September is the time when the wheat grub can be successfully destroyed, by sowing the fields with quick lime, As soon as the wheat is removed from the field, this operation must be performed, and it can be accomplished at comparatively little outlay, either of labor or money. At any other period of the year, the application of lime with the view of destroying this insect will be useless, but at this particular period the grub lies exposed in its naked state, is tender and can be easily acted upon,—when once it has, however, encased itself in its little shell, no power short of burning can affect it.

We therefore, entertain the strongest confidence that no farmer in Canada will shut his eyes to the benefit arising from the simple remedy we have here suggested. Let him rest assured if the instructions we have endeavoured to lay down are strictly adhered to, a great benefit will result.

It is just possible, that the simplicity of the antidote offered may prove a stumbling block—we trust, however, this will not be the case, as what we here give to the farmer is the result of many years careful study and investigation, and it cannot be denied, is less theoretical than pracitcal,

It has been stated, but with what truth we cannot determine, that there exists no ill for which nature has not provided a remedy. When we look at Canada, in connection with the subject on which we now write, we must confess that this conviction is strengthened.

Providence, in every instance, adapts means to ends. Canada is no doubt destined to be one of the greatest agricultural countries in the world; yet the fertility of her soil, and the adaptation of her climate to the growth of wheat, (more particularly Western Canada,) would at first sight seem means without an end, while wheat is only sown to be preyed upon by an insect, over which we apparently