NOTHING DEFINITE UNTIL NEXT MONTH

Then Fire Underwriters Will Say If London's Insurance Rate Is to Come Down.

As announced in the Advertiser last week, something has been doing in the insurance line, and as a result it is thought that the abolition of the surcharge on the key rate may take place within the next month.

There is nothing definite yet, however, but the city is living in hope.

Yesterday, Ald. Matthews, chairman of No. 3 committee of the council, with Ald. Booth, representing Mayor Judd, who found it impossible to get away, and ex-Mayor John W. Little had a conference with the committee of the underwriter's association in Toronto.

The city's representatives explained that the business public of London are of the opinion that it is time the surcharge, which it is understood was imposed to reimburse the different companies for the losses sustained in the Toronto fire, was removed. All the good points in connection with the city's fire department were set forth, and everything possible to create a good impression was done by the aldermen.

The insurance men did not commit themselves, however. They pointed out that a meeting will be held in Montreal next month at which the rates for the different cities will be decided upon, and until that meeting takes place, they are not in a position to make a definite statement.

The underwriters again raised the bogey of the single main. If the city is not prepared to duplicate the present main, the insurance men appeared to be favorable to a separate fire fighting system, with river water and a direct pressure.

For the local fire department, they had nothing but good words, admitting that its state of efficiency is unexcelled in Canada.

The city's request is now in the hands of the committee, and it is expected that it will come before the entire board at the meeting in Montreal.

Speaking of the San Francisco fire, one of the members of the underwriters' committee informed Ald. Matthews that no one now speaks of the Chicago fire as the big one.

"Everything fades into insignificance before San Francisco," said the insurance man.

It is feared that the 'Frisco affair and also the recent fire in Baltimore may affect London's chances of securing the abolition of the surcharge, but the city is quite hopeful.

Col. Little has not yet returned from Toronto.

MOODIE SAYS STEWARD LIED

Declares There Were No Barrels of Furs on Arctic—Not in Ship's Statement.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, June 14. — Major Moodie, before the Arctic committee this morning, was asked by Mr. Pardee as to the story of the furs given by Mr. Deschanis, a steward.

"There is not one word of truth in his statement," said the major, very emphatically. "There is a statement of the furs taken on board at Fullerton, brought by the Arctic to Chateau Bay, and from there to Ottawa, and are now in stores on Wellington street, in Ottawa."

Major Moodie handed in a statement of the furs as shown by the quartermaster of the Arctic.

Mr. Pardee—Mr. Deschanis told us these stores were shipped by the Neptune from the Arctic.

Major Moodie—That is not correct. The furs were all taken to Ottawa and are now in the Mounted police stores on Wellington street. This had nothing to do with the Arctic. It was done by the Mounted Police. Any of the men who were returning home and were not going back were entitled to get three or four skins at the price paid at Fullerton, as souvenirs.

Mr. Pardee—And there were no barrels of furs sent on board the Neptune?

Major Moodie—No, there were not. There were two bags and one barrel from the Arctic to the Neptune. That was all.

Mr. Pardee—What about the ladies' hats?

Major Moodie—They were brought to trade with the natives.

THROWN FROM RIG

Mr. and Mrs. Langford, of London Township, Meet With Painful Accident.

What might have been a serious accident happened at half-past 2 this afternoon, when Mr. Isaac Langford, of London Township, and his wife were thrown from their rig. Mr. Langford alighted on his head and shoulders, inflicting a very severe scalp wound. Mrs. Langford received a severe bruising, her left shoulder being hurt the worst. They were both able to be taken home.

Mr. Langford was driving along King street east, when they were crashed into at the corner of Clarence and King by a heavy dray. Their horse was badly frightened and broke away from the buggy. The couple were thrown out on the pavement.

The driver of the dray extricated himself and continued on his way, not stopping a moment to render assistance.

Mr. Langford is 74 years of age and was suffering considerably from his injuries, but they were not looked upon as serious.

