Try Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

The Toronto World.

Wouldn't it jar you? No! What? The "Berry" Rubber Heel? Manufactured solely by THE GUTTA PERCHA & RUBBER MFG. CO. OF TORONTO, LIMITED.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR | EIGHT PAGES—MONDAY MORNING APRIL 1—EIGHT PAGES | ONE CENT

Senate Reading Room 5 Feb 01

BOER LEADERS SHOULD [illegible] OUT, SAYS PROFESSOR GOLDWIN SMITH

British Liberals Are Hopelessly Divided, While the Ministry is Strengthened by General Botha's Refusal of Lord Kitchener's Proffered Terms.

New York, March 31.—The Herald's correspondent in London cables: The debate in the House of Commons on South Africa showed the Opposition to be as hopelessly divided as ever. It consists of Milnerites and anti-Milnerites, those who are for conciliation and those who are for fighting to a finish, home rulers and crown colonists, Liberal Imperialists and Liberals who object to being otherwise designated.

The rejection by General Botha of the terms which the Government offered undoubtedly strengthened the Government's case. It may easily be argued, and it is true, that Lord Kitchener's proposals were seriously altered to the disadvantage of the Boers. The Chamberlain man in the street will not go into that. He sees that the Boers have rejected something short of unconditional surrender, and curses their impudence, just as if he would not do the same.

There are, however, it is only fair to add, a large number of persons who sympathize with Boer patriotism and admire Boer courage, but at the same time feel that the honor of the country is pledged, and that we must go on. That is the view which the Government has for the present adopted.

It has determined to be master, conqueror as Lord Salisbury put it, of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State. After that the deluge. At all events it can consider what it will do.

The Government the Gainer.

I think it quite clear that the Government has gained some support by offering terms. People who detested the jingo cry of unconditional surrender, say now: "Well, if the Boers are absolutely uncompromising there is no choice. We must fight it out."

Mr. Chamberlain has played a good card. He has let his moderation be known unto all men.

He can point triumphantly to General Botha's letter and say:

"What a hopeless people to deal with! We labor for peace; they make them ready for battle!"

Sir Edward Clarke has seized the opportunity of rejoining the Conservative party. A greater man than Sir Edward Clarke has also declared against the Boers.

Mr. Goldwin Smith, that veteran Liberal who is respected thruout the English-speaking world, writes from Toronto his opinion that the Boer leaders are not justified in offering further resistance.

May Modify His Views.

When Mr. Goldwin Smith reads the report of Thursday night's debate in the House of Commons he may, perhaps, modify his views.

He seems to assume that the terms offered by Lord Kitchener were the terms rejected by Gen. Botha, but that is not so.

On the contrary, Mr. Chamberlain, in the House of Commons, expressed surprise that any one who understood the situation in South Africa could have made such proposals as Lord Kitchener's.

Such language is very strong and very unusual, as applied by a Minister of the Crown to a general in the field, especially when that Minister does not happen to be Secretary of State for War.

The Government have made up their minds to hold on and fight it out. The costs are £1,250,000 ($6,250,000) a week, but we have ceased to reckon our national expenditure and regard everything short of £100,000,000 ($500,000,000) as cheap.

Battle Over Sir Alfred.

The battle is now raging round Sir Alfred Milner.

Some say that he has done the work and should be allowed to finish.

Others maintain that he has been the evil genius of South Africa, and that no good can come of keeping him there.

He is not likely ever to be put in a responsible position again. He has become a mere symbol. The Dutch regard him simply as the enemy of their race.

On the other hand, the British in Cape Colony swear by him and would feel affronted by his withdrawal.

The mutual hatred of the Dutch and British has reached such a pitch that anything which pleases one exasperates the other.

The Government cannot throw Sir Alfred Milner over without disgracing themselves, but he might himself relieve them from their difficulty by resigning.

He is a classical scholar, and will remember how the Roman Emperor Otho committed suicide to save the empire from war between Galba and himself.

ALL BREATHING WAR SPIRIT

Japanese Statesmen Express the Opinion That Russia Cannot Be Allowed a Free Hand

IN THE PROVINCE OF MANCHURIA.

Gravest Crisis From a Japanese Standpoint Since the War With China.

