

G. T. P. WHARF PLANS SHOW LARGE PREMISES

Profile Maps on File at Registrar's Office—Two Large Wharves With Spacious Warehouses Are To Be Erected by Company Here

That the docks and warehouses to be erected on the site on James Bay acquired by the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company—the property lying between the old custom house and the Alaska Steamship Company's wharves—are to excel in size and general magnitude any facilities of the kind now located in the inner harbor of Victoria, is apparent from an inspection of the official plans which are on file in the office of the registrar general of titles in this city. There will be two wharves, the giving of which is sufficient to allow of the docking of quite a number of vessels at one time; and two spacious warehouses will be provided.

As the property lies in a direct line of the mouth of the harbor proper, considering Selk's point to be such—vessels will be enabled to tie up at the docks without changing their course, this feature obviously being a great advantage over all other docks along the waterfront.

For the past few weeks the Grand Trunk Pacific Company has had surveyors at work taking soundings off shore at the dock site, and such investigation has revealed that there will be ample water at all stages of the tide for the accommodation of such craft as will be utilized by the company in handling its traffic to and from Victoria. In the basin between the two wharves a depth of 20 feet at extreme low tide is shown on the plans now on file.

Some idea of the large area that will be covered by the proposed works will be conveyed by stating that the dimensions of the docks are to be as follows: Commencing at the southwest corner of the land boundary of the property on Wharf street, the wharves run out into the harbor a distance of 372 feet; thence north 518 feet; thence east to the shore line 410 feet. The land end length of the structure will be 410 feet—this embracing almost all the area lying between the Dominion government dock and the wharves of the Alaska Steamship Company.

What is described on the plans as berth No. 1 will be the side of the dock

facing the parliament buildings; berth No. 2 will face north—a basin intervening between it and berth No. 3, which will face south; and berth No. 4 will face north again, ships here docking in the space which lies between the new docks and the government wharf. Vessels may also lie on the front of the docks.

There are to be two large warehouses. On wharf No. 1 the warehouse will be 114 feet by 260 feet; and that to be erected on the wharf, No. 2 will be 30 feet by 194 feet.

The buildings are to have a superstructure providing accommodation to passengers embarking and debarking from vessels, and there will be handsome and commodious waiting rooms, ticket and freight offices and accommodation for other departments in connection with the company's business at the wharves. The design of the superstructure is to be very handsome.

Passengers will enter the premises from the northeast corner of the buildings, pass to the vessels lying alongside by way of overhead galleries. The space reserved for general offices is 50 by 70 feet, and the height of the buildings will be approximately 140 feet. The plans call for a structure which, besides serving the purposes of the company, will be a decided ornament to that section of the city. It is estimated that the expenditure involved in the enterprise before the wharves and buildings shall have been finally completed will be in the neighborhood of \$100,000, this not including the purchase price of the site.

The location is an admirable one for the convenience of the travelling public, the property lying only within a stone's throw of the main thoroughfare of the city. Travellers debarking from the Grand Trunk Pacific wharves will thus be in the business section of the city at once. It is understood that the work of driving piles for the new wharves will be undertaken at the earliest possible date, and the whole scheme will have been completed in time for the opening of traffic to Prince Rupert in the spring.

McBRIDE'S BLUFF



WHICH IS THE GREATER?

REPUBLICS ARE READY TO FIGHT

TROUBLE SPREADS IN CENTRAL AMERICA

War Between Nicaragua and Salvador Will Be Declared Soon.

Panama, Oct. 28.—It is reported that hostilities between Nicaragua and Salvador will be declared within a week, and will result in involving four or five Central America republics before the trouble is over. The countries that probably will become involved in the expected war are Salvador, Nicaragua, Guatemala, Costa Rica and Honduras. Dispatches stated to-day that Zelaya's troops, under General Alfaro, are reported to have invaded Salvador. Cabrera, the president of Guatemala, is a bitter enemy of the recently deposed president of Nicaragua, and it is probable that he will send troops to aid those of Salvador and assist Provincial President Estrada, of Nicaragua, in his fight against Zelaya to hold the presidency.

