you on all occasions,—and of the able aid and assistance, which from you my learned brethren, and from you, gentlemen of the bar, in your respective stations, and in the exercise of the arduous duties of this tribunal, I have invariably received.

"Accept my most sincere thanks for the past, accompanied by my best and earnest wishes for your health, prosperity and happiness in future; and allow me to hope, that I shall carry with me into private life, your continued esteem and friendship.

"With these sentiments, which are deeply impressed upon my mind, and which I shall retain during life, I respectfully take my leave of you, my learned brothers, and of you, gentlemen of the bar, and bid you all farewell."