London, April 1.—There is reason to believe, says the St. Petersburg correspondent of The Daily Mail, that the Manchurian convention between Russia and China will be ratified in April.

The Yokohama correspondent of The Daily Mail, who records various indications of preparations for war on the part of Japan, says:

Interviews have appeared with prominent statesmen, all breathing the war spirit, and expressing the general opinion that it is impossible to allow Russia a free hand in Manchuria. This is the gravest crisis from the point of view of Japan, since her war with China.

According to a despatch from St. Petersburg to The Daily Mail, the Coreans at Sa-Mau, a frontier town, recently repulsed an attack by 200 armed Chinese.

REVOLUTIONISTS ARRESTED.

Seventy-Two Men of a Committee Taken at St. Petersburg After Desperate Fight.

London, April 1.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of The Daily Telegraph says: "A Revolutionary Committee composed of 72 members has been arrested after a desperate defence, the revolutionists firing at the police. Two secret revolutionary printing presses were seized in connection with the arrest.

"Altogether 3000 arrests have been made. It is reported that some of the ministers now wear steel cuirassiers."

ALL FOOL'S DAY IN 1885.

Sixteen years ago to-day, as the Toronto contingents from the Queen's Own Rifles and Royal Grenadiers were rushing to the seat of rebellion on the Saskatchewan River, the special military trains carrying them along the newly-constructed sections of the C.P.R. stopped at a construction camp for breakfast. The camp was at a large tented village named Biscotasing, a place of about fifty tents at that time. After a two days' ride in very crowded cars the men disembarked, and, after a wash in the snow, fell in for breakfast, which they took in a very large dining marquee. After a smoke and a stretch of their limbs, the order was given to entrain. The bearer corps of the Grenadiers was quartered in a freight caboose attached to the rear of their train, and just after the corps entrained the hospital staff sergeant, who was the last to enter the caboose, rushed in and, calling the men out, told them that the halfbreeds were assembled on a hill in the distance. After a long look for the enemy the staff sergeant told the men: "Never mind, boys, if any of you write home to-day don't forget to date your correspondence April 1, 1885." He further said: "I have just heard Colonel Grasett tell the sergeant-major that, as the day after to-morrow will be Good Friday, the Government has arranged to have a distribution of hot cross buns at Dog Lake camp for all ranks." This statement pleased the men very much, and all looked forward to the day. At Dog Lake an issue of hard tack was made. This was the first that the ambulance men had seen, and as Staff-Sergeant Hazelton got the order he fell his corps in for their share. He told the men that the hot cross buns were now being issued. The men fell in at once, and each was given three hard tacks instead of three soft spongy and glossy currant buns. The joke was so well played that the men enjoyed it and laughed very heartily.

CANADA-ALASKA BOUNDARY

Report of Assistant Surgeon Fraser of the Mounted Police the Clearest Definition Yet Received.

THE AWARD OF THE COMMISSION

Places on the Canadian Side of the Line a Considerable Amount of Territory.

Ottawa, March 31.—(Special.)—The best condensation of the territorial result of the provisional boundary established between Canada and Alaska is that contained in the report of Assistant-Surgeon Fraser, commanding the Dalton Trail detachment of the Northwest Mounted Police, made public in the Premier's latest Blue Book. Dr. Fraser says:

"A good deal of country which has hitherto been recognized as part of Alaska, United States, became Canadian territory by the establishment of the provisional boundary, which was surveyed by the Boundary Commission during the months of June and July of this year. The line commences at a peak west of Porcupine Creek, and runs in a northeasterly direction, towards another peak, to the Klehini River, thence following its right bank to the junction with the Chilcat River, about 1½ miles above Kluckwan, an Indian village. The boundary thence runs to the summit of a peak east of Chilcat River.

"This places Porcupine, McKinley, Calhoone and other creeks within United States territory; but Glacier, Bouider, Slate and a few others, which were staked under United States laws, are now in British Columbia, part of what is known as the Porcupine district being in the United States, and another part, holding the same name, in British Columbia.

British Columbia Commission.