Costa Rica and Honduras, both of which are neutral at present, are likely to become involved in the crash because the business projects of their citizens will be endangered, and their territories probably despoiled by the fighting troops of the several countries. Goes to Salvador.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 28.—President Zelaya, Nicaragua, has demanded passports to Americans to leave Nicaragua by November 4th. This news reached the state department from the American consul at Nicaragua. The department has taken no action.

It appears from the brief dispatches that passports to Americans were not refused when departure was to be made from the Pacific coast. Another significant statement was that it was rumored that President Zelaya had left Nicaragua to participate in the revolution in Salvador.

SOCIALIST DE LARA. Mexican Held for Deportation in Los Angeles Has Strong Friends.

New York, Oct. 28.—Morris Hillquit, the lawyer and author of "The History of Socialism in America," strongly defends L. Gutierrez de Lara, the Mexican Socialist, held at the city jail in Los Angeles, charged with being an alien anarchist. In speaking of De Lara Hillquit said: "It is generally known that De Lara is a Socialist. That refutes the charge that he is an anarchist. In fact, it is just because De Lara is a Socialist and always has stood for an orderly, legal and constitutional government in Mexico, that the Mexican government, which stands for lawlessness and oppression, is persecuting him."

"If De Lara is deported on account of his political views with respect to the country of his birth, then 25 per cent. of the Russian immigrants and all others from Europe ought to be deported, and none but men without political ideas or hopeless reactionaries be permitted to land in this country."

AFTER TWENTY-TWO YEARS. Kentuckian Has to Answer Charge of Killing Rival.

Huntington, W. Va., Oct. 28.—Charged with the murder of Thomas H. Patton, a rival in love, of Hancock, Ky., 22 years ago, Alexander McFarland has been arrested to be returned to Kentucky for trial. Just 22 years ago McFarland and Patton met on a country road. They quarreled and it is alleged McFarland shot and killed Patton and fled from the state, leaving behind a wife and four children. After years of roaming McFarland settled down in Southern West Virginia and began life anew under the name of Press Carter. He married again and reared a second family of children, who, until yesterday, never knew that a \$500 reward was hanging over their father's head for murder.

RIGHTS OF PUBLIC ON RAILWAY BRIDGE

Railway Commission Will Hear Arguments Next Friday.

The right of the public to use the E. & N. bridge will be threshed out at a meeting of the railway commission to be held here on Friday, probably in the court house. It is not unlikely that the question of rates will be also brought out again.

Persons who were present on the occasion of the ceremony of the opening of traffic of the E. & N. railway bridge across the harbor about twenty years ago, and who possess a distinct recollection of the proceedings, are asked to communicate with the mayor and council. The latter are desirous of getting testimony as to the official declaration that was made on that occasion, as to the bridge being available for vehicular and pedestrian traffic, and for what term of years.

WOMAN SHOTS HERSELF IN SEATTLE HOTEL

Love Affair Believed to Have Been Cause of Suicide.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 28.—Apparently acting under a sudden impulse to take her own life, Ortha Erwin, 23 years of age, an employee of the Sterling hotel, shot herself through the heart early this morning in her apartment on Spring street. Miss Sigurd Rosedale, room-mate of the dead girl, who was in the room at the time of the tragedy, and Jay Chatterton, a chauffeur, who was in a connecting room smoking a cigarette, were arrested and taken to the police station pending an inquest.

Miss Rosedale told the officers that she thought Miss Erwin killed herself for love of some man, but not Chatterton. She says the girl took the revolver from a buffet in the kitchen of the two-room apartment and shot herself without warning, so there was no time for either her or Chatterton to interfere.

The dead woman has a sister, Mrs. Arthur Ball, living at 1144 Twenty-seventh avenue north, Portland.

INDIAN SLAIN IN FIGHT WITH POLICE

Shot Dead After He Had Fatally Wounded One Officer.

