

Dress Goods Rare.

We have just passed the customs here a most brilliant array of French and British Black and Colored Dress Goods. Then last week we had passed through the customs at Toronto by the agent of the British shippers, one of the richest showing of novelties in skirt lengths and suitings that ever graced our counters.

Our position in Dress Goods was never stronger and you are extended a most cordial welcome to visit this store at any time from now until the season is over and come expecting to see fresh novelties from the new and old world. We said "the season is over," of course we are entering a period when your wants are more frequent, and you expect to see new things, but here you'll find new fabrics the year round.

...WM. FOREMAN & CO...

Having released from customs the largest consignment of

Queen Quality

THE FAMOUS SHOE FOR WOMEN

Ever shown in Chatham. NEW LASTS, NEW TOES, NEW HEELS.

The newest creations ever shown in Ladies' Fine Footwear now ready for your inspection at

Boston Shoe Store...

J. L. Campbell, PROP.



To know all there is to know about a Sarsaparilla, take Ayer's. Your doctor will say so, too. He knows.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

DISTRICT DOINGS.

THAMESVILLE

Sept. 23.—Mr. Colles, the school inspector, was in town to-day. Mr. Bart Manning, who for the past two weeks has been visiting his parents here, has returned to Detroit yesterday.

Miss Minnie Badder, of Wallaceburg, is spending a few weeks with friends here.

Fred Bambridge has returned to Detroit, after spending a few days among friends here.

Mrs. L. J. Campbell, of Hammond, Ind., and formerly of this place, is the guest of old friends.

DRESDEN

Sept. 24.—Miss Sarah McVean spent Tuesday at Port Lambton. Quite a number from Dresden visited Chatham yesterday. Among the number were:—Mrs. Wm. McVean, Mrs. McPherson and daughter Mary, Miss Ethel and Miss Mae Burne, Miss A. Hughes, Miss Eva Turill, Mr. and Mrs. Mahoney, Mr. and Mrs. Williams, Little, F. A. McKim, A. J. Davies, Robert Aiken, John Burnie, Captain Ribble and D. V. Hicks.

Wm. Sayers, who recently purchased the draying business of Abe Woods, took over the business and commenced work this morning.

Miss John McGrade, nee Miss Ella Thatcher, is visiting her mother, in North Dresden.

Wm. Johnson, of Tilbury, was a Dresden visitor last night and to-day.

Yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's father, Florence,

Miss Mary Willson was united in marriage to Dr. Kelly, also of Florence. The happy couple have the best wishes of many friends in Dresden and vicinity.

The Dresden baseball team added one more victory to their 1903 list by defeating the Wallaceburg team on their own grounds yesterday afternoon. The game was a good one, as the score plainly shows, 4-2, in favor of the local boys. Young Emory, Dresden's star twirler, was in great form, having no less than 18 strikeouts to his credit.

The marriage of Mr. Allan Hopper and Miss Alice March was solemnized last night at the Methodist parsonage, Dawn Mills, Rev. Mr. Taylor being the officiating clergyman.

To-morrow, Friday night, Perry, O'Dell & Dees' comedians will give their one night's performance at the Grand Opera House.

Hotel Rates Reduced

The Queen's Hotel, Toronto, American plan, from \$2.50 per day, with bath from \$3.00 per day.

At Hammerfest, in Norway, there are twenty-eight days of midwinter on which the sun does not rise above the horizon.

For Drunkenness and THE Keeley Drug using

Over 300,000 CURES

Address: Keeley Institute 786 Queen St. West TORONTO, ONT.

Cleveland's BAKING POWDER

The most economical of all leavening agents, and makes the finest food.

A CALL FOR ACTION.

TRADES CONGRESS TALKING OF A SECRET SESSION.

The Pay of Letter-carriers—Ontario Printing Bureau—Regulating the Barbers—Other Subjects Dealt With.

Brockville, Sept. 24.—There has been a great deal of talk among the delegates to the Trades and Labor Congress as to holding a secret session to discuss the labor troubles in Canada, but nothing has yet been decided. The delegates are particularly aggrieved at the report of the royal commission on the British Columbia matters. Mr. Fleet, the President, has a letter from Mr. Samuel Gompers of the American Federation, repudiating the United Brotherhood of Rail-entirely the United Brotherhood of Rail-entirely the United Brotherhood of Rail-

A deputation representing the Lord's Day Alliance visited the congress, and were invited to the platform. Rev. T. Albert Moore of Toronto, on behalf of the deputation, spoke of the work the Alliance is doing to secure for workingmen that by the decision of the Privy Council the Ontario Lord's Day act was declared ultra vires. But there are still valid the acts of the Province to the same end, which extend to a number of large industries. There will likely be a big discussion to-morrow morning on some of these points. There was only one session yesterday, and at noon the congress adjourned for a trip up the river.