"In the month of September, a British Columbia commission arrived on the Dalton Trail, consisting of Judge Martin, Gold Commissioner Grahame and staff, and they established a camp on the Caandian side of the boundary near Porcupine. The commission was appointed for the confirmation of titles to claims on Glacier and other creeks, which were previously considered in United States territory. The American claimants, however, failed to come forward, as it is the prevailing opinion amongst them that after another year has elapsed the district will come under United States jurisdiction. This results in a very unsatisfactory state of affairs.

"The establishment of the provisional boundary, however, places matters on a much more satisfactory basis than formerly. Up to the present year there was no defined boundary line, and a great deal of country was being staked out, both for placer and quartz locations.

"There have been a number of discoveries in placers made up the Big Salmon River during the past two years, and it was thought at one time that part of the country was in Canadian territory, but, from information given me by surveyors, who know the district thoroly, and as a result of other enquiries made, I find that all that district is in American territory."

ALIENS SENT OUT OF CANADA.

Deported From Blind River, New Ontario, Under the Law in That Regard—Census Notes.

Ottawa, March 31.—(Special.)—This year, for the first time, a census will be taken of the population of Anticosti Island.

The Department of Labor has been notified of the deportation on Saturday of six more United States citizens from Blind River, in New Ontario. They had been imported from Bay City, Mich., to work for the Eddy Lumber Company of Bay City. A batch of five aliens had been deported on Friday from Blind River.

The Canada Gazette of Saturday contained the appointment of Mr. Firman McClure, ex-M.P., as chief census officer of Nova Scotia. Mr. McClure died on Friday. It is understood Prof. Oakes of Acadia College, Wolfville, N.S., has since been appointed in the late Mr. McClure's place.

TREACHERY AT GOLD COAST.

Three Hundred Men Deserted the British Force and Descended on Cape Coast Castle.

Accra, Gold Coast Colony, March 31.—Three hundred men of the British West African Regiment, who deserted at Coomassie, marched, armed, to Cape Coast Castle, where all business has been suspended owing to a fear that the deserters will loot the town. One hundred and twenty troops were despatched from Accra to Cape Coast Castle to-day to suppress the revolt.

FIGHT ON A TRAIN.

Richard McCullough, an Ontario Recruit, Pushed Off the Platform and Badly Hurt.

Moncton, N.B., March 31.—Richard McCullough, who has been one of the garrison at Halifax, was a passenger on the Maritime train last night, with three other soldiers, who had been discharged, and were going home to Ontario. At Moncton several men, said to be from the lumber woods, boarded the train, and a row ensued. McCullough was standing on the platform, and claims he was pushed off while acting as peacemaker. The train was then at full speed. McCullough managed to reach a farm house, where a doctor was summoned. McCullough had two ribs broken and was internally hurt. Arrests will likely follow.

HAS LIVED 129 YEARS.

A Pauper in New Brunswick, N.J., Probably Oldest Man Alive.

New York, March 31.—For the last 36 years Noah Raby has celebrated his birthday in the Poor House near New Brunswick, N.J. To-morrow he will reach the age of 129. He sleeps almost continuously, and almost daily his waking periods are growing shorter.

TAPS FROM THE WIRES.

Constantinople and Odessa were shaken by earthquakes yesterday, but not seriously damaged.

James Anwill, a druggist and well-known Welsh singer, was found dead in bed yesterday at Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Edwin S. Tarr, a veteran actor, stage manager of "The Belle of New York" Company, dropped dead from apoplexy at Scranton, Pa., yesterday.

John G. Williams, a stonecutter, and Chester Newman, a seaman of the United States navy, were drowned yesterday in the Hudson River, near Peekskill. Newman served under Admiral Dewey at Manila.

S. Paglia, an Italian stonemason, in New York, desired to marry Carmela Matarezzo, who is only 14 years of age. The father refused, and Paglia shot and wounded the father, mother and daughter, then turned the pistol on himself. He is only slightly wounded.

Smoke Alive Bollard's Cool Mixture. Buy Patent Capsori Pipe, always clean. 50c. ed

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Grand Opera House, "Foxy Quiller," 8 p.m.
Toronto Opera House, "Superba," 8 p.m.
Shea's, 2 and 8 p.m.
Princess, 8 p.m.
Popular Concert, Victoria Hall, 8 p.m.
Ministerial Association, Y.M.C.A., 10 a.m.
Hon. Russell, M.P., at Webb's, 6.30 p.m.