Muskogee, Okla., Oct. 28.—Barricaded in a country school house, full of children, near Steeper, Oklahoma, yesterday, Jack Willis, a young Cherokee Indian wanted for a trivial offence, fought a duel with officers, resulting in his own death, and the fatal wounding of Constable Ketcher, who subsequently died.

When the officers approached the school house Willis opened fire and wounded Ketcher at the first shot. The children, panic-stricken, escaped through windows. Meantime Constable Wilson crawled close to the building and shot Willis dead.

VANCOUVER PAVEMENTS. Vancouver, Oct. 28.—City Engineer Clement, after spending three months investigating pavement experience and conditions in American cities, has come to the conclusion that the best for Vancouver is fir blocks, with granite for heavy traffic downtown streets. As soon as the city is large enough he recommends the establishment of a factory for the manufacture of bituminous pavement.

STORM SWEEPS BEHRING SEA

NUMBER OF VESSELS DRIVEN ASHORE

Steamer Senator Forced to Seek Shelter From Fierce Gale.

Nome, Alaska, Oct. 28.—The San Francisco whaler Olga is a wreck at the mouth of the Snake river, the steamer Senator, of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, is anchored in the Lee of Sledge island, where she fled for protection, and dozens of small coastwise vessels and fishing boats have been dashed upon the beach by a terrific storm that is to-day lashing Behring sea into a fury, and it is feared that lives have been lost in the Alaskan waters. The storm is the worst that has been known for years, the howling gale being accompanied by hail and blinding snow.

The steamer Senator, which had just arrived from Seattle, was forced to put out to sea to prevent going ashore, and she is now anchored in the shelter of Sledge island, where it is believed she is safe unless the wind should shift and force her onto the rock. On board the Senator are eight passengers and a crew of 68 men.

The rate of Capt. Mogg and his crew of eight or ten men of the Olga, which is reported to be a total loss, is not known at this time. The men may have succeeded in reaching shore in safety, as the coastline at this point is comparatively free of rocks.

When details of the storm damage are received from further up the coast it is considered almost certain that loss of life will be reported. Fortunately, however, there are no large vessels in Alaskan waters, the storm having practically closed.

Carries Indian Crew.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 28.—The whaler Olga is a small craft owned by the captain, Wm. Mogg, who is supposed to have been on board. She left here two years ago for a northern cruise with a crew of eight or ten men, who deserted at Point Barrow, Alaska, last winter. Since then it is supposed that Mogg took on an Indian crew and probably was on his way home when the storm struck the vessel.

The Olga was a vessel of forty-three tons net, 55 feet long, 20 feet beam and with a depth of seven feet.

REVENUE INCREASES

Chicago, Oct. 28.—The annual report of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1909, shows a total revenue from operation of \$78,414,357 and total operating expenses of \$55,347,759, leaving a net revenue of operation of \$23,066,598. The operating expenses show a decrease of \$27,465 as compared with the previous year, while the revenue shows an increase of \$1,522,760, mostly on maintenance-of-way account.

PREPARING FOR TRIAL

Case of Former Adjutant-General of Washington Will Be Heard Next Month.

Olympia, Wash., Oct. 28.—Ex-Adjutant-General Otis Hamilton, charged with embezzlement from the State of Washington, is to-day preparing for his trial which has been set for November 23rd and 24th.

In charge of an officer, Hamilton spent most of to-day in the attorney-general's office in the capital building.

PRINCE ITO SLAIN BY KOREAN AT HARBIN

Famous Japanese Statesman Is Shot Down in Station—Consul-General and Railway Director Are Also Reported Wounded.

London, Oct. 28.—The Japanese embassy here received a dispatch early this afternoon from Tokio stating authoritatively that Prince Ito is dead.

This dispels the doubt caused by the action of the government at Tokio in withholding the announcement that the assassin at Harbin had succeeded in ending the Prince's life. The government, for diplomatic purposes, chose to announce merely that Ito was "in a critical condition."

Tokio, Oct. 28.—News has been received here that Prince Ito, the famous Japanese statesman, has been assassinated by a Korean at Harbin, Manchuria. The dispatch contained only the brief announcement that Prince Ito had been assassinated.