Giving up Business—35 men's sample raincoats. No two alike. Cost price. 109 Masonic Temple, first floor.

IN FREIGHT CAR WITH A BOTTLE

John Collins Before Magistrate Charged With Theft—Made His Bed in Street.

With the charge of stealing against him, John Collins, appeared in the dock at the police court for trial this morning.

The information was laid against Collins by Stewart Jamison, a carchecker at the G. T. R. freight sheds. On Tuesday Jamison found a freight car with the door forced open, and he claims that Collins was inside, with a bottle of liquor in his hand, and several broken bottles around him. Upon investigation, Jamison found that a crate of liquor had been broken open.

Collins was arrested last night at his home on Burwell street. When he appeared in court he elected trial by magistrate, and pleaded not guilty. He was remanded until Wednesday.

In the juvenile court a small boy was remanded for one week on a charge of stealing laid by his mother.

It is not often that a mother will lay a charge against her own child, but in this case, it will probably be for the youngster's own good. It appears that for some time past he has been unmanageable, and has given his mother a lot of trouble. He is charged with stealing $15.

A young man wandered to the police station this morning complaining that during a sleep which he had indulged in on one of the quiet avenues of West London, someone robbed him of all but his trousers.

According to his story. He was slightly intoxicated last evening and got on a West London car, which took him away out into the quiet suburbs. As he wandered still farther into the quiet solitudes, he dreamed a dream. He dreamed that he was in a luxuriant bedroom, and feeling so tired, he stripped off and went to bed. He dreamed that the fence posts were the magnificent brass bedposts, and accordingly, hung his garments thereon. Just how long he slept there he does not know, but when he woke up this morning, he found that he was lying on the roadside, and that during his slumber someone had chanced along that way and taken his clothes. Either that or he had hung them on a passing vehicle. At any rate, they were gone, and so was his watch. Fortunately for him he had not managed to remove his trousers entirely off, for they contained about $90, and it is not likely that the alleged thief would have refused to take them if they were handy.

The gentleman would be much obliged if anyone knowing of the whereabouts of his property would leave word at the police station.

HE USED LONDON TO GET CHATHAM

Fowler Evidently "Playing" Londoners to Bring Maple City to Time.

It looks as though Mr. James Fowler, the Toronto man who waited on the manufacturers' committee recently in regard to establishing a sugar beet factory in this city, was merely playing with London, and was simply using this city to bring Chatham to time.

It will be remembered that Chatham turned down a bylaw offering inducements to the firm, and then Mr. Fowler came to London.

Today City Clerk Baker received a letter from Mr. Fowler saying that Chatham has come around all right, and has decided to submit another bylaw to the people.

If this bylaw is turned down, Mr. Fowler says he will again talk business to London.

The Londoners are wondering if he will.

Yesterday City Clerk Baker and Mr. Scarlett were in Berlin looking over the sugar beet plant there, so as to gain some information as to the project which Mr. Fowler outlined for London. Mr. Baker would say nothing of what he learned.

SOUTH LONDON WEDDING

Nuptials of Mr. H. Powell and Miss Henrietta Barned.

The home of ex-Alderman John Barned, 17 Horn street, South London, was the scene of a pretty wedding this afternoon, when Mr. Barned's eldest daughter, Miss Henrietta Barned, and Mr. Harry Powell, of Toronto, were united in marriage by Rev. Dean Davis. Miss Maybelle Barned and Miss Nettie Powell supported the bride, while Mr. John Barned and Mr. Joseph Cowie supported the groom. Little Miss Marjorie Barned made a charming flower girl. Only relatives of the young couple were present.

The bride was attired in a beautiful gown of white liberty, and carried white roses. Miss Maybelle Barned, bridesmaid, wore French organdie over white taffeta, a white silk hat with a white plume, and pale pink tea roses, and carried pink carnations. Miss Nellie Powell, the second bridesmaid, wore pink silk organdie over pink taffeta, with a pink hat trimmed with pink roses. Her bouquet was of pink carnations. The flower girl was dressed in white silk and carried white carnations. The house was beautifully decorated with bunting, flags and ferns.