"JUST FOR THE CENSUS, SIR!" —Punch.

This morning some 4000 or 5000 enumerators are out taking the fourth census of Canada. It is probable that in most cases where the enumerator makes his call to-day the head of the house will be absent, and the duty of furnishing the required information will devolve upon some other member of the household. It will be a great help to the enumerators, and also assist in securing more correct information should there be held in each house a kind of family consultation regarding the right answers to the many enquiries of the enumerator.

It should be remembered that any information given to the enumerator will be kept secret, and can never be used in any way to affect the taxation of the party giving the information. In no case can the private business of anyone be made public, and the statistics when made known will comprehend all the industries carried on in the particular district, without any reference to anyone in particular.

TOLSTOI APPEALS TO NICHOLAS TO STOP RELIGIOUS OPPRESSION

With a Petition of Doukhobor Women Begging to be Allowed to Join Husbands in Canada, the Count Tries to Open Czar's Eyes to Barbarities.

New York, March 31.—A despatch to The Journal from London says:

With a petition of Doukhobor women begging to be allowed to join their husbands in Canada, Tolstoi has written the following letter to the Czar:

Tens of hundreds of Russia's best children suffer trials as heavy, and even heavier, under the present religious persecution, that inconceivable madness which spreads wider and wider over Russia, but which enlightened men and the government have long come to regard as futile and stupid injustice.

I have long felt it to be my sacred duty to endeavor, before I die, to open your eyes to the senseless and horrible cruelties perpetrated in your name. This touching appeal of the Doukhobor women forces me to delay no longer. Thousands and thousands of men, deeply religious, and thus representing the nation's truest and chiefest strength, have been brought to ruin, imprisonment in exile or driven forth from Russia.

Take this matter into your own hands. Heed not the counsel of the men who instigated the persecutions; heed not Pobiedonostzeff, an evil, obstinate, hard-hearted man, born out of his time, nor Stojagin, a short-sighted, superficial, unenlightened man, but revise or repeal all the existing, stupid, repugnant, shameless laws enjoining religious persecutions, which have long ceased to exist in every civilized country except Russia.

Czar Too Stupid to Kill.

New York, March 31.—Prince Krapotkin, the famous Russian Socialist, in an interview, says: "I believe the greatest foe to autocracy in Russia to-day is Nicholas II. He is so stupid that he will make many mistakes. Every one of those mistakes will weaken his power and the power of the throne. If I thought he should be killed I would do my best to kill him. I do not believe in asking someone else to do what you would not do yourself.

"The first effective blow has been dealt to autocracy in Russia," said Krapotkin, in discussing the affairs of Russia. "It has been struck within the past fortnight. The ministers of state have notified the Czar that a law he promulgated could not be enforced. This is the first time it has ever been done. It marks the first step in the progress which will eventually make of Russia a federal government. This law of the Emperor's was the cause of the recent student uprisings in St. Petersburg."

COST OF CLASH AT TIEN TSIN WILL BE £20,000,000 IN CASH

War Outlook in the Far East Shows That Crisis Between Russia and Japan is Really Grave—Bear's Attitude Still Puzzles.

London, March 31.—The far eastern situation continues an enigma to all European observers. Russia's apparent withdrawal or modification of her demands quite fails to restore confidence in an amicable settlement of the problem. It is pointed out with melancholy truth by one English writer that trifling with the Anglo-Russian incident at the Tien Tsin railway siding will probably cost Great Britain at least £20,000,000 in hard cash. It was the news of this incident and the possibility of a conflict between Russia and Great Britain, it is now learned, which caused Gen. Botha's rejection of Gen. Kitchener's peace terms. Attention is directed more to Corea than to China at the present moment, the belief being general that the crisis between Russia and Japan is really grave. There is ample information that Japan is making energetic preparations for war. It may be taken for granted that Great Britain is fully aware of all that Japan is doing and also of her ultimate plans. The failure of the African peace negotiations may have some effect upon Japan's action.

WARNING TO CHINA.

England, Germany and Japan Form a New Triple Alliance.