The news that Prince Hirobumi Ito, former resident general of Korea and the foremost of Japanese diplomats, was shot down by a Korean assassin at the railway station at Harbin, has set this city wild. Business is practically suspended. The stock exchange is closed and the greatest excitement prevails at the foreign department and at the Imperial household.

While the official announcement is "critical," other dispatches from Harbin say that he died on the spot. The excitement in official circles leads to the general belief that the Prince is dead. It is known that the Emperor has sent a telegram of sympathy to Harbin.

An attempt was made on the life of Ito last April when a railroad train on which he was travelling was blown up with dynamite. Ito made the present trip to Manchuria for the purpose of inspecting the Manchurian railway and looking into Japanese affairs. Much diplomatic importance has been given his trip by the press, and officials have announced it was made mainly through a desire of the diplomat to visit the Manchurian country.

At the time of the assassination, Prince Ito was standing in the Harbin railway station talking to Consul General Kakakami, of Harbin, and Director Tanoki of the Manchurian railway. The Korean approached unnoticed among a crowd that had been attracted by the presence of the distinguished visitor. As he fired, the Prince fell. The guards immediately seized the assassin and he was quickly thrown into prison.

It was rushed to the Russian hospital where he was given every attention, but it is thought that it was too late for human endeavor to benefit him.

Russian Minister of Finance Kokovtsov, with whom Ito was to have held an important conference regarding the Manchurian situation, was standing near him.

A group of foreign consuls was nearby, and the Prince was just about to turn to address them when a shot rang out.

Reports vary as to the number of shots, but it is reported that three bullets struck Ito. Director Tanaka was struck by one shot and badly hurt, it is said. Another bullet wounded Consul General Kakakami, who is said to be in a serious condition.

When the Korean was overpowered he said that his relatives had been executed upon the order of Ito when the Prince was resident-governor of Korea, and that he went to Harbin for the special purpose of assassinating Ito. He expressed no interest in what might be done to him for committing the deed and appeared ready to pay the penalty of death.

The shooting of Ito is of most serious importance just at a time when all looked to him as the "Grand Old Man of Japan," and the dean of her diplomats to straighten out the Manchurian situation, which now seems to threaten difficulties.

When Ito started to Manchuria, a great banquet was given in his honor, and his departure was marked by conferences with the highest officials which left no doubt as to the importance of his mission.

"The Japanese Bismarck."

London, Oct. 28.—The visit of Prince Ito to Manchuria was being watched closely by all foreign diplomats and was believed to be of great significance. He has been termed the "Japanese Bismarck," and it is believed that he contemplated establishing a treaty between China and Japan, joining the two countries in a division of the exploitation of Manchuria and barring all foreigners.

He spent Sunday and Monday at Mukden, where he held long conferences with Viceroy Lings, of China, and settled the details of the agreement signed on September 30th.

It was Ito's intention then to visit the provincial authorities and reconcile them to the many concessions granted by China to Japan, including the administration of the Manchurian railways.

The conference with the Russian minister of finance, it is understood, was to have led the way to the filing of protests which were sure to follow the division of the resources of Manchuria between China and Japan.

nations and the fact that he was the chief of all Japan's diplomats and had been selected for the Manchurian mission, in itself had been considered reason to expect most important developments.

Russian Views. Paris, Oct. 28.—Minister Iwolsky, of Russia, declared to-day that no one will regret the assassination of Prince Ito more than the czar. Iwolsky said that the czar considered Ito a powerful aid in the restoration of amity between Russia and Japan. The minister says he views the death of the minister as a national loss to Russia.

Prince Hirobumi Ito, who was shot down by a Korean assassin at Harbin, served five different times as prime minister of Japan and held almost every portfolio of state. He went to Korea as resident-general in 1906 and by his rigorous methods in putting down the revolutions there, gained the hatred of the Koreans, which led to the present successful attack upon him after several ineffectual attempts.