The groom's present to the bride was a gold locket set with diamonds; to the bridesmaids, gold lockets, one set with pearls and the other with diamonds, and to the groomsmen, pearl stickpins. The presents were very numerous and beautiful, among them being a silver sea set from Mr. Coombs, president of the firm of Kerr & Coombs, of Hamilton. The bride's father presented the young couple with a handsome piano.

The happy couple leave this evening for an extended wedding trip to eastern points, after which they will return to Toronto and take up their residence.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE ... 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

SPEND $30,000 ON NEW THEATER

The Work Started on Bennett's Theater, Which Is to Seat 1,500.

Work has been begun on the tearing out of the scenery, seats, etc., of Bennett's Vaudeville Theater, preparatory to handing the theater over to the contractors to make the many improvements contemplated.

President Duffield and Manager Bennett stated to The Advertiser today that the house will be reopened for the season on Sept. 1.

It will then have a seating capacity of 1,500.

The present gallery will be dispensed with, and what is now known as the balcony will be the gallery.

A new balcony will be put in, and the entire downstairs will be remodeled. Handsome new seats, the best that money can buy, have been provided for.

An addition of 50 feet will be built at the rear, and in this will be located the stage, which will have a depth of 35 feet and a width of 60 feet.

The two stores downstairs will remain, but 70 feet will be cut off them. The stairway of the present entrance will be removed, and the pit will be on the ground floor. The floor of the entrance will be handsomely tiled, and the box office will be located 50 feet from Dundas street.

In all about $30,000 will be spent on the theater, which will be one of the finest in Canada.

There is a probability that a first-class cafe will be conducted in one of the stores, and there is some talk of using the big basement, which will be fitted up for a bowling alley.

The Conservative Club quarters will be somewhat contracted, but the club will not be asked to move.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Mr. George Jackson, of Victor street has purchased a fine lot near the Normal School. A good price was paid for the property.

—After a lingering illness, Mrs. Francis Hayes, mother of W. H. Hayes, of the Bell Telephone Company, Winnipeg, and Mrs. F. J. Fewings, of Sunnyvale, California, passed away at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Noble Ellsworth, Dunboyne. The funeral will take place from the Southern Congregational Church, Horton street, today. Service at 2:30 p.m.

INSPECTOR BITTEN.

W. K. Lord, one of the city yard inspectors, was bitten by a dog owned by J. Glen, of 522 Quebec street, while Mr. Lord was in the discharge of his duties. In a letter to Inspector McCallum, Mr. Lord expresses the opinion that a dog that will bite a civic official isn't a fit character to have in the neighborhood.

STUDENTS ENTERTAINED.

The second year domestic science class of the Collegiate Institute yesterday afternoon held a reception on the collegiate grounds. Many of the trustees, with their wives, the teachers and their wives and others, were present. Principal and Mrs. Radcliffe received the guests. All spent a very pleasant time and voted the domestic science students jolly good entertainers.

KILLED IN A RUNAWAY.

Belleville, Ont., June 14. — William Doughty, a retired farmer, living in this city, was killed last evening. He was driving a lively horse, which got the mastery of him, running away and colliding with a telegraph pole. Doughty was thrown out and struck on a pile of rocks. His chest was crushed in, and an arm broken. He died laiter. Mr. Doughty was 62 years of age and leaves no family.

COLONEL MADE BULLSEYES.

At the service ranges this morning, the new Mitchell sight, invented by Capt. Tom Mitchell, and the adoption of which the militia council is considering, was officially tested. So far the sight has proved to be a splendid success. Colonel Peters made three bullseyes and two inners out of five shots. The tests are being continued this afternoon.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY NOTES

Continued from Page One.

French evangelization. He has the "glad hand," and is a man of effairs.