Vienna, March 30.—The Allgemeine Zeitung, a newspaper which is in close touch with the Austrian Foreign Office, published the following note to-day:

"England, Germany and Japan have presented identical notes to Russia and China, warning them the signing of the Manchurian agreement will involve the partition of China. This combined action deters Russia from insisting on the signature of the agreement. France, while declining to cooperate with England, Germany and Japan, has intimated to Russia that she would regard the conclusion of the Manchurian treaty as an unfriendly act."

RUSSIAN WARSHIPS REACH COREA

Two of Them on a Visit Arrived Some Time Ago.

Berlin, March 30.—A telegram from Seoul, Corea, states that two Russian warships have arrived at Chemulpo for a visit which had been arranged some time ago.

PRINSLOO HAS BEEN CAPTURED ENGLEBRECHT HAS SURRENDERED

British Forces Sweeping Over Eastern Transvaal—Women and Children Taken Care of—Hot Chase After Commandant Kritzinger—Refugees Flocking to Pretoria.

London, April 1.—The War Office has received advices from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, March 30, reporting the capture of 72 Boers in Orange River Colony, and officially announcing that General French has taken 51 prisoners and received the surrender of 93 Boers as already announced in press despatches. Lord Kitchener also reports upon the recent wrecking of trains at several points.

COM. PRINSLOO CAPTURED.

Commandant Englebrecht Surrenders—A Great Sweep.

London, March 31.—A special despatch from Standerton says the Imperial Light Horse have captured Commandant Prinsloo and a convoy of 28 wagons. Commandant Englebrecht, the despatch says, has surrendered. The British are sweeping the Eastern Transvaal clear of everything useful to the Boers. All standing crops have been destroyed, but the women and children are being cared for. Five hundred of them have been conveyed to Utrecht, where their wants are well attended to.

BOER REFUGEES FLOCKING IN.

Pretoria's Population Being Augmented Almost Daily.

Pretoria, March 30.—(N. Y. Sun special.)—A considerable number of Boer refugees, men, women and children, continue to flock into the city daily from the outlying districts. They are being sent to the detention camp at Irene.

A train from Johannesburg was fired upon near the Kaalfontein station on Thursday night, but except for the wounding of two mules no damage was done.

A train going east was derailed by the Boers near Balmoral last night and four of the trucks were destroyed.

BRITISH CHASING KRITZINGER.

Three Columns Are After Him and Pressing Him Hard.

Cape Town, March 30.—(N. Y. Sun special.)—The columns of Cols. Gorringe, Crabbe and DeLisle are still actively engaged in pursuing Commandant Kritzinger. It is said that this Boer commander has despaired of being able to cross the Orange River.

It is said that the negotiations for peace between Lord Kitchener and Gen. Botha have severely hampered Gen. French in his operations in the Eastern Transvaal. While the negotiations were in progress the Boers seized the opportunity to break thru Gen. French's lines in small parties and steal to the northward.

It is believed that Gens. Botha and Viljoen practically agreed to accept the British terms of surrender, but when the Boer commandants met they were contemptuously rejected.

THE CELEBRATED NUMBER ONE ALLEGED EMPLOYE OF UNCLE SAM

Percy J. R. Tynan, Who Was So Much Sought After in Connection With the Phoenix Park Murders, Said to Be Employed in the New York Post Office.

New York, March 30.—(Special.)—The list of removals from the New York custom House does not contain the name of "Number One." It will be a surprise to many to learn that Percy J. R. Tynan, who, according to his own declaration, was and is the famous "Number One," so long sought as implicated in the Phoenix Park murders of Lord Cavendish and Under Secretary Burke, more than twenty years ago, is a Federal employe in the New York Custom House. He is the head clerk of the Bill Department. If he is called upon during business hours and happens to be out, the other clerks are close-mouthed, and will answer no questions as to Tynan's movements. He usually takes a light lunch in a park row cafe, and is a frugal man. Some years ago some reporters learned that Tynan was living up in Audubon Park, Manhattan, where he still resides. At that time he wore a long black beard of fierce mien, and was never to be found at home, his daughter usually answering the bell. He then suddenly left the country, leaving his family behind him. When he reappeared his looks were entirely changed. His beard was gone, his hair was cut short, and a dyed moustache adorned his upper lip. In Irish circles it is not believed that Percy Tynan was the real "No. 1." When "Skin-the-Goat," who, with his companion, was deported last year as ex-convicts, Rocky Mountain O'Brien wanted Tynan to place himself in evidence in their defence, but he refused to have anything to do with the affair.

