

as provincial secretary and as minister of public instruction, at the head of the government of the province until January, 1873, when he accepted the office of president of the Senate, vacated by the resignation of M. Cauchon. He was succeeded by M. Quimet. In January, 1874, the Mackenzie government appointed Mr. Christie president of the Senate, revoking M. Chauveau's commission. M. Chauveau resigned his seat in the Senate to contest the County of Charlevoix with M. Tremblay, and was defeated. In April, 1876, he was appointed a member of the Quebec harbour commission, and was elected president of the said commission. In September, 1877, he was appointed sheriff of the district of Montreal, the office having been vacated by the death of M. Leblanc. In 1878 the Laval University, having established faculties of theology, of law, and of medicine, in Montreal, appointed M. Chauveau professor of Roman law, on which he delivers a lecture every day during the three terms of the year. On the demise of the late M. Cherrier, M. Chauveau has been elected dean of the faculty. M. Chauveau is a doctor of laws and a doctor of letters of Laval, and doctor of laws of McGill and of Bishops' colleges. He is a member of the Royal Society in the section of French literature. He has been vice-president and subsequently president of the society, and the transactions include several speeches and essays by him. He has been president and honorary president of the Quebec Literary and Historical Society, of the Institut Canadien of Quebec; of the Institut Canadien Français, of Montreal; of the Société St. Jean Baptiste, of Quebec; of the Société St. Jean Baptiste, of Montreal; of the Société Historique, of Montreal; and of the Numismatic Society of Montreal. He is a titular member of the Académie des Muses Santones, in France; and a corresponding member of the Athénée Louisianais, of New Orleans. He is commander of the Order of Pius the IX; knight of the Order of St. Gregory, and Officier de l'Instruction Publique of France. He was a contributor to the *Canadien*, in prose and in verse, at a very early age, and became, in 1840, regular correspondent of the *Courrier des Etats Unis*, of New York, and wrote monthly letters to that paper up to 1851. His pieces of poetry which have been more frequently reprinted are "Joies Naïves," "Donnaconna," and "Épître à M. de Puibusque." He contributed articles of review to the *Opinion Publique*, and to the *Revue de Montreal*, and wrote a *Revue Euro-*

*péenne* for each of those publications. His speeches at the laying of the corner stone of the monument of the battle of Ste. Foye, on the inauguration of the monument to M. Garneau, at the translation of the remains of Mgr. de Laval, and other orations, and some of his parliamentary speeches, would form several volumes. He has published the following volumes:—"Charles Guérin, roman de Mœurs Canadiennes, 1852." "L'Instruction Publique au Canada, 1876." "Souvenirs et Legendes, 1877," (partly in prose and partly in verse.) "François Xavier Garneau, sa vie et ses œuvres, 1883." "Voyage de S. A. le Prince de Galles en Amérique, 1861." The same in English. M. Chauveau wrote also for the English *Journal of Education*, a history of the Universities of Laval, Toronto and McGill. He married, on the 22nd Sept., 1840, Marie Louise Flore Masse, daughter of the late Pierre Masse, and of Marie Anne Boucher, who died on the 24th May, 1875. He has had by her eight children, six daughters and two sons. The elder son, Pierre Chauveau, was for some time an officer of the department of Public Instruction, and assistant editor of the *Journal de l'Instruction Publique*. He has resided sometime at Carleton, Baie des Chaleurs, and is now a resident of Montreal. The younger son, the Hon. Alexandre Chauveau, has been member of parliament for the County of Rimouski, was admitted to the bar in 1869, is a graduate of McGill College, and has held at the same early age as did his father, the positions of solicitor-general and of secretary of the Province. He is now judge of the Sessions at Quebec. Of the six girls, one died in infancy; another, Marie Caroline Olympe, died of consumption in 1855, at the age of eleven; another, Henriette, married, in October, 1870, Lieutenant Wm. Scott Glendonwin, of Parton, Scotland, of the 69th Regiment, now major, and left for Bermudas, where she died of typhoid fever on the 17th December. The elder sister, Flore, died on the 14th March following. And on the 30th of December, 1875 a few months after her mother, Eliza, who was a nun of the Congregation of Notre Dame, under the name of Sister Ste. Florine, died at Montreal. The youngest daughter, Honoline, is married to Dr. Vallée, of Quebec, a well-known scientist and professor at Laval University. M. Chauveau has caused two monuments to be erected in the chapel of the Ursulines, where his wife and three of his daughters are buried. One by Marshall Wood represents the three daughters