* * *

Some of the fathers and brethren of the assembly relieved the strain and tedium of their labors by an occasional visit to the golf links. One evening some of them were waiting for a car on their return. A very solemn-looking gentleman in clerical garb appeared on the scene and addressing one of them said: "How can you reconcile your care for souls with your playing with these things?" And the clerical golfer made answer: "I can care for souls better, just because I play with these things." Where is the sane man who will not say that the clerical golfer was right? What a pity it is that any Christian should imagine that healthful exercise for the body in the form of manly outdoor sports is wrong and sinful.

* * *

The General Assembly usually concludes on Wednesday evening. This year on account of the union debate adjournment will be later. A great many of the commissioners have already left for home, others will go today, and the remnant will likely finish the business late tonight.

* * *

During the union debate, Dr. Patrick referred to his Presbyterian genealogy. This led to a similar reference on the part of two other speakers, Sir Thomas W. Taylor declared that there had been elders in his family for five generations. During the past 150 years there had never been a day when there was not one of them in the eldership. Dr. Duval, on rising, remarked: "My father was a Huguenot, and my mother was Edinburgh Scotch. That's all I have to say about it," said the genial doctor, with a smile, as much as if to hint, don't you think that is sufficient? And the assembly evidently thought, as it showed by its laughter and applause.

Advertiser Correspondence

ON CHURCH UNION.—No. 2.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

On Wednesday, the 13th of June, the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada unanimously resolved that in the proposed deliberations with regard to church union the Church of England, and the Baptist Church be invited to take part. We are glad to think that the Presbyterian Church has exhibited this wider spirit of Christian charity, and we trust that the other negotiating churches, the Methodist and the Congregational, will be animated by the same spirit. Certainly as far as justice goes it is only fair and right; for the first church to publicly step forth with kindly hand and loving desire and a practical proposal to bring together the scattered forces of the Protestant churches was the Church of England. And there is probably no Protestant church throughout the world that so constantly prays for union, and so earnestly desires to promote it. Her members are daily taught to pray that "all who profess and call themselves Christians may be led into the way of truth, and hold the faith in unity of spirit, in the bond of peace, and in righteousness of life."

Now, with regard to this question of church union. All thoughtful people will admit three points: First, that there are probably only three solutions for the question—absorption, federation and co-operation. The first is the simplest, but to human vision at present union by absorption is not only undesirable, it is only possible on the terms that have been made famous through the parody:

"We are not united, all one body we,
As the wolf said to the lamb when he swallowed she."

The second, federation, seems to be the present somewhat nebulous terminus ad quem of the trilateral fusion proposed by our Methodist brethren.

The third, co-operation, is, after all, the perpetuation of our present positions with the addition of new endeavors in combination in the Northwest, and the avoidance of unnecessary crowding, rivalry, and unseemly competition. Any union whatsoever is worthless, however, if it is a mere talking of sentimental fraternity, while cherishing the spirit exhibited by the writer signed "Methodist." All Christians at present are probably praying for and longing for the consummation of the second, federation, or unifying of the churches, maintaining the proviso, of course, that each retains inviolably those essential principles and distinctive features which denominationally constitute their raison d'etre.

In the next place, all thoughtful Christians will admit that this problem of union is not going to be as easy for some as for others. For instance, the union problem is a much-easier matter for Methodists than for Presbyterians, and incomparably easier for Congregationalists than for Baptists. In the proposed movement at present the Congregationalists in Canada would give up practically very little and would gain a great deal. But the Baptists would probably have to yield a great deal and gain very little. On the other hand, both the Presbyterian and the Church of England have a glory of heritage in their standards, and a definiteness of principles and distinctiveness in their tenets that would require them to exercise a far greater amount of love and self-sacrifice than either the Methodists or the Congregationalists. Their strength and success, I mean denominationally, of course, has been owing to their championship of certain church principles, but without the confession and the catechism, the presbyter and the elder, the Presbyterian would be as veritably a homeless and ragged and unimpressive an ecclesiastical tramp as the Anglican without the bishop and the Prayer Book and the Thirty-Nine Articles.