LORD SALISBURY IS REALLY ILL SUFFERS FROM BRIGHT'S DISEASE

London Weekly Despatch Repeats the Story of The Express and Says the Premier's Condition in So Serious as to Alarm His Family—No Bulletins Allowed.

London, March 31.—The Weekly Despatch repeats the story published in The Daily Express of Saturday that Lord Salisbury is suffering from a kidney affection, which is likely to incapacitate him for some time, and says it learns that the Premier's illness has taken so unfavorable a turn that his proposed visit to the Riviera has become almost hopeless, and the announcement of his resignation of the Premiership and his retirement from political life may be anticipated before the end of April. The Despatch adds: "The doctors have pronounced Lord Salisbury to be suffering from Bright's disease in so aggravated a form that a grave view is being taken of the case. Lord Salisbury is so anxious to prevent the nature of his illness from being made public that none of the eminent specialists called in are allowed to sign a bulletin. No bulletin sanctioned by the doctors has been issued. The Premier's condition suddenly became so grave a week ago that Sir Richard Douglas Powell, Dr. Walker and other physicians were hastily summoned. In order to avert a crisis, a special prescription was made up, the application of which checked the approaching complications, but the Premier's condition for the last day or two has disappointed all the medical men.

"One of the earliest callers on Saturday was a special messenger from the King.

"The family last evening expressed a hope that Lord Salisbury might make the journey to the Riviera, but the physicians are loth to express an opinion, except in so far as forbidding any definite arrangements to be made for the present."

THE PHYSICIANS' STATEMENT.

A Case of Influenza Which Has Now Run the Normal Case.

London, April 1.—The following bulletin regarding the condition of the Premier was issued last evening:

"Lord Salisbury was attacked with influenza March 23. The illness has run the normal course, and has been attended by the usual prostration. The temperature, however, has been almost normal for the last two days, and His Lordship's strength is improved, with increasing power of taking food. It is hoped that he will be able shortly to get a change to the south, which he had been contemplating at the time of the attack.

"Douglas Powell, H. R. Walker."

Going on Well and Much Stronger.

London, April 1.—Inquiries yesterday afternoon at the residence of Lord Salisbury elicited the information that he was "going on well and much stronger."

One of the private secretaries and no other person of authority was accessible, but the foregoing statement had been prepared for callers.

Balfour Visited the King.

London, April 1.—Mr. Arthur J. Balfour, Government Leader in the House of Commons, went to Windsor yesterday to visit King Edward, altho His Majesty only left London Saturday afternoon. The visit is supposed to have had some connection with Lord Salisbury's illness. Lord Cranborne, the Premier's son, issues, however, a denial of this alarming suggestion.

MR. MORGAN IS NOW AFTER FISH. HEADS A $30,000,000 SYNDICATE

Not Content With Control of Almost Everything on Land, the King of Finance Has Now Taken to the Water and Seeks to Control the Salmon Industry.

San Francisco, Cal., March 31.—The Call says: A $30,000,000 syndicate deal is pending in San Francisco, and with its successful consummation the entire fishing and packing industry on the Pacific coast will be controlled by one big corporation. The principal shareholders in the syndicate, should the deal be closed, include the well-known New York financier, J. Pierpont Morgan, August Belmont, W. Seligman, J. Seligman and the presidents of several large banking houses in New York City. Representatives of the eastern capitalists have secured options on a large majority of the canning plants, and the syndicate will be able to control the entire salmon industry with the exception of that controlled by the Alaska Packers' Association of this city. Negotiations have also been commenced with the Alaska Packers' Association for an option on its plants, but nothing definite has been accomplished. Among the companies that will be absorbed, should the deal go thru, will be the Pacific-American Fisheries Company, of which John Cudahy of Chicago is president, and the Pacific Steam Whaling Company, of which Senator George C. Perkins of California is the head.

BRITAIN'S INVITATION ACCEPTED.

