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POOR DOCUMENT

Read the Condensed Ads. on Page 6.

THE EVENING TIMES

Times Want Ads ... Yield ... Good Returns.

VOL. II, NO. 122. ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1906. ONE CENT

WENT DOWN INTO A COAL MINE AT MINTO

Times Man Visited Coal Fields of Queens County.

SEAM 3½ FEET THICK

Present Output About 3,000 Tons Per Month, Which Could Be Greatly Increased—Putting the Railroad in Good Shape—The Lumber Operations.

Though there has been considerable talk about the coal mines on the New Brunswick Coal and Railway, few people have any adequate idea of the amount of work done or the extent of this growing industry.

A Times man visited the coal regions the first of the week and was much impressed with what he saw of the work being carried on in that region. The writer left Norton on a coal special on the N. B. C. and R. on Tuesday afternoon at two o'clock and arrived in Minto, the terminal, shortly after six.

After a wash up and supper at Kennedy's Hotel, a visit was paid to the large general store of the King Lumber Company, where the manager, E. C. Alexander, contributed some information about the growing settlement of Minto and the development of the coal areas.

At the present time Minto can boast of a good hotel, the Kennedy House, a large general store, a commodious railway station and about half a dozen dwelling houses. The miners for the most part live at the mines, where houses have been erected for their accommodation.

About a mile from Minto a large spring has been tapped at an elevation of about 65 feet above the town site, and a reservoir erected. This gives a first-class water supply of good force, which supplies the railway tank, store and dwellings.

On Wednesday morning, about eight o'clock, the writer, in company with H. F. Albright, the photographer, of this city, who was engaged in taking pictures of the mines and railway terminals, boarded an engine and were taken to the coal mines. The first mine visited was that of the King Lumber Company—known as the "Minto Mines."

There are two shaft houses on this property and about 55 men are engaged in digging the "black diamonds." While the photographer was engaged in getting views of the works, the writer, in company with Manager Alexander, went down into one of the mines to see how the earth was robbed of its fuel. The means of descent was via what a newspaper man would be inclined to call a small-sized elevator, but which among the mining people is known as "the cage." The bottom of the shaft was reached in safety, the scribe keeping a tight grip on the wire cable that supported the cage during the process of descent.

Arriving at the bottom of the shaft, which was about 30 or 40 feet below the surface, the explorers, or rather the explorer (for it was no new experience to Mr. Alexander), was conducted by a miner bearing a lamp on his cap, through one of the "cuts." These "cuts" (perhaps that is not the correct term, but no matter) extend in different directions from the main shaft, and the one through which the writer was conducted was about 200 yards long and about four feet in width by the same in height. The man with the lamp led the way and the intrepid scribe followed closely behind.

During this advance into the bowels of the earth it was necessary to move along in a crouching posture until at last, after it seemed about half a mile had been traversed, another light was seen ahead, and a few seconds later the party came upon one of the miners engaged at his work. A halt was necessary as further progress was barred by the seam of coal that extended across the end of the way. The seam was about 3 or 3 1-2 feet in thickness, and sparkled and glistened in the light from

(Continued on page 8).

COUNTRY MARKET

Very Little Change in Prices From Last Week---Eggs and Butter Plentiful.

Saturday buyers will experience no difficulty in procuring Sunday dinners; the supply in the country market being about the same as last week. Vegetables are in abundance and the prices vary but little from those of the previous week. Chickens are scarce while frozen turkeys can be had in fairly large quantities. Dealers report, however, that freshly killed fowl of this description are scarce. Geese are plentiful and game is, of couse out of season. There is also a good supply of eggs, butter and cheese. Prices as quoted today are as follows:- Roast beef, 10 to 18c.; beef steak 12 to 20c.; lamb, 10 to 16c.; mutton, 8 to 15c; veal, 8 to 16c.; pork, 14c. chickens, 75c. to $1.00 pair; geese 75c. to $1.50; turkeys, 20 to 22c. per lb. hennery eggs bring 17 to 18c., wholesale, and retail at from 20 to 22c. while cased eggs are offered at from 14 to 17c. the retail figures ranging from 16 to 22c. Creamery butter is worth from 25 to 26 cents, wholesale, and 27 to 28 cents retail. Good tub butter is bringing from 19 to 21c. on the wholesale list and retails at from 25 to 26 cents. Cheese is offering from 13½ to 14 on the wholesale scale, the retail quotation being 18 cents.

