

Tight Binding

PO

The Journal

Thursday, July 12, 1860.

WHATSOEVER THY HAND FINDETH TO DO, DO IT WITH THY MIGHT.

In these few and simple words is included the whole of our duty, toward ourselves, toward each other, toward all created beings, and things, and toward the common Father of all.

Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might. Mark well this whatsoever. In the path of duty we are to avoid nothing, omit nothing, be daunted by nothing.

Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do. Observe here how the whole man is typified in the hand, which is that which goes before the man and beyond him, wherewith he reaches on all sides to find and grasp.

Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do. Find, O man. Sit not at home waiting for the work to come to thee; go forth and seek it with eager eye and outstretched hand.

Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do. Thou shalt not want for work. All around is the world, full of work for strong head and loving hearts and active hands.

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Don't satisfy yourself with idle speculations about it, or with mere talk. Don't be a drone or a dreamer, or a mere sentimental enthusiast. Be a worker. Don't neglect it because it is difficult.

Phrenology has given to Physiology a new meaning and a new value. It has furnished us with clearer conceptions of the relations of mind to body, of the mental operations, of the possibilities, nature, and mode of mental improvement, and of the general cultivation of body and mind.

Two years since the people of Woodstock, and of other portions of the Province, had the privilege of listening to a brief course of lectures on Phrenology and Physiology in their application to life, by Mr. L. N. Fowler, the younger brother of the gentleman now lecturing upon the same subjects in St. John.

Phrenology has had, and is yet having, a hard struggle against the opposition which has been brought to bear upon it. An opposition which has proceeded from the most learned and able men, which has been pointed with the keenest wit, and directed by the most powerful intellect.

MIND AND BODY.

We observe that Mr. O. S. Fowler, formerly of the firm of Fowler & Wells, and probably the most prominent apostle of the doctrines of Phrenology in America, has commenced a series of lectures in St. John on "Life: its laws, organs, functions and improvement, as taught by Phrenology and Physiology."

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The printer and binder have both done their work well; and the volume is a very neat and presentable one. The Water Cure and Phrenological Journals, for July have been received, from Fowler & Wells.

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as a science unconsciously adopted something of its principles, and occasionally make admissions which go far to grant the very groundwork of the science.

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We suggest the propriety of taking steps to induce Mr. Fowler to visit us and deliver his course of lectures.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

From the author we have received a little volume entitled Poems and Songs, by William Murdock. As Mr. Murdock, although born a Scotchman is a resident of the Province, and the book itself is printed by Barnes & Co., St. John, we look upon it, entirely irrespective of its literary character, with no small pleasure, as a specimen of home manufacture which is far too scarce in our Province.

The volume contains some fifty or sixty pieces, the greater number of which are short, and treat of humble and familiar subjects. They are nearly all written in the Scotch dialect. Mr. Murdock's verse exhibits poetic feeling, and some of it reads pleasantly enough; but it cannot perhaps lay claim to the qualities which are found in true poetry. Neither in idea, in fancy, or in composition does it rise to the heights, or descend to the depths, of divine poetry. Nevertheless we think Mr. Murdock did well to publish it; and we doubt not that his book will be made very welcome to many a New Brunswick fireside, where the sound of a Scottish dialect is still familiar, and anything which excites old memories, and brings back old thoughts and associations connected with the land of the heather, is hailed with a feeling of national pride on which the lapse of time seems to have no influence.

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Harper's Magazine for July is also at hand, as is the Working Farmer for the same month. The Guard, for July, edited by R. Aiken and E. M. Irving, Teach and printed and published by Barnes & Co., St. John, is a good and interesting work. It contains a History of Acadia; State of the World as it is; and Echoes of the World as it is. No. 6; Coal third article; The Beaver; Grace

Thornton, chapters 4, 5 and 6; Education in New Brunswick; Lines on Art.

CARLETON AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. A meeting of the Committee of Management was held in the Secretary's office on Saturday last. Present, Messrs. H. E. Dibblee, John Harper, A. K. S. Wetmore, H. Cowperthwait, John D. Ketchum, William Edgar, Thos. Stephenson and Secretary.

The sub-committee on Premium List for the Show proposed to be held the ensuing Fall reported a draft list, which was accepted and passed with some modifications and additions.

It was resolved that the Premium List and Regulations should be published immediately four weeks in one of the County papers, and Mr. Grover was appointed a sub-committee to ask for tenders for the publication.

Some discussion took place respecting the holding a Fair for the sale of stock, &c., on the day upon which the Exhibition was to take place, and it was finally resolved that the afternoon of the day should be devoted to that purpose. The meeting then adjourned to meet again on Saturday the 22th inst. at 4 P. M., in the same place.

UNIVERSITY OF NEW BRUNSWICK. Several of our contemporaries are discussing the fitness of Dr. Hea for the post to which he has been appointed President of our Provincial University. To us his name is entirely new, and whatever amount of fame he may have attained in other parts of the Province, it has never extended to Woodstock. Knowing nothing about Dr. Hea we do not incline to say anything about him. Certainly his antecedents are not those which might have been desired for a President of the New Brunswick University; but if he possesses energy, a knowledge of human nature, and business tact, in a high degree, these qualities will go far to make up for lack of depth of erudition.