For the next place of meeting invitations were read from Montreal, St. John, N.B., and Guelph.

The matter was referred to the committee on Resolutions.

The committee on Resolutions reported concurrence in certain of the resolutions submitted yesterday. The first was the petition of the letter-carriers in favor of increased pay to the extent of 20 per cent., to at least \$2.50 per day at the end of six years service.

The resolution of Delegate Sanderson of Ottawa in favor of asking the Ontario Government to establish a board of examiners and improving the sanitary conditions of the shops was opposed by Quebec delegates, who desired the condition which had arisen there over such legislation. It was explained that in that Province the bill brought forward by the government, and that was the cause of the trouble. The bill in the resolution got over this difficulty, and was similar to that in successful operation in New York. The bill would "wipe out the five-cent jobs."

The resolution was referred back to the committee for the elimination of the features that tended to create a close corporation, which was declared contrary to the policy of the congress.

Pickles of the Toronto Railway Company's employees against the watering of stock as influential to workingmen, was adopted without discussion. "Nobody wants to touch it," remarked Secretary Draper.

The committee reported against a resolution to ascertain the opinion of members of Parliament on labor matters, as it was considered to be a subject for the respective constituencies. Mr. Puttee contended that the resolution was contrary to the policy of the congress, and showed that it would turn the congress into a political caucus. Several delegates held that this was the only way for the workingmen to fight the manufacturers, and the resolution was finally referred back to the committee for further consideration.

The resolution endorsing the label of the Boot and Shoe Makers' Union as against the Independent Union of America, favoring the Toronto delegates' resolution about referendum and initiative legislation, regarding a circular from the congress to explain to the independent trades of Great Britain that there were enough mechanics in Canada, and not room for 11,000, as the Manufacturers' Association said.

NEWMARKET ELECTRIFIED.

Everything Seems to Carry an Electric Current.

Newmarket, Ont., Sept. 24.—This town is electrified. Something has gone wrong at the electric light plant, and a great number of the incandescent lamps are so charged that if a person so much as touches the brass part he will get a shock that will knock him over. One hardware man says that with any long steel instrument he can strike sparks from the metal ceiling. In another office a lamp has been hanging over an iron bar for a long time, and the insulation became worn through. The other day when the light was turned on the bar and all the metal fixtures became charged with a current sufficient to knock a man down if he touched any of them.

On Saturday night a short, stout shopkeeper carried a lamp to the sidewalk, and happening to touch the brass, the first thing he knew he was on his back on the concrete walk, and the next he was on his head in the ditch. Though a churchman, his remarks were nearly as strong as the current. His hand across the palm was burned black.

Topics of Toronto.

Walter Pettigrew, a child two years of age, was killed by a street car on Sherbourne street.

Two girls, Edith and Mary Pogue, were convicted of fraud in begging, and sentenced to the Mercer Reformatory.

CANADA AND GERMANY.

Liberal Member's Charge Against Mr. Chamberlain.

London, Sept. 24.—Mr. A. W. Black, M.P., of Banffshire, wrote to Mr. Chamberlain, seeking an explanation as to why the correspondence between Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Herr Bopp, the German Consul at Montreal, was withheld from the House of Commons upon the only occasion they were permitted to discuss the Canadian German policy. Mr. Chamberlain's reply, dated September 3, says: "The Canadian Government, I have caused a communication to be addressed to the Dominion Government expressing that in the future they keep me informed of any official negotiations into which they may enter." In a later letter, replying to Mr. Black, Mr. Chamberlain said: "I have not heard of any intention of Canada to deal with the situation by direct tariff negotiations, nor have I any information whatever to confirm the unauthorized inference you draw from the correspondence referred to. That Canada would be willing, under any circumstances, to give Germany the same treatment as the mother country."

BRITISH CABINET CRISIS.

King Edward Said to Favor Lord Lansdowne.

