

**DOMINION PARLIAMENT OPENS;
NEW LEGISLATION IS OUTLINED
IN SPEECH FROM THRONE; KING
TO DEMAND IMMEDIATE ELECTION**

Liberal Leader Will Move an Amendment to Address i
Reply to Speech—Revision of Tariff Measures To B
Most Important Question Up for Consideration — The
League of Nations and Trade Agreement With British
Indies To Come Up for Full Discussions—Bill to Amend
Election Act Will Be Submitted Along With Other
Measures.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—Canadian Press.—The fifth session of the 13th Parliament of Canada opened this morning at Ottawa. His Excellency the Governor-General attended in the new senate chamber.

The day which opened today is expected to be full of fight. Members of the Opposition are demanding that there be an early election, and some of the Government supporters are also calling for an early election.

Billings relating to copyrights, the stimulation of industry by the granting of patents, the income tax act, 1917, and amendments, scientific research and other matters will come before the House.

Economy is Object

the dissolution and appeal to the country. The first move to this end was made by Mr. Mackenzie King, the Liberal leader, gets the floor tomorrow. Mr. King is expected to make a long address in reply to the speech from the throne, in which he will call for a general election. He is expected to insist on the grounds that the Government is without a mandate to carry on its policy, and that a general election should be given the opportunity.

The opening ceremony of the pre-war pomp and pageantries. The governor-general was provided with a guard of honor from the governor-general's foot guards, and there was the usual artillery salute from the guns on Parliament Hill.

After hearing the speech from the throne, the dignitaries returned to their

Honorable gentlemen of the Senate, Gentlemen of the House of Commons, In inviting your careful consideration of the important matters which will engage your attention, I have the honor to propose that you may direct and prosper your consultations to the safety, health and welfare of our Sovereign and dominion.

own chamber. (The king was moved by James McIsaac (King's P. E. I.) and seconded by J. A. McKelvie (Yale-Caribou).

SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate, Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I have the honor to lay before your parliament

On your return you will be able to carry out duties assigned to you in the relative prosperity of the country and its comparative freedom from the feeling of unrest which has agitated countries more so fortunately situated. Even due to the conditions of European action the war, the restriction of contraction was inevitable. Restriction of credit involving a cer-

tain limitation of production has been universal. But this Dominion has been less affected than the other countries, and a feeling of discontent prevails. A gentleman, in connection of the cost of living has set in, and the country, here in certain limited areas, has been blessed with a bountiful harvest.

In spite of this contraction, the anti-trust movement, he said, has been

well maintained, and my advisers considered that certain tariffs imposed in part to check extravagant purchasing had fulfilled their purpose and might be withdrawn. Accordingly with a few exceptions, these taxes have been remitted, freeing industry and business, and thus promoting employment.

Unemployment Measures.
Unemployment, the world-wide result

of the conditions to which I have referred, though less widespread in Canada than elsewhere, has received the most anxious consideration of the government for the relief of general unemployment measures have been taken to bear a substantial share, and special measures have been taken to assist disabled and partially disabled ex-service men. These will be submitted to you for approval.

An investigation is being conducted by the department of labor into systems of unemployment insurance and old age pensions.

There will be submitted to you for approval the important agreement concluded last year with the Government of the British West Indian colonies for the purpose of drawing still closer the trade relations between Canada

Authorities Fail to Provide Funds to Make Improvements.

and these colonies and of improving the means of communication and intercourse.

Refers to League.

The first assembly of the League of Nations was held at Geneva.

Representatives of 41 nations, including those of Canada, met and discussed the subject of this harmony that promises much for this great

My advisors are convinced of the necessity for revision of the customs law to secure the most complete information a committee has conducted an extensive and thorough inquiry, and has secured the views of all parties and interests in every province. The hearings necessary for the revision of the law will, he believes, be held in the near future. The position "became largely a fiction" after Mr. Heile came in. He did not have the minimum of ten days' notice without records being kept by the deputy minister. The function of a private secretary often over those of the deputy minister. The private secretary would be appointed by the minister as an acting private minister as well as secretary of the department.

decisions founded thereon will be submitted to you in due course. It is the opinion of my advisers that in such revision regard must be had to the necessities of revenue and as well that the principal interest of Canada lies in legitimate Canadian industries, including agriculture, which has prevailed for more than forty years in this country must

be consistently maintained; but that the system of duties proposed would be no richer than is essential to insure good standards of living among our working population and to retain and make possible the normal expansion of the industries in which they find employment.

Conservation Act.—The House passed the Conservation Act, introduced by the Journal of the conservationists.

NS tion act will be submitted to you, there being provision made for carrying out the essential functions of the commission for conservation in the appropriate departments in the Government. This measure will, therefore, avoid very considerable duplication of services, and permit consequent saving of expense without detriment to the

WILL ENDEAVOR TO SOLVE PROBLEM OF WASTE IN AMERICAN INDUSTRY

Syracuse, N. Y., Feb. 14.—Appointment of a committee of no engineers and technologists to eliminate waste in United States industries was included in the opening business here today of the convention of the American Engineering Council.

Herbert Hoover, president of the council, said the committee would study the causes of waste. Nearly 200,000 engineers

be directed to him. The United States will be called upon to aid. By studying throughout the United States as a single industrial organism, they will attempt to locate, he added, weaknesses in the country's production system.

It was announced that a preliminary survey already had been under way. The different elements making for production waste, such as labor conflict, decrease in individual productivity, lack of co-ordination and other sources of industrial failure, will be brought under the scrutiny of the organized engineers. Their aim will be to solve problems

The sessions of the council conference today was given over social, industrial, political and technical problems. The general situation was listed for discussion.