IN THE COURTS

Probate Court

The last will and testament of the late Mary M. Hunter was admitted to probate today, and testamentary letters were granted to Atkinson Morrison, the executor named in the will. $3,500 personal property. C. H. Ferguson, proctor.

Equity Court

In the equity court this morning an application was made for leave to bring a suit in equity for the purpose of setting aside a transfer of property made to Schaffer Bros., of Campbellton, to their brothers, David and Nathan Schaffer, on the ground that the transfer was fraudulent. Schaffer Bros. recently made an assignment to Sheriff Robinson, of Restigouche Co., for the benefit of their creditors. Judge Barker granted the order. M. G. Teed appeared for Gault Bros. of Montreal one of the principal creditors, and J. F. Hartquail, of Dalhousie and G. C. Coster appeared for Sheriff Robinson.

Admiralty Court

The case of Benjamin Hatfield vs. the ship Wandrain was yesterday afternoon set down for argument by Mr. Justice McLeod for Tuesday afternoon next at 2.30 o'clock.

THIRTY PERSONS WERE INJURED

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 22.—Thirty persons were hurt, three of whom will die, by the explosion today of a 200 pound charge of dynamite, which was struck by a steam shovel at the Carnegie Steel Co.'s plant at Duquesne. Sharp, flinty pieces of slag and pieces of splintered timber from the shattered shovel were hurled among a hundred Hungarian laborers.

A MILLION ARE STARVING

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 23. — The Post-Intelligencer today started an original effort to secure a shipload of wheat for Japanese famine sufferers. The paper subscribes 10 tons of wheat, and calls for subscriptions in kind, to be shipped, if possible, March 12. Latest Oriental mail advices show that nearly a million persons are starving and food is needed more than money.

BIG DEFENCE FUND

BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 23. — Five thousand dollars have been appropriated by the Mill and Smelters' Men Union of this city to aid in the defence of Charles F. Moyer, Haywood, Pettibone and Orchard, who are suspected of the murder of ex-Governor Steuenburg, of Idaho.

PENITENTIARY FOR MYERS; AND McARTHUR GOES TO REFORMATORY

In the county court this morning, before Judge Forbes, John James Myers and William McArthur, charged with breaking and entering the store of F. E. Williams & Co., on the 5th inst., and stealing therefrom, were tried under the Speedy Trials' Act. Neither prisoner was represented by counsel, and both pleaded guilty. Myers was sentenced to three years in Dorchester penitentiary, with hard labor, and McArthur was sentenced to four years in the reformatory. The judge, however, stated that should McArthur conduct himself properly in the reformatory, his sentence might be lessened.

The Judge's Comment

Before imposing the penalty of the law upon each prisoner, his honor learned from questioning Myers that the latter had served time in the reformatory for a previous charge of theft, and that he had no one to look after his conduct save his grandparents. Judge forbes gave the prisoner some good advice and strongly urged him to learn a good trade while in prison, and to re-enter the world of freedom with a full determination to lead a new life.

Referring to McArthur, his honor stated that he came of honorable parentage, but had refused to take the good advice of his guardians. He said the prisoner had, through his own fault, run up against the stone wall of the law, and must abide by his conduct. The sentences, as above stated, were then imposed.

He Chose a Jury

Silas Hays, charged with committing adultery with Mrs. Ida Burke, in January last, was also brought before the judge. The prisoner elected to be tried before a jury, and stated that he was not guilty. His honor, however, told him that he should be ashamed of the predicament in which he had placed himself, and informed Hays that the latter's wife had been pleading for his freedom since he had been committed for trial. His honor further stated that the prisoner was perhaps very lucky in his choice of trial, as he might have been very severe on him, if he found him guilty of such an offence.

Hays will therefore be tried at the next sitting of the county court, which opens on Tuesday next.

GEN. SHAFTER SAYS CHINA HAS GRIEVANCES AGAINST UNITED STATES

Wu Ting Fang Takes Strong Ground in Favor of the Boycott----Foreigners Would be Helpless if an Uprising Occurred, and one is Still Feared----Reforms and Reformers.

LONDON, Feb. 23—The correspondent of the Tribune at Pekin says:—"The court is nervous over the possibility of trouble February 24. The president of the Chinese foreign board appreciates the possibility of an anti-dynastic rising. The German legation tonight doubled its sentries on account of posting of anti-foreign placards at Tien Tsin."