But I think I will have to continue this in another letter.

DYSON HAGUE,

The Memorial Church Rectory, June 14, 1906.

TWO NEW SYNODS FORMED

Continued from Page One.

if this matter is continued. The people will object far more strongly to a change in the old Psalms and hymns than over the union question.

Principal Scrimger though it would only be a tempest in a teapot. He declared that the amendment sent the question to the church before the committee were ready to do so. The recommendation renewed the present contract for five years more, and if the church were not ready then, it would be adopted.

Other speakers declared that the people did not want a new hymnal, and were perfectly satisfied with what they now had. The question of expense was one they objected to very much. The question was merely an academic question.

The first clause was amended by the word "reported" being inserted, and was carried.

The second recommendation was withdrawn.

Dr. Somervillel introduced another resolution to the effect that a new arrangement be made with the Oxford Press, looking toward a larger royalty, and that also a supplemental list of tunes be made. This was carried unanimously.

Religion in Schools.

Principal Gordon brought in the report of the committee on Biblical instruction in the public schools. It was passed with very little discussion, the only suggestions being that the sphere of the committee be enlarged to take in the whole of Canada, not Ontario alone.

The report stated that owing to the death of Principal Caven, no report was presented from the committee at the meeting of the last General Assembly. It described a conference with the representatives of the Methodist and Anglican Churches, at which the syllabus of Bible lessons and passages for memorizing, previously presented to the various Anglican synods or Ontario, was presented and discussed. The sense of the conference was decidedly in favor of systematic biblical instruction in the public and high schools.

New Synod Formed.

Dr. McMullen presented the report of the committee appointed to change the boundaries of synods. The Presbyterian Church was making rapid progress in the west. The formation of three new synods at one assembly was in itself a remarkable thing.

The report was as follows: The synod of British Columbia was divided in two synods, to be known as the synods of British Columbia and Alberta. The synod of Alberta was to include the Yukon. The present moderator of the synod of British Columbia was to remain the same, and Dr. McQueen, of Edmonton, was appointed moderator of Alberta. A new synod of Saskatchewan was set apart, and Rev. J. Leishman, of Fleming, was appointed moderator.

The committee left the details of the overlapping of boundaries of synods and presbyteries in the hands of the different synods.

The report was adopted practically unanimously.

Wants a College.

The Presbytery of Kamloops presented an overture, asking that a college for the training of men for the ministry in British Columbia be established. The report came before the synod of British Columbia, and was sent out from the synod to the different presbyteries asking for their opinion on the matter, such opinions to be forwarded to the synod and then transferred by them to the General Assembly.

Rev. J. Knox Wright explained that there was need of a college for the training of ministers. In British Columbia the Presbyterian Church had not a college of any kind, while all other denominations had their seats of learning. Mr. Wright explained the value of such an institution to British Columbia, and the especial value to Vancouver Presbyterianism of such a college to be situated there. He wanted it understood that the college have only a summer session. It could be manned by the professors of other colleges during this season, and the young men who work during the winter in the mission fields, could take their year at this college.

Mr. Wright also promised that the city of Vancouver would furnish a building and pay the salary of one professor. The business men of that city were enthusiastic in behalf of the scheme, and he thought that the matter of financing the institution could be readily undertaken.

Speaking of the matter of a university he said that arrangements had been made with McGill by which students can take their first two years in the high school at Vancouver. He also declared that a provincial university would be established in British Columbia before the next session of the assembly.

Rev. Duncan Campbell also brought the claims of British Columbia for such a college before the assembly, and explained that the exigencies of the mission work demanded a summer session of such a college.

A committee was appointed to look into the matter and report at the next assembly.

An overture was received from the Presbytery of Westminster, asking that they be given the privilege of advising and co-operating with the Foreign Missionary Society in prosecuting the Chinese work in British Columbia.

Rev. R. J. Wilson supported the overture.