His career has probably been the most remarkable of any Oriental statesman of the present generation. He was born on September 2, 1841. He escaped to England with Count Ino and took part in the Imperial side during the war which led to restoration of the Imperial government. At the end of the war he was appointed governor of Hyogo and was sent to Europe in 1871 with the special embassy to arrange a revision of treaties. He was responsible for the existing Japanese banking regulations. He was made minister of works in 1878. Ten years later he was dispatched to Europe and America to gather material to frame a constitution for Japan and was the founder of the present system of the Japanese government. It was he who concluded the Tien Tsin treaty with the late Li Hung Chang in 1885. In 1886 he was made prime minister of Japan. After being appointed president of the privy council he visited England to attend the diamond jubilee of the late Queen Victoria. He held various ranks in the nobility including that of Marquis, under which title he did much of his most important work. In 1906 he went to Seoul where he maintained his residence while governor of Korea.

Through his firm methods and by his diplomacy the present state of affairs in Korea was established. He was subjected to bitter criticism for his methods, which were called inhuman and cruel, but he maintained that he did nothing that was not necessary, and that it was the effect of remaining measures of war necessary. He suppressed the revolution and according to the reports to-day has paid for it with his life.

He held the decoration of the Grand Cordon of Japan and numerous other honorary degrees.

PRICE ELLISON ENTERS CABINET

ACCEPTS OFFICE UNDER PREMIER McBRIDE

New Chief Commissioner of Lands Selected—Government Tour Delayed.

Premier McBride on Saturday evening called to his shattered cabinet Price Ellison, the member for Okanagan. Mr. Ellison, who is very popular in Victoria with both parties, accepted the portfolio of chief commissioner of public works. He has not been sworn in owing to the absence from the city of his honor the lieutenant-governor, Mr. Ellison left for the mainland where he will enter upon his campaign.

The member for Okanagan has long been regarded as likely to be called to the cabinet of Premier McBride. He is one of the oldest members in the legislature and has been a life-long Conservative.

He has resided in British Columbia since 1878. He is a very extensive farmer, owning immense tracts of land in the vicinity of Vernon. Mr. Ellison, while others have taken to fruit farming in his district, has confined himself largely to stock raising and with the advance in the value of land is now, with 11,000 acres, ranked as a millionaire.

He has sat in the legislature since 1886. Premier McBride expects to remain in Victoria until about Saturday when he leaves with Hon. W. J. Bowser for Kamloops, and enters upon his tour of the province.

KILLED BY EXPLOSION

Albany, Oct. 28.—Pasquatinio Santelli was instantly killed and three others narrowly escaped death through the premature explosion of a blast in the Callahan stone quarry at South Bethlehem, about eleven miles from Albany. On May 12th last, 25 men were killed at this quarry by a premature blast.

IMPRISONED FOR MURDER.

Petersburg, Oct. 26.—Nicholas Yushkevitch-Krasskovsky, formerly a leader of the Russian people, and his alleged tool, a workman named Lershin, were convicted at Terioki, Finland, yesterday of complicity in the murder of Hertsenstein and sentenced each to a minimum of six years' imprisonment. Prof. M. Y. Hertsenstein, a member of the agrarian commission of the duma, was assassinated at his country home in Terioki, on July 31st, 1906.

TAFT IN MISSOURI.

Cape Girardeau, Mo., Oct. 26.—President Taft landed here at 6 o'clock this morning and spoke at the Normal school.

WEYLER IS GIVEN IMPORTANT POST NEW CAPTAIN-GENERAL OF BARCELONA

Will Crush With Firm Hand Any Attempt to Inaugurate Revolution.

Madrid, Oct. 26.—General Weyler will succeed General Santiago as captain-general of Barcelona. The official announcement of his appointment to the position was made to-day.

Under the direction of Santiago, the recent disturbances in Barcelona were put down and the populace crushed. Hundreds were executed for rioting, and for having alleged sympathies for those against the government. While he was in command of the Barcelona district Prof. Francisco Ferrer was taken into custody, tried and shot.