Wu Ting Fang Talks

PEKIN, Feb. 23—Wu Ting Fang, former Chinese minister to the United States, when interviewed for the first time today on the existing situation in China, spoke in support of the boycott. Wu Ting Fang is now living quietly in Pekin, devoting his time to bodifying the laws of China, one of the numerous reforms under way. Speaking of present conditions, Wu Ting Fang said:

"China is at a crisis and is passing through a transition stage. Her statesmen and people feel that China needs reform, but there are great differences of opinion regarding the means. There are several classes of reformers. There are those who speak foreign languages, and who have been abroad and who have had experience on both sides of the question. They favor sensible and useful reforms, but not too radical, so as to make China first able to stand upon her own feet. The number of these sensible reformers is few. I am one of them.

"The ruling classes also know that something should be done, but they are at their wits' end to know what to do.

"The third class is composed of young students who are too rash. They need training and experience.

"Financial reforms should be carried out in the first place, but without foreign advice and capital it would be impossible to do so under present conditions. I was working out a scheme which had to be abandoned because it was necessary to call on foreign advice. The new coinage is a stop-gap.

"One thing upon which the majority of Chinese are agreed is that China has been deprived of many rights by concessions and territorial grants and by the way her people have been treated by foreigners in China and foreign countries.

"Many Chinese who have gone abroad to America, Australia and the Philippines, write home complaining of arbitrary discriminations made against the Chinese which dare not be attempted against other foreigners. Therefore everyone is angry and hence the boycott of American goods, illustrating the feeling against the unjust exclusion laws. It has spread over all China and is solely in retaliation against unjust discrimination and is not anti-foreign. The Chinese people and officials are on good terms with all foreigners and have no hostile feelings toward them. The Chinese merchants have the best feeling towards foreign merchants.

"The majority of the people in the interior are indifferent to all foreigners travelling in the interior, who write that they are well treated with no signs of hostility against them.

Grievances Against Uncle Sam

ELAPSO, Texas, Feb. 23—General William S. Shafter, who commanded the United States army in Cuba during the Spanish-American war, passed through here yesterday en route from a hunt in Mexico to his California home. Discussing the Chinese situation and the possibilities of intervention by the United States, he said:

"If there was an uprising in China this country could not get sufficient forces in the field to make a showing. There are many troops in the Philippines, but they would not be available for a clash with the Chinese. The danger, if there is any, is to the Americans situated far inland. If they were attacked it would be all over before the United States could get troops to the spot. So far as the naval forces are concerned, it is different. The navy is well equipped. At Manila, along the coast of Japan and China, and at other convenient points in the Orient, the United States has ships which could be brought to bear in China and enough to meet all possible needs."

"Do you believe that China has a grievance against the United States?" the general was asked.

"Grievances? of course she has," he declared. "These rumors of anti-foreign feeling are not well founded. Sensible persons advise boycotters and agitators to be reasonable and only to boycott goods and not to treat persons unkindly, but to continue their friendship, as before.

"Unfortunately disturbances in several places are now arising from the boycott, but there is no sign of an outbreak against foreigners."

"For years the Chinese have been subjected to every possible indignity by our officials. It has been scandalous. Theodore Roosevelt recognizes it and has issued instructions which ought to bring about some improvement."

THE CASE OF GRANT MURRAY

He Had Not Lost Money nor Been in the Woods all Winter.

To the Editor of Evening Times:-

Sir:—We were very much surprised and shocked at the startling head lines which appeared in your paper on Feb. 9th, concerning the case of Grant Murray, and upon reading the article we find a number of statements absolutely false, which we wish corrected at once.

The first false statement was that Mr. Murray had a financial loss of $800. This is not considered a loss and has not been proved as such, neither was it the cause of his illness, as reported, for it was the result of a run down system.

Another false statement was that he had been in the lumber woods all winter, which is entirely wrong, as only a few days before he went away he had been at a public gathering and acted as secretary for the same. He was only at the camp part of four days and went there strongly advised by his physicians to do so to see if the change would benefit his health. Yours truly

WILLIAM MURRAY.

[The Times regrets that there was any incorrect statement in its account of the case referred to. This paper believed it had received accurate information concerning the unfortunate affair, and regrets that there should have been any mistake.—[Editor Times.

PISTOL ENDED THIS ROMANCE

An Italian Prince, Aged 19, Killed Himself on eve of Wedding.