London, Sept. 24.—The political crisis has taken on a phase which lends to the present situation an historical and constitutional importance of almost unprecedented interest. The King has interfered in the exercise of his prerogatives to an extent never dreamed of in the Victorian era. Premier Balfour's continued presence at Balmoral has given rise to such surmise and comment, but the Associated Press is able to state definitely that it is due to the King's determination not to assent to the formation of a new Cabinet until thoroughly satisfied that its personnel and combination is such as to insure the efficient carrying on of the affairs of the empire pending the resumption of Parliament. For years previous Cabinets were formed or Ministerial vacancies filled with the mere recommendation to the Sovereign of the names of the new Ministers. King Edward has done away with this tradition. He has spent the last few days in constant discussion with Mr. Balfour as to the advisability, from the point of view of the nation's welfare, of the latter's suggested appointments of Ministers, and those nominated for office have been summoned to Balmoral to join in these conferences, and all have been subjected to a degree of interrogation such as has surprised even those who knew King Edward intimately as Prince of Wales.

To such an extent is King Edward holding his power of veto in reserve that now he is almost regarded by the inner circles as more of a cabinet maker. Though with his usual tact the King has refrained from expressing any political views or infringing upon the initiative belonging to the Ministers, this has not prevented him from expressing his genuine desire, amounting almost to a command, that steps be taken to remedy the scandals in the army administration revealed by the report of the South African War Commission, and insisting that the new Cabinet shall be one adapted to deal with that question.

The King is said to have expressed the opinion that Lord Lansdowne's record as War Secretary was due more to the badness of the system in vogue than to any defect in Lord Lansdowne's own judgment. King Edward has not shared the keen public indignation against Lord Lansdowne aroused by the report of the South African War Commission, and after a minute examination of the circumstances is understood to have consented to his Lordship continuing as Foreign Minister. This decision has not prevented his Majesty from frankly telling the Ministers that he wanted something done to improve the military muddle.

THE TORY WON.

By-Election in Rochester, England—Keenly Fought on Fiscal Question.

London, Sept. 24.—A bye-election was held at Rochester to replace Viscount Cranborne, who resigned his seat in the Commons on his elevation to the Peerage, a consequence of the death of his father, Marquis of Salisbury. The contest, which was keenly fought on the fiscal question, resulted in the Conservatives retaining the seat, and electing Charles Tuft over Sir Henry Johnston, Liberal.

KILLED BY A BULL.

Mr. Hemmingsway of Corinth Trampled to Death.

St. Thomas, Sept. 24.—Peter Hemmingsway of Corinth was killed by a bull. While he was attending to some duties in the barn the animal suddenly turned on him, and, although disoriented, it trampled and bruised him. It was only through the heroic efforts of the hired man with a pitchfork that the animal was finally driven from the barn. Mr. Hemmingsway lived only a few minutes after being rescued.

FRANK AGAIN SCARED.

Another Immense Slide from Turtle Mountain.

Winnipeg, Sept. 23.—Another immense mountain slide is reported to have occurred last night at Turtle Mountain, near Frank, Alberta, where 100 lives were lost in April last. As far as known no lives were lost but all the people of Frank have deserted the town again, and are being hurried to other towns nearby. The slide occurred just as a passenger train was nearing Frank, and as quickly as possible brakes were applied and the train packed for several miles. After waiting some hours the train was run to Frank, and many of the terrified people, who were huddled together at the station, were taken on board.

QUIET AT THE SOO.

MEN TO BE BROUGHT IN FROM THE WOODS TO-NIGHT.

The Result of This Move Causes Anxiety—Much Property May be Sacrificed—Will Next Monday be Pay Day?—Sale of the Property October 1.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 24.—This has been one of the quietest days ever witnessed in the Sault. A fierce gale was blowing across Lake Superior, and everybody kept indoors. The only topic of conversation that at all interested the citizens was the financial difficulty of the company, and, as there is no authoritative information emanating from this end of the company's business interests, the people are entirely in the dark as to what is going on, save for the vague intelligence which an odd despatch from the east may bring.

Notwithstanding the encouragement derived from these despatches, the fact remains that the order from the east directing that the lumbermen cease operations in the woods has not yet been rescinded, and the present intention is to commence bringing the men in to-morrow night. They will be brought in in sections, probably four or five hundred being transported each day, until all of the camps have been cleared up, and the two thousand bushmen landed in the town. This move on the part of the company does not harmonize with the theory that a plan of reorganization has been effected, because the closing up of the camps will make it extremely difficult to get other gangs back into the bush to get out timber for next year's operations, no matter how speedily the company may be in a position to resume business. It is understood that logs aggregating several million feet of lumber are cut and lying in the woods, and unless they are speedily taken care of a straight loss of probably one hundred thousand dollars will be sustained.