Weyler it is expected will complete the work begun by Santiago, to the end that the government may emerge triumphant against the Radicals and their efforts to bring on a revolution.

Violent Speech. Madrid, Oct. 26.—The government censor to-day permitted the Herald to intimate in an editorial that former Premier Maura is mentally unbalanced, and to urge that he should be restrained and be examined for his sanity. In the cortes yesterday he declared that the Liberals were anarchists, his opponents "revolutionists," and that Spain was approaching a revolution. The speech excited much comment at the time, and is said to have been one of the most violent ever delivered on the floor of the cortes.

BANKER WALSH.

Prosecutor Demands That Convicted Man Be Sent to Prison Immediately.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—A petition requesting that Banker John R. Walsh be committed immediately to prison for wrecking the Chicago National bank of this city was filed in the federal court by Prosecutor Sims. A decision in this case is expected to-morrow.

HELD FOR YEARS IN LEPER COLONY

Physicians Declare Fifty Outcasts Never Had Disease.

Honolulu, Oct. 28.—Fifty supposed lepers of the first hundred examined by physicians at the island of Molokai have been declared non-lepers and probably will be freed. The re-examination of these unfortunates was made under a resolution passed by the last legislature, and the astounding results of the first five score cases has caused hope to run high in the hearts of the 515 outcasts that make up the leper settlement.

The examining physicians declare that these fifty never had the disease and that others, while it was a disputed question as to whether they had been lepers, certainly were not lepers now, since searching bacteriological examination had failed to reveal any trace of the scourge.

Those examined recently were the first to take advantage of the resolution granting them a re-examination, and now it is expected that many hundreds of others, all in fact, who have not yet shown the distressing symptoms of later stages of the disease will apply at once for the privilege.

THREE PERISH IN ONE DAY.

Two Children Die From Rattlesnake Bite and Another Falls Into Well.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Oct. 28.—Distressed to the point of almost losing her reason by the death of her three children in one day, Mrs. Lent Henderson, of Sundance, is under the continual care of physicians.

Sunday while Mrs. Henderson was in the yard with the baby she heard the two older children scream, and rushing into the house found that both had been bitten by a huge rattlesnake. While caring for them she heard a faint cry from the baby. Answering this she saw the little tot fall into a well and drown before it could be rescued. Hastening back to the house Mrs. Henderson found the two older children in death throes from the effects of the reptile's poison.

NO GROUND FOR DUEL.

Havana, Oct. 26.—The duel which was to be fought between Justo Garcia Velez, secretary of state, and Dr. Matias Duque, secretary of sanitation, probably will not take place.

The differences existing between the two were submitted to the arbitration of a committee of honor, which decided that there was no necessity for the combat. The trouble between the men resulted in an altercation regarding what Secretary Duque believed to be an impertinent interference of Secretary Velez with his department.

TO TRACE DEAD-BEATS.

San Francisco, Oct. 26.—The executive committee of the Western Hotel Men's association has decided to employ the Thiel Detective agency to handle the work of the association, particularly in regard to tracing down the "dead-beats," and protecting the hotels against people of that character.

PREVENT DOWN

CITY COUNCIL THE

Repairs to Be Done

Through Stewart at the city council, for convenience of service while repairs to the boilers at the station are being done.

Mr. Huto forwarded S. A. Baxter, recently in station and repairs to the lighting brief period of the company's was a report which he to be done to be clear to better be a On it had to have son to have to the rep Stewart at this action.

It is cited the fire engine mended the above the coupled in tion by Mr. Baxter, alteration of instructions of boilers at the Ald. S. had been plans of liable people having an system un mation after son was refer for report the meeting bridges con

ALD. HE CAN

This Ens Th

Fast on ment that W. E. Oliv city come Henderson ed upon a latter reader last ev munciated the Times son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac tion city. He important was for streets, and is in the committee. Ald. Stew both stat son said present to of the next fully at the Ald. Hen at the cou is fully a which he regime of served at he is con consecutively the City C Ald. Hen great atte transac