Warship to Be Sent to Melbourne on the Arrival of the Duke of York.

Washington, March 31.—The invitation of the British Government to send a warship to Melbourne on the occasion of the ceremonies attending the arrival there of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York on May 6 and the opening of the Federal Parliament of Australia on May 9 has been accepted. The Secretary of the Navy today telegraphed Admiral Remey at Manila to send a vessel and suggested either the battleship Oregon or the battleship Kentucky, but left the selection to the admiral's discretion.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants, offices Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto

Easter Flowers

To receive seasonable attention, should be ordered now, to insure prompt attention. Send for our descriptive price list. We guarantee safe arrival and in perfect condition. Dunlop, 5 King West, 445 Yonge Street.

Turkish Baths at Pember's, 75c

Cure a Cold in a Few Hours.

Dr. Evans' Laxative Grip Capsules; no buzzing, no griping; money refunded if they fail. 25c. Bingham's Pharmacy. 135

Articles for Sale. See next page. 246c

Died on the Street.

Victoria, B.C., March 31.—John J. Jessop, Provincial Immigration Agent, pioneer of British Columbia, who crossed the plains to the coast in 1860 via what is now Idaho and Washington, dropped dead on the street to-day from apoplexy.

TO CURE THE GRIP IN TWO DAYS. Lavative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W.

ITALY TO JOIN FRANCE.

This Would Break Up the Triple Alliance and Make England and Germany Nearer.

London, March 31.—The next disturbance of the balance of power in Europe will be the withdrawal of Italy from the Triple Alliance. Italy is dissatisfied with the burdens imposed on her by the necessity of keeping up an armament proportionate to that of her two allies. Negotiations with France have been going on for some time. Austria's withdrawal of trade privileges is likely to hasten the union of France and Italy. The result will be the closer alliance of England and Germany.

SUICIDED BY FIRE.

Aged Lady Saturated Her Clothing With Coal Oil and Applied Match.

Canastota, N.Y., March 31.—Last night Mrs. William Welch, brooding over family troubles, saturated her clothing with coal oil, and applied a match to her dress. People coming from church discovered her burned almost beyond recognition, but still conscious. They carried her to the house, where she died.

TRINITY COLLEGE.

List of Those Who Have Passed Supplementaries.

The following have passed the supplemental college examination: Miss Parke, C R DePencier, S R C Henderson, C Holt, W A Patterson, C W Sealey, Miss Todd.

W. E. Kidd has completed the primary examination.

Cook's Turkish & steam baths, 204 King w., cures colds, coughs and rheumatism

This is Spring.

The signs of spring have come again,
The grass is getting green,
And all the stylish hats for men
Are purchased from Dineen.

—D.

LADY CURZON IN ENGLAND.

Will Go on Long Visit to Her Father-in-Law.

London, March 31.—After leaving her sister-in-law, Lady Miller, as mentioned in yesterday's cable despatch, Lady Curzon will go on quite a long visit to her father-in-law, Lord Scarsdale, who has a beautiful place near Reigate. Lady Curzon's children will, in all probability, go to the Sea almost immediately when they arrive in England, to be well braced up, as India proved rather trying for the little people. It is not expected that they will return with their mother when she goes back to India.

Patents.—Fetherstonhaugh & Co., King-street West, Toronto, also Montreal, Ottawa and Washington.

ESCAPES DEATH PENALTY.

Lieutenant Who Murdered His Captain Gets Only Six Years.

Berlin, March 31.—Lieut. Rueger of the 17th Infantry, whom a court-martial recently sentenced to 12 years' penal servitude for shooting to death Capt. Adams while negotiations for a duel were pending, has been convicted again upon a second trial, and re-sentenced to six years' imprisonment. His defence was drunkenness and an epileptic tendency.

Turkish Baths at Pember's, 75c.

Burglars at Pittsburg, Pa., went to the house of Mrs. Ann Ward, aged 60, and nearly beat the old lady to death. Her daughter was also maltreated. The ladies resisted the robbers.

SHOPGIRLS IN A DUEL.

Arrested Before Shots Are Exchanged—Pistol Goes Off and Wounds a Second.