NAPLES, Feb. 23—Prince Pignatelli Strongoli, aged 19 years, son of a lady in waiting to Queen Helena, committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself. He was to have been married in a few hours, to a daughter of the Duke of Corigliano. He left a letter to his father, saying he killed himself because he was sceptical about life, and another letter to his fiancee saying she would have been unhappy with him. The affair has caused a great sensation, both families being among the most aristocratic in Naples.

DEATH OF MRS. STRATTON

Daughter of the Late Benjamin Peters of St. John--Will Address Y. M. C. A.

FREDERICTON, Feb. 23—(Special)—Mrs. Augusta Stratton, widow of the late F. A. H. Stratton, for many years judge of probates and clerk of the executive council, died this morning after a few day's illness from pneumonia. She was in her seventy-seventh year, and is survived by one son, R. Brooks Stratton, of Rumford Falls, Me., and one daughter, Miss Mary Stratton, at home.

She was a daughter of the late Benjamin Peters, of St. John, and is survived by two brothers and two sisters. A. W. Peters and the Misses Peters of St. John, and R. Brooks Peters of Australia. The late Judge Peters of St. John was a brother and another brother was the late Augustus Peters, president of the Borough of Manhattan. Deceased was Judge Stratton's second wife, they having been married in 1866.

HE MAY FOLLOW JOHN. A McCALL

NEW YORK, Feb. 23—Fears over the condition of James W. Alexander, former president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, were expressed today by the three physicians who have been attending him since an operation performed yesterday. This was the second operation on Mr. Alexander in the past two weeks, and was performed for an organic trouble.

The physicians today said that he had thus far failed to rally from yesterday's operation as rapidly as he did from the first one.

SCOTT ACT CAMPAIGN

FREDERICTON, Feb. 23—(Special)—Scott Act Inspector Colter has laid information in nine Scott Act cases which are to come up for trial at the police court on Monday. It is understood that five of the cases are against citizens of Fredericton and the remainder are against parties residing in Kingsclear. Evidence is to be furnished by two liquor spotters from Woodstock, who lately visited here.

The Maritime Horsemen's Association is holding a meeting in the city council chamber this afternoon.

JOHANN HOCH KEPT HIS NERVE

The Much-married Wife-murderer "Felt Fine" Before He Was Executed.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23. — Johann Hoch, who was executed about noon today, slept well all night, and when he awoke this morning was apparently in a jovial mood. He turned to Guard James Cummings, who was in the room with him, and wished him "Good morning." Cummings immediately summoned Jailer O'Neil, who at once came to the room and said: "Good morning, Johann, how are you this morning?"

"I feel fine," said Hoch. "I had a good night and was not disturbed. I'm feeling fine."

Hoch then gave his order for breakfast, and while awaiting its arrival was given several papers to read.

"Look here, O'Neal," he called out, "see what one of the papers says about me." He then read to O'Neil the article which said he had given up all hope, and was in a state of collapse.

"That thing says that I have lost hope" remarked Hoch, "but I haven't. I will keep my nerve to the last."

Hoch admitted having been married 13 times but always protested his innocence of having caused the death of any of his wives. The courts, however, found him guilty.

BILLS AGREED TO

FREDERICTON, Feb. 23. — The municipalities committee this morning discussed and stood over for amendment the Moncton bill providing for the issue of $16,000 debentures. It was proposed to attach another clause authorizing the issue of $60,000 more to pay off the floating indebtedness.

The bills to authorize the town of Grand Falls to issue $40,000 debentures for a water system and of the municipality of Madawaska to issue $10,000 debentures to repair the court house or build a new one were agreed to.

The Fredericton Water Bill, authorizing an issue of $45,000 of debentures for the improvement of the system and also to enable them to regulate the telegraph poles and lines, and provide for numbering the houses, was also ageed to.

Mrs. James Kent

TRURO, Feb. 23 (special)—Mrs. James Kent, widow, died last night. She had been in her usual health, and was around the house all day. She was a sister of the late James Birrell, of the old and well-known firm of Rettie & Birrell. She leaves no family.

THE TIMES NEW REPORTER

ANOTHER AUXILIARY.

Mr. Cullinan is an object of much interest to the ferry committee.

Mr. Cullinan has a scow for hoisting purposes. There is nothing new about a craft of that sort, as there are many hoisting scows in various parts of the world.

But Mr. Cullinan's scow, which is now at York Point slip or thereabouts, is different from other scows. It has a propellor.