Hamilton Cassels, K.C., explained that the Foreign Missionary Society had never thought of withdrawing from their work in British Columbia. The committee thought that owing to the splendid work being done by the Methodist Church in this matter and their splendid equipment, it was advisible to amalgamate the work of the two churches out there, and had asked suggestions on that matter. He thought the work should come under the head of home mission work and not as foreign mission work.

The overture was granted.

"Nick" Wilson to Retire

Continued from Page One.

eration, and like the older scholars, they love him and revere him.

Mr. Wilson celebrated his 50th anniversary as a teacher in London in 1897, and the different civic bodies attended the banquet in his honor.

It was partly through Nicholas Wilson that the old boy celebrations which have made London famous all over America and which have spread all over the continent, came into life. At the banquet Mr. Wilson was presented with a beautiful casket, containing the sum of $1,000 in gold.

In the matter of superannuation, the board of education will scarcely be niggardly. It is safe to say that the citizens will be more likely to criticise any smallness on the part of the trustees than they will be to find fault on the score of liberality.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported for The Advertiser by C. N. Spencer, stockbroker, Market Lane.

Chicago, June 14.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
July	$ 83	83	82⅛	82½
September	82¾	82¾	82¼	82⅜
Corn—				
July	52½	53⅛	51⅞	52⅝
September	52⅝	53½	51⅞	52½
Oats—				
July	38½	40	38½	39⅜
September	35⅛	36	35⅛	35⅝
Pork—				
July	16 75	16 75	16 70	16 72
September	16 65	16 65	16 60	16 60
Lard—				
July	8 75	8 82	8 75	8 82
September	8 92	8 97	8 92	8 95
Short Ribs—				
July	9 30	9 37	9 30	9 32
September	9 22	9 27	9 22	9 22

Baking Powder Proof

It is an easy matter to determine the relative merits of baking powders by testing them yourself. When baking use Strong's Baking Powder in half the baking, and mark it so that you can identify it afterwards. Do the same with any other good powder in the other half, and notice the results. If you don't think Strong's Baking Powder is the best now, you will have no doubt of it after putting it to a practical test. Besides, it only costs half what any other pure powder costs. 25c pound.

Strong's Drug Store

Chemist and Druggist.

184 Dundas St.

STOCK MARKETS.

H. C. Becher, stockbroker, next Free Press building, received the following by private wire from Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington today:

New York, June 14—Noon.—The decline which started yesterday afternoon left a feeling of uneasiness behind it which found its expression in further liquidation in today's market. At times the market was weak, the center of pressure being in Reading, where it was thought there was an attempt on the part of the pool to reduce its holdings. Below 140 a good many stops were caught which helped the downward movement. Cables from London stating that the price of spot copper had suffered a decline at that center, was the pretext for an attack on Copper. Here, however, the price for the metal remains steady, and there is a suspicion that the London quotations were received from a speculative clique whose operations are unimportant. The conspicuously strong stock was Baltimore and Ohio, the buying of which was an excellent bull card. It is predicted that the next dividend will be at the rate of 6 per cent. A fairly good rally occurred in the whole list shortly after 11 o'clock, but sentiment on the floor is not optimistic, and the commission houses are not encouraging customers to make large commitments. Sales to noon were 429,000 shares.

NEW YORK.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

New York, June 14.