"The World."—This is the title of a new daily paper published in New York. The price is but one cent a number, and the paper is large and well edited. We wish it every success.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE PARANA AT ST. JOHN'S, N. B. ST. JOHN'S, N. B. July 5. Caught upon starting, the Parana war steamer dispatched in her place and arrived here this morning. Reported that Garibaldi held Council, at which it was determined to march on Messina soon as fully organized. Expected that march would commence 22th June.

It is said that Neapolitan Government determined to purchase two captured vessels, but American Minister denounces repatriation for insult on the American flag. King of Naples is ill. Assented Neapolitan Council resolved to grant Constitution, general amnesty, total change in Ministry and Free Press and Italian alliance with Piedmont, but King's assent wanted.

Reported Russian and Spanish legations threatened to withdraw unless Sardinia stopped expeditions to Sicily.

House of Lords debated Slave Trade question, and adopted resolution in favour of reappointment of consulate at Mozambique as check, notwithstanding Government opposition.

Reported Gladstone determined to resign on account of same report adopted by Commons. Committee of order, objection of Bill repealing Paper Duty.

Volunteers review by the Queen was a brilliant success—over 10,000 men in line.

Prince Jerome Bonaparte dead. Napoleon visits Savoy in July. Since Emperor's return from Baden troops concentrated on the Eastern frontier of France withdrawn. Reported French loan will be twenty or thirty millions sterling. Ruetrians making vast military preparations at Venetia.

Baring Brothers introduced new Russian loan of £200,000 sterling in London—4 1/2 per cent at 92.

China mail telegraphed. Steamer Malabar having on board Lord Elgin and Baron Gros, was wrecked off Larbour of Galles; no lives lost. Bullion in ship. Both Ambassadors lost credentials and all papers, and would be delayed at Galles until 6th June.

CANTON, May 10.—Reply from Chinese were actively employed preparing resist. Allies occupied Cheuan without resistance. Canton trade improved. Shanghai stagnant, owing to alarming movements of the rebels.

MARKETS.—Provision quiet and steady. Weather unfavourable for crops. Sugar dull. Coffee dull. Rice steady. Turpentine steady.

London Money Markets.—Consols 93 1/2 for accounts ex dividend. Wheat—declining tendency. Tea firm.

THE PRINCE OF WALES. A certain veil is thrown over the subject; but we have some reason to believe that the programme of his Royal Highness's tour has been modified, even at recent date. We now understand that he will extend his travels far to the West and employ some weeks, if not a couple of months, in the whole tour. So much the better. His exertions on his studies as a graduate of Oxford, and his more fit the youthful Prince of Wales, station him thus to acquire a personal knowledge of the dominions which he is to govern. "Feeling is believing" and something more. But there is one class of British Colonies which will justly and keenly feel the slight, should the Prince not extend his footsteps into their lands. We allude to those colonies which have required a separate self-government, the United States of America. For British colonies they are and part and parcel of the Anglo-Saxon family they will remain. They are, in truth, the arms of England, and must continue to be exercising as a common language enables them to share with us a common industry in the broad fields of production and trade. If any rancours remained after the grievous fault of George the Third and his advisers, their last traces have passed away within the last few years. But what will Americans say if the illustrious young Englishman should come next door, and not do so much as make a call? What return would this be for the opening courtesies with which Americans, while in no degree ceasing their independence, manifest their satisfaction at any show of royal attention. London Chronicle.

A LONG SWIM.—On Sunday, a man named Finn, residing at Sand Point, went out sailing in an open boat. Off Lisinaco, a squall struck the boat and she capsized; and man after several attempts to right her, finally struck out for the shore over two miles distant. There was a pretty heavy sea, but he succeeded in reaching the land, though in such a state that it was at first doubtful whether he would ever recover from the fatigue he had undergone. News.

A number of Indians of the six Nations had enlisted into the 100th Royal Canadian Regt., and were acquiring themselves as regular soldiers with much credit. This is probably the first instance of North American Indians appearing in the ranks of the British army as regular soldiers.

THE COPPER CENTS.—The Postmaster at New York has given orders to his subordinates at the central office and its various branches, that no more copper cents should be paid out through this cumbersome coin will be received as usual. The object is to secure its return to the U. S. Mint.

A WIFE SUES FOR WAGES.—A woman in Detroit has brought an action against her husband to recover wages as a domestic. It seems he procured a divorce from her eight months ago. She knew nothing about it and lived with him performing her usual domestic duties. He recently told her of the divorce and she was astonished, seeks to punish him or at least make him pay for the eight months service from which his own act and legally released her.

Among the curious of this is one relative to the intention of the Beaufort family to open the coffin of the first Earl of Worcester, as it is said that he ordered a steam engine be invented to be buried with him.

No one, by merely conversing with fish, ever succeeded in drawing him out.

SPRING GOODS

ALL THE LATEST DENT

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For any two of the four

For any three of the four

For any four of the four

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For Blackwood's West

For Blackwood's British

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