The unemployed are anxiously awaiting next Monday, when they expect the company to meet its payroll. A notice was posted at the works last Friday to the effect that the men would receive their money on the 28th inst., but grave fears are entertained of the company's ability to satisfy these obligations on that date. It is a matter of fact that up to the present moment no such arrangement has been negotiated, and there is very little likelihood of the men getting their money until after the 1st of October, if, indeed, they are able to get it then, and a well-known local lawyer has given it as his opinion that there is more than a possibility that the men will never be able to collect the wages due.

BASEBALL.

First Game.
Newark 000000100-1
Toronto 000000300-5
Summary.—Left on bases—Newark 8, Toronto 12. First base on balls—O'Rourke 2, on Briggs 2. Struck out—By Burke 1, by Briggs 4. Two-base hits—Bannon, Sacrifice hit—Dillard, Rapp, Downey. Stolen bases—Kuhns, White, Double play—Bannon and O'Hagen. Passed balls—Thomas 1. Umpire—Brown. Time—1:45. Attendance—600.

Second Game.
Newark 000020-5
Toronto 002021-6
Left on bases—Newark 5, Toronto 3. First base on balls—O'Rourke 2, on Briggs 2. Struck out—By Burke 1, by Falkerberg 5. Two-base hits—O'Hagen, Falkerberg, Sullivan, hits—Taylor and Falkerberg. Stolen bases—Lawlor, O'Hagen, Walsh, Bruce. Passed balls—Falkerberg 1, Sullivan 2. Umpire—Swartwood. Attendance—500.

R. H. E.
Montreal 00000100-5 11 1
Rochester 00000010-12 18 0
Batteries—Pappalano and Griffin; Beckler and Steadman. Umpire—Kelly. Attendance, 600.

R. H. E.
Jersey City 00000020-3 7 2
Buffalo 00000003-3 7 2
Batteries—Foxen and Dillon; Magee and Lusk. Umpire—Swartwood. Attendance, 950.

R. H. E.
Baltimore 1011003401-13 21 0
Providence 0030100003-10 10 5
Batteries—Crate, Wilkie and Hoarney; McPartland and Westlake. Umpire, Cauliflower. Attendance, 252.

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.
W. L. P. C.
Jersey City 23 32 729
Buffalo 28 46 644
Toronto 28 46 634
Baltimore 20 51 372
Newark 24 51 372
Providence 43 80 352
Montreal 37 80 321
Rochester 34 80 338

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS.
At Pittsburgh—R. H. E.
Pittsburgh 05220420x-15 23 3
New York 100002130-7 11 2
Batteries—Phillips and Phelps; Taylor and Weaver. Umpires, Emale and Johnston. Attendance, 3,649.

AMERICAN LEAGUE SCORES.
At Philadelphia—R. H. E.
Chicago 0000010000-1 7 2
Philadelphia 000100001-2 6 0
Batteries—White and Sullivan; Bender and Powers. Umpire—Adams. Attendance, 4,306.

At Washington—R. H. E.
Washington 40100002-7 7 0
Cleveland 003020000-5 10 1
Batteries—Lag, Townsend and Drill; Killian and Abbott. Umpire—Connolly. Attendance, 1,134.

At New York (first game)—R. H. E.
St. Louis 200101030-7 10 2
New York 010001200-3 7 2
Batteries—Slivers and Kahoe; Wolfe and Beville. Umpire—Adams. Attendance, 4,306.

Second game—R. H. E.
New York 00000004-4 8 0
St. Louis 10000000-1 6 3
Batteries—Howell and Beville; Powell, Kahoe and Sugden. Umpire—Sheridan. Attendance, 6,000.

At Boston (first game)—R. H. E.
Boston 003101000-5 9 4
Detroit 000102010-4 10 2
Batteries—Donovan and Buelow; Dineen and Farrell. Umpire—Connolly. Attendance, 1,134.

Second game—R. H. E.
Detroit 00300001-8 16 1
Boston 10000001-2 6 0
Batteries—Howell and Beville; Powell, Kahoe and Sugden. Umpire—O'Loughlin. Attendance, 4,216.