	Open	High	Low	2 p.m.
Amal. Copper	107½	107¾	106⅛	106½
American Sugar Co.	136½	138¾	134¼	134¼
American Locomotive	70½	71½	69¾	70¼
American Foundry	40¾	40¾	39⅜	39⅜
American Refining Co	154⅞	155	153½	153⅝
Atchison, com	89⅝	90⅛	88⅞	88⅞
Atchison, pfd	102¾	..	..	..
Baltimore & Ohio	112	114	112⅛	113½
Brooklyn Transit	81½	82¼	81	81½
C. P. R.	159¾	160	159⅛	159⅛
Ches. & Ohio	57½	58¾	57½	57⅝
Chic. Great Western	18⅜	..	..	..
Col. Fuel & Iron	55½	56⅜	54⅛	54½
Erie	44½	44⅞	43½	43½
Erie, pfd	78¾	78¾	78½	78½
Illinois Central	180¾	180⅞	178¾	179⅛
Kansas & Texas, com	34¾	34¾	34½	34½
Louisville & Nash	147¼	147¼	146¾	146¾
Mexican Central	23⅛	23⅛	22½	22½
Missouri Pacific	96½	97	95¾	95¾
New York Central	139¾	139⅞	138¾	139
Norfolk & Western	88	88¾	87½	87½
Ontario & Western	50	50¼	49⅛	49½
Pennsylvania	139½	138⅞	138¼	138¼
Reading	140	140¼	137⅞	138¼
Repub. Iron & Steel	30¼	30½	29½	29½
Rock Island	25½	25½	24⅞	24⅞
Southern Railway	37⅞	37⅞	37	37⅛
Southern Pacific	65⅜	65⅜	64½	64⅝
St. Paul	180½	181⅜	179⅛	179¾
Texas	33	33	32½	32¾
Twin City	114	114	113⅞	113⅞
Union Pacific	149¾	150¼	148½	148¾
U. S. Leather	41⅜	41⅜	41	41¼
U. S. Rubber	51	51	50⅛	50⅛
U. S. Steel	40	40⅛	38¾	38⅞
U. S. Steel, pfd	105	105⅜	104⅝	104¾
Wabash, com	20½	..	..	..
Wabash, pfd	47¾	48	47¾	48
Western Union Tel	93	93	92⅞	92⅞

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—

Hood's Pills

PALMER'S HAMMOCKS

Lead the world. They are strong, durable and non-fading. And the colors are beautifully blended. For years we have carried their lines, and have sold them to the best people in the city. From

$1 to $6

Baby Hammocks, with awning, and stand, also in stock.

Cowan's Hardware

127 DUNDAS STREET.

HAVE YOU SEEN

Our stock of Electric Reading Lamps, also our new line of Fancy Fixtures and Shades? Give us a call before you buy. Electric work of every kind. THE COMMERCIAL ELECTRIC CO., 475½ Richmond street (Opera House block), London. Phone 1871.

Actual Measures and a Square

All the expert cutters require to draft any pattern are actual measures and a square. A full course in cutting costs only $15.

Dress Cutting School, 243 Dundas St

LOOK HERE BLACKSMITHS

I have in stock the BEST SMITHING COAL MINED. Try it once and you will see it's so.

JOHN M. DALY,

'PHONE 348. 19 YORK STREET

The average monthly income in Japan, after recent advances in wages, is officially stated at less than $8.

TO THE GUM TRADE

Saturday will appear Bode's first free coupon

THE LONDON DAILY PAPERS ON SATURDAY will contain half-page announcements of Bode's free gum plan. Every day next week they will continue to print the coupons. Five of these coupons will be exchanged for a package of Bode's "Menthal Pepsin" Gum wherever it is sold. If YOU—druggist, grocer or cigar dealer—have no Bode's gum in stock it would be wise to 'phone your wholesaler. An enormous increase in your gum sales is inevitable and the Bode Gum Co., Limited, of Montreal, redeem all the coupons you receive on a basis of six to five.

All Bode's Gums Are Made in Canada

BODE GUM CO., Limited, Montreal.

Toronto Office, 23 Scott Street.

McECHERN AND McPHERSON, TECUMSEH HOUSE, LONDON.

DON'T FORGET IT'S

At Brownlee's You Can Buy

Cream Cans
Dairy Pails
Milk Strainers
Coal Oil Stoves
Watering Cans
Lawn Mowers
Screen Doors and Windows
Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stoves
All Household Supplies

J. A. BROWNLEE

385--387 Talbot Street

Store will be closed each Saturday at 7 o'clock during June, July and August.

Capital $3,500,000 Assets $34,000,000 Reserve $3,900,000

You Are Sure of Getting More Than You Put In

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