Now a scow with a propellor could not fail to excite the interest of the ferry committee. They are liable to need such a conveyance at almost any time. The Ludlow might try to widen the crevice she made in the street at Chubb's corner when she rammed the floats, and be put out of commission. The Quangondy might refuse duty, and Wun Lung has not yet got her papers. In such a state of affairs Mr. Cullinan and his scow would be to the ferry committee as the shadow of a great rock in a weary land.

It is understood that the council will be asked to grant an annual subsidy to Mr. Cullinan's scow so that it and its propellor will be in perpetual readiness to come to the relief of a sorely tried but ever faithful and resourceful ferry committee.

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HIRAM'S GREAT JOY.

Mr. Hiram Hornbeam was a happy man today. He came into town with a load of straw, thinking he might dispose of it for the price of a pair of boots or some new griddles for the cooking stove. No sooner did he strike the suburbs than he found himself surrounded by people who wanted straw. He had a corner on the market. His progress up-town was triumphal, and he sold the straw at last at a fabulous price.

"I disremember," said Hiram, "when straw ever brought such a price. Seems like everybody wanted some. I'll su'prise the old woman—dinged if I don't. I'll get her stuff for a new dress."

Hiram, it may as well be confessed, was smoking a cigar as he spoke; but there was some excuse for the extravagance.

BELIEVED TO HAVE LOCATED MURDERER

Of John Stinson Who Disappeared in 1898

VICTIM VERY RICH

Went to California in '49 and Made a Fortune, and is Believed to Have Been Killed by a Trusted Friend and Companion — Was a Portland, Me., Man.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 23. — The Call says today that local detectives believe they have located the murderer of John Stinson, a wealthy mining man, who disappeared from this city in 1898. At that time the body of an unknown man was found floating in Stowe Lake, and was buried as a pauper. A few months ago it was discovered that the body found in the lake was that of Stinson, and also that his deposit box with a local trust company was empty, although it was known to have contained a large sum of money and other valuables at the time of its owner's disappearance. Since then detectives have been at work ferreting out the mystery in connection with Stinson's death. Now the news has been received here yesterday that Mrs. Frank W. Sawyer, of Boston, a niece of Stinson, arrived at her mother's, Mrs. Sarah Connor, of Portland, Maine, with the news that detectives hired by her to investigate the death of her uncle had located $75,000 worth of bonds belonging to Stinson in San Francisco and are now closely watching the man who has them in his possession. This man, says Mrs. Sawyer, was an old companion of Stinson in the mine and worked with him for forty years.

"He became suddenly wealthy after uncle's death," she said in an interview last night "Our detectives are watching every move of that man and his arrest will be accomplished shortly.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 23—Mrs. Sarah Connor, who claims to have evidence that her brother, John Stinson, a wealthy miner of San Francisco, was murdered in 1898, claims that the man at the time of his death was believed to have had property valued at between $300.000 and $1,000,000. Stinson went to California to hunt gold in 1849 and made a fortune. Afterwards he became a mining operator and promoter.

THE THIEF HAS HIS PYJAMAS

Sad Experience of a Young Man at Fredericton Junction on Monday.

A well-known young man, residing at present in this city, had a rather interesting experience during a trip from St. John to Fredericton on Monday last.

The young gentleman in question, when he arrived at Fredericton Junction left his dress suit case on the platform for a few minutes, while he went to have a short talk with the station master, with whom he is intimately acquainted. On returning to get his baggage, he discovered that some miscreant had made love to it. He at once notified the station master, and a few days afterwards that official succeeded in having a conversation with the culprit, who had the dress suit case in his possession. He effected an entrance into the case by cutting a side out of it. The baggage was taken from the thief and returned to the owner, who learned that although sundry articles of his were safe, yet a suit of pyjamas, a razor and a few other articles were missing.

Where and who is the offender is now a question that the young man who met with the loss would like to have answered.

The loser left the damaged suit case with Officer Stevens this morning with instructions to forward it to Detective Killen, who will endeavor to solve the mystery.

AT HER POST SEVENTY HOURS

VANCOUVER, Feb. 23—Special)—Public attention has been drawn to another heroine of the Valencia wreck. First officer Ferris of the Princess May, who was on board the Salvor testified before the Canadian Court of Inquiry and paid a glowing tribute to the zeal and undaunted fortitude of Mrs. Patterson telegraph operator at Cape Beale. Mrs. Patterson, although in a delicate condition, stayed at her post for nearly seventy consecutive hours.