Leading Wheat Markets.
Closing previous day. To-day.
Sept. Dec. Sept. Dec.
Chicago 77 78 78 78
New York 84 84 84 84
Toledo 81 81 81 81
St. Louis 82 82 82 82
Detroit 82 82 82 82
Milwaukee, 2 nos. 79 79 79 79
Minneapolis 77 77 77 77
Duluth 80 80 80 80

WE STOP AT SIX....

On the 29th of this month it will be just 3 1/2 years since we opened our doors in Chatham.

There has not been one day, in all that time, except Saturdays and days preceding holidays those doors has not been closed at six.

We started out right and we are keeping it up.

We believed then, and that belief has strengthened with the years that till six o'clock makes a long enough day for business, after that recreation and rest.

THORNTON & DOUGLAS, Ltd.

SOMETHING TO TALK ABOUT.

OUR NEW FANCY PARLOR LAMPS.

Your attention is called especially to our "RED BEAUTY" Banquet Lamp.

Beautiful Colors and Designs.

Best Rochester Burners.

Gives Best of Satisfaction....

Come in and see the New China, especially imported for Xmas.

GRAY'S BAZAAR AND CHINA HALL, KING ST.

PURITY. LAGER BEER

"The Beer That is Brewed in Glass"

All beer should be subject to Government inspection, which, if properly enforced, would result in closing more than half the Breweries.

To enable them to sell at unreasonably low prices many Brewers use inferior grades of malt and hops, and even then, in quite limited quantities, and produce a beer of low gravity and poor keeping quality, and then add preservatives to prevent it from getting sour. It is little better than "schwang," a beer made exclusively from the last run of the mash, and that has to be used within twelve hours after leaving the cold cellars unless "doctored."

By producing such goods a Brewer not only saves in the quantity of malt and hops, but also pays less excise tax to the Government, as the tax is collected on the malt used and not on the beer produced.

To save the heavy investment in malt, hops, Government tax, etc., necessary when a properly aged beer is sold, many Brewers try to run their beer as young as they can without the public getting on to their deception. Such beer is unhealthy and a limit of age should be set by the Government.

Some hotel-keepers do not know any more than a child about the quality of Lager Beer and buy the lowest priced, others are governed by their cupidity and will sacrifice a patron's health to gain five or ten cents on a barrel in the purchase price of beer, while still others think it policy to give a patron a "schlager" of beer that ought to be condemned by the Health Authorities instead of a reasonable quantity of wholesome and pure beer.

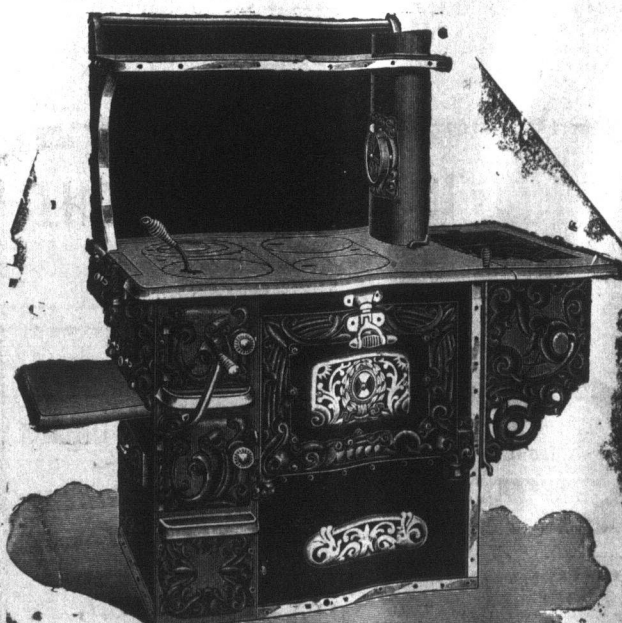
A hotel-keeper interested in a Brewery has every inducement to push their beer, no matter how inferior it may be, and will naturally sell, rather than return beer that may be bad, something he would never do in purchasing from a Brewery in which he has no interest.

Demand Walkerville Beer and You Will Get the Purest and Best

The Walkerville Brewing Co., Limited

WALKERVILLE, ONT.

F. A. ROBERT, Sales Agent, Chatham.



IF YOU ARE MARRIED A "GYPSY" JEWEL STEEL RANGE WILL DO AWAY WITH KITCHEN TROUBLES.

WESTMAN BROS., SOLE AGENTS