Paris, March 31.—Another duel has resulted in bloodshed. The combatants were two pretty shopgirls in a large drapery store. Stirred by jealousy over the foreman of their department, who flirted with both girls, they challenged each other to a duel with revolvers. The woods near Vincennes was the rendezvous. Accompanied by four seconds the girls arrived at the spot on Thursday morning and took up their positions 25 paces apart. A trembling second was about to announce the signal to fire when a forester appeared and the seconds fled incontinently. One of the frightened principals involuntarily pressed the trigger of her revolver, with the result that one of the fleeing seconds fell screaming with a bullet in her arm. The forester then took the wounded girl to the nearest hospital and marched the others to the police station.

Parties Looking for a residence—New detached, strictly up-to-date, thirteen rooms, immediately. Inspect, No. 91 Walmer Road.

Monuments.

The McIntosh Granite & Marble Company, Limited, 1119 and 1121 Yonge-street Tel. 4249. Terminal Yonge-street car route 146

BIRTHS.

CRONIN—On Sunday, March 31, 1901, at 134 Harrison-street, Toronto, the wife of P. F. Cronin, of a son.

TITUS—On March 29, at 297 Farley-avenue, the wife of William D. Titus, of a son.

DEATHS.

ASKIN—At Toronto, on March 27, John W. Askin, aged 48.

DEMPSEY—On Saturday, March 30, Margaret, beloved wife of J. F. Dempsey, in her 48th year.

Funeral from the family residence, 32 Woolsley-street, Monday, 9 a.m., to St. Mary's Church, thence to St. Michael's Cemetery.

PUJOLAS—On March 30, at her home, 186 Grange-avenue, Jane Pujolas, relict of the late R. J. Pujolas.

Funeral Monday, 3 o'clock, to Weston. Drayton and Strathroy papers please copy.

SLAVIN—At St. Michael's Hospital, March 30, Honora Slavin of Donwsview.

Funeral from her late home, Tuesday morning at 8.45 to St. Cecilia's Church, Toronto Junction, thence to St. Michael's Cemetery.

Great Easter Display.

The wonderful growth and development of the W. & D. Dineen Company as high-class, low-priced hatters and furriers can be seen to excellent advantage at their present Easter opening—as mentioned in their advertisement in another part of this issue.

All that is stylish and beautiful in ladies' ready-to-wear walking hats and in gentlemen's, youths' and children's newest spring styles are clustered together in great abundance, and the public are especially invited to visit their store, corner of Yonge and Temperance-streets, where they will receive generous and courteous attention.

Fine and Mild.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, March 31.—(8 p.m.)—The depression which was approaching the lake region on Friday night passed to the southward on Saturday, and did not affect Ontario weather. In the Maritime Provinces, and also in Quebec, it has remained decidedly unsettled, with frequent falls of rain and snow. Mild weather prevails thruout the Northwest, and milder conditions are generally indicated for Ontario.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 38—46; Kamloops, 36—50; Calgary, 24—40; Winnipeg, 20—36; Port Arthur, 6—40; Parry Sound, 20—40; Toronto, 20—41; Ottawa, 22—32; Montreal, 22—30; Quebec, 22—36; Halifax, 32—42.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Fine and mild.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Fair and a little milder.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Fresh winds; mostly cloudy; not much change in temperature; light falls of snow or sleet.

Maritime—Moderate to fresh winds; unsettled; occasional rain or sleet.

Lake Superior and Manitoba—Fine and mild.

You can get a good $10 suit on Monday or Tuesday at the Oak Hall Stores for $7.95. There are only 83 of them at the price. Monday callers get the best choice.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

March 30.	At.	From.
Werra	New York	Genoa
Tunisian	Portland	Liverpool
Lucania	New York	Liverpool
St. Louis	New York	Southampton
Campania	Liverpool	New York
Prt. Vic. Louise	Palermo	New York
March 31.		
Dahome	Halifax	London
La Bretagne	New York	Havre
Rotterdam	New York	Rotterdam
Belgenland	Queenstown	Philadelphia
Nomadic	Liverpool	New York
Ottoman	Liverpool	Portland
Graf Waldersee	Hamburg	New York
Kensington	Southampton	New York
Barbarossa	Southampton	New York