C. H. Lugrin, special Counsel for the Canadian Government, asked the Commissioners to take special note of the woman's bravery, so that it might be suitably recognized. He added that Mrs. Patterson's labors were not confined to the telegraph office, but that she rendered distinguished service in succoring famished survivors.

KAFFIRS FIRMER ON THE EXCHANGE

LONDON, Feb. 23. — Trading on the stock exchange opened much more cheerful today, all departments sharing in the improvement.

Kaffirs had an appreciably better tone on the statement of Winston Spencer Churchill, under secretary of state for the colonies, in the house of commons, outlining the government's policy on the Chinese labor question in South Africa.

Briefly summed up the Liberal policy is that there shall be no violent expulsion of the Chinese, but that while some of the most servile conditions of indenture will be eliminated, the ultimate decision of the question is to be left to a responsible government of the Transvaal.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET

MONTREAL, Feb. 23. — (Special). — Montreal Street and Toronto Railway, which were most buoyant features in late trading in stock market yesterday, were quiet today, but held advance within small fractions of top prices, and selling at 276 to 275 3-4 for Montreal and 120½ for Toronto. Canadian Pacific commenced selling ex dividend at 170 3-4. Other features were Mexican Bonds, 81½; Detroit, 100½; Havana, pfd., 82; Ohio Traction, 33½; MacKay, 59 3-4; Illinois Traction, pfd., 100 to 3; Montreal Power, 93.

POLICE MAGISTRATE HAD VERY BUSY MORNING WITH THE LAW BREAKERS

The police court was again packed to the doors this morning, presumably to learn the result of the case against Voile Morrill.

Charles Nelson, who was arrested Thursday for acting in a disorderly way at the ferry floats, was this morning fined $8. Nelson's companions evaded the police.

Frank Fitzpatrick presented a pitiful sight this morning, his face being badly cut as a result of coming in contact with a brick building. For being drunk he was fined $4.

Charged With Theft

The case of theft preferred by James Smith against George Wyler was taken up this morning. The complainant said that he was on his schooner working and the defendant had been drinking that night. He was on the Phoenix for awhile and the witness said that he saw him leave the vessel with a bundle of clothes under his arm. The next time the witness saw the clothes was when Wyler was arrested. One of the crew swore that he saw the coat of Smith's suit on Wyler. Detective Killen told about the arrest and also stated that the prisoner had stolen several small articles from his room-mate, J. B. Naughtingham. The defendant claimed that the complainant gave him the clothes, and as he wished a couple of witnesses the case was adjourned until tomorrow morning.

It cost Them Twenty

The assault case preferred by Moses Koshetsky, a Hebrew, against John Daling was resumed, J. King Kelley appearing for the complainant. The first witness called by the prosecution was Philip Granan, who said that he saw Daling strike the complainant a blow that sent him to the pavement. J. King Kelley then addressed the court, and described the assault as brutal and cowardly. Counsel for the complainant stated that it was far too common an occurrence for Hebrews to be beaten on the public streets, and instanced a case of a respectable Jewish merchant, who he said could not walk along the Strait Shore road without being beaten by a crowd of ruffians. He asked that in the present case the full penalty of the law be imposed. After reviewing the case Judge Ritchie fined Daling $20.

Charles Thomas did not bring any witnesses to court this morning to prove that he did not assault Mrs. Annie Williams, the Assyrian woman, who complained that she was struck by Thomas ten times. This morning his honor stated that there were two witnesses against two but he thought that the defendant's story to the effect that the woman pulled her own hair and that he did not assault her was absurd. Thomas was accordingly fined $20.

James Vincent, arrested on Wednesday for being drunk and wilfully breaking a pane of glass the property of Thomas Short, pleaded not guilty to the second charge and was fined $8. Subsequently the judge allowed the fine to stand against the young Englishman. The complainant did not appear to prosecute the second charge.

Case Against Morrill

The case against Voile Morrill, who is charged with having stolen $262 the property of J. W. & F. W. Myers was resumed this morning. Clarence Nixon, manager of the Union St. branch of the B. N. A. bank stated that on Feb. 5th. the prisoner presented a cheque drawn by J. S. Harding for $680 certified and payable to bearer, on the Bank of Montreal. He said he wished to deposit $400 to the credit of Messrs Myers and take the balance $260 in cash. The witness said that he paid Morrill the $260 and placed the remainder to the credit of Messrs. Myers. W. B. Wallace, counsel for the prosecution, stated that his client was unable to be present at the morning session. He was sent up for trial this afternoon.