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## RIGHTHANDEDNESS.

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One after another of the assumed specialities of man, and his claims to a distinct classification in animated nature, is being ruthlessly swent away, in the marvellous revolutions of modern science. Hüchel discusses the steps by which he became a biped. Darwin follows down, from "an extremely remote period, his half-human ancestors," transforming the imitative growl of the first unusually wise ape, into the varied tones and cadences of the impassioned human orator. Cuvier's assumption for man of a distinct order, equally apart from Quadrumana. and Cheiroptera, as from Brachiopoda or Gasteropoda, has long since been challenged; and as for his Bimana, it is less in favour now than his classification of the medieval Devil, by means of the indispensable horns, tail and hoofs, as "a graminivorous animal." The most conceded to his Bimana in the levelling process of scientific revolution, is a place in the same order with Quadrumana, under a common title of Primates. Can anything more definite be made of an order of Unimana? Is man, with only rare and purely exceptional cases, right-handed: and does he alone, and invariably, manifest this preferential use of the right limb? The answer to those questions may prove to have a value in relation to more comprehensive enquiries.